"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; moderate west and southwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 44, min. 30.
For weather report see page 14, last page.

VOL. LXXIII....No. 24,031. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

CUVILLIER IS HELD, CORRIGAN CLEARED OF LIBEL ON ENRIGHT

Crain Decides That Liquor Graft Charges Against Commissioner Are "Unsustained."

SCORES POLICE TESTIMONY

False Code of Loyalty Shields Dishonest Men on the Force, Judge Declares.

CIVIL SUITS TO BE PRESSED

Magistrate Cannot Escape, Say Enright and Counsel—Assemblyman Talks of New Fight.

Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier was held for the Grand Jury yesterday on a charge of criminally libeling Police Commissioner Enright by sending a telegram last April referring to "Enright and his graft collectors" in connection with charges of police corruption in prohibition enforcement. The charge against Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, co-defendant with Mr. Cuvillier, was dismissed.

The accusations of "grafting" against Commissioner Enright were "unsustained." This was the decision of Judge Thomas C. T. Crain, before whom, as committing Magistrate, the charges and countercharges were aired.

"After seeing and hearing seventy-one witnesses and reading their testimony as transcribed on 3,283 pages of typewriting and weighing the summations of counsel, I am glad to feel required to say that nothing brought to my attention gives ground to believe that Commissioner Enright is dishonest," Judge Crain said.

Judge Crain, at the same time, denounced vigorously the grafting, inefficiency and untruthfulness on the part of the police which the evidence was held to have disclosed. The force, as a whole, he declared, "has been inefficient in connection with the Mullan-Gage law," and "a considerable number" in it have made the law the occasion for "theft and extortion."

Immunity Plea Fails.

"Very probably," he said "he (the Commissioner) knew much more about it than has been disclosed upon this inquiry. But to 'know' in a popular sense of the existence of unworthiness, corruption, dishonesty and graft in the force is one thing, and to be able to prove it by legal evidence as to sustain dismissals against legal proceedings for reinstatement is quite another."

The plea of Assemblyman Cuvillier that as a legislator immunity was granted by the State Constitution from libel action by Commissioner Enright, was held by Judge Crain to be without merit. Neither was the contention that the crime, if any, was in Albany County, where the telegram was filed, a sound one, the Judge decided. Mr. Cuvillier was held in $500 bail, which he furnished. Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora said that the case would be taken to the Grand Jury as soon as possible.

The Assemblyman in a statement declared that the decision "will give all the more incentive to begin on Jan 1, when the new Legislature convenes, my fight to rip wide open politically the City of New York."

The dismissal of the charge against Magistrate Corrigan was on the ground that the evidence showed that so far as he was concerned the telegram was published "unintentionally" and "inadvertently." The Magistrate's testimony had been to the effect that when he realized the full import of the reference to Commissioner Enright he had taken steps to prevent its publication. While his defenses of justification and excuse tended to throw doubt upon the plea of inadvertence, Judge Crain said, the doubt had been dispelled by careful weighing of the evidence. He chided the Magistrate for his utterances on police conditions, which, he said, "were spoken on commendable impulse but without deliberation."

Refers to Police Testimony.

The chief points in Judge Crain's findings with regard to general conditions in the Police Department were these:

The testimony given by members of the force "is often regrettably inaccurate and unreliable," and sometimes "appears to be designedly false."

"The testimony of most officers examined in this proceeding was neither clear nor frank. They seemingly sought to thwart the purpose of the inquiry. The testimony of some of them appeared to be purposely untrue.

"It is deducible from the testimony that the force as a whole has been inefficient in connection with the enforcement of the Mullan-Gage law; that some in it were themselves violators of that law and that the existence of the law was made by a considerable number of the force the occasion for theft and extortion."

"Aware of the unpopularity with many of the Mullan-Gage law some laxity on the part of the police in enforcing it, repugnant to many, was perhaps to be looked for, but laxity with reluctance to enforce an unpopular law is one thing and open, unashamed connivance at its breach and participation in the profits accruing from its violation another.

"The bootlegger must not be the policeman's intimate, he must not be the captain's entertainer. He must not be the inspector's host and banker.

"Entrenched behind the false code of so-called loyalty and honor which seal the lips of many honest men on the force and deters such from disclosing what they know of graft, and protected by the timidity of their victims, who are themselves wrongdoers, the corruptionists of the force despise public opinion and defy

Continued on Page Eight.

Saves $25,000 From Bandits By Throwing Money on Engine

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 9.—Quick thinking by the driver of a Ford Motor Company pay-car today saved a bag containing $25,000 when four armed bandits tried to hold him up. As the bandits intercepted the car the driver leaped from the machine and placed the bag on a passing locomotive of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad, Ford's own railroad.

The pay-car was on the way from the River Rouge plant to a construction camp at Flat Rock when the bandits intercepted it. They disappeared after the bag was tossed onto the locomotive.

LLOYD GEORGE HOME, GETS GREAT OVATION

Crush of Thousands in London, Hailing Him as Victor, Follows Southampton Uproar.

HE CHAMPIONS FREE TRADE

Attacks Baldwin's Proposals Vigorously—Paints Vision of Anglo-American Co-operation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—An extraordinary welcome was accorded to David Lloyd George tonight on his arrival, with Dame Margaret and Miss Megan, at Waterloo Station.

Southampton had done its best to greet him as he stepped off the White Star liner Majestic. It had given him its freedom and received in return a speech full of enthusiasm for all he had seen in his American and Canadian tour and of hopes of what the United States and Great Britain might accomplish working together for freedom, justice and, above all, fair play.

But the friendliness of the seaport borough was nothing compared to the wild enthusiasm for the ex-Premier shown by the London crowd. It was frankly political. In an interview Mr. Lloyd George had given at Southampton he had come out flat-footedly for free trade. He stood, he declared, by his April speech at Manchester, in which he had said: "If there is going to be a fight about free trade, let us clear the decks; let us get rid of the McKenna tariff, Paris resolutions and Safeguarding of Industries act."

He had also hinted at a reunion of the Liberal Party, and implied his willingness to serve under Mr. Asquith if necessary, and so he was received not only as one who, in the belief of his admirers, had achieved wonders by his American tour, but as one of the chief leaders in a great political fight which is just beginning.

A more or less formal welcome was to have been tendered to the ex-Premier at Waterloo. It was to come from both his political supporters and representatives of the free churches, and was to be enlivened by Welsh songs by Welsh choirs. The railway company had prepared for the demonstration by shutting off taxicabs from the station, putting up trophies and flags and arranging to run the train in at the most commodious platform.

Crowd Takes Full Charge.

The stage, in fact, was set, but the crowd took charge. The choir, indeed, sang and made its harmonious ring above the cheers and shouts, but that was all of the set program which was carried dout.

As soon as Mr. Lloyd George alighted the police summed up the situation and saw that they must get him away from his admirers as quickly as possible. They surrounded him and fought their way down the platform to an automobile awaiting him. It was adorned with flags, flowers and a bunch of Welsh leeks, and had a large laurel wreath in front with the words "Well done."

The police got the ex-Premier's party into the car and told the chauffeur to start. He tried, and gave up. The crowd was all around him. It was shouting and cheering, and singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." It was yelling for a speech and pressing forward to shake Mr. Lloyd George's hand. The chauffeur simply dared not move.

At last Mr. Lloyd George rose, and removing his hat, said a few words.

"I only want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," he said, "for your kindness. I have had a very remarkable trip in Canada and America. I have experienced kindness beyond expression, but one is always glad to see one's own people again."

Then the police cleared the people back an the automobile started, very slowly.

Continued on Page Three.

MRS. STOKES WINS AGAINST HUSBAND'S 5-YEAR DIVORCE SUIT

Jury in 65 Minutes and on One Vote Absolves Her of Misconduct.

SHE WILL SUE IMMEDIATELY

Is Now Receiving $18,000 a Year From Stokes as Separation Allowance.

TEARFULLY THANKS JURORS

Stokes, Apparently Unmoved, Walks From Room While Wife Is Being Congratulated.

After deliberating an hour and five minutes, and taking a single ballot, a Supreme Court jury decided yesterday afternoon that the charges made by W. E. D. Stokes against his wife had not been sustained, and that he was not entitled to the divorce for which he has been fighting for five years.

The jury had filed out when Justice Mahoney, at the conclusion of Max D. Steuer's summing up for Stokes, finished his charge at 4 o'clock. The lights in the surrounding buildings and in the courtroom had been turned on when, at 5 o'clock, an attendant announced the arrival of Justice Mahoney.

"A verdict," was the word that swept through the room. Mrs. Stanley Richter, daughter of Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Stokes's counsel, stopped chatting with Mrs. Stokes, and Mr. Untermyer took a seat beside his client. The room was quite still as the jurors filed in. Court Clerk George F. Lyon called the roll. The points at issue were framed in sixteen questions involving Mrs. Stokes and several corespondents.

Jury Voted "No" on All.

"Gentlemen of the jury," asked Clerk Lyon, "have you agreed upon a verdict?"

"Yes," replied Foreman Harry U. Hitchcock, an engineer, about 60 years old. "We vote 'No' on all of them."

Fifteen of the sixteen questions in the framed issues charged Mrs. Stokes with misconduct with Hal Billig, a cousin; Roland Miller, her half-brother; George Schroeder, S. Montgomery Roosevelt and Will H. Myer. Since no testimony was adduced concerning any of these men, Justice Mahoney directed the jury to eliminate them from its consideration and answer "No" to the charges.

The only question left for the jury to declare a verdict upon, and on which they voted "No," was interrogatory No. 9 which was:

"Did the defendant, Helen Elwood Stokes, commit adultery with one Edgar T. Wallace in or about the months of April, May and December, 1914; April, 1916; November, 1917, and January, February and March, 1918, at the premises 13 East Thirty-fifth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York?"

Mrs. Stokes Tearfully Happy.

Mrs. Stokes, joyful to the point of tears, was congratulated by her mother, by Mr. Untermyer and his daughter, and then she walked over and thanked each juror with a handshake. Stokes displayed no visible emotion, and after his negro valet had helped him on with his coat he walked out of the courtroom.

Mr. Steuer completed his summing-up at 3:15, having spoken for six hours, the same length of time as occupied by Mr. Untermyer, who protested frequently that Mr. Steuer's argument was not based solely upon the evidence.

"Mrs. Stokes," said Mr. Steuer, "was a fine witness. She is more astute, more calculating than any witness I have ever seen. Minutes before I had formed a question she knew the answer. She was always stepping in front of me. I had no chance with her and freely admit it. She couldn't be cross-examined."

Regarding the denial of the corespondent, Edgar T. Wallace, of any intimacy with Mrs. Stokes, Mr. Steuer said:

"If Wallace admitted it, you wouldn't believe him. Who would expect a skunk like that, a man who induced a married woman to come to his apartment, renewing an old flame, luring her away from her elderly husband—who would expect a skunk like that to go on the witness stand and admit it and expect to be believed, as he tells you he would have done?"

Says Munchausen Was Outclassed.

"And that story about the ring. Why, Munchausen was beaten by hundreds of miles by the one who made up that story. Would you believe such gibberish as that? Since when do men as childish pranks loan to women of that age dia-

Continued on Page Three.

Bank Books Found Ten Years After Death Add $15,588 to Fortune of Brooklyn Family

How the family of James Hughes, a Brooklyn merchant, who died on Feb. 5, 1913, came into an unexpected additional fortune of $15,588 from his estate, which had been distributed long ago to his heirs, was described in a report submitted yesterday to the Brooklyn Surrogate's Court. The money is represented by six bank books, which were put aside by Hughes several months before his death and had remained concealed and untouched for more than ten years.

Two of his daughters, Mrs. Mary A. Bryne and Sarah J. Hughes of 959 Bedford Avenue, had recalled that their father had mentioned a trust fund for his wife and children, but his will made no mention of it and a search for additional property had failed to reveal anything more when the estate was distributed.

A few days ago Mrs. Bryne and her sister Sarah were having Hughes's former store cleared and a man remov-

Routinely Now Shorted Fuller. For price Mel. Today. New Amsterdam Theatre—Advt.

ing the stuff dropped a bundle of papers. He was about to throw it out when the sisters interposed. They opened it and within the core of other papers they found six bank books, showing deposits in the South Brooklyn Savings Bank, which had been accumulating interest all these years. The name of Mrs. Catherine Hughes, the widow, appeared on one of the books and the names of five children on the others. The accounts had been opened by Hughes when his sons and daughters were children.

Alexander Campbell, attorney for the family, told the Court yesterday that Mrs. Bryne and Sarah Hughes had told him of finding the books and had informed him that their father had mentioned a trust some time in 1912, when he showed books to them bearing their names. The girls supposed the trust had been cancelled.

According to the trust books the money will be distributed as follows: To Mrs. Catherine Hughes, the widow, $3,119; Mary Bryne, $1,048; Sarah J. Hughes, $1,878; Annie E. Hughes, $3,132; George L. Hughes, $3,816; Catharine R. Hughes, $3,337, and title to James F. Hughes

REICHSWEHR TROOPS CRUSH BAVARIAN REVOLT; LUDENDORFF AND HITLER TAKEN, NOW MISSING; AMERICA REJECTS INQUIRY WITH FRENCH LIMIT

DEADLOCK ON PARIS TERMS

Coolidge Declares Inquiry Would Be Restricted to an Audit.

HUGHES CALLS PLAN FUTILE

President Sees Help on Reparations Blocked, but the Door Is Still Open.

POINCARE DEFENDS STAND

Declares That Only Parliament Can Cut Down French Claims on Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The American Government has decided that it cannot favor or participate in any expert inquiry on the capacity of Germany to pay reparations if the scope of the investigation is to be limited as proposed by the French Government. The stumbling block in the diplomatic conversations between Secretary Hughes and Premier Poincaré is the rigid insistence of the latter that the scope of the inquiry be limited to an examination into Germany's "present" capacity to pay during the next six years.

M. Poincaré fixed 1930 as the deadline beyond which the experts should not go in determining what Germany can pay, and in the formulation of a financial plan for making such payments. In announcing the failure of the Franco-American negotiations, Secretary Hughes late this afternoon declared the official opinion of the American Government to be that it would be useless and futile to undertake the suggested inquiry along any such limited lines as are insisted upon by the French Government.

In the opinion of the American Government it was, and still is, imperative that some sound financial plan for German reparation payments be formulated and adopted by the powers to prevent financial and economic disaster in Europe. It was because of such a need that this Government considered it desirable there should be an expert inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining the capacity of Germany to pay and recommending to the Reparation Commission a practical plan of payment.

The whole idea of the American Government, it was officially said at the State Department today, was that the proposed expert inquiry should have latitude sufficient to enable the establishment of some sound basis for economic recuperation in Europe.

Held That Aim Is Frustrated.

Any attempt to establish the year 1930 as the limit beyond which the experts should not inquire is believed by President Coolidge, Secretary Hughes and members of the Cabinet to be an absolute frustration of the kind of inquiry demanded by the situation. It was officially stated both at the White House and the State Department that the narrowed scope of the inquiry as favored by France could lead to no practical result, and therefore it would be useless to undertake it.

No written statement was issued by the State Department, but an informal oral announcement of the Government's decision was authorized by Secretary Hughes at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, after Ambassador Jusserand had delivered to him the final word of the French Government. M. Jusserand called after receiving a long cablegram from Premier Poincaré, in which it was made plain that France insisted upon its decision to have the inquiry limited to investigation of Germany's capacity to pay up to 1930.

President Coolidge an hour earlier had authorized the statement, through his official spokesman at the White House, that if the inquiry were to be limited to consideration of "present" German capacity to pay, or to German capacity up to 1930, it would be, in this Government's judgment, "wholly futile and useless" to hold the inquiry.

Coolidge Wants More Than Audit.

This was not the only limitation suggested by the French Premier that was unsatisfactory to the United States, but it alone was sufficient to defeat the project. Both at the White House and the State Department, it was pointed out that the greater part of the six-year period, in any event, would be absorbed in the moratorium which economic authorities admit must be granted to Germany. The White House spokesman stated that if the experts could not deal with the situation beyond 1930 their rôle would be reduced to that of mere auditors, instead of the kind of competent financial experts whom the United States Government has had in mind.

President Coolidge, it was added, did not perceive, after most careful conference and consideration of the whole subject, how the United States could be of real help through participating in so limited an inquiry. The work of mere auditors, it was stated, could not go far enough to enable them, under such restrictions, to propose an adequate financial plan.

Grave disappointment is felt by the American Government over the refusal of France to favor an inquiry of broad latitude. As to the next step in the situa-

Continued on Page Two.

When You Think of Wedding, Think of Whiting.—Advt.

London Looks for Pressure On France to Pay Debts

LONDON, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Tonight's news from Washington of the failure of the negotiations for a reparation conference will hardly come as a surprise to British official quarters.

The general view is that the next step may be a formal request by the American and British Governments for the payment of the war debts owed them by France as a means of bringing economic pressure, and so inducing France to adopt a more moderate policy.

TITUS DE BOBULA JAILED IN BUDAPEST

Husband of Mrs. C. M. Schwab's Niece Arrested for Plot to Overthrow Government.

SAID TO BE FORD EMPLOYE

Arrest of Ulain Reveals Hitler's Plan for Coups in Germany, Hungary and Austria.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Nov. 9.—Titus de Bobula, an American, has been arrested in Budapest on the charge of complicity in the conspiracy headed by Deputy Ulain of the National Assembly to overthrow the Hungarian Government.

The Arbeiter Zeitung says de Bobula is the son-in-law of Charles M. Schwab and an employe of Henry Ford, and that he has been using Ford funds to finance the conspiracy. [De Bobula is not Mr. Schwab's son-in-law. He married a niece of Mrs. Schwab.]

The American Legation in Budapest is taking steps to obtain the release of de Bobula.

Besides Ulain and de Bobula sixteen Hungarians and five emissaries of Hitler have been arrested.

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VIENNA, Nov. 9.—The attempted Ludendorff-Hitler coup in Bavaria has brought to light a vast Fascista plot for coups d'état in Austria and Hungary, and perhaps Turkey and Bulgaria.

Several weeks ago Chancellor Seipel of Austria sent troops to the Bavarian border to prevent Bavarian and Austrian National Socialist troops under Hitler from effecting a union to overthrow the Austrian Government. Hitler was formerly an Austrian officer.

Then a Fascista plot was discovered in Budapest. Police seized papers on one Ulain, a radical Nationalist Deputy, while he was on a train en route to Munich. These papers showed that he was working with Ludendorff and Hitler and that a treaty of alliance had been concluded between Bavarian and Hungarian reactionaries. With Bavarian aid a Hungarian military dictatorship was to have been set up.

Count Bethlen, Premier of Hungary, ordered the arrest of several Nationalist leaders and also of seventy Bavarians who had recently arrived in Hungary under the pretense of working for a brewer. The overthrow of the Hungarian Government was planned to take place at the end of November.

The detection of the plot by the Austrian and Hungarian officials prevented the spread of the conspiracy, but it is believed that Hajas and Pronax, the real chiefs of the Hungarian irregulars, are still at liberty because of their influence.

It is stated that several Italian Fascisti are implicated in the Bavarian-Hungarian move. Hitler is said to have obtained certain Italians because he agreed to the co-operation of demand that southern Tyrol remain Italian property.

BUDAPEST, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Among others arrested in connection with the Ulain conspiracy is Deputy Homonnay, an intimate of Ulain.

The putsch in Hungary was planned for the end of November when, it was supposed by those in the conspiracy, Hitler would control all of Germany and be in a position to send 5,000 troops. Among the papers found on the prisoners, according to the police, is a list of political leaders to be executed in case of resistance. The first name on the list was that of Count Albert Apponyi.

VIENNA, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—The Bavarian coup has profoundly disturbed all elements in Austria. While it is too early to obtain an expression of the official attitude, the newspapers unanimously term the movement "fool-

Continued on Page Two.

Leaders of Revolt Disappear After Capture; Bavarian Premier Still a Prisoner of Hitlerites

MUNICH, Nov. 9 (Associated Press)—The whereabouts of General Ludendorff and Adolph Hitler was a mystery tonight. Neither Dr. von Kahr, the Military Dictator, nor General von Lossow, Commander of the Bavarian Reichswehr, has given any indication of his intentions toward the captured General and his Fascist prompter.

In official quarters here it is declared both men gave Dr. von Kahr and General von Lossow and other Bavarian officials unequivocal assurances of loyalty and promised that they would not attempt a coup or embark upon any political adventure without duly apprising official quarters.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Berlin says martial law has been proclaimed throughout Bavaria and that any death sentences pronounced by court-martial are to be executed within three hours.

The dispatch adds that, according to a communication from Munich, Adolph Hitler escaped and is believed to be at Rosenheim, near the Austrian frontier, trying to rally his followers.

A dispatch to the Central News from Paris says a dispatch received in the French capital from Munich declares that Adolph Hitler was seriously wounded in the Reichswehr attack.

BERLIN, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—The followers of Adolph Hitler are still holding Premier von Knilling of Bavaria, who was placed under arrest by them during Thursday night's coup.

FAILURE OF REVOLT HALTS PARIS PLANS

Report Got Abroad That Poincare Was About to Call Out More French Troops.

ARMS CONTROL IS PRESSED

German Nationalist Dangers Expected to Bring the British and French Closer Together.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—At 5 o'clock this morning Premier Poincaré was busy on the German situation. After having read all reports available he sent messengers to the Allied Ambassadors in Paris asking them to get instructions from their Governments preparatory to a meeting of the Conference of Ambassadors at 5 o'clock this afternoon to discuss measures to be taken. However, the afternoon brought so many conflicting reports as to just what had happened in Bavaria and then the official announcement from Germany that the Ludendorf-Hitler putsch had failed, that the meeting was adjourned until tomorrow.

M. Poincaré had prepared for the adoption by the Allied Governments of his note sent to Berlin yesterday saying France would not tolerate the establishment of a military dictatorship in Berlin, the program of whose authors was repudiation of the Treaty of Versailles.

Previous to the receipt of late news from Berlin M. Poincaré had summoned to the Quai d'Orsay the Minister of War and the Minister of the Interior, which gave rise to a report he was preparing to call up one or more French classes for military action in case Ludendorff, regarded here as the agent of the former Crown Prince, should gain control of Germany.

Regardless of the immediate fate of the Ludendorff attempt, it is probable that the recrudescence of the strength of the German Nationalists opposed to execution of the treaty will have an effect, especially since the dropping of the experts' inquiry.

The ultimatum period for German acceptance of the allied demand for resumption of military control expires tomorrow, and there is every evidence that England is deeply interested in this situation. For, although England has got out of the peace settlement most of the material advantages coming to her, after all, England has more at stake in the Treaty of Versailles than that. All Englishmen bear in mind the danger they saw before the war in the building of a great German war fleet, and at the Peace Conference the first and foremost British claim was annihilation of the German fleet and imposition of restrictions against her building another. Were the anti-treaty leaders to gain control in Germany, could England, by use of her fleet alone, prevent the prolific German shipyards from building fighting craft? Perhaps for the English as well as for the French the chief prospect for forcing Germany to fulfill the treaty, either in the clauses especially interesting to France or clauses especially interesting to England, lies

Continued on Page Two.

BERLIN ROYALISTS UPSET BY FIASCO

Bavarian Putsch Calls a Halt on Plans to Form a New Coalition Government.

FRENCH WARNING RESENTED

Poincare's Message Is Regarded as "Unwarranted Intervention" in German Affairs.

BERLIN, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—The Nationalist leaders in the Reichstag make no concealment of their chagrin over the fiasco of the Hitler "putsch" in Bavaria, which they obviously view as having done irreparable damage to the swing to the Right among a large body of the voters. Incidentally the movement has seriously handicapped the negotiations proceeding between the members of the Nationalist Party and the German People's Party for the formation of a bourgeois Cabinet, a movement which had received fresh impetus today when Chancellor Stresemann's party adopted a resolution to suggest to the Chancellor the advisability of inviting the Nationalists into such a coalition.

With the Munich débâcle awaiting final political liquidation, the belief is expressed in political circles that the Nationalists in the present situation suggest a heavy liability to such a four-party constellation, which, were it formed, in all probability would demand the retirement of Dr. Stresemann. Neither the Chancellor, the Democrats nor the Clericals thus far have indicated their attitude toward the proposed bourgeois Cabinet.

Nationalists Blame Stresemann.

The leaders of the Nationalist Party have issued a communiqué throwing all responsibility for recent events in Germany upon the Reich Government. It declares that the immediate creation of a government inspiring national confidence is the most urgent duty at the present time.

The German People's Party brands the insurrection as a "criminal coup d'état" in that it is the gravest menace to national unity, co-ordination of economic conditions and efforts to salvage the complicated situation in the Ruhr and Rhineland.

Vorwärts reproaches the Government for its tolerance of Bavarian flouting of the Central Government. It asserts that if Chancellor Stresemann had diverted some of the energy he directed toward Saxony to Bavaria, the Munich putsch would have been impossible.

The Socialist organ charges that Nationalistic circles in Berlin possessed knowledge of the coming insurrection. "In that the conspicuous demand that Stresemann retire oddly enough synchronised with Munich events."

Reply to French Ambassador.

M. de Margerie, the French Ambassador, visited Chancellor Stresemann this afternoon and informed him that, while the French Government did not desire to intervene in Germany's internal affairs, it felt anxiety over the present events.

The Chancellor replied that he shared the views of the French Government with regard to the necessity of a democratic and constitutional Government, being himself a constitutional Chancellor.

Chancellor Stresemann's Government today informally apprised the diplomatic missions in Berlin that its authority had not been impaired by the putsch and that the Munich episode was considered as having been disposed of, in so far as it threatened to become a menace to the Berlin Government's stability.

French opposition to the establishment of a limited directorate, or even a dictatorship, which Premier Poincaré is said to have expressed informally through the French Ambassador, is viewed in semi-official circles here as unwarranted intervention in German internal affairs.

"Admonition from the French Government, or support from that source, is not required by Germany in connection with her efforts to adjust internal affairs, and it may even be suggested that support from that source would rather discredit the cause of democracy," says the National Zeitung.

BRIEF BATTLE ENDS REVOLT

Army Storms Building Held by Rebels, Who Quickly Give Up.

KAHR IS AGAIN IN CONTROL

Dictator and Lossow Pretend to Yield, Then Suppress 'Beer Hall Revolution.'

BERLIN GREATLY RELIEVED

Word Came at Dawn Bavarian Officials Would Put Down the Outbreak.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The loyal Reichswehr, commanded by the disloyal General von Lossow, today stormed the Bavarian War Ministry Building, wherein Hitler, Ludendorff and their followers had entrenched and fortified themselves. There were small losses on both sides. Hitler and Ludendorff were captured. According to one report, Hitler made his escape, but another report says that the whereabouts of both Ludendorff and Hitler is unknown.

After no great defensive fight, the two leaders are down and out and thoroughly discredited, even if they should get light sentences in treason trials.

So far as Berlin is concerned, the Ludendorff-Hitler putsch was all over this morning with no shouting. This Bürgerbrau coup d'état was the craziest farce pulled off in memory, making the Kapp putsch look like a gilt-edged revolution.

As reported, the Berlin Government was taken completely by surprise and, thoroughly alarmed, spent much paper money printing proclamations to the people. The important practical measure, however, was to make General von Seeckt Dictator with cart blanche orders to clean up rebellious Bavaria, or rather the rebellious outsiders, Hitler, Ludendorff and their followers.

The Stresemann Government and President Ebert spent the early morning hours in anguish until at 5 this morning there arrived a radio message from the Chief Burgomaster of Nürnberg, who happens to be a Socialist, reading:

"Herr von Kahr, General Lossow and Colonel Seiffert have declared that their agreement with the action of Hitler and Ludendorff was extorted from them under duress and that they repudiate this movement in every form, shape and manner. These gentlemen hope in the course of today to master this putsch. If Reichswehr troops should enter Munich these facts will be communicated to them for their information."

Von Kahr and Lossow Act Quickly.

At the same time General von Lossow sent a wireless to the North Bavarian troops to the same effect. Dr. von Kahr further sent out an order to all Bavarian officialdom, particularly to officials controlling the border, first, to arrest on sight all members of Hitler's national Socialist organization and all members of the Oberland League; secondly, to look for and arrest on sight both Hitler and Ludendorff "wherever met."

On receiving this wireless from Nürnberg the Stresemann Government not only breathed easier but sent out a circular message to all foreign embassies and ministries in Berlin that the Munich putsch was squelched. These messages were delivered about 6 o'clock when the American and other foreign Ambassadors, Ministers and minor diplomats were still sleeping. And whereas up to this magic hour, when Stresemann got the wireless flash of not only no danger but a victory, the heart of Berlin was cordoned by heavily armed Green police, ruthlessly throttling all motor traffic as being suspicious, immediately thereafter the police reserves went home and have not been seen all day. Berlin was quiet all night and all day. There was not even a vestige of demonstration, disorders or plunderings.

There are deeper political results of the amateurish and abortive putsch in Munich, however. It clears the air and definitely eliminates Hitler and his national Socialist followers as well as Ludendorff. At the same time this consolidation strengthens the real reactionaries of Bavaria, which is overwhelmingly Catholic and monarchistic, and loyal to Crown Prince Rupprecht, who shrewdly has kept himself in the background. By the bulk of Bavarians Ludendorff and Hitler were considered interlopers, outsiders and non-Bavarians, which they were. Now that Hitler and Ludendorff are removed, the real show has a chance of starting on clean lines. Munich is reported all quiet tonight.

Steps Taken to Suppress Putsch.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBURG, Nov. 9.—According to official news received here from Munich von Kahr, Lossow and Seiffert withdrew their consent to the putsch which had been exacted from them at a meeting at Munich immediately afterward and having established headquarters at the Reichswehr Barracks at once proceeded with the organization of the suppression of the Hitler putsch with, as mentioned in the first dispatch, [illegible]

They immediately issued the following

All American Vessels Must Remain 'Dry'; Coolidge Won't Lift Ban, Despite Treaties

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—President Coolidge authorized the statement today that there would be no change in relation to the prohibition against American ships carrying liquor within or outside of the three-mile limit, regardless of any treaty that might be made with Great Britain or other countries.

The Presidential spokesman stated that Mr. Coolidge did not intend to change the Harding order, which barred the carrying of liquor on American flag vessels outside of the three-mile limit. As to the carrying of liquor within the three-mile limit, that was prohibited under the Supreme Court decision.

It has been indicated that if Great Britain entered into a treaty with the United States which permits the search of vessels of British registry anywhere within a twelve-mile limit, concessions would be made whereby British lines would have the privilege of carrying liquor on board, including rations for the crews, into American ports.

20 LOOK ALIKE SUITS, DIFFERENT SAMPLE Sail-Ahs after music.—Advt.

radio message to all Bavarian military stations:

"General State Commissioner von Kahr, Colonel Seiffert and General von Lossow disavow the Hitler putsch. Our consent at the meeting at the Citizens' brewery was extorted by power of arms. Please do not be misled by use of our names."

They also issued a number of warrants for arrest, among them Hitler, Ludendorff and Pochner, former Chief of Police in Munich.

Shortly after midnight all military and police formations were in arms and ready to suppress any spread of the Hitler putsch. Important points on the streets and at public buildings and railway stations were occupied by loyal troops. All autos were stopped and searched for the friends of the putschists. All railway trains were searched likewise, especially at the Bavarian frontiers to prevent Hitler's friends receiving any reinforcements, especially from the free corps of the Ober Land League.

The Franconian police and all Reichswehr formations stand firmly behind von Kahr, also police stationed at the Bavarian border. General Reinhardt, who commands the Reichswehr troops in Thuringia, may have to cross the Bavarian border. All Bavarian defense detachments received the order not to interfere with Reinhardt's measures in any way whatever, but if necessary withdraw from the border line to the interior.

Ludendorff Surrenders.

MUNICH, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—General Erich von Ludendorff today lost his second "putsch" within three years and tonight is observing the fifth anniversary of the German revolution a prisoner in the custody of the federal troops.

The man who as Quartermaster General of the German forces is credited with having lost the World War for Germany is tonight an ignoble prisoner of the young republic he so thoroughly despised and against the fragile existence of which he has plotted openly and in secret ever since he retired to this reactionary Bavarian stronghold.

Von Ludendorff and Adolph Hitler, who had barricaded themselves in the offices of the War Minister after the collapse of the attempted coup d'état engineered by Hitler last night, surrendered this afternoon to a detachment of Federal troops which had been ordered by Dr. von Kahr, the Bavarian dictator, and General von Lossow, Commander of the Bavarian Reichswehr, to lay siege to the building. Previously the Bavarian Government had dispatched an ultimatum to both von Ludendorff and Hitler, who is the leader of the Fascisti in Bavaria, demanding their surrender within one hour.

There was brief fighting between the Reichswehr and the Hitler guards, in which both sides suffered casualties. Afterward von Ludendorff and Hitler emerged from the building and placed themselves at the disposal of General von Lossow's troops.

The status of von Ludendorff and Hitler as political prisoners has not yet been defined, and for the moment their capture merely marks the physical collapse of Hitler's tragi-comic "putsch" in which the world-famed former Quartermaster General of the German Army became engulfed.

Guilty to Be Punished.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—A Havas dispatch from Munich says the Bavarian news agency has circulated a proclamation issued by General von Lossow, commander of the Bavarian Reichswehr, saying his declarations of fealty to the revolutionists when he was arrested in their raid on the rathskeller were contained from him at the point of a revolver and therefore are null. The proclamation says von Lussow has resumed his office and that the guilty in the revolt will receive the punishment they deserve. The Nationalist Socialist Party and the Overland War Flag Association have been dissolved.

Hitler Reported Wounded, but Free.

BERLIN, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Adolph Hitler, who led the Bavarian putsch, is reported in late advices from Munich to have escaped, despite wounds he received.

General von Ludendorff, the chief of the Oberland Association, and other leaders of the Nationalist-Socialist Party are said to have been jailed.

Sixteen men, including loyalists and rebels, were killed in the fighting at Munich, according to the latest advices from the Bavarian capital. Two members of the Reichswehr were slightly wounded and some members of the security police were killed and six or seven wounded.

The dispatches add that order in Munich has been completely restored and that the Reichswehr and the security police are masters of the situation.

Former Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria has declared himself as strongly against the insurrectionary movement in Bavaria.

Information dispensed by official quarters this evening would indicate that Hitler's "putsch" scarcely got beyond the confines of the rathskeller where the Fascisti leader proclaimed himself dictator of all Germany and General Erich Ludendorff, his War Minister.

Rebels Deceived by von Kahr.

The rôle played by Dr. von Kahr, the military dictator, and General von Lossow, Commander of the Bavarian Reichswehr, in the coup appears, according to the official accounts, to have been in the nature of a "diplomatic manoeuvre." It is said they could hardly have refused to accept the posts allotted to them last night by Hitler, when Hitler had 600 armed followers behind him, as they certainly would have suffered the same fate as Premier von Knilling and the other Bavarian Ministers, who were promptly arrested by the Hitlerites when they raided the rathskeller. They accordingly decided that discretion was the better part of valor and pretended to concur in the plans of Hitler. As soon as they regained their quarters, where they were out of reach of Hitler's band, they decided to have nothing to do with the putsch, but on the contrary to oppose it with the utmost energy. This decision of von Kahr and von Lossow was a death blow to Hitler's hopes, as the Reichswehr remained loyal to von Lossow.

Extraordinary scenes were enacted in the now famous beer cellar in Munich during the raid. Hitler and his supporters made free use of their revolvers to obtain order; bullets were fired into the ceiling occasionally to remind those present that a revolution was in progress. Hitler's threats to destroy the Treaty of Versailles, depose President Ebert and the Berlin Government and march against Berlin were received with frantic applause. General Ludendorff, who entered the hall toward the close of the proceedings, was given a great welcome. He made a speech in his best "mailed fist" style.

There has been absolutely no repercussion in Berlin from the events in Munich. The populace generally appear to be taking very little interest in the affair, being much more concerned with the increasing prices of food. The Government, however, is adopting all necessary precautions.

At the Ministry of Defense it was declared this evening that the troops were standing by Dr. von Kahr, under command of General von Lossow, and that Hitler's attempted coup, as far as its physical menace was concerned, had been entirely defeated. Much experienced little of the "putsch," and the rest of Bavaria failed to react to it. In Berlin it provoked a minimum of interest and no alarm.

General von Seeckt has suppressed the censorship on Bavarian news. Train service between Bavaria and the rest of Germany has been resumed.

Von Seeckt's Proclamation.

General von Seeckt, who had been invested with full military authority as Commander-in-Chief of the national army, issued the following proclamation:

"The Reichswehr and executive power having been confided in me so that all necessary measures can be taken to assure order in the Reich, I intend resolutely to fulfill this task, realizing the responsibilities I assume toward the German people.

"I know I can have absolute confidence in the army and the navy, who are entirely faithful to me. There are no limits to understandings between the North and the South, and the Reichswehr, under my direction, will repel energetically any interference by unauthorized persons with order in the Reich and in the separate States, no matter from what quarter they come.

"All forces of the population destined to preserve the State and faithful to the Reich should stand beside the Reichswehr, have confidence in it and aid it to maintain the order and security of the State. I consider it one of my first duties to collaborate with the greatest energy with the Government to restore provisioning. The duty of all the military commands is to aid me in their districts."

"German Reichswehr, the people look to you with confidence for an example and the German police."

Reports from all points in Germany indicated the anniversary of the revolution was passing off unobserved.

Vice Premier Takes Charge.

MUNICH, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Temporary headquarters of the Government of Dr. von Knilling, the Bavarian Premier, were established here this morning by Dr. Matt, Dr. Meinel and Dr. Krausneck, who immediately got in touch with von Kahr and von Lossow and Premier von Knilling.

As von Knilling still is detained by the Hitlerites, Dr. Matt, as Vice Premier, immediately assumed authority, instructing all Bavarian officials to disregard the orders of the insurgents.

Von Lossow ordered all available troops garrisoned outside Munich and the local police forces to report to him for service in Munich.

The situation throughout Bavaria is tranquil. Trains are again running on regular schedule.

Kapp Putsch Leader in Danger.

COBURG, Germany, Nov. 9.—Captain Erhardt, who had a leading part in the Kapp revolt of 1920 and who recently has been assembling an "army" along the Bavarian border, confidently expected to ride into office and prominence once more on the waves of the Bavarian putsch it was learned today. He intended to set up a little principality of his own in case the Munich insurrection succeeded, but now is stimulating neutrality, although his following appears to be less enthusiastic.

The freebooting captain, who incidentally is a fugitive from Federal justice, will, it is believed, again seek asylum in Hungary unless Dr. von Kahr decides to make a clean sweep of free-lancing militarists and gathers him in immediately.

Other States Condemn Revolt.

STUTTGART, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—The Minister of the Interior of Württemberg today issued a proclamation condemning the Nationalist coup d'état in Bavaria and declaring that it would not be allowed to spread to Württemberg, where it would be pitilessly suppressed. The proclamation reads:

"The reactionary centers in Bavaria completely misunderstand the interests of the German people and attempt to seize power through a coup d'état in accord with the military chiefs. I will suppress pitilessly any attempt made in this direction. I forbid any activity which might be construed as aid to the insurgents. I also forbid the population from actively opposing the Bavarian insurgent movement, for this would only serve to complicate the situation and increase the danger of civil war. The Württemberg police are absolutely loyal and I am in a position to maintain order in Württemberg."

DARMSTADT, Nov. 9.—The Hessian Government today issued a proclamation severely condemning the Nationalist coup d'état in Bavaria and declaring that it would support the regular Government.

ITALY TAKES NEWS CALMLY.

Government Not Inclined to Interfere in German Affairs.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 9.—The Italian Government is of the opinion that the Allies should not interfere in German movements unless they in some way violate the treaty of Versailles. Thus Mussolini would probably resist attempt to restore the Hohenzollern monarchy as he would any move to exploit nationalist movement sweeping over Germany further to evade payment of reparations. Until that time however the Italian foreign ministry believes that any attempt by Nationalists to seize power should be considered as purely internal German matter and therefore no concern of the Allies.

The whole of the Italian press counsels great caution in judging events in Bavaria, as their objects and their causes are not yet fully known. All newspapers, however, are unanimous in saying that the Bavarian revolt against the republican Berlin Government is the perfectly logical outcome of the situation in Germany. They hold that it is not remarkable that Germans should revolt against a form of government which they accepted with reluctance, now that it has proved incapable of averting the ruin of the Reich.

Other newspapers are of the opinion that present events in Germany are the direct outcome of the failure on the part of the Allies to accept President Wilson's famous fourteen points. As soon as Germany was rendered powerless the Allies, instead of keeping their word, proceeded with all possible haste to throw each one of Wilson's fourteen points overboard, they say. This, in their opinion, gives Germany just cause for dissatisfaction and lies at the root of much unrest which is disrupting the Reich at present. If President Wilson had been followed, Europe might be a different place to live in today, this argument concludes.

HITLER AN ALIEN AGITATOR.

A Sign Painter From Austria, He Built Up Bavarian Fascisti.

The ease with which the Bavarian Government overcame the Fascista "putsch" goes to show that even the name of Ludendorff was not sufficient to make up for the defections of Adolph Hitler's boasted "black" battalions. They were ready, and many reports say they were as formidable as their propaganda pictured—on Sept. 27; but when, on that day, the new Dictator, von Kahr, forbade their meetings, and the promised rising of the National Socialists, as Hitler called his reactionary party, did not take place, they began to forsake the emblem of the swastika.

Adolph Hitler has had a varied, but only for the last year a particularly adventurous, career. He is not a Bavarian at all, nor even a German of Germany. He was born in a suburb of Vienna about 30 years ago and was a sign painter when the World War started, besides being a Lieutenant in the reserve, like Bavarian citizenship dates only from June 15, 1922, when he was beginning to be called "the most impressive man in Germany," having in the previous November organized the Bavarian Fascisti, with centuries, legions, &c., on the Italian model, from the National Socialists, a party he had begun to recruit from Bavarian veterans of the war as early as January, 1922, when he first came to Munich.

He served in the Austrian Army during the war, was demobilized with the rest of the troops and tried to resume his vocation of sign painting. It was soon discovered that he had a gift for demagogic oratory, was blest with limitless energy, which might prove dangerous in a country which asked nothing but to rehabilitate herself, and so he was sent as a propagandist—but under whose auspices it is not known—into the Principality of Liechtenstein, lying between Austrian Vorarlberg and the Swiss cantons of St. Gall and Graubünden, there to preach union with Austria.

When his remittances ceased to arrive from Vienna he went to Munich and there found a ready field for a political program which he presently conceived. There he played upon the Bavarian jealousy of Prussia, which had whipped both Bavaria and Austria in the twelve-weeks war of 1866, and upon the general feeling that the Berlin Government, whatever it might call itself, was still under Communist influence, wherever that influence was exercised by the profiteering industrialists or the mobs they were said to control. Also he found encouragement for his anti-Semitic sentiments, which he had cultivated both in Vienna and in Liechtenstein.

With the success of the Italian Fascista movement a year ago his organization became an established fact. It was confessedly destructive, however, whereas that in Italy was constructive. He opened headquarters in Munich, and money for his movement began to flow in. So much came—or was said to come—that his enemies began to look among the American millionaires for his backer. Although the name of Henry Ford was frequently mentioned, there is no proof that anything more was received from him than the inspiration Hitler and his friends could gain from the portrait of the American, which adorned the walls of the headquarters in Munich.

From November, 1922, until January, 1923, he made many speeches and supervised the drilling of hundreds of Bavarian youths. In January he added to his slogan, which until then had been "Down with Bolshevism and Jewish domination!" the words: "Away with the French, the invaders!" In March he staged a grand mobilization of his Fascisti in the Bavarian mountains, in which, according to his propaganda circulars, 10,000 took part. There was talk then of marching on Berlin and of a triumphal march thence down the Ruhr.

The Berlin Government became alarmed in April and there were several conversations between it and the Bavarian Premier. Then the latter's Minister of Justice visited Berlin and informed the authorities of the Reich that they must not believe all that was printed in the Völkische Beobachter, which was the paper Hitler had started in Munich, and in which he had stated on various occasions that he had a trained following of 100,000. He said he had two centuries of well-uniformed, alert youngsters, who were always paraded when he was to make a speech, and last Summer his recruits may have reached the figure claimed by his paper, for he was a very popular man, and his appeals, in instances frequently quoted, produced the desired reactions. Just after the organization of his Fascisti he issued this proclamation:

"True socialism is the welfare of all the people, and not of one class at the expense of others. Therefore, we oppose class warfare. What is called socialism is Marxism, and not socialism at all. Marxism kills personal initiative and tries to bring everybody to a dead level. Capitalism has its proper place in true socialism, but capitalism must be held within bounds. . . . Any reports about my intention to restore monarchy and separate Bavaria from Germany are maliciously false. . . . As for the monarchy, Germany has greater and graver problems than the question of the personal interests of some throne-hunter, whoever he may be."

Just after he had failed to act on Sept. 27 he had an interview published in the Corriere Italiano of Rome, in which he discouraged the Italian fear that his Fascisti, when successful in Bavaria, might turn south and attempt to free the German population in the upper Adige Valley or Southern Tyrol. He also said:

"Germany at present is the scene of a struggle between two opposing forces—Nationalism and Judaeo-Marxism. If the latter conquers there will stretch from Vladivostock to the Rhine a single Semitic empire ruled from Moscow. The Reichsbank is in the hands of international Jewish finance, and any credits accorded to Germany go into the pockets of this gang."

FAILURE OF REVOLT HALTS PARIS PLANS

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

in the strength of the French Army. Such is the opinion of several members of the British Cabinet, one of whom is Lord Derby. If the English could bring themselves to silence Lord Curzon's objections to the occupation of the Ruhr, the dangers of German nationalism may yet bring France and England back to a common program.

The comments of today's French papers are rather varied and somewhat flurried, ranging all the way from the Intransigeant prediction that France might have to go to Munich with an army to the Echo de Paris observation that whether Ludendorff and his associates get to be official dictators or remain unofficial dictators it does not make much difference to France. Pertinax thinks the best the French can do is to leave the Germans to stew in their own juice and organize the Rhineland and Ruhr for the collection of reparations and for insuring a barrier between Germany and France. Germany is not republican, he says, and he doubts much that even the notes of M. Poincaré will convert them.

There was much sentimental interest today in the visit during the excitement of General Pershing to the Quai d'Orsay. I was assured that it was a visit of courtesy and that he had not come to offer M. Poincaré the use of any American troops. A great deal of interest also was shown in the visit to the Foreign Office of the German Chargé d'Affaires. It was supposed, of course, he had gone to talk about the Bavarian revolt or at least give a reply to the ultimatum regarding military control, but it transpired he went to protest to M. Poincaré against alleged French support of the Palatinate Separatists. M. Poincaré listened but gave him no reply.

The Temps appears to go a little far in suspecting that Chancellor Stresemann and Ludendorff are working together against France, and argues that if Stresemann had really tried to make an agreement with France he would not now be in the present difficulties.

The Temps also believes that the debates among Paris, London and Washington on the expert committee are partially amenable for the revolt in that the revelation of divergencies encouraged the German Nationalists. Firmness, says the Temps—the kind of firmness Poincaré shows—is the only method to follow when dealing with Germans. It says Poincaré's note to Berlin yesterday and his insistence on the resumption of allied control shows he understands the German situation and is entirely justified in not taking lessons from Curzon and Hughes.

"Accuse us of being imperialist and aggressive," says the Temps, "but the day Ludendorff tries to re-establish the empire, the day Germany rises again become again formidable and to force aggression, who is it who cries halt? It is always France by the voice of Poincaré."

But in the confusion one thing appears clear—that is, that if Stresemann can triumph over Ludendorff he will find himself in an excellent position to begin negotiations with the French. However, if Ludendorff is unleashed and if the credit goes to von Kahr instead of Stresemann the situation will still remain very confused, because Kahr's program is "make Germany strong enough to resist the robbers."

Paris Warned of Revolt.

PARIS, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—It was learned today that the French military Secret Service became aware of the movement in Bavaria yesterday morning and that it was this that prompted the French Government to notify Berlin that it could not tolerate the establishment of a military dictatorship.

German accumulations of gold credits abroad, part of which would be available for financing a Nationalist revolution, are estimated by persons in close touch with international banking interests at the equivalent of about $5,000,000,000. Some of this is on deposit to the credit of the Government, but the greater part is to the credit of the heads of the German industries which are in sympathy with the Monarchist movement.

Two hundred million pounds of the total are in London banks, according to an eminent British official now in Paris who is in constant touch with the bankers. It is estimated that equal amounts are in the United States, while another £200,000,000 are divided among depositors in Holland, Switzerland and the Scandinavian countries.

The French General Staff foresees the necessity for certain military measures to protect the French troops in the Ruhr in the event of grave disorders in Germany or in case there is the menace of an armed movement against the occupation troops.

The first of these measures would be to straighten out the military line in Westphalia, as the Ruhr now forms a sort of square pocket exposed to attack on three sides. This operation would be accomplished by taking strategic positions to the south. Such eventual dispositions of troops could be executed without delay.

If the circumstances should seem to require them, France could easily put in motion 260,000 men. Fifty-five thousand are already in the Ruhr, 95,000 more are in the Rhineland, while an additional 50,000 are within easy reach of the frontier.

Large garrisons are stationed at Metz and Strasbourg, smaller ones are all along the Rhine in Alsace, while there are reserves at Belfort, Epinal and Verdun, not far away.

The French High Command is not likely to be surprised by any development in Germany, that is hostile to France, as its system of intelligence is understood to be most complete.

NEW RIOTS IN RUHR LEAD TO BLOODSHED

Police, Under French Orders, Fire on Crowds of Unemployed, Demanding Food.

PAPER MONEY CAN'T BUY IT

Farmers Refuse to Sell Except for Foreign Currencies — Exchange Dealers Raided.

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DUESSELDORF, Nov. 9.—The disorders in the Ruhr, which were calmed during the last few days, broke out again last night and today, and food riots and unemployment demonstrations are going on in Gelsekirchen, Recklinghausen, Kray and Bochum. There was bloodshed in all three places when the German police, under French orders, repressed the riots and fired on the crowds.

The paper mark has been almost repudiated throughout the Ruhr since Sunday and the farmers refuse to sell produce to the cities except for foreign currencies. As a result, it is almost impossible for any one to get flour, butter or milk, except the wealthy people, and the hunger problem has been brought almost to a climax. A food commission was formed in Düsseldorf this morning by the municipality to consider means for immediate relief. The members of the commission told The Tribune that a solution was impossible so long as the agricultural and business classes repudiate the paper mark, which is the only money paid for salaries except "potato money," orders for food in the Ruhr.

Forced acceptance of paper marks is impossible without French aid, and the French are openly encouraging substitution of the franc for the mark wherever possible. Workmen of all types and classes thus are forced to buy francs in the so-called "scoundrels boerse" and curb markets in general around the railway stations, where exchange sharpers operate. Although this is against the law it is a scene in every Ruhr town where mobs gather to get money at any price.

German police this morning raided the scoundrels' boerse at Bochum and arrested nearly 200. They seized vast quantities of counterfeit money and confiscated many revolvers found on the dealers.

Under such conditions the misery of the population has visibly increased during the last two days. The workers, paid in money which no farmer or merchant will take, and which they cannot exchange for anything else, have resorted again to the methods of violence used a fortnight ago.

There was serious rioting last night and today in Elberfeld and Barmen, just outside the occupied territory. Nationalists paraded through the streets, attempting to drive out the Jews and declare a pogrom. The Jews were protected by the police and Socialist bands, but they fled in great numbers toward Cologne this morning, fearing further anti-Semitic riots.

The British zone is assuming the aspect of an oasis in the Rhineland desert, as the Separatists' reign of terror two weeks ago has caused migration from French and Belgian zones, and the Ruhr disorders are causing the further migration of all who can afford to escape.

The Krupps' Essen works, despite their agreement with the French, dismissed further classes of workers today and they will lay off all unmarried men. The married men are booked to go also a little later.

Three Killed in Mine Clash.

GELSENKIRCHEN, Ruhr Valley, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Further serious rioting growing out of the inadequacy of the unemployment doles occurred here today.

At the Consolidation mine two persons were killed and five injured in a fight with the police.

At the Unser Fritz mine the office buildings were wrecked and the mine directors ill-treated.

At the Koenigsgruhe mine an 82-year-old director was assaulted and mortally injured.

CROWN PRINCE STAYS; NO ALLIED PROTEST YET

But Note of Envoys From Paris Will Be Presented at The Hague Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 9.—No allied note to the Dutch Government concerning the reported intention of the ex-Crown Prince to return to Germany has yet been received by the Foreign Office. A telegram from Brussels to the Nieuwe Courant of Rotterdam says that Belgium joins in "the friendly attempt on the part of the Allies to prevent the ex-Crown Prince from starting for Germany."

The Belgian Foreign Minister, however, is quoted as saying that the Dutch Government is in no way bound, either by international law or by treaties, to detain the ex-Crown Prince in Holland, and that therefore the measures taken by the Allies will be of a friendly character. He added that it was through international police, and the British Government especially, that the intentions of Frederick William were learned.

The allied representatives at The Hague held a long conference today concerning the action to be taken in the ex-Crown Prince's case.

Frederick William was still on his island this afternoon waiting for news by special courier of today's happenings in Germany. Much of his baggage was taken from the island last week, which indicates that he planned an early departure. The small automobile that he generally uses on the island was sent two days ago to a garage in Amsterdam with the high-powered car usually kept in Haarlem.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The note of the Council of Ambassadors requesting Holland not to allow the ex-Crown Prince to go to Germany will be presented in The Hague tomorrow by the French Minister. A note along the same lines also was delivered to Dr. von Hoesch, the German Chargé here, tonight. Both the notes were signed by Premier Poincaré as President of the Council.

DEADLOCK ON PARIS TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

tion no authorized statement was obtainable here.

The attitude of the Government continues to be one of friendship for France. So far as America is concerned, it is learned, the door is not closed. This Government will stand ready in the future as in the past to lend its support to the plan for an expert inquiry if that be obtainable along lines giving real promise of constructive achievement.

Facts Semi-Officially Stated.

This semi-official review of the facts with respect to the negotiations up to the present time was obtained in authoritative administration quarters.

On Oct. 13 the British Government communicated with the United States suggesting that the opportunity seemed to present itself for holding an economic conference or having an expert inquiry as proposed in the original Hughes plan. Secretary Hughes replied in his aide memoir of Oct. 15, in which the attitude of the American Government was fully stated. That attitude has not in any way changed up to this moment.

The consequence of the statement of the American attitude the British Government addressed the French, Belgian and Italian Governments suggesting an inquiry along the line of the suggestions made by Secretary Hughes, by a committee of experts to be appointed through the Reparation Commission, so as to avoid any intention to interfere with treaty rights of any of the powers concerned.

All the Governments replied to Great Britain giving their acceptance "in principle." That was followed by the submission by the British Government to the Belgian, French and Italian Governments of the proposed text of an invitation by which it was intended to arrange with the United States Government for competent American citizens of high financial ability and prestige to take part in an expert inquiry. That inquiry was to consider the questions of the capacity of Germany to make reparations payments and an appropriate financial plan for securing such payments.

With slight verbal changes, suggested by Belgium, the Belgian and Italian Governments acquiesced, but the French suggested that the language of the proposed text of invitation be changed so as to include the words "present capacity" to pay.

Avoided Question of the Ruhr.

While the diplomatic exchanges were at that juncture Ambassador Jusserand went to see Secretary Hughes. In the latter's conversation with M. Jusserand it developed that the limitations imposed by M. Poincaré had reference chiefly to the occupation of the Ruhr and present capacity of Germany to pay.

With regard to the Ruhr in was stated by M. Jusserand on behalf of M. Poincaré that the French Government did not care to have the occupation of the Ruhr questioned by the experts conducting the inquiry. As to present capacity, it was stated that it was the desire of France to have the experts consider only the capacity of Germany for a brief period to pay.

Secretary Hughes responded that this Government did not contemplate that the expert inquiry should deal with political aspects of occupation of the Ruhr, or question the legality of such occupation. Secretary Hughes also asked the French Ambassador the meaning intended by M. Poincaré to be given the words "present capacity" and "brief period of time."

M. Jusserand replied that he would ascertain their precise meaning. Secretary Hughes informed the Ambassador that, so long as the proposed inquiry was to be wholly advisory and no Government was being asked to abandon treaty rights, this Government saw no reason for limiting the inquiry. This Government considered it the better plan to know definitely the scope of the inquiry before favoring it.

Premier Poincaré replied to the Washington inquiries with respect to what he meant by the statement that the occupation of the Ruhr should not be questioned by the experts, that the French Government was perfectly willing that the experts might examine into the economic resources of the Ruhr, the bakers of established industrial plants there and their productive capacity. However, M. Poincaré insisted that the experts must not consider the legality of the French occupation, inquire into the French collection of taxes in occupied territory nor question the guarantees that the French have established in that region, and that the inquiry should not question the agreements which the French had made with industries in the Ruhr.

M. Poincaré also insisted that the examination by the experts should not be permitted to go beyond the year 1930.

Secretary Hughes's reply to that was that any such limitation would, in the opinion of this Government, absolutely frustrate the inquiry proposed.

Wanted Our Purpose Considered.

With respect to the decision of the American Government concerning the futility of imposing any such deadline limitation as that marked by the year 1930 upon the proposed inquiry, it was made plain, the attitude of the United States Government must be considered in the light of the purpose of this Government when it insists on having an inquiry considerably broader than the French Government is in favor.

To the President and Secretary Hughes it seems imperative that there be a financial plan formulated to prevent disaster in Europe. To them it seems imperative that the expert inquiry be thorough and comprehensive, also that the urgently needed financial plan be comprehensive, the whole idea being to establish a practical basis for the economic recuperation of Europe. To restrict the inquiry as to permit the experts merely to pass on what can be done between now and 1930, the American Government insists, would be worse than useless, would serve no helpful purpose, and most of that period of only six years would, in any event, be given over to a moratorium.

If there is to be a constructive effort through unity of action among the powers to deal adequately with the situation, the experts engaged in any proposed inquiry, though acting only in an advisory capacity in making their recommendations, must be vested with powers of sufficient latitude to act in a plenary and adequate although wholly friendly, capacity. Otherwise, the whole object which the American Government has in view would be defeated.

Beyond this semiofficial review of the situation officials refrained from comment on the situation.

Independent Inquiry Not Expected.

It is not now the expectation that the text of the proposed invitation to the United States for competent American citizens to participate in an expert inquiry will ever be delivered in the face of the French refusal to abandon limitations which this Government cannot accept. Whether Great Britain will seek to have Belgium and Italy join in a new proposal for an inquiry, independent of France, remains to be developed, but it is not the Washington expectation that any such invitation will now come.

Secretary Hughes has already informed the British Government, in the note to Lord Curzon, that the United States entertains "the view that the questions involved cannot be finally settled without the concurrence of the European Governments directly concerned," also that as "other Governments cannot accept for them" it would "manifestly be extremely difficult to formulate financial plans of such importance and complexity without the participation of those whose assent is necessary to their fulfillment."

Secretary Hughes has also informed Lord Curzon that the United States "must reserve decision" as to its course of action in the event that the questions involved cannot be finally settled with the concurrence of the European Governments directly interested.

FRENCH EXPECTED FAILURE.

Poincare Upholds His Terms in a Last Minute Statement.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The news that Secretary Hughes has declined to take part in the proposed reparation inquiry by experts under the conditions named by France, the most important of which was that there could be no discussion of the total of the German debt, was received in Paris late today. The decision will cause no disappointment in France, where there has never been any belief in the efficacy of such a discussion at the present time and where there have been deep-seated fears that it would result in political disadvantage for France, even after Premier Poincaré had barred the material disadvantages.

M. Poincaré did not at any time take the project with anything like the seriousness with which it was regarded in America, and, as has been pointed out, he agreed to the principle of the inquiry only out of respect for British and American public opinion. It is realized here that France must bear in America the responsibility for the dropping of the inquiry, but it is considered that the degree of unpopularity is outweighed by the avoidance of dangers which the French leaders believed they saw in throwing the whole reparation issue, in which French interests constitute a majority, into a body in which France would have but one of many voices.

It is not believed here that America will take part in any inquiry in which France is not represented, as it is said in Paris that the sole result of such a procedure would be to cause international hard feeling without bringing material accomplishment. Before the news of the Washington decision reached here, the Quai d'Orsay, probably forewarned, issued a statement written by M. Poincaré himself reiterating the French point of view that an inquiry by experts at this time into the total capacity of Germany would be futile and dangerous. The view is that it would be dangerous because it would be interfering with powers exercised under the treaty by the Reparation Commission and futile because it is not humanly possible to calculate what Germany in chaos today could pay twenty years hence.

Text of Poincare Statement.

Premier Poincaré's statement reads:

"In order that there may be no equivocation on the subject of the position taken by the French Government concerning an eventual meeting of the experts' committee, whose constitution has been asked by the British Government, it is necessary to emphasize the following points:

"The treaty binds the French Government to the terms of Article 234. The Commission on Reparation must, after May 1, 1921, study the resources and capacity of Germany and having given the German representatives a full chance of explaining their position, has full power to extend the period and modify the method of payments in conformity with Article 235.

"However, the same Article 234 forbids the remission of any sum without the special authorization of the divers Governments represented by the commission and the French Constitution does not permit the Government of the republic to give this authorization without a vote of the Chamber.

"Further, by the terms of Paragraph 12, Annex 2, Part 8, a simple postponement, total or partial, after the year 1930 of payments maturing between May 1, 1921, and the end of 1926, inclusive, demands unanimity by the members of the commission.

"All this mechanism clearly indicates that in accordance with the treaty the valuation of capacity for payment must be made frequently by the Commission for short periods without considering the future. Reports by experts on valuation may be very important but will be useless if instead of applying themselves to the exact and precise facts they lose themselves in conjecture and hypothetical opinions as to the future prosperity or poverty of Germany.

"In effect, in the state of financial chaos created voluntarily in Germany by big industry with the complicity of the Government, with the risk of adding as a logical consequence political chaos, investigation of the capacity for payment by Germany is absolutely useless unless confined to simple statements of fact. This capacity for payment will be completely modified the day Germany establishes a government capable of imposing the reforms necessary to the establishment of a currency and a stable budget. No one can foresee now what this capacity will be.

Section C, Paragraph 12, Annex 2, exacting, as above stated, unanimity by the delegates of the Commission on Reparation in order to delay after 1930 payments due from Germany up to 1926 make the date 1930 therefore the extreme limit of the experts' study. If, however, Germany should establish sooner her financial situation, this would completely modify the capacity for payment, necessitating a new examination.

"The work of the experts must first, therefore, consist in establishing a statement of the resources of Germany, both external and internal, or, in other words, they should make a complete account of capital invested outside of Germany; secondly, they must indicate how and in what quantity these resources can be utilized from now on for financing reparations, and lastly, how Germany can proceed to the re-establishment of a budget in balance.

"One sees immediately that such a work would hardly permit the establishment of a plan of payment of long maturity or a regulation of the problems of reparations as a whole. The task otherwise confided to the experts would be heavy enough to absorb the entire time of the eminent personalities who would be called to take part."

American Reasons Comprehended.

Commenting on America's refusal to participate in the proposed experts' inquiry, the Matin will say tomorrow:

"The reasons for this refusal are multiple and from the American point of view comprehensible enough."

After recalling the French viewpoint based on the Treaty of Versailles the paper continues:

"The attitude to the Treaty of Versailles naturally, leaves untouched the Americans, who did not sign it. Moreover, for reasons of politics, both internal and external, President Coolidge undertook to justify the renewal of contact with Europe. If it would have been very difficult to get this accepted by American opinion if it had been worked out very nearly along the lines traced by Mr. Hughes, which left to American initiative a vast field.

"What Americans hoped was that there would be furnished them an occasion to reundertake a new basis of the problem of European reconstruction, on which they feel depends more and more their own prosperity. But from the moment when it becomes a matter simply of fixing certain modalities of the application of the treaty they judge their presence useless for the Allies, fruitless for themselves and prefer to abstain.

"They cannot be criticised for this, especially if account is taken of the divergencies which exist between France, England and Belgium. What it is essential to remember is that none of the reasons indicated is of nature to overshadow the sincerity and true cordiality with which the two Governments proceeded with the exchange of views."

Envoy Asked Hughes to Delay.

PARIS, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—It was learned that Ambassador Jusserand, in telegraphing to the Foreign Office respecting his conversation with Secretary Hughes yesterday, said that Mr. Hughes attached much importance to the belief that the inquiry into Germany's capacity to pay should not be limited to her capacity up to 1930, but should be allowed to extend as far beyond that year as the committee of inquiry might find expedient.

Secretary Hughes is described as saying toward the close of his conversation with M. Jusserand that a meeting of a committee of experts under the conditions laid down by the French Government would be useless. It was then that M. Jusserand requested the Secretary to delay any public announcement until he had time to communicate with Premier Poincaré. Secretary Hughes, it is stated, agreed to this.

CALLS U. S. FLEET DEFENSIVE WEAPON

Country With Largest Merchant Marine Will Command Seas, Admiral Robison Says.

NEEDED AS NAVAL ADJUNCT

American Shipbuilding, First Four Years Ago, Is Now in Sixth Place, Architects Are Told.

The War Plans Committee of the United States Navy, in working out strategical problems and war plans has not been required to consider the American fleet as an offensive weapon, according to Rear Admiral J. K. Robison, Chief of the Bureau of Engineering, and a member of the committee, who spoke last night at the annual dinner of the Society of Naval Architects at the Waldorf-Astoria. He made it clear that along the lines laid down by the Disarmament Conference the country with the largest merchant marine would have command of the seas.

"The navy," said Rear Admiral Robison, "is incapable of successful offensive work on a large scale. It is entirely a defensive weapon and we of the navy care only for the complete defense of the nation.

"The interests of the American merchant marine are the interests of the American navy. They are not merely linked together. They are one. Every attack upon the effectiveness of the merchant marine decreases the effectiveness of the navy by decreasing the degree of protection it can give the nation.

"Our merchant marine cannot be anything but a qualified failure unless we get it together, pull together, fight together, win or lose together."

Joseph W. Powell of Boston also discussed the usefulness of the merchant marine as a naval adjunct. He said that American shipbuilding in the war years grew from comparative insignificance to greatness, and that, while the United States stood in first place four years ago, "this year we are a bad sixth, surpassed, in order, by Great Britain, Germany, Italy, France and Holland."

"The promotion of an American merchant marine was described as essential to the preservation as well as the promotion of the country's welfare, by Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert in a letter expressing regret at his inability to attend the dinner. He said that a successful merchant marine could be built and operated only on efficient and businesslike manner in fair competition with the shipping of other nations, and added:

"This takes into account such adverse factors against American shipping as the governmental subsidy in one form or another granted by foreign nations, as well as the lower maintenance cost of foreign shipping. Many American steamship companies are operating American ships with profit, notwithstanding such competition. The Government itself has been operating merchant ships with similar success—for example, the Panama Steamship Company, which refused to post its interest with foreign shipping and to secure a charter. At the morning session of the convention of the Society of Naval Architects, Commander J. H. Walsh, C. C. N., U. S. N., General Manager of the Port of New Orleans, said that since the growth of ships conforms to economic law it would not be practicable to limit the size of ships by legislation as has been proposed.

Elmer E. Sperry, inventor of the gyroscope, gave an account of his attendance at the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Japanese Society of Naval Architects. He asserted that Japan was in every way abreast of the United States in shipbuilding. The Japanese, he said, had twice as much equipment as the United States for testing and determining new ship models.

SEPARATISTS CLAIM GAIN.

Report Advance in the Palatinate—Poincare Denies Giving Aid.

MAYENCE, Germany, Nov. 9.—The Separatist forces are gaining in the Palatinate, according to a statement issued here today by the Rhineland Provisional Government. The statement reads:

"The Rhenish troops, massed under the command of Dr. Dorten, continue their advance into the Palatinate.

HERSHEY IS MODEST ABOUT GREAT GIFT

Kept School Trust Plan Secret Five Years Lest He Seem to Be Advertising.

SAYS WEALTH CAME EASILY

'When I Quit Trying to Make Money and Settle Down I Began to Make Money,' He Says.

PLANT IS IN MODEL TOWN

Ninety-Five Per Cent. of Employes Own Their Homes—Operatic Stars Entertain Them.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 9.—"When I quit trying to make money and settle down I began to make money," said M. S. Hershey, the chocolate manufacturer, tonight in an interview in which he told how he came to merge sixteen large corporations into a trust for the Hershey Industrial School, which he founded in the model town of Hershey.

It was the fact that he made a great deal of money that enabled the manufacturer to establish his orphanage back in 1909, and it was the fact that the money began coming in by millions that decided him to devote his wealth to his school while he was still alive.

"How my wealth grew I do not know," he said tonight. "I kept a level head after everybody advised me I would be foolish to try to build up the chocolate business in the midst of hilly fields, but I went ahead. Neither do I know how it was I put it over on my competitors. I did not advertise, and still the business grew."

Mr. Hershey explained how it was that the trust fund for his school was formed in 1918. He has never before made the matter public. His explanation is in keeping with the modesty of the man, who in the past has always dodged newspaper men and referred all inquirers at his home to his friend and chief counsel, John E. Snyder.

"It would have seemed like taking an undue advantage of my competitors," he said, "to have talked about my plans for the industrial school. I began to think of the matter back in 1898 and 1899, when I purchased the old homestead where my father, Henry Hershey, had lived and which eventually was the first building of the school. Ten years later my wife and I decided the homestead and about 500 acres of land to the school, and then, after I saw how the business was growing and substantially upon its feet, I decided upon the trust plan.

"To have advertised that to the world then would have seemed like advertising. like telling the people to eat more chocolate to aid the orphans, and my competitors would have understood it in that way and said I was taking advantage of them. Then the war came on, and I was not able to build up the school as rapidly as I had anticipated. Now, things are back to normal with the company, and we can go ahead.

"I kept quiet for that reason only. The plan of the school, however, has been in my head many years. I provided for something of the kind in my will, even before the Old Homestead was deeded to the school, and what I am doing now to build up the school is only following out what I had in mind when I made the will.

"The reason I provided for school trust was that I might get the foundation laid while I was still alive. If I passed away tomorrow it would be worth the knowledge that the plant would go right ahead, and there would be no one to step in and upset things. The whole arrangement would continue just as if I were here."

Mr. Hershey is now 68 years of age. He is of medium build, with ruddy complexion and gray hair, with heavy black eyebrows and a short gray moustache. He is keenly alert and smiled quizzically at questions. But he is getting used to questions, for his telephone bell has been ringing all day, and newspapers in all parts of the country have been asking him about himself. If he has given his house away, what kind of automobile he drives, &c.

Mr. Hershey comes from an old American family that settled in Lancaster County 250 years ago. He spent his first seven years on the Hershey farm in Dauphin County and then moved to Lancaster County with his parents. When he lived at the old homestead he attended school at a typical little red brick schoolhouse. That was the only building on the site of what is now the town of Hershey. It is no longer a school, but it still stands. It is surrounded by the lawn of the mansion of the manufacturer, the show place of Hershey.

Mr. Hershey as a boy attended school in Lancaster County, but he never had the opportunity to go to college. He began work while still young, and in explaining how he eventually got into the chocolate business he said it was his liking for chocolate candy when a boy that led him to it.

Ambitious, young Hershey started out to make money. He went into the candy business and at 21 was retailing confectionary in Philadelphia during the Centennial Exhibition in 1876. He then went West and later to New York, where he failed in business. Afterward he went to Lancaster and there opened up a caramel factory, later making chocolate. He denied a rumor long in currency here that he learned how to make milk chocolate by serving in a Swiss chocolate factory, and said he gained all his knowledge in this country.

"After I gave up the idea of getting money it came," he said. "I was young and ambitious, and anxious to get money, and I failed. When I settled down I made money."

When he had made $1,000,000 at Lancaster he suggested to Mrs. Hershey that they retire and take a two-year trip around the world. They started and got as far as Mexico.

"If you call this a good time, let's quit," she said. He took his wife's advice and returned to Lancaster. Then he entered manufacturing in a larger way. Land owners around Lancaster wanted too much money for sites, and the fact that he owned 500 acres around his old homestead drew him there. He bought scores of farms—in all, 7,500 acres. That was twenty years ago, and at that time the people of the community thought he was throwing money away by building large factory buildings in the open fields; for there was not a building within sight, except the little red schoolhouse.

Today the town of Hershey is unique in Pennsylvania. It has 3,900 inhabitants, and the managers of Mr. Hershey's factories, his trust company, his electric railway, electric and water plants, department store and amusement park live near the centre of activity—the impressive looking factory buildings. The workers, 95 per cent. of whom own their own homes through company aid, live further away from the factories—a reversal of the usual conditions in a manufacturing town.

The main street is wider than Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington; the town's office buildings have a metropolitan air, and the dwellings of the company officials are mansions. In order to keep his workers contented Mr. Hershey has an amusement park that has as attractions in the Summer, Galli-Curci, Geraldine Farrar, Sousa, Creatore and others. Daily crowds of from 15,000 to 20,000 from nearby cities go to the park. So numerous and so good are the attractions that the annual earnings seldom exceed $200.

Mr. Hershey said that just before he opened his school he visited Girard College and other orphanages. He placed the age limit for admission at from 4 to 6 years. All applicants must be physically and mentally fit, white, and American born.

"I have always realized," the founder of the school said, "that farming is the backbone of the country. At first my plan was to provide a small school for boys where they could learn farming; but the training now is mechanical as well as agricultural. During the next ten years I propose to build up the school until it contains 500 to 1,000. There are 120 boys there now. It is my plan to let the boys grow up feeling they have a home and probably some day some of them will be running the business."

No surplus money is kept idle awaiting possible future needs of the school, the school's requirements are met as they occur, from net profits, and if there is available money left it is put back into the business, which the school owns, thus increasing the schools assets.

The amount of money made available for the school is determined by the dividends earned and paid by all the holdings represented by the shares of stock of all the constituent Hershey companies, at home and abroad. First all fixed charges are deducted from what profit there may be—and these include depreciation, renewals, replacements, dividends on preferred stock, bonuses to employes, interest on the bonded debt of a Cuban company and plant extensions.

No definite sum is set aside each year for the school; but the earnings have always, since the trust was formed in 1918, been sufficient or more than sufficient for its needs. Prior to that time Mr. Hershey maintained the school out of his personal funds.

"The plant must be preserved first, for if the business were not maintained there would be little for the school," said Mr. Hershey. "Therefore the operating and fixed charges come out of the gross earnings first."

HERSHEY CHILDLESS, SECRET OF HIS GIFT

Donation of $60,000,000 to Orphans' Home Inspired by Love for the Young.

Love of children and his own childless state are the reasons why Milton S. Hershey, the candy manufacturer, has put his $60,000,000 fortune in trust for the Hershey Industrial School at Hershey, Pa., according to a statement made yesterday by John J. Lucas, manager of the New York office of the Hershey Chocolate Company, of 101 West 21st St.

"Mr. Hershey is 66 or 67 years old and has no children," said Mr. Lucas. "His wife died ten years ago, and since that time he has often talked to his intimate friends and associates of his desire to turn his whole property over to the school before he died."

"He is very fond of children and it has been a source of much regret to him that he has had none of his own. Lauding any of his own, however, he has sought to make up for it by lavishing love and affection upon other children. He has always been eager to hold out a helping hand to some child or youth and has helped many children who have now grown up to make something of themselves.

"Mr. Hershey started life as a poor boy in the same part of the country where his chocolate factory is now located, and he has always wanted to share his success and prosperity with the others in that district, especially the children. The school takes in children from the age of 4 or 5 years and keeps them until they are eighteen. It teaches them a trade—carpentering, for example, or some other industrial or farming trade. Its headquarters are in the old farmhouse where he was born.

"After working on the farm as a boy, Mr. Hershey drifted into the candy business. He was working for a Quaker when he decided to go into business for himself, some forty or fifty years ago.

"With very little capital, he started in business for himself in a tiny store at Fourth Avenue and 42d Street. He did all the work himself and built up such a big business that he was able to sell it out for $1,000,000 twenty or twenty-five years ago.

"After a few years he found that he was not happy unless he was doing something, so, with plenty of capital this time, he went into the candy business again. He bought many acres near Lancaster, including the old country schoolhouse where he got his only education, and which he has preserved to this day; started the town of Hershey, and opened the industrial school in the hope of giving other children some of the advantages of life."

Mr. Hershey is now in Hershey, Pa., having returned last Saturday from a trip to Europe.

HARVEY BACK HOME, WILL 'TAKE A REST'

Hopes Politicians Will Allow Hughes and Coolidge to Help Europe Unmolested.

ASSURES ANTI-LEAGUERS

Our Aid Would Not Put Us In and Would Not Cancel War Debts, He Says.

Colonel George Harvey, retiring United States Ambassador to Great Britain, returned yesterday on the Cunarder Aquitania, apparently in very good health and spirits. He was met by a number of friends, including Will Hays and James B. Regan. The Ambassador wore a gray suit with overcoat to match and a tall gray squaretop derby, of the type brought into vogue here by the late J. P. Morgan and Joseph H. Choate.

Colonel Harvey waited until all the passengers had landed on the pier and then walked down the gangway with slow measured step while the brass band of the Aquitania, mustered on the "B" deck, played "The Star Spangled Banner" and the crowd stood at attention, bareheaded. He was glad to get home and "take a rest," he said.

He was optimistic concerning the Hughes plan for the settlement of the reparations problem, and said that it ought to go through. He declared those politicians who tried to stop it were doing an injury to the suffering thousands of women and children in Europe. It did not mean, he said, that America would enter the League of Nations or cancel the war debts to this nation.

The retiring Ambassador spoke of the hospitality which had been shown to him in England during his term of office and on leaving his post. He said that a few days before he sailed he dined with the King and Queen. King George he described as one of the finest friends America had in England. He praised the English highly, saying he felt there is a deep-founded and deep-grounded feeling of regard and affection between the two peoples.

In a long interview with reporters at the pier, Colonel Harvey said in part:

"There has been tremendous interest in England in the proposal of our participating in the program to restore some sort of peace to the continent of Europe. I don't know much of what has happened since I left England on this matter save things I picked up from the bulletins on board the boat. I gathered from the delays, however, that there has been a great deal of discouragement and I daresay there is reason for it. I have a strong hope that something will transpire in connection with this movement in which we will be able to have considerable part and largely have a decisive influence in achieving the peace and prosperity of the world.

Believes Hughes Plan Will Win.

"I am not optimistic because I have lived over there for three years and one's opinions become somewhat modified. But I have the utmost confidence that Mr. Hughes's present course is going to succeed. This I base on his ability to carry through what he undertakes.

"I do hope there will be a sense of righteousness and judgment throughout the United States that Secretary Hughes and President Coolidge ought not to be hampered in any way in their undertaking to render this great world service.

"Any opposition based on the suspicion that either of them is utilizing this situation with a view to entering the League of Nations is simply idiotic and can only be brought forward for political purposes.

"Neither President Coolidge nor Secretary Hughes, having full power to decide for the United States, would think for a moment of putting the United States into the League of Nations.

"On the other hand it is equally harmful, in my judgment, and wrongful for men in high position or representative public men to translate this undertaking of President Coolidge and Secretary Hughes into any possibility of our canceling the debts which are owed to the United States.

Really Owed to the People.

"These debts are owed to the United States only as an agent through whom these loans were made by the subscribers to the Victory bonds and the Liberty bonds.

"It is certain that Secretary Hughes and President Coolidge will stand as squarely on that as on the other proposition."

"On what?" he was asked.

"On not entering the League of Nations," was the reply. Then he added:

"I think that in this present state of the world, where we are at the moment not only facing a possibility, but a very strong probability, of the people on the continent of Europe, women and children, perishing from starvation, that our people will reprehend gravely anything done by anybody for personal, for partisan or political purposes that will interfere with, to the slightest degree, that which I have previously described as this great undertaking by the heads of our great Government in this cause of humanity."

Colonel Harvey said he felt that all the "odds ends" of his work in London have been satisfactorily adjusted. No matters of great importance are pending. He complimented highly the selection by President Coolidge of Frank B. Kellogg as his successor to the Court of St. James.

Says English Will Like Kellogg.

"Kellogg will make a great success," said Colonel Harvey. "He is the type of man the English will like. A good man from the Midwest. Yet, England has had others. There was General Schenk of Ohio, during Grant's Administration. The General was a remarkable poker player and introduced the game into England, where it is played after an extraordinary fashion now."

Asked if Will Hays's visit to London meant that Colonel Harvey might be interested in the next campaign for President Coolidge, the Colonel replied that he did not discuss politics with Hays.

He said that he was returning for no other reason than that he wanted to come home. He declined to lay any responsibility for his retirement from the London Embassy to the high cost of being a Minister Plenipotentiary, saying, when asked if he found he could live within the amount provided by the Government for an Ambassador, "I never tried to."

He said he would spend his first few weeks in America at Peacham, Vt., where he will have Thanksgiving dinner with an aunt who is 80 years old.

Asked if he was considering memoirs or a book on his diplomatic experiences, the former Ambassador was amused and said he did not think so. He had not decided on any more definite plans, he continued, than to proceed to Washington and wind up his affairs there. He was noncommittal as to his part in 1924 politics, dismissing inquiry whether he planned to participate in the coming Presidential campaign with:

"I'll probably just sit down and observe things."

ELEVEN MORE KILLED IN EXPLODING FORT

Detonating Shells Wreck Genoa Arsenal, Bringing the Death List to Twenty.

GENOA, Nov. 9.—Fort Montegnano, where an explosion of cordite took place yesterday, causing the death of nine persons and the wounding of nine others, was shaken by explosions again today, eleven more persons being killed and a score added to the list of injured.

Although firemen worked steadily, the spread of flames which followed the explosions could not be checked, and the fort now is a complete wreck.

Military authorities say there is little probability of any unexploded shells remaining in the ruins, but the population is alarmed lest there be further unexpected explosions and villages for miles around continue to be evacuated.

BALDWIN FOR ACCORD WITH US CONSTANTLY

He Says at Lord Mayor's Banquet That This Is Great Britain's Chief Policy.

STILL HOPES FOR A PARLEY

Unaware of Hughes's Rejection, He Says Co-Operation Would Help to Settle Europe.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—America must inevitably play a considerable part in the economic recovery of Europe in her own interests, no less than that of Europe, said Premier Baldwin tonight.

He was making the customary speech of the Prime Minister at the annual banquet of the Lord Mayor in the historic Guildhall. He was unaware that America had refused to enter the projected Reparation Conference because of the French terms.

After devoting much of his speech to a general outline of the achievements of the Imperial Conference he went on:

"The situation in Western Europe is still one of grave anxiety and it cannot be said that the Great Powers principally involved have so far been very successful in finding a solution. Hence it was that we hailed with particular satisfaction the signal of renewed willingness on the part of the United States to co-operate with Europe in the task. (Cheers.)

"This does not in our opinion involve any attempt to drag America into our European entanglements, or to make her arbiter of European fortunes. She would emphatically repudiate either interpretation herself, but her interest in the economic recovery of Europe, in which she must inevitably play a considerable part, is not less than our own and she is capable, by reason of her detachment, of forming judgments and offering advice which will be recognized and accepted by all.

"Whether efforts to bring about the conference which is now under discussion will succeed it is yet too early to say, and it would be premature to hazard a guess as to the particular form it will take, but that Europe should be allowed to drift to her doom while the Powers look on with folded hands is not to be thought of.

Britain for Co-operation With Us.

"The entire weight of our authority and influence will be and is being thrown into the scales in favor of that co-operation with America, that common action between all by which just five years ago the war was won and by which peace may be secured."

Mr. Baldwin then quoted a passage from the speech made last year at the banquet by the late Bonar Law, in which he had made a solemn appeal to the Allies to take united action in the interest of world peace, and went on to emphasize that such co-operation would be not only of international but of British interest.

"There is a distinct and logical connection between what has happened in Western Europe and the condition of our own people," he said, "and pray let it be believed it is from no exclusive, abstract or ethical considerations nor from the standpoint of the treaty obligations alone that Britain acts and will continue to act. She is and must be inspired by a regard for her own interests, by the contemplation of industrial disorders in our own country, by the spectacle of unemployed millions, of the closed works and diminishing exports of Britain.

"Our duty first and foremost is to our own people. [Cheers.] Let us never forget that, at the same time that we grapple with the peaceful recovery of the whole world." (Cheers.)

The Premier, in speaking of the Near and Middle Eastern conditions, uttered a word of warning to the States of that region. England had no desire to interfere with their internal concerns, he said, but she must remind them that it was not by revolutions or changes of dynasty that peace and progress are most likel yto be secured.

"These States are nearly all of them impoverished by war and they will need financial aid for their rehabilitation," he continued. "But when their agents come and knock at the financial doors of Paris or London, or wherever it may be, the first guarantee that will be required will be that of internal order and security."

Beatty Upholds Battleships.

Admiral the Earl Beatty, in replying for the navy, had some words to say on the battleship controversy. He compared the race between the submarine and the anti-submarine devices to that between guns and armor, and said:

"Today the development of anti-submarine devices is more than keeping pace with the submarine, so much so that a power in command of the surface of the sea sees the submarine is not a great menace. To a power weak on the surface it is a serious menace."

Then turning to risks from the air, he declared that experiment had convinced the British Admiralty that anti-aircraft guns and counter-attacks by fleets of their own aircraft should make battleships safe against enemy airplanes. In this view, he said, the United States and Japan concurred. Consequently he held that capital ships were still the basis on which sea power rested, although he expressed the view that so important had aircraft become that commanders-in-chief and their staffs might well be quartered on aircraft carriers.

Before to Empire Conference.

LONDON, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—After having presided today over the Cabinet Council, which failed to arrive at any decision concerning the date for general elections, Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, with several of his Ministers tonight was the guest of the Lord Mayor of London at a banquet in the Guildhall in celebration of Lord Mayor's Day. The banquet was attended by all the diplomatic corps and persons from all branches of society.

The speech of Premier Baldwin was devoted largely to foreign affairs. He referred with great satisfaction to the work of the Imperial Conference, which he said had dealt with a number of important questions, including the Washington conventions, the Far East, the League of Nations and the present situation on the Continent.

With regard to defense, Mr. Baldwin said the conference had drawn up a number of guiding principals, and the Dominion Premiers had decided that they would always be prepared to consider, in concert with other peoples, what possibilities there was of a further limitation of armaments.

In dealing with the imperial conference Mr. Baldwin spoke on the preferences granted to empire products and the advantages that were expected to be derived from them, but he did not refer otherwise to the protectionist issue.

Admiral the Earl Beatty, Chief of the Naval Staff, in a speech defended the creation of a naval base at Singapore as needful for the defense of Australasia.

MRS. STOKES WINS 5-YEAR DIVORCE SUIT

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

mond rings that cost $1,000 and mean nothing by it? You don't believe it; not one of you, no more than I do. It's a foolish, absurd and ridiculous tale. If ever two people were engaged to wed, those two were."

Justice Mahoney, in his charge, which lasted twenty-five minutes, said:

"Your conclusion must be reached fairly and impartially, without bias or prejudice for or against the sex of the plaintiff or the defendant. This is a court of law, where justice must be meted out fairly and impartially, without regard to the social stations of the parties concerned. Poor and rich, the lowly and those in high station of life, the weak and the strong, and regardless of sex, regardless of race, creed, or nationality, have a right to a fair and square trial. I instruct you to bring in a verdict which will satisfy your conscience, as to the evidence and on the law as charged."

Concerning the charge involving Mrs. Stokes and Wallace, the Court declared that a combination of opportunity and inclination must be proved. He said:

"The credibility of witnesses is for you to determine," he went on. "Remember that the same rule applies to male and female, regardless of race, color or creed.

Much of Testimony Conflicting.

"If you believe any witness has wilfully sworn falsely to any material fact, you must disregard the testimony as to that fact and you may disregard the entire testimony.

"The case has been a protracted one. A large number of witnesses has been produced by both sides. Much conflicting testimony has been placed before you and I do not propose to attempt to review the testimony because I believe, judging from the careful consideration you have given to the same, that you recollect it every bit as well as I."

After the verdict Justice Mahoney thanked the jurors. "It was a great pleasure to have met you all," he said. "I never had a jury that was more painstaking or had given such close attention throughout the case."

The divorce case having been settled, Mrs. Stokes will start her counter-suit for separation immediately. The financial status between her and Mr. Stokes will then be determined. Since Justice Finch rendered a verdict in her behalf at the first trial two years ago, which was never made final because of a technical error, Mrs. Stokes has been receiving $18,000 a year from Stokes. The counter-suit is on Monday's calendar in Special Term, Part 3. The litigation, it is estimated, has cost thus far more than $1,000,000.

LLOYD GEORGE HOME, GETS GREAT OVATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

There were people before and behind it, clinging to its sides and back. There were other crowds behind the barriers, shouting at the top of their voices. The crush was terrific, and women caught in the throng began to show signs of alarm.

The automobile was proceeding at a mere footpace, and it was only the pressure of the crowd which kept those following it from falling. The police were quite powerless to keep back the throng, and Mr. Lloyd George himself appeared nervous. He stood up in his car and gazed anxiously at the thousands pressing around him, as though not even in New York had he witnessed such an extraordinary sight.

It was a quarter of an hour before his auto could get out of the station approaches to the open street, where it could make speed for the house of Sir Alfred Mond, where the ex-Premier and his party were to have dinner and meet his old political friends.

Condemns Baldwin's Tariff Policy.

Considerable care had been taken to prime the ex-Premier with the main facts of the political situation before he met the newspaper representatives at Southampton. A courier had been sent to meet the Majestic at Cherbourg, with dispatches from the National Liberal headquarters, while a number of his ex-Cabinet colleagues, including Sir Alfred Mond, Dr. MacNamara and Charles A. McCurdy traveled down to Southampton to meet him. They were closeted with him in the liner's cardroom for a quarter of an hour before he came out to meet the reporters in the Palm Court.

Mr. Lloyd George appeared in the best of health, and was in excellent spirits. "This is just like America," he remarked as he prepared to meet the volley of questions. He was not, however, disposed to discuss the British political situation in detail.

"It has developed very rapidly," he said, "and I have been at sea."

"Metaphorically, as well as physically," some one suggested, and Lloyd George smiled, and went on:

"I have seen no English newspapers on my tour, and it is very difficult to speak from summarised cable reports."

However, he did express himself with great force on Premier Baldwin's protectionist speeches.

"As far as I can judge," he said, "it was an incredible pronouncement. I think it is unutterable folly. It is an insult to the intelligence of the nation to feed starving industry with the mildewed straw of last century, with every grain of statesmanship beaten out of it."

Then, when a little later Mr. Lloyd George was asked his views on imperial preference, he said: "There was always the old difficulty that 'you cannot have real imperial preference without taxes on food,' and he was absolutely certain that the people would not accept them. As for his own position, he said:

"I adhere strictly to the position I took up at Manchester in April," referring to the speech in which he declared that if the issue of protection were raised, all the present controversies [illegible] during the past the Asquith tariff and the safeguarding of specially hard-pressed industries must go by the board.

Another topic raised was the ex-Premier's attitude toward a reunion of his wing of the Liberal Party with the Asquithian following.

"It would be a fine thing," he said. "I have said so repeatedly."

Then, when he was asked the test question, "Would you follow Asquith?" he replied:

"I would work with anybody who would serve the country faithfully. I have never raised any personal issue in these controversies."

Some one brought up his old idea of a Centre Party, but he brushed it aside with the remark that protection and free trade was now the only issue.

Found Desire Here to Help Europe.

The ex-Premier was more at ease as he spoke of his tour through America. He could not express too warmly his gratitude for the reception accorded to him, and from that point of view, he said it had been an amazing experience.

As for American intervention in the European situation, he was sure that America had taken a very definite step forward in the last few weeks. Though Premier Poincaré's attitude had not been very helpful, public opinion in America, and particularly in the Middle West, favored co-operation in dealing with the European situation. The feeling toward France was very friendly in the United States, he said, but they deplored the rigid attitude taken up by the French Government. He did not think that was promoting unfriendly feelings, but there was much more doubt about the French than about the Germans had been.

That prohibition came up, but on this Mr. Lloyd George declined to express his personal opinion, on the ground that he was a mere train traveler through America, and had no means of judging the actual situation.

"Americans are very hospitable!" it was suggested.

"They certainly are," returned the ex-Premier, with a twinkle in his eye.

Then, more seriously, he said:

"But even the opponents of prohibition admit that if there was a plebiscite the popular verdict would be for it. The workingmen are better off, and the workingwomen are certainly better off. Americans mean to try this experiment out, and a free hand should be allowed them, without outside interference. It is their business, and not ours."

Mr. Lloyd George also spoke of the great advance Canada had made in twenty-five years since he had visited her before, and he dwelt on the great change in feeling toward Great Britain of the Irish-Americans.

Then, asked about ex-President Wilson, Mr. Lloyd George said:

"I found him genially very glare."

"And physically?" he was asked.

Mr. Lloyd George hesitated and said:

"Well, he is not very fit, but I am told he is very much better."

After luncheon the Mayor and Corporation of Southampton waited on the ex-Premier to conduct him to the theatre, where he was to receive the freedom of the borough. Several carriages had been prepared for the party, but the students of Southampton University College intervened. A number in their college gowns appeared with a rope, and removing the horses from the ex-Premier's carriage, dragged it a mile along the streets to the place of meeting. [illegible] was filled with the inhabitants of the borough, who gave their visitor a hearty welcome.

The formal proceedings of conferring the freedom were short, and the ex-Premier began his speech of thanks by referring to the tradition that Southampton was the scene of King Canute's attempt to command the tide not to rise, with the remark:

"He was not the first King to have bad advice from his councillors, and he certainly was not the last."

To the late Bonar Law he paid a warm personal tribute, and then he spoke of his American tour.

"I should not be human if I were not gratified with the warmth and kindness of the reception in every part I visited," he said. "Like every public man, I have had my ups and downs. [Laughter.] I have seen great crowds in my time, not all of them friendly, in fact one of the greatest crowds came with hostile intent. I know something of crowds, but I have never witnessed such gigantic crowds, and what pleased me most was the crowds at the little wayside stations on the route, where there was no opportunity, thank God, for making speeches."

The ex-Premier told his audience of the wonders of the loud-speaking gramophones and radio-telegraphy, and how he looked forward to making public speeches from his easy chair, with puffs at his cigar at points where he thought applause ought to come in.

He spoke, too, of Canada, and the wonderful strides she had made, and he went on:

"In one respect, however, I found there was no change. The people were as loyal to the Empire and to the Crown as they were twenty-four years ago, and I found that the loyalty of Canada and her sons and daughters is as intense—perhaps more tense—as it is in the old land.

"In crossing this gigantic country, with its infinite resources, it was a source of pride to see everywhere the flag floating over the public buildings. It is a country of incalculable resources."

Speaking of America, Mr. Lloyd George regretted that he had to make so many speeches that it had been impossible for him to look at it as he passed through and study it. Of his impressions of America, he said:

"It is a country of infinite affluence. There are things they have done, there are things they are doing, and, almost above all, there are things they do not think it necessary to take the trouble to do. [Laughter.] It is a country of many abundances, with a virile population, a determined population, a resourceful population and a great-hearted people, worthy of the generous land, which probably yields more readily and freely its riches to the hand of man than any other country under the sun."

Vision of Anglo-American Co-operation.

But what impressed him most, Mr. Lloyd George said, was the unguarded frontier between America and Canada, thousands of miles of land an dhundreds of miles of water.

"There are no armed men along it," he said. "The police boats on the Great Lakes have the work cut out, but not in looking after the wars."

Then, speaking with intense seriousness, Mr. Lloyd George referred to the infinite possibilities of America and the British Empire working together, saying:

"There is nothing which the earth gives to man for his use that these two great countries have not got. The British Empire is the most resourceful and the richest garden on earth, but take the two together and nothing can withstand them. Co-operating they are irresistible. If their gigantic power, if their might were used to enslave, oppress, degrade, corrupt or retard progress, then these two great Commonwealths would be the greatest curse that earth has ever seen. But if they use their power for human right, human liberty, human progress, they are about the greatest blessing that Providence has ever given to the children of man."

The ex-Premier predicted the day when America might have a population of 1,500,000,000, and Canada of 600,000,000, and declared that his visit to them had filled him with greater hope in the future than ever. The great leaders and prophets of America, Penn, Roger, Williams, Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton and Lincoln, all came from British stock, he said, and they shared the British belief in something which he said was indescribable, something which in an international conference he had always found no interpreter could render—the sense of fair play.

Then, as the audience hung in deep silence on his words, he set forth the conclusion he had reached in his trip and applied it to the European situation.

"It was fair play," he said, "that induced the Duke of Wellington in 1815 to prevent France from being mutilated by the victorious Allies in those days. It was fair play that sent millions of our young men to prevent Belgium, yes, and to prevent France, from being reduced to vassalage. All the hundreds of thousands of graves in Flanders and France are monuments to fair play. That is the contribution which these races make. They use the word, we use the word. We both understand it, and that is why I am a believer in the possibility of these two Commonwealths so acting together as to put this troubled world right in the end.

"I am really glad that within the last few weeks real progress has been made in co-operation between these two great countries, to bring order out of chaos in Europe. I remember when Mr. Secretary Hughes made his momentous speech in December of last year, it struck me then that it was a new departure, not merely in handling European situations, but a new departure in the relations of these two great countries. I regret the delay in taking up his initiative, but it has been acted upon. They are now working together. It is vital to the interests of the world that having started we should go on. The United States of America, and ourselves, resolutely go on without flinching, without turning to the right or to the left; go on whatever or whoever is in the way, because with these two gigantic powers working together for right nothing can resist them.

"If they worked for wrong, injustice or oppression, the power that makes for righteousness would smash them in the end. But, working as they are for civilization, for peace, for good will, for human progress, their power is irresistible, and I trust they will go on to the end."

Miss Megan Lloyd George, asked her impressions of America, replied:

"I was amazed at its vastness. We passed too rapidly through it for more than general impressions, but my outstanding impressions are the tremendous efficiency and vastness. We have had a simply wonderful time, but women there do not seem to be so interested in politics as are women here, though there is not much difference. Are not women the same the world over?"

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Carlsbad, the famous Bohemian watering place, owes its popularity, in part at least, to zwieback,

Of which visitors to the resort are expected to make liberal use as part of the cure.

Zwieback, which is provincial for twice baked, is simply well toasted bread;

And well toasted bread, either dry or buttered, may always be obtained at CHILDS.

Topped with freshly poached eggs, it becomes a delicacy very appealing to the refined appetite.

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One dollar per pound and more

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CRUISER'S CREW PUNISHED.

Liberty Denied to Detroit's Men at Venice for Disturbance.

VENICE, Italy, Nov. 9.—Because of a disturbance by sailors of the cruiser Detroit last night, all the men of the crew will be denied further liberty while the ship is in port here, it was made known today by officers of the Detroit when with the American Consul, they called on the Prefect to express regret for the incident.

The sailors insisted upon being served at a bar in St. Mark's Square after the closing hour, and on being refused they became boisterous. A police inspector succeeded in inducing them to return to their ship.

Swiss to Send Another Note to France

BERNE, Switzerland, Nov. 9.—The Swiss Federal Council has instructed its political department to prepare another note to France, again protesting against the French decision to occupy the free zone of Upper Savoy under the provisions of the Versailles treaty. Switzerland will again propose arbitration and her note will explain why she thinks further direct negotiations between the two nations useless.

Copenhagen Reports New Comet.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Royal Observatory at Greenwich has received notification from Dr. Reimuth of Copenhagen of the discovery on Oct. 31 of a new comet in the thirteenth magnitude. It is moving southward near the constellation Aries.

New Schedule of Winter Rates
BRIARCLIFF LODGE
AMERICA'S FOREMOST RESORT HOTEL
50% Reduction
Effective November 10th to May 1st

	Daily Summer Rate	Daily Winter Rate
Double Room with Bath (meals for two)	$24.00	$12.00
" " " " "	26.00	13.00
" " " " "	28.00	14.00
" " " " "	30.00	15.00
Double Room and Single Room with Bath (meals for three)	36.00	18.00
" " " " "	40.00	20.00
" " " " "	42.00	21.00
Two Double Rooms with Bath (meals for four)	48.00	24.00
" " " " "	52.00	26.00
Single Room with Bath (meals for one)	12.00	6.00
" " " "	14.00	7.00
Parlor	10.00	5.00

These reductions are based on a stay of one week or longer.

Take New York Central Trains to Scarborough. Buses meet all trains.

Fifty Minutes from Fifth Avenue
BRIARCLIFF LODGE
Chauncey Depew Steele, *Proprietor*
BRIARCLIFF MANOR,
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New York.

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Misses' Tweed Suits
Specially Priced
$29.50

November, the month of the tweed suit—the suit of the day is tweed. These suits are made of imported British woolens and are single and double-breasted models. Trimly cut and well tailored. In soft shades of brown, grey, and blue for the bright days of autumn. Sizes 14, 16 and 18.

THIRD FLOOR

HYLAN AT SEASHORE FOR EXTENDED REST

With Wife and Nurse, Mayor Arrives in High Spirits at Atlantic City.

BIDS NEIGHBORS GOOD-BYE

"Hope to Be Back Soon in Good Health," He Says as He Leaves Bushwick.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 9.—Mayor John F. Hylan of New York arrived with Mrs. Hylan at the Hotel Shelburne late this afternoon. They were accompanied only by a trained nurse. The length of their stay was undetermined, it was announced.

Mayor Hylan was in high spirits. "I'm feeling fine, and was not bothered by the trip," he declared, and added that he expected to profit by his stay at the shore. The Mayor walked well and with little dependence on the crutches which he carried.

Governor Alfred E. Smith, who also is enjoying a vacation at the Seaview Golf Club, spent the day at golf and concluded his exercising in the clubhouse tank. The fact that Mayor Hylan was in Atlantic City while Governor Smith was only eighteen miles away gave rise to reports of political conferences, but it was denied tonight that any serious conversations were to be held.

Mayor Hylan, accompanied by Mrs. Hylan and a nurse, left New York yesterday for Atlantic City, where he expects to remain for his health for an indefinite period, probably until the first of next year. The Mayor, who looked much better than when he returned home from Saratoga Springs a month ago, after his attac kof pneumonia, made the trip in the private car Berwick of William H. Woodin, former State Fuel Administrator.

The Mayor was accompanied from his home, 959 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, by Dr. John A. Ferguson, his physician, and Detective Thomas Reilly. As he left the house he was greeted by about 150 men and women of the neighborhood who gathered to bid him farewell. The Mayor was pleased at this evidence of the good-will of his neighbors, and said:

"I am glad to have been at home and shall always remember the kindness of you folks to me. I hope to be back with you soon in good health."

Four motorcycle policemen escorted the Mayor's automobile to the Pennsylvania Station. Traffic on Bushwick Avenue, which had been diverted from the block in which the Mayor has his home, was reopened as soon as the Mayor left.

Dr. Ferguson said he believed the Mayor would benefit greatly from his stay at Atlantic City. "The Mayor's condition has improved sufficiently to permit the trip," Dr. Ferguson said. "He will remain at Atlantic City for an indefinite period. Hilar light leg is mending nicely and I am sure that after a good rest he will be in first-class condition."

COL. CHANDLER QUITS AS STATE POLICE HEAD

Finds Dual Duties With Kingston Hospital Too Heavy—Warner May Succeed Him.

Lieut. Col. George F. Chandler, organiser and head of the State Police, yesterday submitted his resignation to Governor Smith at Albany. In addition to his duties with the police, Colonel Chandler has also been directing the activities of the City Hospital at Kingston, N. Y. It was understood that Colonel Chandler informed the Governor that the increasing duties of both positions had made it necessary for him to give up the State Police.

In regard to a successor, it was said that in the event Governor Smith asked him to suggest a man he would urge the appointment of Captain John A. Warner, commanding Troop K, with headquarters at White Plains. Captain Warner, a resident of Rochester, N. Y., is the senior officer in the organization, having been the third officer appointed at the time the State Police was formed in 1917. It was understood that Colonel Chandler would point out the advantage of appointing a man within the ranks in keeping up the morale of the organization.

BOOM COOLIDGE IN CHICAGO.

Friends Start Campaign to Swing Illinois Delegates to Him.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Friends and admirers of President Coolidge yesterday launched a campaign in Chicago to swing the Illinois delegates to the Republican National Convention in his favor.

The campaign is in charge of Dr. R. H. Taylor, a lifelong friend of the President. One of the speakers was Frank P. Davis, who was a member of the City Council of Northampton, Mass., when President Coolidge was an Alderman. Mr. Davis paid high tribute to President Coolidge's character and ability.

UNVEIL CALVERT TABLET.

College Players Honor Memory of Shakespearean Actor.

A bronze memorial tablet in honor of Louis Calvert, actor and producer, who died in New York recently, was unveiled yesterday in the auditorium of the Washington Square College of New York University. The tablet is inscribed with a line from "Julius Caesar": "There are no tricks in plain and simple faith."

Walter Hampden, actor-manager, spoke of Calvert's knowledge of Shakespearean drama. He said Calvert had penetrated to the core of the bard's intention, and probably knew more about Shakespeare than any actor of his time. Calvert's widow and his two daughters, Patricia and Rae, were in the audience.

The tablet was the gift of the college players. Dr. George Alexander, Acting Chancellor of the university, presided.

O. & W. Lays Off Shopmen.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Forty shopmen in the locomotive and car shops of the Ontario & Western Railroad here will be laid off tomorrow, according to an announcement made by Superintendent Fley of the motive power departments. There are to be other reductions along the line. One of the reasons given for the reduction is the coal strike.

West Virginians Boom J. W. Davis.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 9.—At a meeting of Democrats held here at the Jefferson County Court House, John W. Davis Club was organized. State Senator William Campbell Watson was elected President.

French Dresses
Made Entirely by Hand
38.00

Heavy Crepe de Chine has been deftly transformed by skilful Parisian fingers into the daintiest of French frocks. Every gather at the hips, every petal that adorns the sleeves and panel, every stitch is made by hand. The illustration will help you to visualize the clever lines of this straightline creation.

Other frocks of American design show a variety of styles and fabrics for every daytime occasion. Also at this price in women's sizes.

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FIFTH AVENUE 34TH STREET

EIGHTY-ONE YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE
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Out of the Ordinary Value in
SATIN HATS
With the Glittering Trimmings That Enhance Both Vogue and Beauty
$8.75

Satin hats with the slender tracery of frosty silver stitchery that enlivens and intensifies their sleek, rich black. Satin hats powdered with rhinestones in Russian-tiara-way. Satin hats with gleaming bracelet ornaments. With tinsel-edging. With silver lace. And all the other brilliancies that modish millinery wears at most brilliant gatherings these early winter days.

Evening and Afternoon Modes in Black and Brown with Silver or Gold

GIMBELS MILLINERY SALON—Third Floor

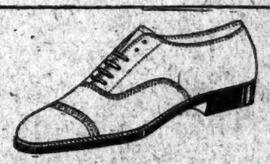
Fifth Ave. Best & Co. at 35th St.

$46

LONDON tailored and domestic overcoats; big, roomy ulsters and box coats of burly woolen cloths . . coats to stand up against the coldest winter day. Good looks, long wear and satisfaction are tailored in!

London tailored and domestic box coats and ulsters . . . $57

THREE-PIECE MIXTURE SUITS
$36 - - $42



$8.50

Our famous '8.50 Special' . . all-leather, cut and finished with meticulous care, and as good-looking as it is good-value! Black or tan calfskin.

MEN'S SHOP - FIFTH FLOOR

Macy's R. H. MACY & CO. INC. Macy's
34TH ST. & B'WAY NEW YORK

A Saturday Special
New Trimmed Hats
For Dress Occasions
$9.94

Just the type of hats the smart woman needs right now to wear with her fur trimmed wrap—just the type that will look appropriate with her afternoon or dinner frock when she removes her wrap. They are all beautifully made, and replete with the little authentic individualities that characterize hats of quality.

There Are for Example:

HATS IN SATIN with touches of silver. As illustrated.
MEDIUM SIZED SATIN HATS adorned with ribbon cocardes.
METAL TURBANS in the high draped effects with rhinestone.
METAL CLOTH HATS, with velvet or satin facing and sheer lace.
AND MANY OTHERS equally modish for the discerning matron or miss.

In a Wide Array of the Smart Colors

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th Street, Front.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

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WOMEN'S FUR TRIMMED COSTUME SUITS

ONE-PIECE FROCKS WITH MATCHING FUR TRIMMED COATS. ALSO TWO-PIECE SUITS

68.00
Prices Before Reduction
$89.50 to $135.00

THE three-piece Costume Suits have the new fur trimmed long, three-quarter or short coats and smart gowns either of which may be worn separately. Some have fur collars and fur cuffs.

ALL SALES FINAL

WOMEN'S SUIT SHOP—*Second Floor*

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

TODAY . . . . A Special Offering
WOMEN'S PARIS CREPE SILK GOWNS
ALL-OVER BEADED
OR ALL-OVER PLEATED
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Just Arrived!

FOR the woman who admires and favors the simple elegance of Paris-made crepe silk frocks, with their inimitable fine pleats or charming bead application, featured are two models of the finer type, of superior quality crepe de chine, for afternoon or about town wear under a winter coat.

Rust, Lanvin Green, Fuchsia, Tan, Black or Navy Blue.

SILK COSTUME OVERBLOUSES
Reduced
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Formerly 12.50 to 29.50

High type costume overblouses of crepe de chine, all-over pleated, trimmed with real Irish lace, hand smocked, all-over soutache embroidered. Others of crepe Georgette, also tailored types of men's wear silks. White and colors.

Tomorrow

U. S. S. DREADNOUGHT MARYLAND at short range battle practice off the California coast, firing first broadside in naval history under actual battle conditions.
HIGH SPOTS OF AN INTERNATIONAL RACE—Columbia and Bluenose in heavy seas.
WEST POINT CADETS on parade in the Yale Bowl prior to annual football clash.
SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MASONS—Head of column, before dedication of National Shrine in Washington, marching down streets of Alexandria, Va.
LLOYD GEORGE—At grave of Theodore Roosevelt; hearing about the Civil War at first hand; waving farewell to America.

The New York Times
Rotogravure Picture Section
Reserve a copy of The Times at your news stand today

Imported Gloves In A Sale Today At Great Savings

Imported Glace Kid Gloves	98c
Strap Wrist Suede Finish Gloves	69c
English Wool Sport Gauntlets	79c
Mousquetaire Glace Kid Gloves	$2.48

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Known for Our Low Prices
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When you read these little messages to try a pound or two of Cash's mee-tee Nuts—in the shell, shelled or salted, remember they're personal. We mean *you!*

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CASH'S mee-tee NUTS
CHARLES S. CASH INC.
"Every good nut that grows"

The Shop of Original Modes
RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE

CARACUL COAT

DECIDEDLY high type value is this luxurious coat of Rich Beige Tan or Cocoa Caracul with Collar and Cuffs of Fox.

$295

SAYS LIBERALISM IS IN ECLIPSE HERE

President Butler Sees Religious Freedom, Free Speech and Right of Assembly Endangered.

CONSTITUTION NULLIFIED

He Still Counts, However, on "the Power of Truth and Healing Hand of Time."

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—Liberalism is in eclipse in the United States and throughout the greater part of the world, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, declared in an address this evening to the Round Table Club of St. Louis. The liberalism of the Constitution of the United States, he said, is set aside when it is not nullified by "hooded mobs." With religious freedom, free speech and the right of assembly endangered or ignored, is it any wonder, he asked, that the liberal feels for the time being his faith is in eclipse?

Dr. Butler reviewed the changes in the world in recent years, and hailed Gladstone and Lord Morley as great liberals. The latter he called the chief of all English-speaking liberals of his generation.

"Where are the younger torch-bearers who are now to run the race and keep the flame alight?" Dr. Butler asked. "It must sadly be admitted they are hard to find, and that when found they are without the power and faith of their elders. After generations of authority and conquest, after making over the world of men and ideas, it is a sorrowful confession that at the moment liberalism is in eclipse, either partial or total, over pretty much the whole surface of the earth. So much is this the case that strangers to its spirit and enemies of its policies are struggling for its name and the instrument with which to weave a garment to cover their nakedness. There are those who by striving to lay hands on the name of liberal and to apply it to illiberal and anti-liberal doctrines of every sort have already brought it into contempt, so that the followers of the great liberals in the history of the English-speaking peoples are confused and ashamed."

American spirit was liberal from the outset, he said, and he told of the part that liberals, and not Tories, had in the founding of this country and in making it great. After pointing out the eclipse of liberalism abroad, Dr. Butler painted this picture of conditions in this country:

"The historic basis on which liberalism rests finds expression in the first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which defined with sufficient clearness and precision that field of civil liberty into which the Government of limited and designated powers may not enter. Although it is well-nigh a century and a half since the declaration contained in these amendments was formulated, nothing has happened to weaken its force or successfully to challenge its righteousness.

"Unhappily, there have been and are illiberal invasions of the field of civil liberty so marked out, sometimes under the forms of law itself, but while these have roused the liberal's ire they have not shaken his faith. Despite the provisions of the First Amendment, he sees those who would freely exercise the religion of their choice hunted and hounded by hooded mobs, and those who would only exercise their right to freedom of speech persecuted and humiliated, while the nation looks on with an indifference which is tempered sometimes with amusement and sometimes with contempt. In defiance of the provisions of the Fourth Amendment, he sees people who should be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects subjected to unreasonable searches and seizures at the behest of some demagogue or fanatic or group of such. He sees the provisions of the Fifth Amendment as to double jeopardy for the the same offense, and as to the protection afforded life, liberty and property by due process of law, whittled away to something that approaches nothingness by specious and unconvincing legal reasoning.

"What wonder is it that when he comes face to face with all this the liberal feels that for the time being at least his faith is in eclipse?"

The liberal, Dr. Butler continued, is of necessity a progressive and cannot be a reactionary, for the powers and satisfactions of liberty never stand still and the liberal knows the difference between true progress and the reactionary policies which often steal the name of that progress which they combat. The liberal, he said, knows that it is not progressive to fix prices by law or put Government-made chains on commerce and industry, to attempt to control the personal habits and conduct of men, to relieve by law any group of citizens from the responsibility of meeting the cost of government. The liberal, he said, abhors the use of the lobby and resists the building up of "a still more huge bureaucracy at Washington, with its agents, inspectors and spies spread out all over the land at enormous cost." "While the liberal would make a stand for a great principle," Dr. Butler said, "he hates war with his whole soul."

"Not a few liberals are discouraged, and what wonder!" he concluded. They see their faith flouted both at home and abroad. They see their name stolen by their critics and their enemies because of its noble associations. They see vain and empty demagogues without number stirring the passions of the people, calling upon envy and malice to take the place of brotherhood, and upon prejudice to drive principle from its high seat. They see dictators displacing constitutional government and the people either indifferent or applauding. Truly, the liberal needs courage just now to keep the lamp of his faith alight. Emerson, a great philosopher of liberalism, felt all this in his own day, and for all that would not despair of our Republic. Neither does the modern liberal. He comforts himself with reflection on the power of truth and the healing hand of time."

Solo* has been our hosiery trademark for the last dozen years!

We hit on it for two reasons:

(1) The price—so *low* for such good quality.

(2) The exclusiveness—*sold solely* by us.

It's particularly pat this season for our Scottish and English wool socks and golf hose.

Prices every bit as attractive as the patterns.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Herald Sq. at 35th St.

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Banister Shoes

Quality Shoes for Men Since 1845

"Envoy"—Last carried in a variety of styles and leathers, including our "Featherweight" models in high shoes.

PARKER & DIEMER

Headquarters for Banister Shoes

1376 Broadway at 37th St.

1606 Broadway at 49th St.

TRUCK SKIDS IN SNOW, ONE DEAD, ONE INJURED

Dorchester Youths Are Caught Under It and One Suffocates Before He Can Be Extricated.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—A snow flurry caused the death by suffocation in Manchester early today of Francis W. Pierce, aged 22, of 289 Hancock Street, Dorchester, Mass., and the serious injury to his companion, Martin Feaney of 5 Myrtle Street, Dorchester, both employed by the P. B. Mutrie Transportation Company of Boston, when a truck they were driving skidded and overturned.

The truck, which makes deliveries from Boston to Manchester every Friday, was coasting down the long steep highway through Bolton Notch, when it is supposed to have skidded on the light snow and overturned, burying Pierce under the cab, which was deeply imbedded in the soft earth. Feaney, who was partly free, was rescued a few moments after the accident but a block and tackle was required to extricate Pierce. Several times as the truck was lifted, it would slip and sink deeper into the mire.

It was fully an hour and a half before Pierce was taken from under the truck cab, when it was found he had been dead for some time, although he had no bones broken or suffered no internal injuries.

Broadway at 34th Street **Saks & Company** Specialists in Apparel

SAKS & COMPANY OFFER *for* ONE DAY ONLY

"Paddington" London-Tailored

GREAT COATS *for* MEN *at* 38.00

Big and burly, single or double breasted overcoats and ulsters that offer an irresistible companionship in their deep folds of fabric. Blustering days mean nothing to them, for behind coats of this type a man beats Winter to a frazzle by enjoying its most bitter blasts. SAKS & COMPANY—FIFTH FLOOR

2,600 Fibre-Silk Striped

Shirts *for* Men

Specially priced for today only

at 1.65

An excellent collection of shirts—the kind particular men like to wear. All made with extreme care to our strict specifications, from good quality durable Madras, in a splendid assortment of neat woven striped patterns and smart color combinations—guaranteed absolutely fast.

Finished with ocean pearl buttons, centre box pleats and soft French cuffs.

We repeat—one day only at this price! SAKS & COMPANY—STREET FLOOR

Men's Woolen Sweaters

Special at 9.50

Regularly sold up to 12.50

To ward off the cold chills at the football games, for motoring, for hunting, and other outdoor activities one of these sweaters is just the thing. Pull-over or coat styles, made especially for Saks & Company, of warm botany wool in neat checked effects. Wonderful assortment of colorings and exclusive novelty designs to choose from. Sizes 36 to 46.

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

Men's Brogue Oxfords

Reduced to 6.95

Regularly sold at 9.50

—made of black camel grain or genuine imported Scotch grain leathers

These shoes are from our regular stock and were designed and finished for men whose tastes incline to footwear of the better kind. Brogue styles with full wing tips, heavy single soles and waterproof imitation cork welted soles to insure dry feet at all times. Sizes 6 to 11.

SAKS & COMPANY—FIFTH FLOOR

MEN'S *Imported and Domestic*

Silk Scarfs

of a quality usually sold from 1.50 to 2.00

today only at 85c

These are among the finest and most beautiful cravats made for the Autumn season! They are skilfully tailored from exceedingly fine quality imported and domestic silk, in a veritable bevy of rich designs and color combinations. Truly exceptional values!

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

Men's Pajamas

Very Special at

1.45

We have taken all of these pajamas from our regular stock and marked them at this modest price for one day's selling only.

They are cut full and roomy, and of course perfectly tailored from serviceable striped percale in a varied collection of fast colors. Trimmed with silk loops or pearl buttons. All sizes.

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

1,500 Men's

Soft Hats

Will Be Placed On Sale Today

at 3.50

Very seldom indeed are hats of this superb character offered so early in the Autumn season at such an unusually low price.

They are perfect in every particular—made of the finest materials, and exhibit in their splendid workmanship the skill of master craftsmen. All the newest shapes in

Reyfian, Buffalo, mole, steel, smoke, pearl, moth, and smart new shades of brown and tan. All lined with silk. Corking values!

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

2,400 Pairs Men's

Imported Silk-and-Wool Hose

Saturday only 75c A Pair

Medium-weight ribbed socks, made of artificial silk-and-fine wool yarn, in black, brown, gray, camel, and navy mixtures. Nothing like them anywhere at the price! Sizes 9½ to 12.

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

Men's English Wool Bath & Lounging Robes

Special at 12.50

Just two hundred in the collection—every one an unparalleled value! Shawl collar, double breasted coat models, skilfully tailored from fine imported English woolen cloth, in a choice assortment of plaids and solid colors.

A very handsome silk-and-wool girdle adorns each robe, and braid trimming combined with contrasting silk cording on front, collar, cuffs and pocket still further accentuate their beauty. *None sent C.O.D.; no telephone orders.*

SAKS & COMPANY, FIFTH FLOOR

ARCHBISHOP PLATON MAKES HIS DEFENSE

Will Lay Before Court Documents Alleged to Show Kedrovsky Represents Soviet.

METHODISTS ARE DIVIDED

Bishop Blake Now Seeking Fund for New Russian Church, but Others Oppose It.

Archbishop Platon, through his attorney, Thomas J. Mahoney, 100 East Forty-fifth Street, yesterday made answer to the precept of the Sixth District Municipal Court directing him and his associates to show cause why possesion of the Episcopal residence and the Russian Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas, at 13-15 East Ninety-seventh Street, should not be turned over to the Russian priest, John S. Kedrovsky, who asserts he is the real Metropolitan, and who was ejected last Wednesday afternoon when he entered the present Archbishop's house.

Kedrovsky says he recently was appointed by the Holy Synod in Moscow to have control of the entire North American diocese of the Russian Orthodox Church, which includes 250 churches, 300 priests and $3,000,000 worth of property.

When the case comes before the Municipal Court next Tuesday, Mr. Mahoney said yesterday, that he would introduce hitherto unpublished documents revealing the relation of the Russian Living Church, of which, it is alleged, Kedrovsky is a member, to the Soviet Government. These documents contain accounts of the Living Church "Sobar," or meeting, held in May of this year, and show, it is said, that the Living Church Council openly supported Soviet doctrines. Dedrovsky has denied through his attorney, Ralph Frish, any connection with the Soviet Government.

Further documents, according to Mr. Mahoney, may be introduced as evidence, which reveal that in the Autumn of last year Kedrovsky, who was then acting as priest of the church of St. Mary the Holy Virgin in Pennsylvania Avenue, East New York, was expelled by the parishioners for preaching Soviet doctrines from the pulpit. These documents include resolutions which, in another case in which Kedrovsky was involved, were made a matter of record, Attorney Mahoney said in the Brooklyn Supreme Court.

While the Episcopal authorities in this country, headed by Bishop William T. Manning, have instructed the members of the Church to give their fullest moral support to Metropolitan Platon, it appears that there is a split in the Methodist Episcopal church over the question of the newly organized Russian Church. It is reported that Bishop Edgar Blake of the Methodist Church for Southern Europe, who is touring the country in an effort to raise $50,000 from American Methodists to found a school of theology in the reorganized Russian Church, is in favor of that Russian Church which Kedrovsky says he represents.

Leading New York Methodist authorities, however, yesterday declared that the majority of the Methodist clergy took the same attitude in the Russian Church dispute as the Episcopalians. They refused to allow their names to be quoted but added that Bishop Blake's mission had been a failure and that few Methodists sympathized with his project.

In connection with the struggle for control of Russian Orthodox Church property in this country, James Blackwell, who is attorney for the receiver of the Russian Church in the North American diocese, pointed out that Tuesday's litigation had nothing to do with the receivership.

PARK SUBWAY CUT HEARING POSTPONED

Protest by George Gordon Battle Brings Delay of One Week.

As a result of the protest of George Gordon Battle, President of the Parks and Playgrounds Association, the Board of Estimate yesterday postponed for one week a hearing scheduled on the proposed Washington Heights extension of the B. M. T. subway, calling for open-cut construction along about two-thirds of the western edge of Central Park.

Mr. Battle, with representatives of other organizations which are opposing the plan on the ground that it would cause irreparable injury to the park, did not learn of the plan to hold the public hearing yesterday until late Thursday afternoon. When he did hear of it, he sent a telegram to the board asking that the matter be deferred, so as to give him an opportunity to file a brief in opposition. In the telegram he declared that the association would, if necessary, take legal action to stop the subway work in the park.

A large delegation of opponents of the subway plan was present when the matter came up before the board. Among them were representatives of the Parks and Playgrounds Association, the New York Chapter of the American Society of Landscape Architects, the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, the City Club, the Women's League for the Protection of Riverside Park, the Washington Heights Taxpayers' Association, the City Parliament of Community Councils, the City Recreation Committee, the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, the Municipal Art Society and the Columbus Circle League.

The Central Park West and Columbus Avenue Association, the Broadway Association and others that favor the plan also had representatives at the meeting. According to the calendar, twenty-seven communications have been received from persons in favor of the plan.

In announcing the adjournment for one week Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert said:

"Only a few weeks ago the Waterman Committee was shouting: 'Say it with shovels' and urging every manner of haste. Now that the election is over, the hurry seems to have dissipated. The Board of Estimate does not wish to assume responsibility for delay in this matter, but I suppose a week will be satisfactory."

Sues for $100,000 in Suitcase Death

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Suit for $100,000 damages was filed in the Superior Court, today against Dr. William M. Robb of this city, by George E. Wolschendorf of East Bridgewater, whose wife's dismembered body was found in two suitcases in the Merrimac River near Tyngsboro in September. Dr. Robb was indicted for her murder and Dr. Alva D. Swope of Brockton as an accessory. Wolschendorf charges that Dr. Robb without authority operated upon his wife in such a negligent manner and with such mutilation as to cause her death.

First Snowfall in Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The first snow of the season here fell last night and early today, covering the ground with a white coverlet in the suburbs.

McCutcheon's

Children's Ready-to-Wear Department

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets, N.Y.

Excellent Values

Children's Coats

For the Young Miss of 12, 14 or 16 years

A very attractive coat, of sturdy warm material, patterned in a two-toned brown invisible plaid. Full-lined, and with a generous collar of brown Manchurian wolf. $29.75

For the Small Girl of 2, 3 or 4 years

A trim little coat of diagonal Airedale Cloth, full silk-lined and trimmed with leather buttons. And with a hat to match. The set at $24.75

Also other distinctive models in a selection notable for its unusually smart styles and reasonable prices.

SECOND FLOOR

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

In the Gift Shop

For Madame and Mademoiselle

"WEAR BRACELETS" SAYS FASHION, "THE MORE THE SMARTER"

Only a foretaste of a collection infinitely varied and smart

The Perfume Bracelet—an originality from London, 9K. gold, filled with perfume 35.00

The Rhinestone Bracelet—hoop or flexible 5.00

Tortoise Shell or Amber Colored Bracelets—with gold or silver finished filigree mountings 3.00

GIFT SHOP—*Street Floor*

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Removal Notice

ON and after November 10th, our store at 37th and Broadway will be discontinued, as the building is to be torn down. Patrons are advised that the nearest Weber and Heilbroner stores are at 34th and Broadway and 44th and Broadway.

Weber *and* Heilbroner

• CLOTHIERS • HABERDASHERS • HATTERS •

First Anniversary *of the New* ARNOLD, CONSTABLE

Fifth Avenue at Fortieth Street. Store Hours 9 to 5:30. Telephone Murray Hill 5000

TO-DAY—LAST DAY

	Grade	Sale price
Sports Coats, new group, imported coatings	35.00	24.00
Sports Coats, trimmed with fur	49.00-79.00	38.00, 59.00
Sports Frocks, woolen, mohair and knitted	29.50-35.00	14.95, 25.00
Separate Skirts, camel's hair and wool	10.00-12.50	7.95
Frocks for Bridge, Dinner and Theatre	49.00-75.00	38.00, 49.00
Sample Fur Coats, close-out of 295.00 to 875.00 grades		220.00 - 675.00
Necklaces, 1,000, imported and domestic	3.95-10.75	2.95
Ear-rings, shower, pendant, flat-shell	3.50- 5.00	2.00
Handbags of silk, velvet and tapestry	3.95- 8.95	2.85
Handbags of fine jacquard silks	21.75-35.00	18.75
Collar and Cuff Sets of linen, net and batiste	1.50- 4.00	1.00 - 2.95
Square Panel Collars of fine net	2.50- 3.00	1.50
Ribbons, 1,000 yards, moire, faille, and satin	.85- 1.50	.50
Wool Jersey Frocks for every day wear	12.75-15.00	9.75
Beacon Blanket Robes for women	7.95	4.95
Fur-trimmed Coats, 2-6 year sizes	15.00-18.00	12.50
Fur-trimmed Coats, 6-14 year sizes	18.00-27.50	15.50
Knitting Yarn, silk and wool, knitting worsted	.45- .50 ball	.32
Hemstitched Linen Towels, a doz.	17.50	11.50

Scatter-size Persian Rugs in a Sale that surpasses anything ever done in New York

26.50, 32.75, 39.50, 45.00, 50.00, 57.00

2 ft. to 5 ft. 6 in. wide, 3 ft. to 7 ft. long. Beautiful colorings.

MEN—

	Grade	Sale price
Shirts of English Sport flannel Good stripes. Sizes 14½ to 16	7.50	2.95
Pajamas of English flannel	13.50	6.50
Neckband Shirts of Scotch madras plain and fancy white, and colors	4.50	2.65
White collar-attached Shirts	3.00	1.75
Wool-and-cotton Union Suits	6.00	3.50
Imported black cotton socks	1.00	.50
One-clasp Capeskin gloves	2.95	2.25
One-clasp Mocha gloves	3.50	2.95
English knit woolen gloves	1.35	.95

Anniversary Specials on Every Floor!

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Misses' Wool Frocks

A Special Purchase

$18.75

Jerseys and novelty wool materials in the winter shades of brown such as walnut, henna, tan and coffee, also in grey, navy blue and black. They are one-piece frocks, cut on simple lines with long sleeves and youthful, becoming neck lines. Practical frocks for every-day wear. They are special values at $18.75

THIRD FLOOR

The book of

Queen Victoria

The New Play

by DAVID CARB and WALTER PRICHARD EATON

which the Equity Players are to produce Nov. 15 is now ready. $2.00

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY
Publishers, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Three-Part Picture Section Tomorrow

The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section tomorrow will consist of three parts. Be sure your newsdealer delivers your copy complete.

A BIG JOB for a BIG MAN

A responsible real estate promoter, experienced in suburban realty subdivision is wanted to take executive charge of a million dollar Model Town, Farm-Home project, near Washington, D. C.

Must offer proof of actual experience and invest a few thousand dollars or supply a bond as evidence of good faith.

To a man fulfilling these conditions we offer an opportunity for large, permanent profit.
Write or call.

G. M. CUTHBERTSON,
328 Munsey Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.

Maison Bernard

22 East 57th Street

Between Madison and Fifth Aves.

For Saturday Until 6 P. M.

AFTERNOON, EVENING & DINNER

Gowns

$55

Of crepe chenille, generously trimmed with fur in black, brown, nickel and rosewood

A special cash purchase brings you these lovely gowns at this ridiculously low price.

THE NEW HALL OF FAME

Now Hear

JOSEF HOFMANN

on Brunswick Records

Now that you have been thrilled by the wizardry of Hofmann's incomparable playing, you'll want to have his splendid Brunswick Records, which reproduce his art with marvelous fidelity. Like other great artists of today, he makes records exclusively for Brunswick.

Any Brunswick dealer will gladly play the latest Hofmann records for you.

50035 $2.00	Walkure—Magic Fire Spell (Wagner) Pianoforte Solo
	Pastorale and Capriccio (Scarlatti) Pianoforte Solo
15057 $1.50	Turkish March (From "Ruins of Athens") (Beethoven) Pianoforte Solo
	Waltz in C Sharp Minor (Chopin) Pianoforte Solo

Brunswick Records play on any phonograph—but best on a Brunswick.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.
CHICAGO

The Sign of Musical Prestige

Brunswick

PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS

PRINTING TELEGRAPH GIVES RADIO PRIVACY

Wireless Engineers Demonstrate a System Resulting From Long Experiments.

INSTRUMENT SENSES TONES

This Is to Eliminate Static While Jumbled Receivers Decisive Tappers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Privacy in radio communication by means of a standard land-line printing telegraph machine, was demonstrated today by Chicago experts before the convention of the Association of Railway Electrical Engineers.

The first public demonstration of the system, which radio engineers predict will open a new era in wireless communication, was made as a result of a series of experiments extending over virtually a year. The designers of the new equipment claim for it important possibilities in the direction of extended use of the ether waves for private communication, commercial telegraph and press reporting.

Before 300 engineers today a message from a standard broadcasting station five miles from the convention room was typed in the meeting hall on an ordinary "stock ticker" device at the rate of about thirty words a minute. Because of purposely jumbled connections in the sending and receiving machines, which, however, were co-ordinated as between the two stations, signals which were rendered in the convention hall as a clearly intelligible, neatly typed dispatch were simultaneously recorded on other sets as a conglomeration of meaningless letters, figures and punctuation marks, devoid of linear spacing.

The key device of the new system is a small instrument weighing less than twenty pounds, known as the Dunmore relay, the invention of Francis W. Dunmore, a staff engineer of the Bureau of Standards. This instrument transmutes the radio impulses into a specially devised land-line telegraph code, which, in turn, is recorded by the printer or ticker. In addition to the selectivity function as regards wave lengths, the relay also responds to definite tones, so that interference by sending stations with corresponding wave lengths is reduced virtually to zero. The extremely close tuning afforded by the tonal resonance works also for the elimination of static interference, according to the demonstrators.

The signals received in the standard radio set are passed to the relay, and thence transmitted to the printing telegraph machine. The primary sending and the receiving equipment are identical to that used in printer telegraph overland wires, the difference between the two being that the signals of one are transmitted by ether waves and those of the wire system are sent over physical connections between the two stations.

Report Reliability Proved.

"We have demonstrated the reliability of the radio printing telegraphy by tests between ground stations and maneuvering aircraft, and between moving ships, but today's exhibition marks the first demonstration of the system which insures privacy," said L. R. Schmitt, expert of the Morkrum Company.

"Typewritten news by radio is one of the many important things the Dunmore system makes possible," he said.

Privacy is obtained by merely placing the wires of the sending keyboard in improper relationships with the broadcasting pulsator. Then, by arranging the same order of pulsations at the desired receiving station, private communication is possible. Elsewhere, even to stations tuned into the proper wave length, the pulsations register an uncanny XYZ series. The unco-ordinated signals give the code expert a problem which several have not been able to solve.

The broadcasting may be made available to many co-ordinated receiving stations simultaneously or held for a single station.

The first long distance experimental test of the Dunmore-Morkrum system in news transmission was made in February between Chicago and Milwaukee. The Morkrum Company, cooperating with The Associated Press and The Milwaukee Journal, tested the system first by sending The Associated Press dispatches into The Journal offices in typewritten form. The results were satisfactory to the radio experts and the news men, but because of several minor problems suggested by the trial the engineers requested additional time for perfecting the system for commercial installation.

"It is hoped that distribution of news by wireless will solve the problems of the papers in the smaller towns," said a statement made public today by Sterling Morton, President of the Morkrum Company.

Application to the Federal Government for the radio-typing wave length and its assignment to a certain "band" under the Department of Commerce regulations will be the next step in the development of the news system, Mr. Morton said. Today's demonstration was on the 1,300 meter wave length.

PHOTOGRAPHERS INJURED.

Flashlight Explodes Prematurely as They Snap Aquitania Passengers.

While the passengers were pouring out from the Cunard pier at the foot of West Thirteenth Street from the Aquitania last night shortly after 6 o'clock, two news photographers, Max Fried and Oscar Goldberg, were badly injured through the premature explosion of a flashlight. The men were trying to get a picture of Edith Day and Pat Somerset, her husband, leaving the pier.

Goldberg, who was pouring the powder, had his eyes severely burned and may lose his sight, while Fried had his left thumb nearly torn off and both his hands badly lacerated.

The explosion took place just at the foot of the staircase leading from the upper deck of the pier as Somerset was coming down, followed by his wife. The flash lit up the entrance and the noise caused a great deal of excitement for a minute or two until the police had ascertained what had happened and sent in a call for an ambulance to St. Vincent's Hospital.

FIRPO FIGHT FILMS SEIZED.

Federal Agents Arrest Salesman Under Law Forbidding Transportation.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 9.—Department of Justice agents today seized moving picture films of the recent Dempsey-Firpo fight in New York which have been on exhibition at the Palace Theatre.

Charles Stemmerman of Newark, a film salesman, was arrested charged with violating the Federal law prohibiting the transportation of fight films from one State to another. Stemmerman was held in $2,500 bail to await action by the Federal Grand Jury.

Amputates Finger to Avoid Work.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Nov. 9.—Bessie Ackley, aged 16, of Pittsburgh Street, this city, cut off her forefinger last night. Her brother John, aged 19, says she did it to avoid work. The girl, who was treated at the hospital, refuses to talk. Miss Ackley, refusing to go to school, was ordered by her parents to go to work.

AEOLIAN HALL, 29 W. 42nd Street

In THE BRONX 367 East 149th St. / In BROOKLYN 11 Flatbush Ave. / In NEWARK 895 Broad St. / In FORDHAM 270 E. Fordham Rd.

The STECK Small Grand Piano

STECK is one of the fine old traditional piano names. The same Steck Piano it is today—its high reputation upheld, augmented indeed, since it joined the great Aeolian organization.

The Steck tone is of striking clarity and richness—it is perfect in scale and action—and it maintains these excelling features under the most exacting conditions.

For schools, colleges and musical conservatories, and in homes, where it is to be in constant use; for the seashore or for the country house where trying climatic conditions prevail, the Steck is especially recommended.

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Attend this recital by these remarkable Londoners. They will reveal to you new musical beauties, new depths, new sonorities, new and enchanting tone colorings of which you have never dreamed.

You will go away kindled with enthusiasm, and you will immediately inquire, as thousands have, "Can one get phonograph records that do justice to such entrancing music?" The answer is, "You can."

Go to any Columbia Dealer and ask to hear the Columbia Records of these faultless musicians.

The Columbia *New Process* Record reproduces all the whimsical shades of their matchless harmonies, unmarred by annoying scratch or scrape.

These selections will delight you:

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THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street Formerly A. T. Stewart Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 Store Hours, 9 to 5:30

Today--Opening of the Christmas Toy World

Today Sale of Over $100,000 of Fashion Furs

At Greatly Specialized Prices

Hundreds of smart and individual models, in the finest of furs, in coats that are both long and short. A few smart capes, too. Mink. Fine black caracul. Cocoa and brown caracul. Squirrel in the natural gray or sable dyed. Moleskin. Hudson seal (dyed muskrat). Beaver. Australian opossum. Leopard cat. Civet cat. Natural muskrat. Raccoon. Nutria. Other furs, too.

And $300,000 More of Furs in an Exhibit

Great bundles of fine pelts from which to select for made-to-order coats, which will be made at specialized prices. Alaskan seal. Persian lamb, broadtail, baby caracul and the best Hudson seal (dyed muskrat), skins of white fox, silver fox, blue fox, red fox, to be used for scarfs or as trimmings.

Our fashion critic says:

"These furs are beautiful. They are so well put together—as well made as fine cloth coats. The collars fit. The shoulders have a marvelous line. And the quality of the fur is gorgeous.

"The fashion details are very smart, too. All the new little touches that they are using on made-to-order coats are here."

Second Floor, Old Building.

A Beautiful Collection of

Women's Blouses, $5

Our $8.95 and $10.95 grades

And many that originally sold at much higher prices.

Crepe de Chine, radium silks, satins and a few net blouses.

Both the tuck-in and overblouse models with long and short sleeves, with and without collars.

Frilled and tucked blouses, beaded, braided and embroidered blouses—a very smart collection!

In every smart color of the mode today.

Third Floor, Old Building.

Stunning Furs *Smart Fashions*

Misses' Fine Coats, $69 and $89

Our $89.50 and $125 grades

The new cape sleeves—these are shown in many Paris coats. The new "muff" cuffs that give such an air of richness to the silhouette. Smart tiers and gracefully cut flares that accentuate the slimness of the line. All are here—in both the new suede-finish fabrics and in the deep soft pile weaves. Browns, black, navy blue and kit fox.

Brown caracul, gray squirrel, Vistka squirrel, beaver, fox, moleskin, "grisette" squirrel, and black caracul in very fine qualities, indeed, are the furs.

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IN THE WOMEN'S FASHION SALON

Fur-trimmed Topcoats, $58

About two hundred new coats of our usual $69.50 to $75 grades.

The gayest of plaids, or plain fabrics, with natural or fitch-dyed opossum by way of trimming, make these effective coats. In vivid color combinations or in plain brilliant blue, rose or green. In black or white checks, too, in plain soft grays, and in the natural camel's hair color. These last have beaver collars.

Note: One model is the smart three-quarter length.

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Uprights and Player-Pianos

They have been reconditioned in our factory, and are in good condition. Our custom is to dispose of used pianos for our semi-annual sales; because of lack of space, we are disposing of these as they come from the factory.

Upright Pianos, $125 to $575

Chickering *Weber* *Lindeman*
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And many other makes are in this group.

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In this group are included:

Schomacher *Baldwin* *Hardman*
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First Gallery, New Building.

WANAMAKER SHOPS FOR MEN

We Have Added

250 Men's Overcoats

To the Group

At $44

Men eagerly bought coats last Monday and Tuesday, so we tried to get more—and succeeded in getting 250 to offer at the same price.

There are big fleecy great-coats for men and young men. Box coats in loosely draped models for men who wish that type. Patterns in varied colorings that will appeal to most tastes.

Every coat is made to our specifications—most rigid in America, and rigidly enforced.

The size range is most complete, so that you may choose easily and with confidence.

* * *

4,000 Shirts at $1.65

The $2.50 to $3 grades

Broadcloth and madras in plain white, in the neckband style. Heavy weight cheviot in neckband style or with collar attached. Corded madras and fibre-striped madras in the neckband style. The two latter may be had in a wide variety of colored stripings on white grounds.

Well-made shirts, every one, with soft bosoms and soft cuffs. Correctly sized from 14 to 17, with sleeve lengths of 33 to 35.

* * *

Union Suits, $2.15

The $3 grade

Light weight cotton and wool mixed suits in gray only. They have long sleeves and ankle length drawers, and are comfortably warm without being too heavy. Sizes 34 to 44.

Wool Socks, 85c

$1 to $1.50 grades

All-wool socks, ribbed, in plain colors or in heather mixtures. They may be had in medium or heavy weights in sizes 9½ to 11½.

Street Floor, New Building

INDIVIDUAL SHOPS FOR MEN

CUVILLIER IS HELD, CORRIGAN CLEARED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the courts. The honest men of the force . . . owe it to their fellow-citizens and to themselves . . . to adopt the army code of honor which forbids the sheltering of a thief.

Benefits From Hearing.

"The right to dismiss from the police force while it should be most carefully exercised should not be limited to cases where legal evidence which would sustain a charge in a court of law is obtainable, but removal by the Mayor should follow any willful misuse of such power by the Police Commissioner.

"If the light thrown upon police conditions by this proceeding shall cause the enlargement by law of the disciplinary power now vested in the Police Commissioner, the increase of the force, the withdrawal of undeserved censure, the bestowal of merited praise, an increase in the pay of those who wear the uniform and a lessening of the temptations to dishonesty, it will have served not merely to vindicate the complainant, but also a broader public purpose."

The courtroom was crowded when Judge Crain ascended the bench, exactly six months from the day on which the proceedings were started. Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Cuvillier sat at the defendants' table with their counsel, John D. Lindsay and Martin Conboy. Commissioner Enright sat outside of the railing, and his personal counsel, Harry A. Gordon, was at another table with Assistant District Attorney Pecora.

The hum of suspense which preceded the Judge's arrival gave way to deep silence as he began, clearly and deliberately, to read the decision. When, near the beginning of the decision, he looked squarely at the Police Commissioner and said: "The charge as made [referring to the charge of graft against the Commissioner] is unsustained." there was a stir in the courtroom. Many turned to look at the Commissioner to see how he received the statement. Displaying no emotion, he sat listening intently for the Judge's further words.

Decision Surprises Cuvillier.

Coming to his findings on general police conditions, Judge Crain stressed every word, and often paused to allow the full purport of his words to be grasped. Both Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Cuvillier arose for the latter part of the decision, addressed to them in turn. Magistrate Corrigan received the decision smilingly. Mr. Cuvillier, plainly surprised, flushed resentfully.

There was a rush by Magistrate Corrigan's friends to shake his hand, and when he went to the bench and shook hands with Judge Crain. Commissioner Enright also shook hands with Judge Crain, while Magistrate Corrigan hurried from the courtroom to telephone to Mrs. Corrigan, who was at home with their 10-day-old daughter. Mr. Cuvillier also shook hands with Judge Crain. As he started out of the courtroom, Judge Crain called him back and said that he would allow him until Monday to get bail.

"I've got it here," replied the Assemblyman, and beckoned to the representative of a bonding company who was in court.

Mr. Cuvillier later gave out a statement in which he said, in part:

"As a member of the Legislature, elected by the people, is to be held for the action of the Grand Jury by the courts for telling the truth of corruption in government, it is time for the Legislature to assert its rights in representing the sovereign people to protect its members.

"This is the thanks that I receive for making the greatest fight ever known in the Legislature, my successful effort to repeal the Mullan-Gage law which the people desire and in which the political leaders of both the Republican and Democratic Parties failed. However, I am not discouraged. This action will only add the more incentive to begin on Jan. 1, when the new Legislature convenes, my fight to rip wide open politically the City of New York."

Enright to Press Civil Suit.

Commissioner Enright and his counsel, Mr. Gordon, later issued this joint statement:

"Judge Crain has decided that the telegram which is the basis of the criminal action, constituted a false and unfounded charge and a criminal libel upon the Police Commissioner of this city, and that neither Judge Corrigan nor Mr. Cuvillier proved any defense to this false charge by way either of excuse or justification. Judge Corrigan and the hearings swore that he did not plan to make any charges against Commissioner Enright; that he, who has been a judge for over seventeen years, delivered the telegram 'inadvertently,' and that he Judge Corrigan, considered it unfair to make that criticism of the Commissioner; in effect that he had no criminal intent. Judge Crain has accepted Judge Corrigan's story and determined that Judge Corrigan shall not be further criminally prosecuted.

"The decision of Judge Crain makes clear the responsibility of Judge Corrigan for damages in the civil action which Commissioner Enright brought against him and Mr. Cuvillier and which will now be pressed for trial. In the civil action it will be no answer for Judge Corrigan to say, 'I didn't mean.' The 'baby act' plea is not available in this kind of a case. There he will be held for the consequences of his acts, and his malice will be inferred as a matter of law from the publication of the telegram."

The civil action referred to is a libel suit for $150,000 against Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Cuvillier, which is now pending in Brooklyn.

Mr. Gordon also declared that his efforts to have Magistrate Corrigan removed from the bench by the Appellate Division, based on his testimony to the effect that policemen who appeared before him were perjurers, would continue.

Magistrate Corrigan made no statement except that the decision, so far as he was concerned, was "a pleasing vindication."

Text of Judge Crain's Decision.

Judge Crain's decision follows in full:

"On April 21 last the defendant Cuvillier sent to the defendant Corrigan the following telegram:

"Hon. Joseph E. Corrigan, 3 East Tenth Street, New York.

"'As a member of the Legislature I am doing all I can to have a legislative investigation of the Police Department of the City of New York. There is in the safe of the Assembly documents, correspondence and letters showing that the Mullan-Gage law is an instrument of oppression and being used as a blackjack by the high officials of the Police Department to extort money from the citizens of New York as well as giving the opportunity of police to engage in bootlegging themselves. Do you know that the police are fighting among themselves as to the division of the spoils from bootleggers? Call a mass meeting appealing to Governor Smith to remove Enright pending a legislative investigation of the Police Department, as 90 per cent. of the police are honest and want to do their duty, but Enright and his graft collectors in the department are using their power to the citizens of the City of New York. Pay up or shut up. The Legislature will pass the bill to rid the Police Department of the crooks in it. You can publish this telegram. LOUIS A. CUVILLIER.'

"This telegram was received by the defendant Corrigan at his house on April 22 last. Thereafter on May 4 Police Commissioner Enright filed an information charging both the defendants with criminal libel.

Definition of a Grafter.

"The libel complained of consisted in the use in the telegram of the words: 'Ninety per cent. of the police are honest and want to do their duty, but Enright and his graft collectors in the department are using their power to the citizens of the City of New York. Pay up or shut up.' The effect of the word 'but' was to draw a contrast between the '90 per cent.' described as 'honest' and the complainant and the effect of the word 'his' between the complainant's name and the words 'graft collectors' was to indicate an employment by the complainant of dishonest men for dishonest purposes. While the telegram did not call the complainant a 'grafter,' it in effect charged him with 'grafting' through collectors employed by him to graft.

"A grafter is sometimes a thief, sometimes an extortioner and sometimes both. But if there be degrees of turpitude in dishonesty his crime is worse than ordinary theft, for he seizes upon a situation created by law and misusing the statute preys on the people contrary to law countenancing and conniving at offenses in others while levying his dishonest tribute for personal enrichment. Where he does this while holding an office charged with the duty of enforcing the law which he allows to be broken he violates his trust, degrades his calling, brings government into disrepute and disfavor, sows the seeds of social unrest and undermines the State.

"A grafting Police Commissioner enriching himself from moneys paid to him by lawbreakers and obtained by them through lawlessness in consideration of his consent to their violations of law is both despicable and dangerous. Such the words quoted from the telegram charged Richard E. Enright to be.

Charge Is Unsustained.

"The charge as made is unsustained.

"On the libelous accusations against him the complainant is entitled to and has been given the benefit of the presumption of innocence.

"After seeing and hearing 71 witnesses and reading their testimony as transcribed on 3,289 pages of typewriting, examining 162 exhibits and weighing the summations of counsel, I am glad to feel required to say that nothing brought to my attention gives ground to believe that Commissioner Enright is dishonest.

"This proceeding began six months ago today. On the 22d day of May the complainant Enright was sworn as a witness. On that day, on cross-examination, he was not questioned as to his means. On June 27 I recalled him to the stand and suggested to him that he furnish for my inspection and that of the defendants a statement showing all he owned on the day when the Mullan-Gage law went into effect, and showing all he owned on the day of the publication of the telegram complained of. The next day he resumed the stand, supplied the statement, told the source from which each item of his property came and subjected himself to cross-examination. An adjournment was then taken until Aug. 15 mainly to give the defendants an opportunity to investigate and ascertain whether the complainant's oral testimony was true and his written statement accurate.

"On Oct. 9 the defense called him to the stand and cross-examined all that day and part of Oct. 10. But few questions were addressed to him on the subject of his property, which from the nature of the charge constituting the alleged libel was the most material if not the only material subject of inquiry. At the conclusion of his examination his testimony as to his financial resources remained uncontradicted and undisputed.

Checked Up Enright's Finances.

"Such uncontradicted testimony showed the complainant to be a man of small means and this in a sense was further shown by the certificates of every bank in Greater New York other than that in which the complainant by his statement has shown himself to be a depositor to the effect that none of them had funds standing to his credit. The complainant's testimony and written statement of resources disclosed no unexplained differences between his means on the day of the enactment of the Mullan-Gage law and his property on the date of the sending of the telegram complained of. It thus reinforced and sustained the presumption of his innocence.

"At times large and unaccounted for riches create suspicion that they have been dishonestly acquired. On the other hand, comparative poverty in the presence of unlimited opportunity for enrichment is at times persuasive of honesty. This presumption of innocence, supported as it is by the uncontradicted and unassailed testimony of the complainant as to his means and the certificates of the banking officers referred to, is not overborne by the suggestion of the defendants that the corruption which the evidence forces one to believe existed in the department must have been known to the complainant and that his guilt is inferrable from the fact that it has not been stamped out.

"Doubtless it was known to the complainant. Very probably he knew much more about it than has been disclosed upon this inquiry. But to 'know' in a popular sense of the existence of unworthiness, corruption, dishonesty and graft in the force is one thing and to be able so to prove it by legal evidence as to sustain dismissals as against legal proceedings for reinstatement is quite another.

Criticises the Defense.

"There are countless ways in which ill-gotten wealth may be hidden. There is, however, no way in which it can be kept concealed if probed for by well directed cross-examination and painstaking search, and such examination and search are the methods usually employed to discover it.

"It was possible for the defendants by such a cross-examination and such painstaking search to lay bare to the public eye everything that the complainant owned. They could, moreover, have traced the source from which it came. The data as to his property supplied by the complainant furnished the defendants with ample means for effective search. Indeed, they were singularly fortunate in having in their possession the data as to his resources voluntarily supplied by the complainant. The long adjournment gave them sufficient time to make the search. They failed to avail themselves of the means supplied and the opportunity given. In the light of the contents of the telegram and the nature of the defenses the public interests would have been served had such search been made. The defendants' omission to make it is significant and regrettable. Upon their defenses of justification and excuse the defendants had the burden of proof and this burden they have not sustained.

"Libels at times overthrow truth, tarnish virtue, wither friendships and rob to the point of beggary of peace and joy. In the days of tyranny lovers of liberty hesitated to discourage even wanton attacks upon those in power. Today, unbridled license in speech and writing at times wrongfully shatters reputations and by ruining a name ends by wrecking a man. By destroying the incentive to right conduct so far as that rests upon the wish to enjoy the approval of others it subjects character to an uncalled-for strain and works the overthrow of those not upheld in the hour of their besmirchment by the conviction that there is an all-seeing God.

Must Get Rid of Grafters.

"Great is the sin of the defamer. Any Judge, other official or citizen who carelessly or knowing that what he charges is untrue wrongfully criticizes the Police Department or any other governmental agency is blameworthy, and if through spite and enmity or for supposed personal advantage he singles out a named official for unmerited abuse, he is still more censurable. If he does this when happening to hold judicial office he is to be greatly condemned, because he takes cowardly advantage of the shield which respect for the court gives as against retort by the one assailed, and because his official place increases the injury done by his unwarranted utterance.

"The duty which impels to the driving of a corrupt Judge from the bench, a venal legislator from the halls of legislation and a thieving extortionist from whatever office he may hold impels to the expulsion from the police of the grafting patrolman, the grafting roundsman, the grafting lieutenant, the grafting Captain and the grafting Inspector. The higher the grafter's rank in the department the more imperative his dismissal. He cannot be tolerated on the force. The public interest demands the stamping out of dishonesty in official life.

"The public have a right to require that the police shall be men of courage and of probity. They have the right in addition to insist that those assigned to duty as detectives shall be alert, painstaking and skillful.

"The police as a body are brave. Scarcely a week goes by without one or more splendid exhibitions of heroism on the part of officers in the discharge of duty. Their courage merits unstinted praise. The fidelity with which the majority of the men on patrol perform their important but non-spectacular task is entitled to a recognition which it often fails to receive. It is rare to find a member of the force not courteous to civilians. The police regulate and control with unequaled skill and judgment the movement of vehicles and thereby expedite traffic and safeguard pedestrians, and their courage and semi-military discipline make them efficient in the maintenance of order.

Refers to False Testimony.

"Testimony, however, given by members of the force is often regrettably inaccurate and unreliable. Sometimes it appears to be designedly false. Many officers were examined under oath in this proceeding. The testimony of most of them was neither clear nor frank. Many studiously sought to avert the purposes of the inquiry. The testimony of some of them appeared to be purposely untrue.

"Perjury is as reprehensible as the extortion of graft. The lying witness and the thief are on the same low level.

"It is deducible from the testimony that the force as a whole has been inefficient in connection with the enforcement of the Mullan-Gage law that some in it were themselves violators of that law and that the existence of the law was made by a considerable number of the force the occasion for theft and extortion.

"The intemperate use of liquor is dangerous to the person drinking and dangerous to the public. It makes drunkards unserviceable, causes loss of employment, severs friendships, produces poverty and wrecks homes. It destroys health and shortens life. It steals away the brain, demolishes the will and banishes reason. It weakens character, drowns morals and begets crime.

"The majority of our people, moved by these considerations at a time when it was vital to conserve the moral and material resources of our country, a participant in the greatest war ever waged, believing that alone by the national prohibition of the manufacture and traffic in liquor could this be done, placed in the Constitution of the United States an amendment which enacted that after one year from its ratification the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquor into or the exportation of it from the United States for beverage purposes should be prohibited, and declared that Congress and the several States should have concurrent power to enforce prohibition by appropriate legislation.

Enforcing Unpopular Law.

"Thereafter Congress passed the Volstead act to carry this provision into effect. Later, despite the sentiment in this city and other cosmopolitan centres in our State that the moderate use of light wines and beers could and should be legalized, the Legislature passed the Mullan-Gage law as the State's contribution to the cause of prohibition.

"Public opinion with respect to the enforcement of certain laws is a changing yet mighty force. It swings at times in favor of enforcement and at times against. This is particularly true of such laws as limit man's freedom of action in the ordinary things of life. Such laws languish when any large body of the public, including officials and influential citizens, hold them in contempt and take pride and pleasure in breaking them.

"Aware of the unpopularity with many of the Mullan-Gage law some laxity on the part of the police in enforcing it repugnant to many, was perhaps to be looked for, but laxity with reluctance to enforce an unpopular law is one thing and open, unashamed connivance at its breach and participation in the profits accruing from its violation another. One might pardon a policeman who looked away rather than spoil what was in his opinion the harmless amusement of other men. But no condemnation is strong enough for officers of the law who deliberately engage in spoliation under the law.

"The possibilities for this particular kind of graft have been lessened by the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law, but the men who have engaged in it, so far as they are now on the force, should be driven from the department and prosecuted under the criminal law. Less than this would continue an intolerable condition.

"We can never hope to remove all temptations to dishonesty, and while we must seek to remove causes for graft which apart from that fact are harmful it remains true that the police must be honest, despite temptations to steal and graft. The bootlegger must not be the patrolman's intimate. He must not be the Captain's entertainer. He must not be the Inspector's backer and banker.

False Code Among Police.

"It would be deplorable to be forced to admit that honesty can only be secured by taking away the opportunity to steal and graft.

"Intrenched behind the false code of so-called loyalty and honor which seals the lips of many honest men on the force and deters such from disclosing what they know of graft, and protected by the timidity of their victims, who are themselves wrongdoers, the corruptionists of the force despise public opinion and defy the courts.

"The honest men of the force must be made to realize where they now do not do so that such a code is low and tends to bring the force into disrepute. These men owe it to their fellow-citizens and to themselves as men and members of the force to adopt the army code of honor which forbids the sheltering of a thief.

"The informant in this proceeding—short-handed, heading a force unpraised, at times maligned, underpaid, tempted and charged until recently with the enforcement of a law running counter to local popular sentiment, must continue to bestir himself to drive unworthy men from the force. In this effort he should be aided not merely by an awakened public sentiment, but by a generous recognition of the difficulties under which he has labored.

"The right to dismiss from the police force, while it should be most carefully exercised, should not be limited to cases where legal evidence which would sustain a charge in a court of law is obtainable, but removal by the Mayor should follow any willful misuse of such power by the Police Commissioner.

"If the light thrown upon police conditions by this proceeding shall cause the enlargement by law of the disciplinary power now vested in the Police Commissioner, the increase of the force, the withholding of undeserved censure, the bestowal of merited praise, an increase in the pay of those who wear the uniform and a lessening of the temptations to dishonesty, it will have served not merely to vindicate the complainant but also a broader public purpose.

Views on Corrigan's Position.

"Joseph E. Corrigan: I have no doubt that day after day in the performance of your judicial duties you observed with indignation and righteous anger the humiliating consequences of police corruption. I am convinced that you realized your moral responsibility to make this corruption and its results known to the people. I am persuaded that your purpose was to arouse the public conscience and enlist our citizens in the cause of decency, honesty and truth. Your utterances, not always carefully weighed and measured, spoken upon commendable impulse but without deliberation, have subjected you to criticism, the justice of which you have been prompt to recognize.

"From the vantage ground for observation afforded by your position you became the spokesman of a movement for an investigation of police conditions with a view to the passage of remedial legislation. As such spokesman you became without prearrangement with its sender the unexpected recipient of the telegram embodying the libel complained of. It came to your home on a Sunday. There is reason to believe that you glanced at it hastily and learned its origin and purpose, but that its language made no impression upon you and was unrecalled by you when because it happened to be exposed upon your library table it came under the eye of a gentleman representing a newspaper whose visit to you was not by prearrangement.

"Without due care you allowed it to be read. While still unaware of its wording you permitted this gentleman to copy it. Within a brief time thereafter a gentleman representing another paper seeing it under like circumstances directed your attention to the sentence which assails the honesty of the complainant. Thus brought to your attention, you believed that sentence to be improper and your took prompt and in the main successful steps to stop its publication. That you took such steps is not disputed. That you could have done more is not suggested.

"As a result the matter objected to appeared in but one newspaper and it appeared in that one solely because its managing editor exercised with respect to its publication his independent and uninfluenced judgment.

"The misdemeanor of libel cannot be committed unintentionally or inadvertently. You were not the conscious publisher of the objectionable matter. So far as you are concerned it did not find its way into print as a solace to malignity.

"Your defenses of justification and excuse do not preclude you from contending that your publication of the libelous matter was accidental and inadvertent. They tend however to throw doubt upon it and have caused it to be subjected to close scrutiny. The doubt, however, has been dispelled by a careful consideration of the evidence.

"The charge against you is dismissed.

"Louis A. Cuvillier: In common with a majority of your fellow legislators, the Governor and the informed people of the State, you realized that the Mullan-Gage law, which was well-meant, was the source of graft which enriched and degraded. You knew of the temptation which it placed in the path of weak and dishonest policemen to break the law which they were charged to enforce. You were convinced that some in all ranks yielded and fell. You appreciated that as a result the entire force was unjustly brought into disrepute and its efficiency menaced and because of this knowledge you endeavored as a lawmaker to cause that law's repeal. To further this purpose you dispatched the telegram which described police conditions and contained the language complained of.

"Your zeal outran your discretion. Your purpose was commendable, but your language unfair to the complainant—falls within the condemnation of the statute. The provision of the State Constitution which you invoked does not protect you. Unaffected by it you stand at a bar where the law is no respecter of persons. The thought entertained by you of the complainant was defamatory. You clothed it in words and grouped them in a sentence. You committed the defamatory matter to paper and sent it on its mission. You purposely caused it to be exposed to another's gaze. The transcribed and exposed defamatory thought being neither justifiable, excusable nor privileged because a criminal libel.

"Your liability does not arise from the disclosure by the defendant Corrigan to the gentlemen of the press of the complained of portion of the telegram, but this non-liability is due solely to the fact that such disclosure was on the defendant Corrigan's part not volitional. You did not unlawfully publish in Albany County the telegram complained of. If it can be said that you published it there at all such publication was lawful because it was privileged by reason of the confidential relation existing between yourself as the dispatcher of the message and the employe of the telegraph company to whom you handed for transmission. That confidential relationship was not created by any provision of the penal law. It existed apart from the statute. That law merely made criminal a breach by the employe of the company of his duty not to disclose the contents of the message.

"You are answerable in this proceeding, despite the unsustainable theory upon which the information is drawn, because in New York County on the date named in the information you exposed to the gaze of another, namely to that of your co-defendant Corrigan, the libelous matter of which complaint is made. The fact that the information is drawn upon another theory of liability on your part is immaterial (People ex rel. Willitt vs. Quinn, Sheriff, 150 App. Div., 833 at Page 834; St. Lawrence County vs. Goldberg, 175 App. Div., 88-92). The circumstance that the defendant Corrigan is joined with you as a defendant is likewise immaterial.

"I hold you to await the action of the Grand Jury, but only in the nominal bail of $500 because there is no reason to believe that you will leave the jurisdiction."

How Crain Inquiry Started.

The Crain inquiry followed a series of attacks against the police in connection with prohibition enforcement, in which Assemblyman Cuvillier and Magistrate Corrigan took leading parts. Mr. Cuvillier, in a speech before the Assembly on legislation to repeal the Mullan-Gage law, charged corruption in the Police Department and attacked Commissioner Enright. At the same time, which was early this year, Magistrate Corrigan in this city was charging the police with perjury and corruption in prohibition cases.

Mayor Hylan, as a result of these investigations, directed an investigation of the Police Department by Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield. Magistrate Corrigan, who appeared as a witness, testified as to several specific cases of alleged graft. The inquiry was dropped after a woman witness had denounced Mr. Hirshfield as a "wife-beater."

Within a few days Assemblyman Cuvillier sent the telegram on which the libel charge is based. Following its publication, Commissioner Enright made a complaint of criminal libel against the Assemblyman and Magistrate Corrigan, who made the telegram public. Judge Crain then began a general investigation of the police, in which not only the libel charges but charges of misconduct by members of the department were heard. As a result of the proceedings Detective Sergeant Robert McAllister is now under indictment for perjury in connection with his testimony before Magistrate Corrigan in a liquor case.

TWO DETECTIVES ON TRIAL.

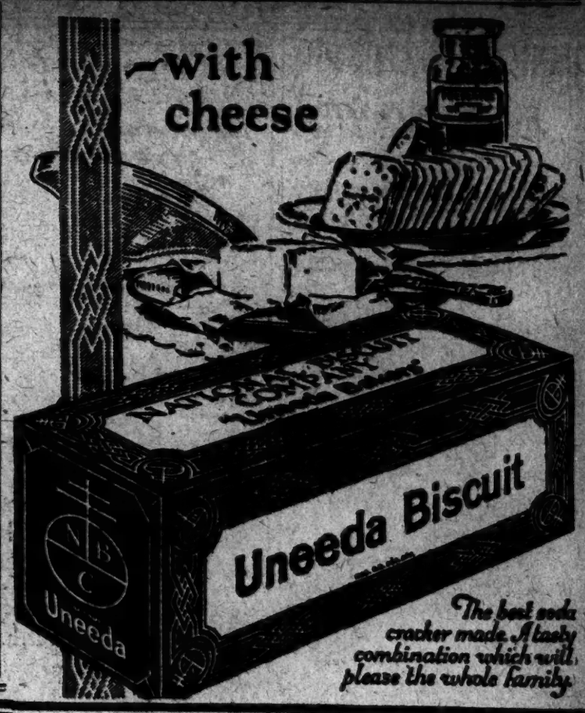
Morrison and Lambert, Accused of Bribery, Called Before Leach.

Detective Sergeants William Morrison and David Lambert, central figures of the so-called Petrucci case, which figured in the Enright-Corrigan-Cuvillier libel inquiry before Judge Crain, were placed on trial before First Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach yesterday, on departmental charges growing out of the inquiry. They are accused of bribery, neglect of duty and giving false testimony.

The bribery charge grows out of the stopping of a truckload of liquor on May 23, 1921. According to testimony at the Crain inquiry and at a previous departmental hearing before Chief Inspector William J. Lahey, the detectives demanded $3,500 to let the liquor pass. It also was charged that the liquor belonged to three high police officials. Two previous departmental inquiries into the incident came to nought, but the case was re-opened as a result of the disclosures at the Crain hearings.

Lambert and Morrison, while testifying before Judge Crain, broke down and admitted that they had given false testimony. Judge Crain sent them to police headquarters for departmental action. Following Captain Randles testimony of the confession before Judge Crain, charges of accepting a bribe were drawn up against them.

On request of Alexander I. Rorke, counsel for Lambert and Morrison, Commissioner Leach adjourned the trial after hearing Inspector Lahey and Captain Randles. It will be resumed next Friday.



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The whole range of style in men's clothes is covered in this showing—from the ideas of Wall Street to the college campus. In fit, drape, fabrics and workmanship the suits conform to the best metropolitan usage.

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ALL FINELY TAILORED BY THE KIRSCHBAUM SHOPS

Men's Section—Third Floor

HARVARD WARRIORS INVADE PRINCETON

Traditional Rivals to Meet in Twenty-sixth Gridiron Battle Today.

BOTH ELEVENS ARE READY

Coaches Report Players Are Fit After Final Drill for Big Contest.

55,000 FANS ARE EXPECTED

Palmer Stadium to Be Filled—No Tickets Available—Betting Even —Fair Weather Predicted.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 9.—On the eve of their twenty-sixth gridiron meeting, Harvard and Princeton stand ready to clash in Palmer Stadium tomorrow afternoon in the opening battle of the annual "big three" football classics. Both teams worked out in Tigertown this afternoon, the Crimson in the stadium and the Tigers on University Field, and at the conclusion of practice the coaches proclaimed their charges in good condition for tomorrow's test. Already the town is thronging with crowds of visitors and alumni, and preparations are being made to accommodate one of the largest gatherings ever seen in Princeton, for the stadium seating capacity has been raised slightly above the usual number and every available seat has long been sold.

Tonight a few hopefuls arrived in town expecting to pick up tickets at the last minute, but the cardboards are at a premium and not one was obtainable. All predictions are for fair weather tomorrow, and with such conditions as today the setting will be ideal. The playing ground has been soft all week, but as only light workouts have been permitted on it the turf should be just right by game time.

Early comers are fewer than in previous years, for the annual senior promenade was held last week instead of before the "Big Three" game, as has been the custom before, and many out-of-town guests have delayed their arrival until the day of the contest. Despite this fact, there were many outsiders staying in town tonight or spending the night in near-by towns and planning to drive over tomorrow.

Parking Rules Posted.

Elaborate parking arrangements have been made to handle the flood of fans expected tomorrow, and the Athletic Association this morning made announcement of rules to be followed tomorrow to avoid congestion. Notices have been posted warning visitors against false parking agents and against leaving cars without occupants or locks. No parking will be allowed on the main streets except for thirty minutes on the north side of Nassau Street, while the official parking spaces are located east of the stadium on either side of Western Way, at the corner of Williams Street and Washington Road, at the corner of Princeton Avenue and Prospect Avenue and at the corner of Prospect Avenue and Murray Street. Undergraduates are in charge of all official parking spaces. Recommendation was also made of an early arrival at the stadium, for the 55,000 persons must be ushered in between the hours of 12:30, when the gates will be thrown open, and 2, when the opening whistle will blow.

Special trains will run frequently from both New York and Philadelphia to handle the crowds, but no trains will leave Princeton until after the game.

Followers of both elevens believe that their hopes are capable of showing a better brand of football than they have hitherto exhibited, and the decision seems to rest with the ability of one or the other to rise to the occasion. Betting was almost nil, and what little there was seemed to be mostly at even money, with Tiger constituents loth to give odds in spite of the apparent optimism which has prevailed on the campus the last few days.

The ambition of the Tigers is to maintain their undefeated post-war record against the Crimson, which includes two ties and two victories. The last Harvard victory was in 1916, when it won on Soldiers Field, Cambridge. On the other hand, reports have come from Harvard to the effect that, even more than the Yale game, this contest is the aim and goal of coaches and players. Seven years without tasting victory has proved more than the Crimson supporters can bear, and a win for the Tigers tomorrow would be well-earned indeed. Rumors here have it that the Crimson is prepared to spring a new mode of attack and in this case the game might develop into a surprise, especially in case the Harvard offense shows any great power. All week the coaches have been drilling the Tigers against Crimson formations and unless something new turns up they should be prepared.

Tigers Aim for Speed.

Practice sessions have been stiff for the Orange and Black, with fewer scrimmages than usual, due to poor weather, but with plenty of signal drill, designed to speed up execution of the plays. Practice this afternoon for both Princeton and Crimson consisted of light work, featuring signal drill and kicking.

At the end of the session the Tiger coaches were still undecided about the halfback struggle between Beattie and Newby, stating that the final choice would probably be made on the basis of weather conditions, Beattie being used unless the field is very fast and hard. General belief is that Beattie will get the call, as he has been in the position in the last several starts.

The rest of the line-up is practically determined, with Dismore starting at quarterback and Lloyd Bergen at center. Substitutes for both of these jobs are in abundance, and in good shape, so these problems are not worrying the coaches. With Frank Rutan still out of the tackle post, however, line substitutes are scarce, and first string forwards may be called upon to play the entire game, barring injuries. Billy Booth, second-string tackle, is again in condition after a hard shake-up in the game with Swarthmore last week, and Bedell, former guard, is also a possibility for either tackle or guard. Buckner, who has been used at guard a large part of the season, may be called on to perform, while the other centre choices include Bill Forrest and Charlie Caldwell, who have returned to the squad from the injured list recently.

According to the line-up issued by Coach Fisher of Harvard there seems to be one doubtful place with either Jenkins or Hammond to receive the call for a halfback position.

Neither Record Formidable.

Neither the Crimson nor the Tigers have a formidable pre-season record to offer, each having been defeated once and tied once. Notre Dame's machine took the measure of Princeton, 35 to 2, while the Navy yielded only a 3-to-0

Harvard and Princeton Hold Similar Records for Season

Harvard and Princeton each have lost one game this season and each also has been held to one tie. Each team has been victorious in three games. Princeton has lost to Notre Dame, was tied by the Navy and defeated Johns Hopkins, Georgetown and Swarthmore. Harvard has lost to Dartmouth, was tied by Middlebury and was victorious over Rhode Island State, Holy Cross and Tufts.

The records of the two teams for the season follow:

PRINCETON.	
16—Johns Hopkins	7
17—Georgetown	0
2—Notre Dame	25
3—Navy	3
35—Swarthmore	9
—	—
73	41

HARVARD.	
35—Rhode Island State	0
6—Middlebury	6
6—Holy Cross	0
0—Dartmouth	16
16—Tufts	0
—	—
63	22

draw. Harvard's setback occurred at the hands of Dartmouth, and their tie was with Middlebury, 6 to 6. With these records as evidence the struggle has lost some of the interest which has marked it in recent years when both teams have come to this point undefeated.

The total record of the Harvard-Princeton series, which has been in existence for forty-six years, shows the Tigers with a decided advantage in games won and lost, having fourteen victories, eight defeats and three ties. Starting in 1876, the series has had numerous breaks and in all only twenty-five contests have been played to date.

When the two elevens line up tomorrow there will be several faces on each side which will be familiar to followers of the classic last year. Almost all of the centre of the Crimson line will be filled by veterans, with Captain Hubbard, Dunker, Eastman and Greenough all letter men last season. The big blow to the Crimson this year, however, was the loss of backfield stars, and only Coburn and Jenkins have faced the Tigers in previous years. In case Hammond is used Harvard will have another veteran who played part of the time for the last two years.

While fewer of the Tiger players have had experience in "Big Three" games previous to this meeting, there are several veterans in both line and backfield. Captain Snively was at guard last season but has played in the backfield this year. He is a fixture at guard for tomorrow, however, but will be called back to be on the throwing end of many of the Tiger passes, for it is in this department that he has featured for the past two years. Other veterans in the line are Stout at right end and Howard at right tackle, although Smith at the other wing post has made his letter as a substitute. The backfield will be composed almost entirely of veterans, although some of them were not regulars in the past.

Van Gerbig's First Test.

Dinsmore and Beattie were letter men last season, but Johnny Ewing and Van Gerbig have never been in a "Big Three" contest before. Dick Newby, who is a possible halfback selection, played against Harvard at Cambridge last year, and Willie Wingate, sub quarterback, has also faced the Crimson.

A luncheon for visiting sports writers will be held tomorrow at 12:30 in the Princetonian offices, an annual custom of the campus daily. Forerunners of the various venders and agents, who are part of the big game celebration, arrived tonight and will crowd every corner tomorrow while local agents are also preparing for a record day. One of the oldest and best figures at big games in Princeton, the peanut vender known as "Spader," announced that he had laid in a supply of some 400 pounds of peanuts and expected to get rid of all of them before tomorrow night.

Many out-of-town celebrities are anticipated, and President and Mrs. Hibben will entertain at luncheon at their home for a small number of Harvard people, graduates and officials of the university, including Thomas W. Lamont of the class of '02 and Mrs. Lamont; Langdon P. Marvin, '98, and Mrs. Marvin; Linsee Blagdon, '96, and Mrs. Blagdon; and Colonel Arthur Woods, '92, and Mrs. Woods. A Belgian party in the interests of the commission for the relief of Belgium, now interested in the rehabilitation of education in that country, will also be guests at the game. The party consists of Dr. Paul Heger, President of the University of Brussels; Leon Beckers, President of the alumni of the same institution; Millard K. Shaler, one of the American representatives of the C. B. R. foundation in Brussels; Edgar Rickard, formerly Director-General of American relief there, and Mrs. Rickard; Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hoover and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Munus.

Preceding the football game in the afternoon will be an intercollegiate soccer contest between Harvard and Princeton, and at the same time the M. I. T. cross-country team will invade the Tiger lair for the first meet of the season for the local harriers.

SPECIALS TO RUN TO GAME.

Trains to Princeton Will Leave Here at Frequent Intervals.

A number of special trains will be run over the Pennsylvania Railroad to Princeton today. These trains will leave the Pennsylvania Station at frequent intervals from 8:45 A. M. to 11:12 A. M. Trains will leave the Hudson Terminal at 9:13 and 10:57, Jersey City at 9:22 and 11:08, Newark at 9:40, 10:35, 10:50 and 11:15, Elizabeth at 9:50, 10:25, 11:00 and 11:25, Rahway at 10:35 and New Brunswick at 10:52, 11:26 and 11:51.

After the game the first trains for this city will leave from the middle yard at Princeton; later trains will leave from the lower yard. Trains returning to Jersey City, Hudson Terminal, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth and Newark will leave from the lower yard.

It was also announced that stops of New York Division trains at Princeton Junction will be annulled, so that the last morning train to stop at Princeton Junction, westbound, will be at 8:15 P. M., leaving New York at 7:00 P. M., and eastbound, at 7:26 P. M., leaving Philadelphia at 6:09 P. M. Regular train service on the Princeton branch will also be annulled, so that the last morning train will leave Princeton for Princeton Junction at 9:44 A. M. and the first evening train at 7:10 P. M. The last morning train will leave Princeton Junction for Princeton at 10 A. M. and the first evening train at 7:30 P. M.

13 CABS CARRY CRIMSON.

Harvard Squad Defies Unlucky Number at Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 9.—The number 13 apparently has no terrors for the Harvard football team. The Crimson squad arrived here today for the annual tussle with Princeton in thirteen taxicabs, traveled to Palmer Stadium for practice in thirteen and will return tomorrow for the big game in the same number.

OKLAHOMA TO FACE TEST.

Will Meet Missouri in Leading Game on Today's Conference Card.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 9.—Oklahoma and Missouri will clash at Columbia tomorrow in the feature game of the week's Missouri Valley Conference card, Nebraska goes outside the Conference for a game at Lincoln with the strong Notre Dame eleven. Other games in which Missouri Valley teams participate will have little bearing on the Conference standings.

COLUMBIA ON EDGE FOR CORNELL GAME

30,000 Spectators Expected to See Today's Contest at the Polo Grounds.

HAUGHTON MAY USE PASSES

Will Also Depend on Koppisch to Bear the Brunt of Attack—Dobie Warns His Team.

Columbia and Cornell meet at the Polo Grounds today in a football game that is gripping the interest of New York's football public chiefly because it will be the first local appearance in two years of Gil Dobie's great unbeaten eleven. Unless Columbia completely upsets the "dope" by holding the Ithacans to a low score the game promises to be a trifle lopsided, but this is being overlooked in the general desire to see Pfann, Cassidy, Ramsey, Sundstrom and the other heroes of a football team that has won twenty-one straight games and twenty-seven out of twenty-nine under the coaching of Dobie.

More than 30,000 people are expected to see the annual meeting of Dobie's steam roller and Percy D. Haughton's Blue and White machine—the first Haughton team, incidentally, that has ever played at the Polo Grounds, but not the first that has appeared in New York. Twenty-four years ago a young Harvard graduate named P. D. Haughton brought his new Cornell eleven to this city and surprised a strong Columbia aggregation by beating it, 29 to 0, at old Manhattan Field, now a vacant lot next to the Polo Grounds.

Today Haughton will unveil his first Columbia eleven before a New York crowd other than those at Baker Field, and in this case the odds are heavily against the former master of Harvard. His new and green team has only an outside chance to beat the Cornellians; Columbia will be satisfied, or nearly so, to hold the Dobie men to a lower score than Dartmouth did, for this Cornell eleven is one of the most powerful in recent football history. It thrashed Dartmouth, conqueror of Harvard, by 32 to 7, leads all Eastern elevens in scoring with 219 points and hasn't lost a game since Thanksgiving Day, 1920.

Despite Dobie's advertised preparations to use the forward pass, it is not probable that the Cornellians will resort to overhead plays unless they are forced to. As against Dartmouth, they are likely to put the pressure on the Columbia line by off-tackle smashes. Columbia probably will rely on Koppisch and the open game, with emphasis on the forward passing attack that was uncovered for a brief spell against Pennsylvania and worked so well.

Dobie and his varsity squad reached this city early yesterday morning and had a workout at the Polo Grounds before noon. In the early afternoon Columbia's trio was taken to the Stadium in buses and indulged in kicking, passing and running through signals. The Blue and White line-up, as given out last night, has George Pease slated for quarterback and Hamon, Captain Koppisch and Kirchmeyer in the backfield. The only change is at right end, where Manning will start in place of Tilhonen, who is under the weather. Henderson, Cornell's left end, practiced yesterday, but his injuries suffered in the Dartmouth tussle may result in Dexter's starting the game.

The gloomy Dobie was the only person in the city yesterday who believed that Cornell is in any danger from Columbia. Pessimistic Gilmour warned his men to "look out for Haughton." It may turn out to be sound advice, for those familiar with Columbia football know that "P. D." has been keeping everything he has under cover, hoping to redeem a season by a good showing today.

The game will start at 2 o'clock and the probable line-ups follow:

CORNELL.		COLUMBIA
Henderson	L. E.	Wagner
Kearney	L. T.	Smullen
Morris	L. G.	Jackson
Affeld	C.	Mirolli
Beeson	R. G.	Schimittisch
Sundstrom	R. T.	Schopp
Kneen	R. E.	Manning
Pfann (Capt.)	Q. B.	Pease
Patterson	L. H. B.	Hamon
Ramsey	R. H. B.	Koppisch (Capt.)
Cassidy	F. B.	Kirchmeyer

Referee—Victor A. Schwartz, Brown.—Umpire—David Fultz, Brown. Field judge—E. J. O'Brien, Tufts. Linesman—E. C. Taggart, Rochester. Time of periods—15 minutes.

HAUGHTON SAYS TEAM WILL SPRING SURPRISE

Columbia Coach Stirs 1,000 Students at Rally on Eve of Cornell Game.

Columbia is going to spring a big surprise in the game with Cornell at the Polo Grounds today, according to Percy Haughton, head coach of the Blue and White football team. At the "Beat Cornell" rally held in the Commons last night, attended by over a thousand undergraduates and said to be the largest mass-meeting that ever packed the Commons, Haughton expressed confidence over the outcome of the game today, stirring the undergraduates to great enthusiasm. The Blue and White mentor declared that Cornell has everything in its favor and that he has never heard so much talk about a team as there has been about Gil Dobie's eleven.

"But we have found the pebble," he declared, drawing upon the Biblical story of David and Goliath, "and know exactly where to hit the 'big sucker.'" Haughton declared he was sure the aim is going to be true.

Other speakers on the program were Walter Koppisch, captain of the team; James K. Knapp of the class of 1900, Chairman of the Football Committee, who presided at the meeting; Chester W. Cuthell of the class of 1905, David W. Smythe, 1902, Charles Putnam and Charles Mapes, Chairman of Athletics. Ferris Booth, 1924, Chairman of the Student Board, read a telegram from President Nicholas Murray Butler expressing his regret that he was unable to attend the meeting, as he had to go to St. Louis, and wishing the team all the success in the world at the Polo Grounds today.

Chairman Knapp declared that never before has there been better discipline than on the present team. The purpose of the meeting, he stated, was not to speculate on the outcome of the game but to engender spirit to win it.

Coach Haughton paid tribute to the faithfulness with which every man on the squad has worked in preparation for today's struggle. The team has been working night and day to win the game, he stated, which is the only way to play football—to concentrate over a long period. The Blue and White mentor revealed that his men have a system now whereby they don't have to wait to see whether the ball has been passed before starting, but in an instant they know exactly when the ball goes. To prove it he had Quarterback George Pease call signals. At a certain number the entire squad, which was present at the meeting, yelled "go." Then Echavarria, who also calls signals, called the numbers and again the squad called "go" in concert.

Captain Koppisch's talk was short and to the point. He declared that the team had a great battle on its hands and that "every man is going to fight from the first kick-off to the final whistle." Before the arrival of the team the undergraduates sang "Roar, Lion, Roar" and "Sans Souci," and practiced three new yells which will be used today in urging the Blue and White on to victory.

PENN OUT FOR REVENGE.

Quakers Will Attempt to Wipe Out 38-6 Defeat by Lafayette Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—Johnny Dern, Penn's quarterback, who is in the university hospital recovering from an operation for an infected leg, will see tomorrow's game with Lafayette from a wheelchair atop the hospital building, just across the way from Franklin Field. Dern was able to sit up today with the leg propped. He will be given a pair of field glasses and will root for his team-mates against the Easonians.

Out to avenge the 38 to 6 defeat of two years ago, Penn will fling a reconstructed line-up against Lafayette.

Head Coach Lou Young and his assistants have decided on a second string backfield, consisting of Gene Flues at quarterback, Frank Wittmer and Hughie King at the halfbacks and Clark Craig, fullback.

The only real first-stringers starting on the line are: McGinley, who has been shifted from a guard to tackle post, and Stephens, end.

Westgate will start at left end; either Dewhirst or McDonald at left tackle; Papworth, left guard; Robinson, center; Sheerer, right guard; McGinley, right tackle, and Stephens, right end.

Captain Hamer and the varsity men were excused from practice today, but the second stringers worked out.

Lafayette is coming here with a crowd of 1,100 students and alumni and the college band. The Penn management expects another 45,000 crowd.

PENN STATE IN HARD GAME.

Will Meet Georgia Tech Today—Rival Quarterbacks Out.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Nov. 9.—On the eve of the big Pennsylvania Day game between Penn State and Georgia Tech here tomorrow, no overconfidence was noticeable in either camp, and both coaches refused to predict anything but a hard fight when the Golden Tornadoes meet the Nittany Lions.

Both elevens are due to start the game without their regular quarterbacks in action. Mike Palma, Penn State's star, and Hunt of Tech both being on the injured list. Lafferty will call the signals for Bezdek's team, while Davis is favored to pilot Alexander's eleven.

Penn State also will be without the services of Captain Bedenk at right guard, House being slated to fill the position tomorrow. The line-up as announced by both coaches tonight follows:

PENN STATE.		GEORGIA TECH.
Frank	L. E.	Staton
Schuster	L. T.	Merkle
Michaelska	L. G.	McIntyre
Gray	C.	Frye
House	R. G.	McConnell
Prevost	R. T.	Huffines
Artelt	R. E.	Gardner
Lafferty	Q. B.	Davis
Wilson	L. H. B.	Williams
Johnston	R. H. B.	Reeves
Light	F. B.	Wyckoff

Probable Line-up of Princeton and Harvard Elevens

PRINCETON.				HARVARD.			
Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wgt	Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wgt.
L. E.	—Smith	21	181	R. E.	—Combs	19	170
L. T.	—Emery	21	198	R. T.	—Evans	22	210
L. G.	—Hills	20	201	R. G.	—C. Hubbard	21	200
C.	—L. Bergen	23	194	C.	—Greenough	19	185
R. G.	—Snively	24	185	L. G.	—Dunker	20	190
R. T.	—Howard	23	191	L. T.	—Eastman	22	210
R. E.	—Stout	21	181	L. E.	—Hill	20	170
Q. B.	—Dinsmore	21	161	Q. B.	—McGlone	23	130
L. H. B.	—Ewing	22	171	R. H. B.	—Coburn	24	185
R. H. B.	—Beattie	21	196	L. H. B.	—Cheek	20	172
F. B.	—Van Gerbig	21	170	F. B.	—Jenkins	23	160

Average weight—Line, 187 pounds; backfield, 177.

Average weight—Line, 191 pounds; backfield, 169.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Drews, Tillson.
Tackles—Booth, Rutan.
Guards—Bedell, Buckner.
Centres—Caldwell, Forrest.
Quarterbacks—Gorman, Wingate.
Halfbacks—Croft, Crum, Newby.
Fullbacks—Legendre, Gibson.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Gordon, Crosby.
Tackles—R. Hubbard, Hobson.
Guards—Grew, Daniell.
Centres—Kernan, S. Bradford.
Quarterbacks—Lee, Spalding.
Halfbacks—Lockwood, Cordingley, Pfaffman.
Fullbacks—Jenkins, Howe.

Referee—W. R. Okeson, Lehigh. Umpire—F. W. Murphy, Brown. Linesman—G. N. Bankart, Dartmouth. Field Judge—E. S. Land, Navy. Time of game—2 o'clock. Length of periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable attendance, 15,000.

More Important Contests On Football Fields Today

East.

Princeton vs. Harvard, Princeton.
Yale vs. Maryland, New Haven.
Columbia vs. Cornell, Polo Grounds.
Fordham vs. Holy Cross, Yankee Stadium.
St. John's vs. Niagara, Ebbets Field.
C. C. N. Y. vs. N. Y. U., Lewisohn Stadium.
Pennsylvania vs. Lafayette, Philadelphia.
Brown vs. Dartmouth, Boston.
Wesleyan vs. Williams, Middletown.
Penn State vs. Georgia Tech., State College.
Pittsburgh vs. Grove City, Pittsburgh.
Army vs. Arkansas Aggies, West Point.
Navy vs. St. Xavier, Annapolis.
Amherst vs. Trinity, Amherst.
Boston College vs. Centenary, Boston.
Bucknell vs. Lehigh, Lewisburg.
Catholic Univ. vs. Washington, Washington.
Colby vs. Bates, Waterville.
Conn. Aggies vs. St. Stephens, Storrs.
Drexel vs. Gallaudet, Philadelphia.
Franklin vs. Georgetown, Franklin.
F. & M. vs. Dickinson, Lancaster.
Hamilton vs. Union, Clinton.
Haverford vs. Albright, Haverford.
Hobart vs. Buffalo, Geneva.
Johns Hopkins vs. St. John's (Annapolis), Baltimore.
Maine vs. New Hampshire, Portland.
Mass. Aggies vs. Stevens, Amherst.
Norwich vs. Vermont, Northfield.
Penn M. C. vs. Ursinus, Chester.
Rochester vs. Colgate, Rochester.
Rutgers vs. Richmond, New Brunswick.
St. Lawrence vs. Clarkson, Canton.
Scouting Fleet vs. Third Corps Area, Baltimore.
Springfield vs. Lebanon, Springfield.
Susquehanna vs. Temple, Selinsgrove.
Swarthmore vs. Muhlenberg, Swarthmore.
Syracuse vs. Boston Univ., Syracuse.
Tufts vs. Bowdoin, Medford.
W. & J. vs. Waynesburg, Washington, Pa.
Worcester vs. Rensselaer, Worcester.

West.

Arizona vs. Cal. Aggies, Tucson.
Butler vs. De Pauw, Indianapolis.
Cal. Tech. vs. Occidental, Pasadena.
Chicago vs. Indiana, Chicago.
Cincinnati vs. Ohio Northern, Cincinnati.
Denison vs. Oberlin, Granville.
Detroit vs. Carnegie Tech., Detroit.
Drake vs. Coe, Des Moines.
Idaho vs. Oregon Aggies, Boise.
Illinois vs. Wisconsin, Urbana.
Michigan vs. Marines, Ann Arbor.
Michigan Aggies vs. Creighton, East Lansing.
Missouri vs. Oklahoma, Columbia.
Montana vs. Washington, Seattle.
Nebraska vs. Notre Dame, Lincoln.
Northwestern vs. Lake Forest, Evanston.
Ohio Wes. vs. Ohio Univ., Delaware.
Oregon vs. Stanford, Portland.
Purdue vs. Ohio State, Lafayette.
St. Mary's vs. Santa Clara, San Francisco.
Cal. So. Br. vs. Redlands, Los Angeles.
So. Cal. vs. California, Los Angeles.

South.

Alabama vs. Kentucky, Tuscaloosa.
Auburn vs. Tulane, Montgomery.
Bethany vs. West Va., Wheeling.
Georgia vs. Virginia, Athens.
No. Car. State vs. V. M. I., Norfolk.
Sewanee vs. Centre, Memphis.
Vanderbilt vs. Tennessee, Nashville.
V. M. I. vs. North Carolina, Richmond.
West Va. vs. W. & L., Charleston.

IMPORTANT GAMES IN FOOTBALL TODAY

Harvard-Princeton Clash Heads List of Notable Meetings to Be Decided.

YALE MAY RECEIVE TEST

Maryland Has Lost Only One Game This Season—Four Local Contests Listed.

Although the Princeton-Harvard clash at Princeton, the first of the season's series between members of the Big Three, is the outstanding contest on today's football program, there are also a number of other important games listed. Among these is the battle between Cornell and Columbia which will be staged at the Polo Grounds. Gil Dobie's team, which is one of the most powerful in the East, is an overwhelming favorite to triumph over the local eleven today, but Percy Houghton's players are hopeful of holding the Ithacans to a low score.

Today's clash will be the eleventh of the series between Columbia and Cornell. The Ithacans have been victorious in seven of the past contests and the Morningside Heights team have been successful in three. Cornell has yet to suffer defeat this season, having been successful in its five games with St. Bonaventure, Carnegie Tech., Williams, Colgate and Dartmouth. Columbia has won three of its six games, one resulting in a tie.

While Harvard and Princeton are staging their annual game, Yale, one of the few unbeaten Eastern teams, will take on Maryland at New Haven as a preliminary to its battle with Princeton next Saturday. The Elis ought to score a decisive victory, but they may be hard pressed by the team which gained the only victory scored over the University of Pennsylvania this season. Maryland has lost only one game, that defeat coming at the hands of Virginia Polytechnic Institute, eleven. In addition to Penn it has triumphed over Randolph-Macon, Richmond, North Carolina and St. John's College of Annapolis. Yale has scored 214 points in gaining its five victories this far this year. Its most important victories have been scored over Brown and the Army.

No Unbeaten Teams to Meet.

Today's schedule is notable for the fact that none of the important games will be played between unbeaten teams. Syracuse which has won six games and has yet to suffer a defeat, will play Boston University in a game at Syracuse which ought to result in an easy victory for Chick Meehan's team. The powerful Syracuse eleven has beaten Hobart, William and Mary, Alabama, Pittsburgh, Springfield and Penn State. Boston University has lost to Dartmouth, Brown and Holy Cross and has scored a victory over Colby.

West Virginia, another member of the undefeated group, which has already defeated Rutgers this week, will tackle Washington and Lee. The Mountaineers have been successful in five of their six games, the contest with Penn State resulting in a tie. Washington and Jefferson, another unbeaten team, will take on Waynesburg and ought to score an easy victory.

In addition to the game between Columbia and Cornell, there also will be three other local contests. Fordham and Holy Cross will stage their annual battle at the Yankee Stadium, while New York University and C. C. N. Y. will meet at Lewisohn Stadium. Holy Cross, which has a strong team this year, is favored to defeat its traditional rival without any great difficulty. The Worcester collegians have held Harvard to a tie and have won their five other games. Fordham has been beaten in all but one of its games. It defeated Mount St. Mary's and then bowed to Roston College, Lehigh, St. John's and N. Y. U. At Ebbets Field, the undefeated St. John's College eleven will meet Niagara.

N. Y. U. Favored to Win.

Judging on the showing of the two teams thus far this year, N. Y. U. ought to score an easy victory over C. C. N. Y. Tom Thorp's players have won all of their games with the exception of that with Rutgers. C. C. N. Y. has failed to score in any of its five games, losing to Drexel, St. Stephens, Delaware, Hobart and the Connecticut Aggies.

The Army, which was badly beaten by Yale last week, will play its fifth intersectional game of the season when it meets the Arkansas Aggies at West Point today. It has already played Tennessee, Florida, Notre Dame and Auburn.

In some of the other important contests of the day, Penn will meet Lafayette at Philadelphia, Penn State will clash with Georgia Tech at State College, the Navy will meet St. Xavier at Annapolis, Dartmouth will play Brown at Boston, Wesleyan will encounter Williams at Middletown and Rutgers will play Richmond at New Brunswick.

NAVY IN LAST HOME GAME.

Midshipmen Will Meet St. Xavier at Annapolis Today.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 9.—With a short drill on formations and signals this afternoon, mostly by artificial light, the Naval Academy football team finished its preparations for the game against St. Xavier tomorrow, the last contest of the season on the local grounds. The Midshipmen, though lacking some of its regulars, will present a strong team.

The new players on the line will be: Yieweg at left tackle, Bernet at right end and Zuber at centre, Brant, Brown and Mathews being on the hospital list. The backfield will consist of McKee, Flippen, Shapley and Cullen at the start. Barchet, generally considered the backfield star, probably will play later in the game.

BIG CONTESTS IN SOUTH

Four Unbeaten Elevens to Meet in Conference Games Today.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—Four of the seven Southern Conference undefeated elevens go into action tomorrow against Conference opponents and the dope sheet indicates that at least two of the leaders will retain their positions. Two of the unbeaten teams—Kentucky and Alabama—are matched, the other two playing members which already have suffered defeat.

In addition to the Kentucky-Alabama game at Tuscaloosa, Vanderbilt, undefeated, plays Tennessee at Nashville, and Georgia, undefeated, meets Virginia at Athens.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

College Games.

St. Viator 3, Columbia (Iowa) 0.
West Tennessee Normal 3, Southwestern Presbyterian U. 0.
Marion Institute 14, Springhill 13.
Nebraska Wesleyan 5, Des Moines U. 2.
Clemson 12, Davidson 0.
Quachita 14, College of Ozarks 6.
State Teachers' College 13, Little Rock College 13.
Lombard 62, De Kalb Normal 6.
Haskell Indians 34, Still College 7.
University of Chattanooga 19, Birmingham Southern 0.
Presbyterian College 52, Wofford 0.
Potts College 2, Parsons 6.
Charleston Normal 0, Lincoln 0.
John Carroll University 17, Wilmington College 0.

School Games.

Montclair Academy 58, Stevens School 0.
Morristown Prep. 3, Trinity School 0.
Lawrenceville 25, Peddie 6.
St. Paul's School (Garden City, L. I.) 22, Rutgers Prep 6.

32,923 Autos Broke Traffic Record at Yale-Army Game

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—A total of 32,923 passenger automobiles traveled in and out of New Haven during the twelve-hour period from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. last Saturday on the occasion of the Yale-Army football game, thereby breaking all the records for motor traffic through Connecticut on a single day, according to a census taken by the State Highway Department. The number of cars is greater by far than at any previous major football contest in New Haven. No serious accidents occurred. Total traffic recorded at seven points on the main arteries of travel into New Haven of all makes of vehicles showed 35,981, as compared with 26,016 at the Princeton game in 1921.

YALE AND MARYLAND CRIPPLED FOR GAME

Neither Eleven Will Be Able to Show Full Strength at New Haven Today.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Yale and Maryland will meet here tomorrow with partially crippled elevens. The Elis found today that their regular tackles, Ted Blair and Century Milstead, still are suffering from injuries received last week and Head Coach Tad Jones tonight announced for their places tomorrow Rex Batty, who was substitute at tackle and guard all the Fall, and Butterworth. Jack Miller and Ed Greene, Yale's second string tackles, also are laid up and the pair selected for tomorrow are the third string set.

Newell Niedlinger, veteran quarterback, will be unable to play tomorrow because of a muscle bruise, but two full elevens, nevertheless, will be on hand. Lucky Hall and Hough of the Maryland rush-line had to be left home because of injuries.

Yale devoted an hour to signal rehearsal. The Elis expect a drop kicking and punting game in which Maryland has excelled in the past because of Johnny Groves, who kicked a field goal for the only score in the Maryland-Pennsylvania match, and Pollock, who scored a drop kick at Yale last year to spoil a chance for a whitewash after Yale had aggregated 43 points.

Yale's game is expected to see much use of the forward passes in which all four of the backs selected, Captain Mallory, Neale, Pond and Richeson, are clever. Maryland's team, which has defeated all rivals except Virginia Polytechnic Institute, including a 3 to 0 victory over Penn, is regarded as the strongest Maryland ever sent north.

In defeating North Carolina it kept that eleven from securing even one first down. Pennsylvania did not reach the Maryland 20-yard line and no one except V. C. I. has achieved that feat, attesting to Maryland's fine defensive strength. Captain McQuade, a 183-pound line plunger, is likely to lead in assaults on the Yale line.

The line-up:

YALE.		MARYLAND.
Bingham	L. E.	Supple
Batty	L. T.	Bromley
Eckart	L. G.	Bonnett
Lovejoy	C.	Pollock
Diller	R. G.	Brewer
Butterworth	R. T.	Burger
Lyman	R. E.	Lannigan
Richeson	Q. B.	Bosley
Neale	L. H. B.	Pugh
Pond	R. H. B.	Branner
Mallory	F. B.	McQuade

Referee—H. A. Fisher, Columbia. Umpire—A. J. Palmer, Colby. Linesman—H. R. Heneage, Dartmouth. Field judge—Dr. Carl Williams, Pennsylvania. Time of periods—15 minutes.

YALE TO EXTEND SCHEDULE.

Dartmouth and Williams May Receive Football Dates.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Yale's football schedule will be extended next year with the inclusion of one or more New England college rivals. Dartmouth and Williams are both being considered, but the chances are stronger that the Hanoverians will get a date than that the Williamstown players will be included, unless both are taken. Brown's future on the Yale schedule is by no means certain, although the series has continued since 1803.

No statement is obtainable at Yale regarding the Brown date, but Brown Alumni have been quoted as desiring a Yale visit to Providence and of being restored to a position on Yale's November list, from which they were taken this Fall.

TRYON NOT TO PLAY TODAY.

Colgate Star Out of Rochester Game —Saved for Syracuse.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Eddie Tryon, ackfield star of Colgate, will be kept on the sidelines tomorrow, in the game against Rochester unless he should be needed. This decision was made tonight by Coach Dick Harlow who is anxious to have his star in the best of shape against Syracuse next week. For the same reason several other regulars will be held in reserve. Colgate will line up for the game in Rochester tomorrow as follows: Levinson and Crowther, ends; Captain Leonard and Strack, tackles; Beuthel and Welsh, guards; Moran, centre; Sanford, quarterback; Morgan and Helwig, halfbacks; Knight, fullback.

DETROIT WILL FIRE SALUTE FOR DENBY

City to Greet Marines en Route to Michigan Game in Its War-Time Splendor.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 9.—Detroit will take her war clothes out of the mothballs tomorrow to welcome 1,500 marines from Quantico, Va., en route to Ann Arbor for the Marines-Michigan football game. The Salvation Army will be out with the famous doughnuts; the Knights of Columbus will fill their clubhouse with 350 cots for the service men; the American Red Cross canteen veterans will prepare rations for the soldier-sailors, and dignitaries of State and city will unite in paying their tribute.

The marines, their band and an array of high navy officials, headed by Secretary Edwin Denby of the Navy Department and including Major Gen. John A. Lejeune and Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, will have an active four-hour stop-over here before leaving at noon for Ann Arbor.

A salute of nineteen guns will be fired as the Navy Secretary and his party emerge from the railway station. There will be the roar of airplane motors when a fleet of aircraft from Selfridge Field flies to meet twenty planes from the Quantico marine base.

When the marines return from the game in the evening, theatres and dance halls will hold open house for them and several wartime organizations will function again, much as they did in 1918.

Secretary Denby played on the Michigan varsity football team in the '80s. He will participate in the dedication before the game of Yost Field House, said to be the largest building for competitive athletics in the country.

PRIZE WINNERS in the WILLOUGHBY Amateur Photo Contest for OCTOBER

1st Prize—Dr. J. B. Pardoe, Boundbrook, N. J.
2nd Prize—V. L. Van Horn, 1349 Union St., Brooklyn.
3rd Prize—Geo. H. Miller, 1877 Morris Ave., City.
4th Prize—Elliott H. Wendell,

He swings a wicked club! Nothing matters! Not even the weather!

His golf Norfolk's a Scotch Mist*.

What! You thought we only made overcoats of Scotch Mists*? Well! Let's introduce you. Nothing finer for Winter golf.

Yes sir, the leather in our "crepe sole" golf oxford dries soft even after an all-day's wetting.

The important thing is that we import 'em direct—golf stockings, golf jackets, golf waistcoats—direct from the English and Scotch makers—no middleman's tariff. That's why prices are so attractive.

Our blow-off-proff caps are also headacheproof. Sailing without binding.

Golf clubs, golf balls, golf bags.

Complete Sporting Goods Store within each of the four corners.

Warmer underwear. Ask the salesman to tell you about the excellent fitting qualities of No. 939.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Herald Sq. at 35th St.

Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

ZEV READY TO RACE IN MEMORIAM AGAIN

Hildreth Telegraphs Col. Winn Willingness for Contest on Friday or Saturday Next.

STAKE MAY BE $100,000

Rancocas Trainer Wants Distance 1⅛ Miles—Wiedemann's Answer Expected Today.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 9.—Prospects for a match race between In Memoriam, winner of the Latonia championship last Saturday, and the Rancocas Stable's Zev, runner-up in that race, to be run at Churchill Downs Friday or Saturday of next week, became promising this afternoon, following an exchange of telegrams between S. C. Hildreth and Colonel M. J. Winn.

In case the race is arranged, the stake may be $100,000, including a purse of $50,000 and a side bet of $25,000.

In a telegram to Colonel Winn, General Manager of the Kentucky Jockey Club, Hildreth, trainer for the Rancocas Stable, expressed a willingness to race the conqueror of Papyrus and winner of the Kentucky Derby against In Memoriam over a route of one mile or more for a side bet of $25,000 or "as high as Mr. Wiedemann, owner of In Memoriam, wishes."

Carl Wiedemann, Newport sportsman and owner of In Memoriam, is quoted as having said in a telephone message to Louisville newspapers, that he was unwilling to make a definite statement relative to the proposed race until after he came to Louisville tomorrow and ascertained the condition of In Memoriam and the track.

Wiedemann is quoted as having said, however, that if conditions could be agreed upon, he would be glad to send his horse against the Rancocas Stable's crack. He said that he would prefer to have the race over a route of one and one-half miles or more, but would not commit himself as to the distance.

R. J. Gilmore, trainer of In Memoriam, said that he was willing to run In Memoriam against Zev over the one and one-eighth miles course.

Hildreth's telegram to Mr. Winn follows:

"It is reported here that Wiedemann wishes to match In Memoriam against any horse in the world, one mile or more. I am willing to come to Kentucky next Friday or Saturday and run Zev against In Memoriam one mile or a mile and one-eighth for $25,000 a corner or as high as he wishes to go. You to add as much as you wish. Answer."

The message sent to Hildreth in reply to the above reads:

Hildreth Accepts Challenge.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—S. C. Hildreth, trainer of Zev, declared here tonight that his telegram to Colonel Matt Winn offering to race the Rancocas colt against In Memoriam was an acceptance of a challenge issued by the trainer of the latter thoroughbred. Hildreth recently came into possession of an article published in a Cincinnati paper in which In Memoriam's trainer declared he was willing to match the winner of the Latonia championship with any horse in the world.

"We are willing to ship Zev to Churchill Downs next week for such a race," said Hildreth, "but as yet I have heard nothing from Colonel Winn."

MY OWN IN PIMLICO CUP.

Is Entered In $10,000 Race at 2½ Miles—Zev Unlikely Starter.

Special to The New York Times.

PIMLICO, Md., Nov. 9.—Admiral Cary T. Grayson's My Own, three-year-old son of King James and Bettie Landon, will have another chance to vindicate his speed over a distance of ground on Monday afternoon in the running of the $10,000 Pimlico Cup at two miles and a quarter. Since the running of the Latonia championship, in which he was soundly defeated by In Memoriam and Zev, the colt has been training well here.

Whether My Own will start on Monday will depend largely on the condition of the track. If it is fast W. P. Burch will send the colt to the post, and if he wins Burch will come in for the $1,500 which the Maryland Jockey Club will present to the trainer of the winner. The Pimlico Cup closed on Sept. 20 with 110 nominations and a good field should face the barrier.

Zev is an eligible for the rich stake, although an unlikely starter, as the distance is considered far too great for his liking. In Memoriam is not an eligible.

IS MERELY A STAKEHOLDER.

Kentucky Jockey Club Answers Suit Involving Mutuel Payment.

COVINGTON, Ky., Nov. 9.—That the function of the Kentucky Jockey Club is merely that of stakeholder and that its sole business is to provide a suitable place for the holding of race contests and to see that racing is conducted over its course in accordance with established turf rules is the contention of The Jockey Club is a suit filed in the Kenton County Circuit Court here today against S. Gordon of Toledo, Ohio, and J. G. Ryan of Cincinnati.

According to the petition Gordon, one of the defendants, claims to have bought five $2 tickets on a horse named Bosh, which won a race at the Latonia track on Oct. 8. It appears that Gordon, shortly after the race was run, notified the track cashier that he had torn and thrown away his tickets and after discovering the error asked that payment be withheld.

The petition says that on the same afternoon Ryan, the other defendant, presented for payment pieces of four torn tickets on the horse Bosh, and claimed to have bought them and torn them by mistake, and that Ryan demanded payment.

The Jockey Club asks that the court determine the rightful owner of the money held by it as stakeholder.

MISS EDERLE TO SWIM.

Will Compete in 75-Yard Event at Central Y. M. C. A. Tonight.

Miss Gertrude Ederle of the Women's Swimming Association, foremost woman swimmer in the country, will make her first appearance since her return from a tour of the Hawaiian Islands tonight in the pool of the Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn. Miss Ederle is scheduled to start in a 75-yard swim against the Misses Allen Riggin, Doris O'Mara and Adelaide Lambert in an effort to establish a new record for the distance.

Several other events are scheduled in addition to novelty water contests and exhibitions. The feature event for men swimmers will be the "Central Hundred," a 100-yard handicap swim which is an annual fixture at the Central pool.

CHESS STARS TO COMPETE.

Manhattan Club Tourney Will Open Nov. 17 With Strong Entry.

A strong field of twelve chess stars is entered in the annual championship tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club, the first round of which will be played on Nov. 17. The entries include the following: Oscar Chajes, Dr. A. Freundlich, O. Frink jr., D. Janowski, S. Katz, A. Kupchik, L. Samuels, M. A. Schapiro, A. Schroeder, L. W. Schwarz and Oscar Tenner. The schedule calls for two rounds a week.

Wesleyan Ready for Williams.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETON, Conn., Nov. 9.—Coach Martin put the Wesleyan team through a light signal practice this afternoon. At the close of the practice Martin said that his men were in fine condition for Williams tomorrow.

My Dear Breaks Small Bone In Leg; May Never Race Again

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—My Dear, Fred Muisante's great distance runner, which was being groomed for the Pimlico Cup event next Monday, broke down while working out this morning at the Pimlico track. The filly, which is a full sister to Admiral Grayson's My Own, won the $10,000 Bowie at Pimlico last Tuesday, and it was expected that she would meet the Grayson colt in the Pimlico cup race. A small bone, it was learned, was split in the pastern joint of the same leg which gave the filly trouble two years ago. The leg has been encased in a plaster cast, but the belief was expressed that My Dear would never race again. She will be used as a brood mare. My Dear won $30,000 for her owner this year.

CITY RIVALS READY FOR ANNUAL GAME

N. Y. U. and City College Elevens Will Meet at Lewisohn Stadium Today.

Additional light will be shed on the civic football situation this afternoon when the New York University and C. C. N. Y. elevens clash at Lewisohn Stadium. Today's game will mark the fourth meeting of the two metropolitan rivals. In 1905 the Violet was defeated by City College at Berkley Oval by the score of 12 to 6. The following year the tables were turned when the Lavender suffered a 17 to 6 defeat. From 1899 C. C. N. Y. did not have a football team until the sport was revived last year.

Then the Lavender team which had been beaten consistently all season braced up for the N. Y. U. game and held the Violet to a lone touchdown but with their weak attack was unable to score.

In final preparation for today's contest, Coach Thorp put his Hall of Fame squad through a short practice session yesterday afternoon on Ohio Field. Frank Howley, star end, who has not missed a placement kick this year, was practicing kicks from the 35-yard line. The team was put through a short session of dummy practice with the sandbags and a signal drill.

The City College student body held a big pep rally yesterday afternoon. Dean Carlton L. Brownson, through whose efforts all classes for the afternoon were suspended, addressed the undergraduates and urged them to turn out en masse and support the Lavender eleven.

Practice for the game was limited to a short signal drill and a long session of punting and handling kicks. This latter feature has been the Lavender's weakest point this season. Every man on the squad is in first-class shape with the exception of Lanstin, who is still limping with a badly wrenched ankle.

The line-up:

N. Y. U.		C. C. N. Y.
Howley	L.E.	Phillidus
Macey	L.T.	Blenstock
Meyers	L.G.	Friedman
Rosenberg	C.	Williams
Tracey	R.G.	Elk
Naggie	R.T.	Schiff
Washington	R.E.	Crownfield
Sehres	Q.B.	Plaut
Tarr	L.H.B.	Levinstin
Toorock	R.H.B.	Garvey
Carlson	F.B.	Brauer

LOUISVILLE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,100; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; seven furlongs. Charles Henry, 112 pounds (Pool), $18.80, $8.10, $7.60, first; Guiseppe, 113½ (Connelly), $4.90, $3.80, second; Sunburst, 2d, 109 (Wallace), $20.90, third. Time—1:27 2-5. Kingsclere, Leontes, Cash, Carnovon, Spats, Piedmont, Permarco, Cautious, Uncle Bert, Futurette and Rachel D. also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,100; for two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; one mile. Phyllis Louise, 109 pounds (Wallace), $10.20, $4.70, $3.10, first; Wilmer the Wizard, 111 (Blind), $3.90, $3, second; Lexington Maid, 109 (Pool), $3.20, third. Time—1:40. Filibuster, Libyan Queen, Ancestress, Firetoma, Twinkle Bell, Phidias, Xenora, Strutter, Quinine, Liege, Joe Johnson and Moorfield also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,100; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; seven furlongs. Ben Valet, 110 pounds (Harvey), $10, $4.80, $3.80, first; Modesty, 100 (McDermott), $5.40, $4.20, second; Sewell Combs, 112 (Pevic), $5.20, third. Time—1:26 4-5. Tempting Attorney, Hysteria, Locust Leaves, Comedie d'Amour, Flying Prince, Plaudel, Ajl, Noonhour, Sea Wrack, Galusha and Margaret Aitkin also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,200; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and one-eighth. Brotherly Love, 115 pounds (Murray), $6.70, $4.40, $2.80, first; St. Paul, 115 (Pevic), $10.30, $5.80, second; Tulalip, 111 (Harvey), $2.80, third. Time—1:55. Rep, Tan Son, Hughes Graham and Dantzic also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Pendennis Club purse $1,500; seven furlongs. Ten Lee, 116 pounds (Pool), $7.50, $4.40, $2.80, first; Heremon, 110 (Wallace), $32, $7.90, second; Pegasus, 114 (Noble), $2.90, third. Time—1:24 1-5. Right on Time, Best Love, Crayon, Dream Maker and Jeanne Bowdre also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies; allowances; the West Point Purse; purse $1,200; six furlongs. Princess Doreen, 115 pounds (Scobie), $4.40, $3.20, $2.60, first; Beautiful Agnes, 108 (Pevic), $5.90, $3.70, second; Mah Jong, 106 (McDermott), $2.80, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Gun Shot, Pretty Politician, Attilia, Sizzle, Royal Queen and April also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile and one-sixteenth. Great Luck, 110 pounds (Koomer), $6.90, $3.40, $2.80, first; Miss Meles, 100 (Blind), $5, $3.70, second; Mistress Mary, 104 (Lancet), $3.80, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Ten Sixty, Rumquot, Resting Time, Elias O. and Pequot also ran. Weather clear; track good.

LOUISVILLE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,100; maidens; two-year-old fillies; six furlongs. Miss Murdock, Gentle Julia, Miss Kate, Elusive, Laplanche de Blante, Annie Lyle, Scamper, Mary Ellen O., Bessie Hope, Bona Vera, Baldine, Kit, Waukulla, Markiluna, Nell McChord 115 pounds each. Also eligible, Exit, Nancy Langhorne, Lady Burrows, Phyllis Louise, Attractive, Our Option 115 each.

Gentle Julia, Nancy Langhorne Nuckels Longridge Stable entry. Markiluna, Nell McChord Audley Farm entry. Lady Burrows, Phyllis Louise J. E. Madden entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,100; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. *Royal Crown 96 pounds, *Sunny Jacrow 98; My Valet, Kingsclere 101 each; Llere, Boah, Avispa 104 each; Simpleton, Repeater 107 each; *Bobbie Shea 106; Oxaloosa, Dantzic 112 each; Pequot, Westwood 113 each; Sue Brae. Also eligible, *Hullo 99, Sister Flo 113, Sway 112, *Mildred Ruth 93, *Arctic King 107, *Sea Wrack 96.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,200; allowances; The LaGrange; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Child's Play, Out Out 96 pounds each; Easter Bells, Miss Muffins 99 each; Moss Fox II. 102; Great Jazz, Auntie May 106 each; Dr. Clark 107.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,500; Brown Hotel Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Belsoni 99 pounds, Lady Madcap 102, Lady Aster 100, Cherry Tree, Radio 108 each; Whiskaway 121, In Memoriam 127.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $5,000 added, the Golden Rod Handicap; two-year-olds; seven furlongs. Quotation 90 pounds, Lady Fox 101; Lord Martin, New Gold 104 each; Princess Doreen 107, Nimbus 108, Cloister 105, Clarence 102, Dudley 103, Calvin 106; King Gorin II., Dare Say, Glide 110 each; Sanela 113, Chilhowee 118, Worthmore 120, Wise Counsellor 122.

Lord Martin, New Gold, Princess Doreen Audley Farm entry. Clarence, Dudley, Calvin, Camden, Milam and Breckenridge entry. Glide, Sanela, Harland Bros. & Jones entry. Worthmore, Wise Counsellor J. S. Ward entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,100; claiming; two-year-olds; six furlongs. *Overfire, *Buck, High Trump 90 pounds each; *Quotation 102; Rip, Strutter 104 each; Lady Marian, Madame Vennie 106 each; *Post Quivero, *Negales 107 each; Bourbon Boy, Metson 109 each; Prank Bond, Dobson 112 each. Also eligible, Everglade 104, *Jessie Benton 96, Mill Boy 109, Blue Devils 110, Medina 106, *Peggy O. 101.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,200; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a half. *Halu 106 pounds, Alex Jr. 109, Pete Foy 107, Kingsclong 113, *Paris Maid 108; Fritz, Little Ex 109 each; Lord Wrack 113. *Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track good.

HEPHAISTOS WINS PIMLICO FEATURE

Easily Beats John Paul Jones in the Merchants With Top Weight of 114 Pounds.

Special to The New York Times.

PIMLICO, Md., Nov. 9.—Hephaistos, the four-year-old bay colt by Vulcan—News W., owned and trained by F. E. Brown, easily won the Merchants' Handicap, the featured number on the card this afternoon. Coming from the rear, the colt, carrying top weight of 114 pounds, forged to the front in the stretch run after disposing of W. Fenwick's John Paul Jones and H. P. Whitney's Gadfly, beating the former by a length and a half at the finish. Hephaistos ran the mile and a quarter in the excellent time of 2:06 4-5 over a track that was good but far from fast. Sande had the mount and the victory was worth $1,400 to the owner of the winner.

Five went to the post in the Merchants', with Hephaistos an odds-on favorite. The colt broke well, but was taken up, with the Whitney filly going out to make the running. After the first half mile John Paul Jones went to the fore and was rated along in front. At the mile Gadfly came on again with a determined challenge to take the lead temporarily, but John Paul Jones shook her off.

In the meantime Hephaistos had been gaining steadily after straightening out on the backstretch. He went around the leaders on the far turn and disposed of Gadfly on the homestretch. John Paul Jones could not withstand Hephaistos's challenge, the latter winning easily under mild pressure by Sande at the end. John Paul Jones just lasted to beat P. S. P. Randolph's High Prince by a nose for second money. Gadfly stopped in the final test, High Prince beating her for the short end by half a length. E. B. McLean's Pumps was never a serious contender. The winner carried top weight, giving away a pound to all the others.

Earl Sande scored a double for the second day in succession. For his second victory he had the mount on the Nevada Stock Farm's good colt General Thatcher, which ran second to Vigil in the Preakness on this track last Spring. The big brown colt, carrying top weight of 113½ pounds, was the odds-on favorite in the Reminiscence Purse for three-year-olds over the course of a mile and a sixteenth and he had little opposition in the three-horse field. His opponents were H. P. Whitney's Broomstick filly Transom and the Greentree Stable's Moonraker, by the same sire.

The richest event on the afternoon card was the $3,000 Elkridge Steeplechase, over the two-mile course. Unfortunately it was not a truly run race. J. E. Widener's Ethereal Blue, the strong favorite in the betting, had no chance to prove her worth. At the fourth fence Top Notch bore out and carried the filly with him. By the time Jones got her back on the course the field was far ahead and her cause was hopeless.

J. B. Smith's Autumn Bells was an easy winner. The Ballot colt assumed an early lead, drew away rapidly and was never in danger, being under stout restraint at the end. It was rather a hollow victory, as the winner was thirty lengths in front of W. V. Dwyer's St. Lawrence, which took second money by five lengths from R. L. Gerry's Rock Bass. Tassel tossed off Keating at the eleventh fence, but the jockey remounted and brought his mount home to save fourth money. The race was run in 3:02 and was worth $2,350 to the owner of the winner.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; purse $1,300. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Fairlight	110	Lang	6.50-1	1h
*Dolly Gaffney	100	Hastings	6.80-1	2h
Dusk	109	E.Kum'er	81.85-1	3½
Elsbeth	112	Walls	2.75-1	4h
Spartan	108	McAtee	34.55-1	5nk
Hands Up	100	W.M.Pa't	5.50-1	6nk
Salmon	108	M. Fator	20.90-1	7nk
Blue Streak	106	Hernandes	5.65-1	8nk
*Stevens	108	Legere	6.30-1	9d
Gladys V.	105	Taylor	63.90-1	10d
Palmer	112	Krunnger	3.75-1	11d
Pawnbroker	108	Marinelli	49.80-1	12d
*Filemar	107	Finn	6.90-1	13

*Mutuel field.

$2 mutuels paid: Fairlight, $14.60, $12.80, $6.80; Dolly Gaffney, $12.30, $6.60; Dusk, $26.10.

Time—1:06 3-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Fairlight, b. g., 2, by Jim Gaffney—Bayberry Candle; owned by J. Tevis and trained by W. Garth.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds; eleventh running of the Elkridge Steeplechase; $3,000 added. Two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Autumn Bells	135	Kleeker	4.80-1	1nk
St. Lawrence	132	Pierce	13.35-1	2d
Rock Bass	132	Chayne	77.70-1	3
Tassel	132	Keating	8.35-1	4
Top Notch	132	Ferguson	2.65-1	†
Ethereal Blue	137	Jones	1.40-1	†

*Lost rider. †Ran out.

$2 mutuels paid: Autumn Bells, $10.60, $5, $4.80; St. Lawrence, $10, $7.50; Rock Bass, $6.80.

Time—4:02.

Start good; won easily; place same. Autumn Bells, br. c., 5, by Ballot—Autumn; owned by J. B. Smith and trained by M. Hirsch.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; maiden jockeys; the Pegasus purse; purse $1,300. One mile and one-eighth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
North Wales	115	Robins	3.90-1	1nk
By Jiminy	112	King	18.75-1	2d
Mary Maxim	107	Tammaro	5.05-1	3d
Night Raider	113½	Faulstick	3.40-1	4d
Royal Duck	120	Smith	4.45-1	5d
Care Free	110	Mariner	3.80-1	6nk
Anniversary	115	Allen	21.30-1	7d
Sea Monarch	120	Lewiston	13.40-1	8

$2 mutuels paid: North Wales, $13.80, $7.20, $4.50; By Jiminy, $12.80, $6.80; Mary Maxim, $5.80.

Time—1:53 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. North Wales, b. g., 4 by Bachelor's Hope—Grecian Band; owned by W. E. Martin and trained by E. S. Wallace.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; purse $1,300. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Hopeless	107	Fields	4.70-1	1h
Easter	107	Schuttinger	3.40-1	2nk
Sun Quest	103	McAtee	4.50-1	3nk
Wildrake	108¼	Coltiletti	22.35-1	4d
Thimble	113	Thomas	6.75-1	5d
Scarlet Bugler	107	Babin	56.60-1	6d
Miss Smith	109	Taylor	4.00-1	7d
Fitzrue	107	Corcoran	34.25-1	8

$2 mutuels paid: Hopeless, $11.40, $5.70, $4.40; Banter, $4.60, $3.70; Sun Quest, $3.40.

Time—1:44 2-5.

Start poor; won driving; place same. Hopeless, b. g., 3, by Huon—Kolinsky; owned by Hal P. Headley and trained by J. H. Stotter.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; allowances; the Reminescence Purse; purse $1,500. One mile and one-sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Gen. Thatcher	113½	Sande	0.85-1	1nk
Transom	106	McAtee	3.15-1	2d
Moonraker	111	Coltiletti	17.80-1	3

$2 mutuels paid: General Thatcher, $2.70, out, out; Transom, out, out; Moonraker, out.

Time—1:48.

Start good; won easily; place same. General Thatcher, br. c., 3, by Sweep—Pollitena; owned by the Nevada Stock Farm and trained by P. M. Burch.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Merchants' Handicap; purse $2,000. One mile and one-quarter.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Hephaistos	114	Sande	0.90-1	1½d
John Paul Jones	101	Hastings	14.45-1	2nk
High Prince	102	Legere	11.20-1	3½
Gadfly	108	McAtee	1.90-1	4d
Pumps	95	Pierce	23.60-1	5

$2 mutuels paid: Hephaistos, $3.80, $2.90, $2.50; John Paul Jones, $8, $4.70; High Prince, $4.10.

Time—2:06 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Hephaistos, b. c., 4, by Vulcain—Neva W.; owned by F. E. Brown and trained by owner.

SEVENTH RACE.

For all ages; the Southern Claiming Handicap; purse $1,500. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Malmasat	107	Marinelli	5.30-1	1½
Flintstone	102	M. Fator	3.90-1	2nk
Amor Patriae	119	Sande	0.85-1	3½
June Grass	111	Hastings	2.25-1	4d
Skirmisher	93	Mergler	63.35-1	5½
Wellfinder	117	McAtee	7.70-1	6d
Eulalia	95	Thomas	72.60-1	7

$2 mutuels paid: Malmasat, $12.40, $5.80, $3.70; Flintstone, $3.90, $3; Amor Patriae, $3.60.

Time—1:12 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Malmasat, ch. h., 5, by Superman—Mayhead; owned by E. F. Whitney and trained by W. Irvine.

Weather clear; track fast.

FORDHAM ELEVEN READY FOR GAME

Will Meet Holy Cross in Yankee Stadium Today—Zackzewski to Play.

Coach Frank Gargan gave his Fordham football team another light workout yesterday in preparation for the Holy Cross game at the Yankee Stadium today. The team went through a dummy scrimmage to get acquainted with the Holy Cross plays and then had a short signal drill and punting practice. The punting in the N. Y. U. game was an improvement on that in some of the past contests and Gargan was satisfied with it.

The spectators at the game will also be able to follow the Princeton-Harvard contest as a large football board, placed high above the bleachers, will record every play and will show every gain, loss and goal.

Glennon, the star back of the Holy Cross team is not slated to start the game but will get in before the close of the contest. The Purple, however, has a great back in McMahon and a good defensive man in Riopel. The Maroon is not expected to win the contest but Gargan feels rather optimistic concerning the result.

Zackzewski will start at halfback and is expected to add power to the Maroon attack. Manning will not start but will get into the game if the punting of Graham falls down. Tommy Myers will also be on the sidelines at the opening whistle. Ryan, Maroon guard, who was unable to play against N. Y. U., is in good shape and will take his regular position on the Maroon line.

The probable line-up follows:

FORDHAM.		HOLY CROSS.
Fitzgerald	L.E.	Butler
Smead	L.T.	Carton
Walbridge	L.G.	Coleman
Brennan	C.	Smith
Ryan	R.G.	O'Connor
Bill	R.T.	Sullivan
Howley	R.E.	Mahoney
Graham	Q.B.	Comcowich
Zackzewski	L.H.B.	Riopel
Woerner	R.H.B.	McMahon
Donnelly, Trinity.	F.B.	Crowley

Referee—J. Keenan, Cornell. Umpire—E. J. Linesman—E. Bennis, Pennsylvania.

HOLY CROSS TEAM ON WAY.

Coaches Hold No Drill Before Leaving for Game in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 9.—Twenty-five Holy Cross football warriors, accompanied by Head Coach O'Donnell, Trainer Sullivan and two managers, left here for Fordham this afternoon and received a big send-off by the entire student body. This is the first time in five years that a Purple football team has visited Fordham. Contrary to previous plans, the squad did not even take a signal drill, as the coaches refused to add more cripples to the list by last-minute injuries.

There is still some doubt as to who will play the pivot position, although Pete Smith, the varsity regular, accompanied the team and may play part of the game. The squad will be entertained at the New York Athletic Club after the game by the Holy Cross Club of New York.

THOMAS TO LEAD ELEVEN.

St. John's Halfback to Pilot Team Against Niagara Today.

The Niagara University football team, twenty strong, arrived in New York yesterday morning. Late in the afternoon the entire squad motored to an uptown field where the varsity outfit went through a long signal drill, receiving final instructions for the game with the undefeated St. John's College eleven at Ebbets Field this afternoon.

St. John's held its final practice yesterday afternoon and at the conclusion Head Coach Lynch announced the intention of appointing a new captain for each game. Rex Thomas, 170-pound halfback from Sapulpa, Okla., will lead the team in action today.

The teams will line up as follows:

ST. JOHN'S COL.		NIAGARA UNIV.
Price	L.E.	Gorman
McCrady	L.T.	Stanley
Warren	L.G.	Neis
Plumridge	C.	O'Connor
Motley	R.G.	Kieley
O'Brien	R.T.	Di Silipo
Prendergast	R.E.	Mullin
Kennedy	Q.B.	Hecker
Thomas	L.H.B.	Turner
Matthews	R.H.B.	Sheehy
Weiss	F.B.	Sterling

SCULL'S EIGHT TRIUMPHS.

Captures Varsity Event in Princeton Fall Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 9.—In the annual Fall regatta held on Lake Carnegie today, Scull's eight defeated the boat stroked by Pirie, captain of the Princeton crew last year, in the varsity race. In the other two races McLeod's boat was winner in the 150-pound event, also winning the first award of the Dagget Cup, and Goodman's eight, coached by Bob Laidlaw, won the freshman race.

The winning boats and their seatings follow:

Scull's Boat—Deemer, bow; Thurp, 2; Conner, 3; Vangytenbeek, 4; Ball, 5; Austin, 6; Dyer, 7; Scull, stroke; Kennedy, cox. Over full course of one and three-quarter miles.

McLeod's Boat—Whiton, bow; Hawking, 2; Merrill, 3; Barringer, 4; Barton 5; Hatfield, 6; Baird, 7; McLeod, stroke; Egbert, cox. Over Henley course of one and five-sixteenth miles.

Goodman's Boat—Milburn, bow; Pierce, 2; Garry, 3; Van Vlack, 4; Peck, 5; Collady, 6; Urey, 7; Goodman, stroke; Kabayama, cox. Over three-quarter mile course.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,500; two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Parthema 107 pounds, *Miss Domino 104, Helen North 100, Eagerness 108, Amity Claim 108, Dancing Pool 108, *Friday 13th 107, Fredericktown 116, *Play On 95, *Byron 108, *The Poet 105, Jackson 108, Wrack Horn 101, Idle Thoughts 103, Dante 111, First Lady Harding 105, *Passport 102.

SECOND RACE—Purse $2,000; the Madison Handicap; three-year-olds; one mile and seventy yards. Flagstaff 126 pounds, Shuffle Along 123, Cyclops 116, Miss Cerina 100, Miss Smith 105, Setting Sun 108, Wilkesbarre 108, Valley of Dreams 98.

THIRD RACE—Purse $10,000 added; the Walden (First Division); two-year-olds; handicap; one mile. Transmute 118 pounds, Running Wild 97, Sunspero 112, Elvina 114, †Baffling 108, †Bob Tail 102, †Stanwix 106, †Mad Play 108, Rinkey 98, Mr. Muir 110, Fabian 106, Donnelly 100, Modest 106, Supliant 99. †Idle Hour Stock Farm entry. †Rancocas Stable entry.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,500; the Roland Park; for all ages; six furlongs. Fly By Day 104 pounds, Aviack 104, Goshawk 107, Cyclops 120, Toll 107, Betty Baall 104, Musfallonga 107, Heel Taps 104, Hell Gate 104, Toucana 101, Strut Miss Lizzie 98, Occupation 98.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $10,000 added; the Walden (Second Division); two-year-olds; handicap; one mile. Beau Butler 126 pounds, Sun Flag 116, Big Blaze 117, Aga Khan 112, H. T., Waters 113, Bridgeland 116, Brandale 118, †Sherman 103, †Gonfalon 115, 106, Nellie Morse 113, Lady Belle 113, Sun Magna 99, Senator Norris 112, †Rancocas Stable entry. ‡H. P. Whitney Greentree Stable entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,500; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Opperman 111 pounds, King Albert 114, *Jacqueline Julian 113, Quercus 106, Seggarth Arcos 106, Delphinula 102, *Faith 95, Harmonious 106, Wrangle 106, Lady Myra 108, *Listen Dearie 97, Pilgrim 108, Glenlit 106, Stuffer 111, High Speed 106, Fitzroe 100.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,500; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a quarter. *Vitamin 104 pounds, *Billy Watts 114, Deltarm 114, Trevelyan 119, Simbo 114, Ashland 108, Owasco 98, Anniversary 104, Lady Lillian 101, *Sea Monarch 98, *Colonel Whallen 104, Dartmoor 104, Farsove 100, Overtake 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track good.

Ford

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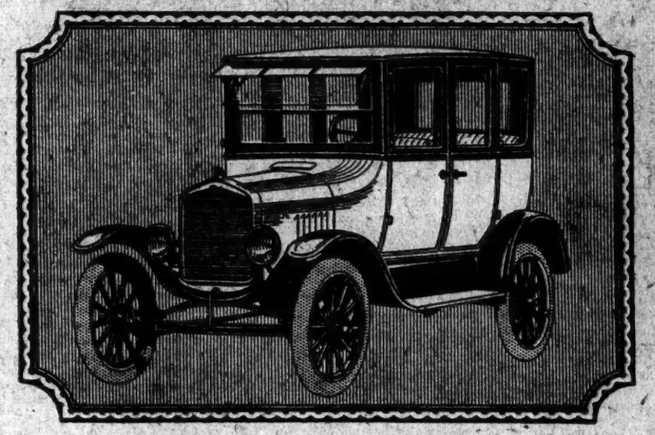

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Inside and out, the new Ford Four-door Sedan shows improvements of far more than usual importance.

It is lower and sturdier in appearance. New cowl, hood, radiator and apron add size and finish to the front. Sun visor, and wide, well-finished aluminum doors with bar handles perfect the design of the body.

The lasting lustre of the exterior finish is equalled in richness by the soft brown shades of the silk window curtains and the deep broadcloth upholstery.

Dome light, door locks, window regulators and handles, all finished in nickel, complete a refinement you would expect only at a far higher price

Convenience, utility and economy have established Ford supremacy. The Four-Door Sedan adds to these factors greater Ford prestige.

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FOOT BALL

Columbia vs. Cornell

at Polo Grounds

Today at 2 P. M.

Seats now on sale at

Columbia University Athletic Association, 114th

WARNING SOUNDED TO RING CHAMPIONS

McCormack Tells Titleholders at Meeting That Boxing Law Stands in Peril.

URGES THEM TO BE ACTIVE

Cautions Against Holding Back for Big Summer Bouts—Seven Pledge Support.

A warning of the uncertainty of professional boxing in this State and through the country was sounded yesterday by William J. McCormack, Chairman of the License Committee of the State Athletic Commission, at the meeting of champions, their managers and boxing writers in the commission offices.

In an address in which he outlined the purpose of the meeting before yielding the floor to the boxers and managers present, Chairman McCormack reminded those who should be more keenly concerned with the welfare and solid establishment of boxing that the meeting was arranged in their interests, not in the interests of the License Committee or the State Athletic Commission; he reminded them that it was to their own benefit if the sport was firmly established above reproach or danger of attack from chronic antagonists, as it would be to their disadvantage if the sport was wiped out.

"Don't overlook the fact," said McCormack, "that the Legislature meets again in January and that its session extends over January, February and March. You are reminded now, if you did not know it before, that a religious organization is even now working for the repeal of the boxing law. I understand a repeal bill will be introduced at the next session of the Legislature.

"You have been squabbling and bickering over bouts and terms for bouts. I have heard reports of matches being delayed until next year so that they could be held in the outdoor arenas at the ball parks, preferably. That's taking a big chance. Maybe there won't be any boxing in baseball parks next year. Ban Johnson has publicly advocated the abolition of boxing in ball parks, and Chairman Muldoon of the Athletic Commission last week publicly stated his opposition when he advocated a public campaign to induce baseball club owners to refuse to rent their parks for boxing. Maybe Colonel Ruppert of the Yankees feels the same way. Maybe Charles Stoneham of the Giants dislikes renting his park for boxing.

"The idea of delaying a bout for a ball park engagement is the prospect of greater money returns. Suppose, in the general scheme of things, the commission decides to place a maximum admission charge of $5 upon boxing in ball parks. The money returns would not be so great then, would they?

May Find Change Next Year.

"This meeting was arranged as an open, free-for-all affair, where everybody is at liberty to air any grievances. I expect to hear from all you managers of champions and champions here before the meeting is over. But I want you to realize from past experiences that if boxing is killed in this State, it will be killed all over the country. You are being warned that you are wasting valuable time in declining matches for your champions, for there may be no next outdoor season for you to box in, and if there is you may find conditions altogether different from what they have been in the past.

"From some of you have come reports of difficulty in closing matches for Madison Square Garden. Perhaps this difficulty will not always exist. Maybe some other big indoor club will spring up in the near future. There is a great, big drill shed up at 168th Street and Broadway, where boxing followers could be accommodated in large numbers for an important bout or a championship match. And it's no dead certainty that such armories will not be thrown open to boxing to the occasion demands.

"You have the chance to build boxing up to the position in sport which it deserves. You can be constructive or destructive, that is up to yourselves, since you are helping no one but yourselves. Bigger crowds are being attracted to boxing bouts now than ever before. Boxers and champions particularly are making more money now than ever before. Your champions are holders of honors conferred upon them by the boxing public in recognizing them as the best men in their classes. Titles are not fragile things to be won and hidden away beyond the reach of a challenger. Only through activity of champions can there be stimulated competition, for the title-seekers' have an incentive in an active champion.

"The lightweight class is the most popular class because Benny Leonard is always ready to box. When you have a dormant champion, you have a dead class. You had an illustration of this last Summer in the failures recorded in championship matches at ball parks. Only two of those held were successful. If the champions were active there would be no failures in title bouts. We want to see every champion active — want him to defend his title regularly, as champions in other lines of sport do."

Seven Pledge Their Support.

The meeting was arranged for the purpose of assembling the champions and their managers with a view of ascertaining why there is such difficulty encountered in arranging title bouts. Before the meeting ended pledges of activity had been made on behalf of seven of the holders of world's titles who either were represented at the meeting by their managers or were there in person.

Frank Churchill declared his readiness to match Pancho Villa, world's flyweight champion, against any logical challenger. Eddie Mead, manager of Joe Lynch, suspended world's bantamweight champion, stated his willingness to have Lynch meet Abe Goldstein, recognized in this State as the champion, after Lynch has engaged in one or two preliminary bouts to fit him for the Goldstein match. Mead requested permission for these bouts, to be held within ten days of each other, and promised to have Lynch submit to a physical examination by commission doctors after the bouts to determine his physical fitness for a bout with Goldstein. This arrangement was agreeable to Willie Lewis, Goldstein's manager, who was present with Goldstein, and Chairman McCormack declared he would submit the proposal to the next meeting of the State Athletic Commission.

Johnny Dundee, world's featherweight champion, was present with his manager, Jimmy Johnston, and both professed a readiness to accept a match against any qualified challenger. Billy Gibson, accompanied by Gene Tunney, indorsed McCormack's explanation of the situation, and said Leonard and Tunney both were willing to box at all times. Jack Bulger and Mickey Walker, holder of the world's welterweight title, but at present under suspension in this State, declared their willingness to arrange a match or several matches for Walker against his foremost rivals in bouts in this State.

Jimmy (Reddy) Mason and Harry Greb, world's middleweight champion, telegraphed their regrets at being unable to attend the meeting, but in the messages stated their hearty approval of whatever action the meeting developed. Mike McTigue, world's light heavyweight champion, was present and kept at a discreet distance from his manager, Joe Jacobs, with whom he is at odds. McTigue declared he not only was willing to defend his own title against Gene Tunney, American champion, when his hands have mended, but asserted he would box Tom Gibbons, Kid Norfolk, Battling Siki or Georges Carpentier. McTigue even said he would box Harry Greb for the middleweight title.

Phil Bernstein, manager of Frankie Genaro, American flyweight champion, guaranteed to have his boxer engage any logical rival, and Doc Hirsch, manager of Jack Bernstein, 160-pound champion, stated his readiness to permit Bernstein to defend his title against any qualified contender.

Poisoned Arrow, 10 to 1, Wins Liverpool Autumn Handicap

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Major Harold Cayser's Poisoned Arrow, by Spearmint, out of White Lie, at 10 to 1 against, won the Liverpool Autumn Handicap of £2,000, run here today. Sol Joel's Evander, at 100 to 7 against, was second, and Lord Derby's Pharos, 2 to 1 against, was third. Fourteen horses ran in the race, which was at one mile, two furlongs, 170 yards.

CRESCENT A. C. STAR DEFEATS WHITLOCK

Fink, Amateur Champion, Advances in National Fall Scratch Squash Tennis Tourney.

The semi-final round of the national Fall scratch squash tennis tournament was reached at the Harvard Club yesterday with Hewitt Morgan of Harvard and Thomas Coward of the Yale Club in the upper half and F. Van S. Hyde of Harvard and R. Earl Fink of the Crescent A. C., the national amateur champion, in the lower division. They will meet in the order named Monday, the matches having been put over because of the Harvard-Princeton game today. The final will be played Wednesday.

Yesterday, in the fourth round, Morgan defeated G. M. Rushmore, a clubmate, 18-14, 15-9. Coward eliminated Murray Taylor of Harvard at 15-9, 15-7. Hyde advanced at the expense of E. S. Lloyd of Princeton at 15-2, 15-4, and Fink won from F. S. Whitlock of the Crimson forces, 15-13, 15-7. The champion started strong against Whitlock, getting a lead of 4-1 and then adding 5 more points in a single hand, making the score 9-1. The Harvard representative captured the next two points, getting in some good backhand shots. The score then went to 11-5, 12-6 and 14-11. Whitlock got the next two points and the match threatened to go to extra lengths, when Fink made the winning shot in his next hand, bringing the game to an end at 15-13.

Harvard Player Rallies.

In the second game the Crescent A. C. star ran nine points before the other got one. He ran five in his first hand and after several handouts had been called added four more.

Whitlock took the next two points and then Fink increased his lead to 12-2, smashing the ball with terrific power and at times giving his opponent no chance to get his racquet on the ball. The Harvard player now came to the fore and brought his total of points up to 7 before Fink could add another. Clever placing and a number of exceptionally good gets featured this rally by Whitlock. Fink brought the match to an end quickly after this, taking the next three points for 15 and game.

Morgan was slow to find himself against Rushmore and allowed his clubmate to go into the lead. He was guilty of repeated errors, hitting into the telltale more often than is his custom. He steadied down toward the end of the game and made a fine spurt to catch his opponent, but not until Rushmore had acquired 13 points, thus making it necessary to play for extra points. Once he had his game in hand, Morgan left no doubt as to the superiority of his game, placing skilfully and catching Rushmore out of position constantly. The second game was decided more quickly. Morgan dominated the play from the start and allowed his opponent only 9 points.

Hyde Is Easy Winner.

Hyde rushed through his match with Lloyd and won almost as he pleased. After taking the first game at 15-2 he slowed down a bit in the second and Lloyd doubled his number of points, the game ending at 15-4. Coward showed a strong service against Taylor. The Harvard representative was thrown out of position again and again, and the Yalensian came through quickly with finishing shots, smashing with his characteristic power. Taylor maintained an interesting pace in the first game but was outclassed in the second, in which he was outscored 2 points to 1.

The summaries:

Fourth Round—Hewitt Morgan, Harvard Club, defeated G. M. Rushmore, Harvard Club, 18—14, 15—9; Thomas Coward, Yale Club, defeated Murray Taylor, Harvard Club, 15—9, 15—7; F. Van S. Hyde, Harvard Club, defeated E. S. Lloyd, Princeton Club, 15—2, 15—4; R. Earl Fink, Crescent A. C., defeated F. S. Whitlock, Harvard Club, 15—13, 15—7.

BELL HEADS TENNIS CLUB.

Is Re-elected President of the Jackson Heights Organization.

Major Raymond E. Bell was re-elected President of the Jackson Heights Tennis Club at the annual meeting, it was announced yesterday. Harold M. Shaw, formerly Treasurer, was elected Vice President; James H. Hall, Treasurer, and Warren W. Lewis was re-elected to serve his fourth term as Secretary.

It was voted at the meeting to incorporate the club, which is one of the largest in the country, under the laws of the State of New York. During the past season the club held the Long Island championship and staged benefit matches for the Japanese Relief Fund, in which William T. Tilden 2d, the national champion, appeared.

TO MEET ON COURTS.

City A. C. Handball Team Will Play West Side Y. M. C. A. Tuesday.

A picked handball team representing the City Athletic Club will meet the West Side Y. M. C. A. team in a one-wall handball match Tuesday night on the City A. C. courts. The contest will be decided in favor of the team winning four out of seven matches. The City A. C. will be represented by A. Wandman, S. Franke and H. Sers, while R. Powers, J. Byrne and S. Tutus will constitute the West Side team.

BRENNAN LOSES $1,809.70.

Share of Purse for Bout With Miske Is Given to Charity.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 9.—A charitable organization today receive $1,809.70, representing the share of Billy Brennan, New York prizefighter, for his match here Wednesday night with Billy Miske of St. Paul. The money, presented by the local American Legion post, was not given to Brennan on the ground that he made an unfavorable showing.

Brennan was knocked out in the fourth round of a scheduled ten-round bout, and subsequently was suspended temporarily from boxing in Nebraska by the State Boxing Commission pending an investigation.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Frankie Jerome vs. Spencer Gardner, twelve rounds; Tony Vaccarelli vs. Joe Treiste; Georgie Doherty vs. Joe Lowen; Bobby Walters vs. Emil Paluso, three six-round bouts.

Ninth Coast Defense Command Armory—Henry Catena vs. Willie Gallagher, twelve rounds; Bobby Wagner vs. Willie Clarkson, eight rounds.

Ridgewood Grove S. C., Brooklyn—Willie Kohler vs. Frankie Edwards; Sid Rabin vs. Jackie Coburn; Frankie Albano vs. Charlie Leafe; Eddie Clifford vs. Ernie McCarron; Georgie West vs. Johnny Willetta, five six-round bouts.

ANNUAL HORSE SHOW WILL START TODAY

National Association to Begin Judging at 2 o'Clock in Squadron A Armory.

203 CLASSES ARE LISTED

Entries Are So Numerous That Three Daily Sessions Will Be Held All Next Week.

When the bugle blares in Squadron A Armory at Park Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street at 2 o'clock this afternoon, seven children's ponies will enter through the wide-swinging gates into the big tanbark arena to contest in the first class of the twenty-eighth annual exhibition of the National Horse Show Association. So large is the entry and so numerous are the classes this Fall that it was found necessary to add another day to the event, which, with the opera, annually ushers in the New York social season.

Despite the extra day morning sessions will be necessary, as in other years, during all of next week. Thus all of Monday morning will be devoted to the judging of the conformation of horses entered in classes 146 to 166, where conformation counts, and placing these contestants in the lightweight, middleweight and heavyweight classes to hold during the show. Next Friday morning will be devoted to three classes of polo mounts, while on other mornings there will be horse and roule pulling contests. The show will continue all of next week, with the afternoon sessions beginning at 2 o'clock and the evening sessions at 8 o'clock.

A total of 203 classes will be judged during the seven days of the exhibition, the entry in which is even larger than a year ago. In general the classification follows that of recent years, with a few innovations. The noted challenge cups for which there has been brilliant competition in the past again will be sought by the stars of the horse show ring from all parts of the United States and Canada. Many old favorites have been entered, but they will be challenged by the newcomers that have been groomed during the innumerable Summer shows to be at their best for the national.

Better Quality This Year.

There is every expectation that this year's national will surpass in quality and interest any exhibition since the directors made their decision to move uptown from Madison Square Garden, which historic structure housed the event through many horse show generations. It has taken time to accustom horsemen and society to the new location, but the more adequate accommodation and the many other obvious advantages have finally won unqualified approval.

This year's setting again will represent historic Mount Vernon, the home of Washington being shown at the west end of the armory, with the stables, schoolhouse, dairy and other buildings at the opposite end. Luncheon and tea once more will be served on the spacious veranda, as in other years, society women in the crinolines of a century ago presiding at the tables.

The cavalry of the army made its most impressive showing at the national, and this year is prepared to outdo itself in the competition for ribbons, cash and trophies. Among the contestants in the various classes to which army representatives will be eligible will be many aspirants for honors at the forthcoming Olympic games.

The army will make an unusual effort to carry off the Beresford Challenge Cup, presented by Colonel Lord Decies. This is to be competed for by officers of the United States Army or militia. It has been in competition since 1915, and must be won twice by the same officer to become his permanent property. Last year it was won by Captain C. H. Gerhardt with Deceive. No less than forty-two entries have been received for this event, of which the cavalry school has named eighteen.

Many More Entrants.

The Third Cavalry also will make a strong bid for the trophy, with an even dozen entries. The First Squadron of the Third Cavalry has named four and the United States Military Academy will be represented by five. The other entries are by Colonel Lewis B. Ballantyne, Major Terry Allen and Headquarters Troop, Fifty-first Cavalry. The many other classes to which the army mounts are eligible also have large entries which promise the keenest competition.

The first of the military events will be contested this afternoon, when nineteen officers' chargers will compete for the Colonel Frank E. Keech Cup in Class 156. Both the Third Cavalry and the Cavalry School have six entries in the event, while there are two from Squadron A, two from the 105th Field Artillery and individual entries by Colonel Ballantyne and Major Allen.

Polo has made tremendous strides in the army during the last two years, and the progress of the great galloping game in the service has been recognized by the Horse Show Association with special classes. One of these will be judged this afternoon, when lightweight polo mounts owned by the United States Government or officers of the regular army will compete for the W. A. Harriman Cup in Class 184. Mr. Harriman also offers the cup in Class 185 for heavyweight polo mounts under the same conditions, which will be judged this evening.

One of the most sought for trophies offered for army competition is the Overseas Cup, which will be the last event on the program this afternoon. The cup also carries a cash award of $150, with three other money prizes. The conditions call for horses up to carrying 200 pounds, owned by the United States Government or regular officers of the army. The contestants are judged for manners, conformation, performance as a saddle horse at walk, trot and canter and performance over eight jumps. It is a rigid test of charger quality, and seventeen of the best that the army can muster will be in the ring this afternoon.

Offer Varied Program.

For the opening day there is a varied program that should cater to all tastes. In addition to the usual pony, harness and saddle classes and competitions for hunters and jumpers there will be a number of special features, including an exhibition by the Third Cavalry from Fort Myer, Va., and by Troop C of Squadron A, an exhibition of trick jumping and an exhibition of a six-horse draught team. Special features will be presented throughout next week's sessions.

Among the army officers who will be in attendance during Horse Show Week are Maj. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, Brig. Gen. F. W. Sladen, Major F. W. Bowley, Captain V. V. Taylor, Captain R. I. Sasse, Captain Calvin DeWitt Jr., Lieutenant H. C. Mewshaw, Major J. A. Barry, Major Sloan Doak, Major C. P. George, Major R. W. Tsulbee, Major C. L. Scott, Lieutenant P. C. Robinett, Lieutenant L. B. Jones, Captain V. P. Padgett, Major John K. Brown, Captain J. T. Duke, Captain H. L. Earnest, Captain O. I. Holman, Captain C. C. Smith, Captain F. C. Waters, Lieutenant Frank L. Carr and Major McClure.

The patronesses of the show this year are: Mrs. Edward McVickar, Chairman; Mrs. Vernon C. Brown, Miss Fannie Cottenet, Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mrs. A. Butler Duncan, Mrs. John Innes Kane, Mrs. Lawrence Keene, Mrs. James S. Latham, Mrs. Henry R. Logle, Mrs. James Metcalfe, Mrs. Francis Rogers, Mrs. Joseph H. Sears, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Coffin Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Charles de Rham Jr. and Miss Maude Wetmore. The patrons are Dr. Robert Abbe, Colonel Henry Breckenridge, Major William A. Murphy, Stephen H. Pell and Major Lenillard Spencer.

Events on Today's Program Of the National Horse Show

Afternoon.

2:00—Class 141—Seven children's ponies under saddle, under 14.2; ridden by girls under 14 years of age.
2:15—Class 176—Five pony jumpers, over jumps 3 feet 6 inches high; ridden by boys under 14 years of age.
2:30—Class 186—Nineteen officers' chargers, Colonel Frank E. Keech Cup.
3:00—Class 103—Six ponies in harness, over 13 and not over 13.2.
3:15—Class 80—Three novice roadsters.
3:30—Class 138—Five ponies under saddle, 12 and not over 12.2.
3:45—Class 140—Eleven children's ponies under saddle, over 12.2 and not over 14.2; ridden by amateurs under 14 years of age.
4:05—Exhibition of high school horse Masterpiece, ridden and trained by Emile Antony.
4:15—Class 102—Three pony stallions in harness.
4:25—Jack Prestage showing Tipperary in trick jumping.
4:35—Exhibition by Third Cavalry, Fort Myer, Va.
4:50—Class 184—Three lightweight polo mounts, owned by United States Government or officers of the regular army; W. A. Harriman Cup.
5:00—Class 180—Seventeen officers' horses for the Overseas Cup.
6:00—Recess.

Evening.

8:00—Class 86—Three draft horses shown to halter.
8:10—Class 108—Four novice ponies in harness.
8:20—Class 185—Five heavyweight polo mounts, owned by United States Government or officers of the regular army; W. A. Harriman Cup.
8:35—Class 40—Five pairs draft horses, shown to working vehicle.
8:50—Exhibition of six-horse draft team by National Biscuit Company.
9:05—Class 137—Nine ponies under saddle, over 13.2 and not over 14.2.
9:25—Exhibition by Troop C, Squadron A.
9:45—Class 174—Thirty hunters or jumpers over triple bars; the Commodore Cup.

WESTERN INTEREST CENTRES IN URBANA

Illinois Will Meet Wisconsin in the Leading Big Ten Game Today.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Championship contenders for the 1923 Western Conference gridiron title round into the last lap of the race tomorrow with Wisconsin and Illinois, bitter rivals, meeting in the Illinois' new $2,000,000 memorial stadium in the most important combat on the day's schedule.

Other Big Ten elevens also will be occupied, but in games having no bearing on the championship. Chicago is a top-heavy favorite to defeat Indiana at Stagg Field, while Purdue appears to have the edge on Ohio State at Lafayette. The powerful Michigan eleven will engage the Quantico Marines at Ann Arbor, while Northwestern will face Lake Forest at Evanston. Minnesota and Iowa have no games scheduled tomorrow.

Outside the Conference, Notre Dame and Nebraska promise to furnish a hard battle on the Cornhuskers' home field. Notre Dame, boasting victories over Princeton, the Army and Georgia Tech, is determined to square accounts with the 1922 champions of the Missouri Valley Conference for the 14-to-0 defeat of a year ago. The battle will be fought before a capacity crown in Nebraska's new stadium.

The Illinois-Wisconsin game is expected to draw from 35,000 to 40,000 spectators. If Illinois goes down to defeat it will be out of the running for the championship, and Wisconsin will be in line to stage the biggest game of the season in Big Ten circles when it lines up against the undefeated Michigan team a week later.

The Badgers, in spite of the loss of the star lineman Gerber, are confident they can put a blot on the otherwise clean Illinois record. The game promises to be a battle from start to finish between two fast backfields, the Badgers facing the difficult task of stopping the fleet Grange, the West's leading scorer, which past opponents of Illinois have failed to do.

Coach Zuppke of the Illinois eleven realized the danger of defeat as a result of the frame of mind of the Badgers. The loss of Gerber, who was declared ineligible forty-eight hours before the game, has made the Badgers fighting mad, and they hope to spring an upset. Not since 1917 has Illinois humbled Wisconsin on the Illinois field.

Coach Ryan's Badgers have had two weeks of careful preparation for the Illinois engagement and every member of the team is in condition for a grueling contest.

BIG TEN MAY ADOPT NO-PROTEST RULING

Football Coaches to Consider Not Contesting a Player in Midseason.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—When Western Conference athletic directors and coaches meet here Nov. 30 and Dec. 1, to draw up sport schedules for the next year, they will consider adoption of a rule to prevent the protest of a football player on the grounds of professionalism after Oct. 1 of any year, it was learned today.

The disqualification of E. C. Gerber, star Wisconsin tackle, in the middle of the conference season, has raised the question whether in football, as in track and baseball, the time of protest should not be limited. Some football coaches are said to be in favor of such a ruling.

Michigan and Illinois will probably resume football relations next year, according to gossip among football enthusiasts of the two colleges. Last Winter, when the schedules for this season were made up, it was learned that both Michigan and Illinois wanted to resume relations but could not agree on a game. Michigan wanted to open the stadium at Urbana, but Illinois had promised this date to Chicago, and Yost and Zuppke could not reconcile other dates to fit their schedules.

If Michigan should play Illinois in 1924 and also retain Iowa, it would probably have the hardest Big Ten schedule, as the games with Ohio State, Minnesota and Wisconsin are considered fixtures on Michigan's list of annual games.

Billiard Results.

H. Huggard and R. Blair were the winners last night in the inter-State three-cushion championship at Lawler Brothers' Academy, Brooklyn. Huggard defeated H. Millwood, 25 to 22, in seventy-nine innings. His high run was 3. Millwood's C. Blair won from H. Gans, 25 to 24, in sixty-six innings. Both players made a high run of 3. Beginning Monday, Joseph Johann, national Class B 18.2 balkline champion, and Joseph Honsch, who won the Brooklyn straight rail championship this week, will play four nightly blocks of 18.2 balkline of 150 points each.

L. C. Lecker defeated T. C. Rook in the Manhattan three-cushion championship at the Recreation Academy last night. The score was 25 to 15. Lecker went out in 37 innings and both players had a high run of 5.

RICKEY COMES HERE TO TRADE HORNSBY

St. Louis Manager Arrives in Time to See McGraw Before He Sails for Europe.

HUGE DEAL IS EXPECTED

Kelly, Bancroft and Groh May Go to Cardinals for Home-Run Star and Bottomley.

Branch Rickey and Sam Breadon, the long-missing pilgrims from St. Louis, finally arrived in New York yesterday, but at a late hour they had not succeeded in getting rid of Rogers Hornsby, the greatest slugger in the National League, who is said to have been marked for the auction block because he forgot himself and punched Manager Rickey on the nose once or twice last season. For this breach of etiquette, the Cardinal chieftains have offered Rogers to both the Cubs and Pirates without success, and their presence in New York is now said to concern a possible trade with John J. McGraw.

While Messrs. Breadon and Rickey remained in seclusion at the Waldorf, Manager McGraw told newspaper men in the Giants' office his sentiments regarding the question of adding Hornsby to an already great infield.

"I haven't seen the St. Louis men," said John J. "Consequently we haven't talked business. But I do know what they have demanded for Hornsby, and I, for one, think their demands are too much. I wouldn't trade Frank Frisch even for Hornsby, nor would I again offer to give them $250,000 for their second baseman. The day is passed when Hornsby is worth that much to the Giants. I think Frisch is as great a player as Hornsby is. But I am still willing to talk trade with Rickey and Breadon. As I said before, I will trade anybody on my club but Frisch, Young and Jackson."

Rickey and Breadon were exceedingly coy about their reasons for making a November trip to New York. They told newspaper men that the real object of their business was to visit Montreal to arrange, if possible, for transferring the Syracuse International League franchise, which the Cardinals control, to the Canadian city. That business done, they came to New York, but nobody could explain why they took the roundabout route through this city, unless it was for the purpose of peddling Hornsby to the Giants.

That McGraw will confer with the St. Louisans before they leave New York, is a foregone conclusion. It is an certainty that Breadon and his manager are not sojourning here for their health. McGraw, it is said, has been doing some profound thinking about a deal for Hornsby, who would be a box office attraction that might rival Babe Ruth of the Yankees. McGraw needs pitchers and a centre fielder more than a second baseman, but the Giants also need a man like Hornsby to draw the people into the park with his home run hitting and his knack for leading his league hitters with averages around the .400 mark.

The possibility of Jim Bottomley, the St. Louis first baseman, also figuring in the deal, is interesting local baseball circles, in that case Kelly would go to the Cardinals, and it is said that McGraw might throw in Groh and Bancroft, moving Frisch over to third and inserting young Jackson at shortstop.

It is an odd coincidence that President Breadon and Manager Rickey reached New York just in time to catch McGraw before he sails for Europe on Tuesday with Mrs. McGraw and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Jennings. The visit was timed perfectly. Now the whole baseball world is waiting with bated breath for the developments of the next three days. If a trade eventuates, it will be one of the biggest in the history of baseball.

INCREASES LEAD IN TRIALS

New England Hound Now Has 120 Points in Chase Futurity.

WASHINGTON COURT-HOUSE, Ohio, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—Choose, a young hound owned by M. D. Brainard of Hartford, Conn., retained his lead in the Chase Futurity of the annual field trials of the National Fox Hunters' Association, by leading the field again today in the second cast of the event. Judges yesterday gave the New England-owned dog 85 points and today he added 35 more for a total score of 120.

Second place in the event was held by Creek, owned by Jasper Maupin of Versailles, Ky. Creek was credited with 110 points for the two days' running.

A triple tie for third place existed after scores were tallied tonight. Mark Twain, owned by R. L. Hayes of Spencer, W. Va.; White Joe of the Hunters' Rest Kennels, Wartrace, Tenn., and Stronghearts, owned by G. Graham Jr., of Parkersburg, W. Va., each having 85 points.

The Futurity, the field of which is entirely made up of young dogs, will be finished tomorrow, when the third cast will be made. Twenty-nine of the thirty-eight hounds which started today are eligible for the final trial, nine being eliminated because of loafing and babbling. Five foes were sighted during today's hunt.

The final event of the program will start next Monday, when the older dogs take the field for the All-Age Stake. The bench show, first set for next Wednesday, will be held on Monday afternoon.

DOG DERBY IN FEBRUARY.

Classic of American Continent to Be Run at The Pas.

THE PAS, Manitoba, Nov. 9.—The Pas Dog Derby, the classic of the American Continent, probably will be run late in February, it was announced today. Dr. R. D. Crok was re-elected President of the Derby Association. Frank Burns of Toronto, donor of the cup which was won by Charles Mertan's team last year, was elected a life patron.

W. VA. LEAVES FOR GAME.

Will Play W. and L. Eleven Today —Holds Short Signal Drill.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Tonight at 9:30 o'clock the West Virginia University football squad left here in private cars attached to a special train of ten coaches for Charleston, W. Va., where the Mountaineers play the Washington and Lee eleven. Coach Spears hurried his team through a signal drill today. The Mountaineer special is scheduled to arrive at Charleston tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock. The squad will be quartered at the Edgewood Country Club.

Browns Again Select Mobile.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—The St. Louis Americans will train at Mobile, Ala., again next season, it was announced today. It is the third successive time the Browns have selected this city.

Dempsey Going to Europe.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 9.—Jack Dempsey, champion heavyweight fighter, and his manager, Jack Kearns, are planning another visit to Europe after the holidays, it was announced today.

Chapman Victor in Bout.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Red Chapman of Chelsea received the decision over Johnny Drew of Worcester at the end of their ten-round bout here tonight. They are feather-weights.

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TOMORROW

CONQUERING GRAND CANYON'S RAPIDS—How the most adventurous expedition dispatched by the Government within recent years was undertaken and brought to a successful conclusion.

LEVY ON SMALL INCOMES REDUCED?—Tentative proposals which would reduce Federal taxes, to be considered when Congress convenes next month.

SECRET OF MAN'S ORIGIN—Researches of Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the American Museum of Natural History, just returned from an eventful exploration trip into Mongolia.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 10, 1923.

BAVARIAN OPERA BOUFFE.

The proclamation of President EBERT does not seem to have been far amiss in describing the revolution in Bavaria as the work of lunatics. It appears now to have been a crazy movement inspired and directed by persons better fitted for the comic opera stage than for a serious effort to overthrow the Berlin Government. The thing was evidently a sort of premature explosion. The bomb was set off before the day fixed. Apparently carried away by a mixture of beer and oratory, the Munich conspirators forced the pace and speedily found themselves without any substantial following, so that their being surrounded and captured by loyal German troops was only a matter of a few hours. Thus another great miscalculation must be added to the record of LUDENDORFF. In consenting to place himself in command of the Bavarian revolutionists, he doomed the whole movement to general condemnation, even if he succeeded. His abject failure covers it with world-wide ridicule.

This abortive revolution in Bavaria has its chief importance as showing how strong remains, in spite of all troubles and menaces, the feeling of German unity. To it the Berlin authorities appealed not in vain. In Bavaria several different currents of opinion have been visible. Some urged the erection of South Germany into an independent kingdom. Others would have wished to see Bavaria remain more clearly autonomous within the German Reich. But still other rash spirits conceived the idea of a militarist or monarchistic uprising which should sweep from Munich to Berlin and set up a strong Government in place of the weak republic. It is this latter fantastic project upon which LUDENDORFF and HITLER imprudently embarked and which has so quickly come to disastrous wreck. They left entirely out of their reckoning the powerful sentiment of the essential need of unity, which has been bred in the hearts of two generations of Germans since 1870.

The ignominious collapse at Munich must leave the German Republic more secure. If LUDENDORFF had marched at the head of Bavarian troops upon Berlin, there can be little doubt that the great mass of German workingmen would have resorted once more to a general strike to prove their devotion to republican forms of government and to have demonstrated that they would never submit to a restoration of the monarchy under any guise.

The Bavarian fiasco also has its relations with the French. They have been watching events in Germany with jealous interest. Apparently their intelligence service was better than that of Berlin, as they foresaw events which came upon Chancellor STRESEMANN as a great surprise. What was known to be in the wind by the French Government was the basis of the dispatch sent this week to Berlin in the name of all the Allies notifying the Stresemann Government that France would not permit the setting up of a military dictatorship in Germany. There is a hint here of what would have happened to LUDENDORFF if he had not been nipped in the bud at Munich. The position which the French have taken and would maintain was indicated by M. POINCARÉ in his speech of Oct. 28, in a passage which, read in the light of subsequent events, seems to be full of a singular clairvoyance. The French Premier said:

> Whatever may be tomorrow the constitution of Germany, whatever may indeed be the relations of the States which formerly composed the German Empire, we shall never think of going counter to the will of the people, nor shall we ever cherish any scheme of annexation. But we shall not give up our right to permanent guarantees of security. Those which were pledged us at Versailles have not been forthcoming. Germany has, on her side, for several months paralyzed the control of the Interallied Military Commission; she has evaded many of the obligations which she assumed respecting the number and the arms of the men under her flag; she has rabidly made over her factories for the manufacture of guns and munitions; she could in a few days fit out an aerial fleet; she has not shaken herself free from those militaristic influences which have so long been dominant; she encourages or tolerates everywhere a stimulated propaganda of revenge and of imperialism. We should, therefore, be most imprudent if we did not hold ourselves on guard and refuse to abandon or weaken our means of protection.

France has been many times reproached for not having made severer cuts in the strength of her army. Events in Germany tend to show that she was more far-sighted than her critics. The markets of the world have suffered a much slighter shock from the rumors of war in Germany than they would have undergone had it not been known that a strong French military force was keeping watch on the Rhine.

THE PEOPLE'S HIRED MAN.

In a Washington dispatch to The Boston Transcript, Mr. THEODORE G. JOSLIN tells us that Mr. COOLIDGE is already prepared to write his first message to Congress. All he has got to do is to sift and correlate the information which he has been collecting in the last three months on the state of the Union. He has put in a good hard day's work every day since he took office. He has received visitors from all parts of the country, many of them summoned to Washington to give their opinions on subjects on which they are authorities. He has talked with or been talked to by:

> Members of the Cabinet, Government officials, members of Congress, members of State and national political committees, agricultural experts, railway executives, leaders of organized labor, newspaper editors, steamship owners and operators, bankers, members of the Diplomatic Corps, army and navy officers, various State officials, officers of patriotic and private organizations, leaders in civil service reform, officials of World War organizations, experts on tariff and industrial matters, and many others. Each has come on a particular errand. Furthermore, the callers have been carefully selected.

So, laboriously, and on top of all his routine work, Mr. COOLIDGE gets a sort of survey of the best-informed opinion. He milks the minds of his callers. He makes a syllabus and summary of facts and projects. He sticks his notes into fat envelopes. There are fourteen of these already. The work of collection is virtually completed. What the President has to do about his message is chiefly a matter of selection and condensation. He has the material on which to base the recommendations that he will make to Congress next month. He has the "stuff" in his head. What he has to do is to write it out. The shorter he makes it, the surer he can be that it will be read by everybody.

BUILDING SCHOOLS FOR NEGROES.

Nearly two thousand schools for negro children, distributed throughout the entire South, is the record of eleven years of work of the Julius Rosenwald Fund. Beginning with a small contribution from Mr. ROSENWALD, given to the late BOOKER WASHINGTON on the express understanding that the negroes should themselves raise an equivalent or a larger sum, the work has spread so as to affect thousands of negroes in many different States. The provision that the negroes must help themselves has been adhered to during the entire period of the work. Of the total of $7,000,000 spent up to date, the Rosenwald Fund has given $1,400,000 and the negroes $1,800,000. The balance has come from the public school authorities and from individual white men who saw the value of the movement. For the year 1924 the fund has appropriated $562,000 to aid in the construction of 500 new schools.

The significance of this work cannot be overstressed. It has given a great impetus to the education of the colored race in the South, more particularly in those counties where it had been neglected. The buildings to which the Rosenwald Fund contributes become the property of the school authorities. They are of the latest modern type, and are located with a view to the needs of particular communities. Better schools have made it easier to get better teachers. In this manner it has been possible to raise the general standard of education. Inasmuch as no community is helped unless the school term runs at least five months, it has been possible to overcome the evil of short-term schools, against which such leaders as BOOKER WASHINGTON and Dr. MOTON protested.

One of the complaints of the negroes who in recent years have left the South in such large numbers has been the lack of satisfactory school facilities in that region. By stimulating counties to build, the Rosenwald Fund has taken an important step in overcoming this difficulty. Furthermore, it has roused the State and county educational authorities to the importance of better education for whites as well as negroes, with a resulting increase in the general standard of education.

The story is told that when BOOKER WASHINGTON and JULIUS ROSENWALD first met to discuss this problem in 1912, the former pointed to the statistics in his own State of Alabama, which showed that in one year, when the State had appropriated $2,865,000 for education, the negroes, although they numbered about half of the population of the State, received an allotment of only $360,000. Only 20 per cent. of the negro school population were enrolled as compared with 60 per cent. of the white school population. Furthermore, the negro schools averaged less than four months tuition a year, whereas the white schools averaged more than seven months. Small wonder that in these circumstances both men felt that something had to be done. The work which they then began stands out as one of the most important contributions to negro education in recent years.

THE RAILWAYS AND CONGRESS.

One thing about the railways is beyond dispute—they are breaking all records for efficiency of operation. They are also spending more money than ever to enable them to do it. They moved more than forty million carloads of freight this year in the first ten months, an increase of 10 per cent. over the record year 1920. The car surplus in the grain States was the maximum known. Each car carried more tons and moved more miles in a day than ever before. There were eight similar new records of efficiency. To accomplish this the railways needed more cars, engines and facilities of all sorts. These were provided at a cost of half a billion in 1922, a billion in 1923, and capital expenditures in 1924 will probably increase the total to two billions. Apart from wages, railway expenditures which went into other industries totaled more than three billions in 1923.

Long ago the railways learned not to expect public thanks. Speaking on their behalf, Mr. KRUTTSCHNITT, in his address Thursday night, asked only that the railways be let alone under the laws as they exist. But lawmakers who never ran a railway are eager to change the Transportation act so that the railways will not be able to earn so much money while being called on to spend more. Valuation having shown that the railways are entitled to larger profits, the process of reducing the valuation in order to reduce the rates is in full cry, although the Interstate Commerce Commission within a week has refused even to open an inquiry into the general rate situation. With the certainty that destructive legislation will be attempted in Congress, it may be desirable to urge something constructive. Railway operators believe that use of joint facilities might be made still more efficient. The pooling of freight cars, under central control, along with standardizing of repairs, is favored by owners of railway securities. They think that the best course is to oppose hurtful amendments of the Transportation act by helpful proposals.

However that may be, the railways are expending billions for betterments, which might legally go into dividends. The idea that rates should be enough merely to pay for cost of movement, and that betterments should not be made from earnings, has reduced profits so low that the railways are in poor credit. They are not able to borrow as freely as the country needs to have them spend. Congress would bite off its nose to spite its face if it approved lowering of rates below the necessity of betterments and service.

OBREGON'S STRONG GOVERNMENT.

The Mexico of OBREGON is evidently not the Mexico of MADERO and CARRANZA. In a bitter pre-election campaign between General CALLES and ADOLFO DE LA HUERTA order is maintained in the Federal District by a resolute Governor co-operating with a sick President regaining his health at Lake Chapala. Recently a parade, seventy thousand strong, of the supporters of General CALLES was held in the streets of the capital with casualties kept down to five paraders killed, thanks to the vigilance of the district police. Before the accession of OBREGON there would have been talk of a revolutionary movement, but peace settled down on the city the following day, the publicity bureaus of the two candidates taking up the fighting.

A more troublesome episode, with great possibilities of disorder, was the political attempt to provoke a "general strike," which Governor ROSS checked before it became dangerous. There was to be a suspension of work by telephone employes, the street railway men, workers in the power plants, textile operators and the bakers. The water supply was to be cut off and lights were to go out. Rioting was to be started. There seems to be no doubt that the object was to embarrass the municipal Administration. But no great progress was made after Governor ROSS assembled strong forces of police and called upon the Federal Government for troops. The city was turned into an armed camp overnight. A demonstration of the street railway men was called off at once. The "general strike" was over before it began. In a proclamation Governor ROSS ascribed the conspiracy to "certain political elements."

It is explained that the beneficiary of the expected outbreak was to be the candidate of the National Co-operatists Party, DE LA HUERTA. It is not easy to reconcile this view with the well-known fact that General CALLES is the radical candidate and has a large following in the ranks of the employed, workers for the corporations and the public service institutions which were to be crippled by the "general strike." But politics is very much mixed in Mexico at present. One thing is clear, however, the Obregon Government is stronger than all the opposition interests combined and does not hesitate to use its power to preserve order.

THE POLICE INQUIRY.

In an opinion rendered in the proceedings growing out of Police Commissioner ENRIGHT'S complaint that he had been libeled by Assemblyman CUVILLIER and Magistrate JOSEPH E. CORRIGAN, Judge CRAIN says that the charge against the Police Commissioner is "unsustained," but holds CUVILLIER to await the action of the Grand Jury. In his telegram to Magistrate CORRIGAN in April last Mr. CUVILLIER asked him to call a mass meeting "appealing to Governor "SMITH to remove ENRIGHT pending "a legislative investigation of the "Police Department," because, while 90 per cent. of the police "are honest and want to do their duty," it could be shown that the Police Commissioner and his "graft collectors" were using the power given them by the Mullan-Gage law corruptly. "While the telegram," Judge CRAIN holds, "did not call the complainant a 'grafter,' it in effect charged him "with 'grafting' through collectors "employed by him to graft." Judge CRAIN adds:

> After seeing and hearing seventy-one witnesses and reading their testimony as transcribed on 3,285 pages of typewriting, examining 169 exhibits and weighing the summation of counsel, I am glad to feel required to say that nothing brought to my attention gives ground to believe that Commissioner ENRIGHT is dishonest.

Magistrate CORRIGAN is absolved from blame. "I am convinced," says Judge CRAIN, "that you realized your "moral responsibility to make this "corruption and its results known to "the people." That means the grafting that is charged against members of the Police Department. Magistrate CORRIGAN is credited with an attempt to stop the publication of the sentence in the Cuvillier telegram which "assails the honesty of the complainant." Thus he was not "the conscious publisher of the objectionable matter." He could not justly be suspected of criminal libel.

In the case of Assemblyman CUVILLIER it is held that, while his purpose was commendable, his language was unfair to the complainant and "falls "within the condemnation of the "statute." So it is brought to the attention of the Grand Jury. Mr. CUVILLIER will welcome this issue, for the sequel to it may be a prosecution that should give him the opportunity to prove his charges that the police have engaged in bootlegging and have quarreled among themselves "as to "the division of the spoils from bootleggers." It must not be overlooked that Judge CRAIN finds evidence that a few police officials have been guilty of both grafting and perjury. He calls upon Commissioner ENRIGHT to drive all corrupt men off the police force.

THE CHESTER CONCESSION.

From the very first there has been a sort of Arabian Nights atmosphere about the Chester concession. Like the merchandise of Mareuf, it is going to make everybody rich some day, but is taking a long time to do it. Several of the most distinguished gentlemen who have been in the company are now out of it. The CHESTERS, who were ruled out in arbitration proceedings, seem to be still in, apparently because there is no money to buy them out. Colonel CLAYTON KENNEDY, in Paris on his way home from Angora, is still excommunicating his enemies; and while a corporation with potential assets of ten billions or so is put out of the desk room which it occupied in a downtown office building, engineers are hastily rushing to Angora to start work and prevent the forfeiture of the concession. Meanwhile, the names most prominent in the affairs of the company are those of Mr. HENRY WOODHOUSE, whose long experience in the Aero Club makes him feel more at home in the clouds than with both feet on the ground, and Mr. W. E. D. STOKES, who is compassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses that whatever he does is news.

The immediate reason for the dissensions in the organization is a difference of opinion over the stock-selling campaign, and the reason for the stock-selling campaign is the reluctance of big financial interests to take over the financing of the concession. It may be that had such a concession been granted to British, or even French, interests the money would readily have been found. But the Chester concession, though an attractive speculation, is far from an assured success. There is a prospect of peace in Anatolia for the next few years at least. But Anatolia is a restless country and it is a long way off. Foreign interests, unable or unwilling to handle the whole of this vast concession, nevertheless aspire to parts of it; and at any time that a foreign bid might be more attractive than the American contract the Grand National Assembly of Turkey, which gave the concession, could take it away.

It may be an unfair assumption that there is danger of adverse action by the Turks. The Turcophile gentlemen who got the concession honestly believe that there is none. But the Turks, after all, are looking out for the Turks first. They seem to have expected that the concession would bring them much stronger American support at the Lausanne conference than they actually received. They may feel that part of the implied consideration has been withheld. Altogether, the affair is so complicated, and exposed to so many uncertainties, that a considerable hazard seems involved.

Yet there is also a considerable chance of success, and in the event of success the possible profit would be enormous. As speculations go, it is a good one. But it is going to require, eventually if not now, a great deal of capital—more capital than is ready to invest in such a foreign market without greater assurance of certainty than any enterprise in Turkey can give. It is probably true that the millions lately thrown away in bucket-shop gambling would be enough to make the Chester concession go, and would have been more profitably invested in it. But the fact remains that as a nation we are used to investment in bucket shops and not used to extensive speculation abroad.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Who Knew He Had So Much?

Notable in two ways was yesterday's news in regard to the disposition made of his fortune by MILTON S. HERSHEY, the chocolate manufacturer. In the first place, most people will be surprised to learn that Mr. HERSHEY had this amount of money—estimated at $60,000,000 in dividend-paying stocks—to give away, for only the comparatively few who chanced to know something of the size and profits of his business had numbered him in their thoughts among the country's very rich men.

In the second place, Mr. HERSHEY has carried out his benevolent intentions while alive—while very much alive, indeed—and therefore whatever of cost and deprivation his gift involves falls upon himself instead of on his heirs. His industrial school is already an institution well established along the lines laid out by himself, and, though 118 orphans seem not many to be receiving the benefits of an endowment so large, presumably future growth is expected and provided for.

The pupils of the school are trained for self-support, and they are chosen, first from the three counties nearest to the town of Hershey, and then from the rest of the country. The effort is to avoid the asylum or institutional air as much as possible and to replace it by that of home.

The disclosure of Mr. HERSHEY'S use of his money apparently would have been delayed still longer except for the effect of it on his income tax. That naturally attracted official attention and caused inquiries. That he thought his profits could be better employed in educating and training orphans than in paying taxes may or may not be true.

Robbers Who Work Like Armies.

Recent robberies of the hold-up sort usually have been committed by groups of men small enough to ride in a single automobile. Now there seems to be in some parts of the country a tendency to operate on a larger scale, and the participants in the enterprise in repeated instances have been numerous enough to intimidate the whole population of a village. This enables the robbing of a bank to be carried on openly.

The latest case of the kind comes from Ogden, Kan. There eight or ten men, all well armed, did the work calmly and coolly. Their first step was to isolate the town by cutting the few telephone and telegraph wires leading to it, and then sentinels placed at strategic points were able to repress any attempts at interference by a few shots fired with no apparent intention of killing anybody. The only opposition that developed came from the Town Marshal, who, from behind a tree, sent a few bullets in the general direction of the bandits.

The proceeds of the raid were not large—$2,000 in cash and some bonds, valuable but not easily salable except at a large discount to incurious buyers willing to take a risk. Presumably the robbers separated soon after quitting the town, as together they would be identified too easily. Whether they are professional criminals or amateurs who had realized the defenselessness of most country towns may or may not be disclosed later.

One Change He Has Not Observed.

Mr. HANDWELL continues to tell us what he thinks about us, but one peculiarity he has not noticed as yet, or at any rate he has not mentioned it. Formerly, when foreigners came over here, and, after looking around for a few days or weeks—usually in places as far as possible from being representative of America—ascribed to us a long list of faults not found elsewhere, it was our habit to get extremely angry. At least we do not do that now.

We listen quite calmly to our critic, are amused by his mistakes, and give to his occasional accuracies about as much attention as they deserve. We are not so scornful of "abroad" as our grandfathers were, or so sure of our own perfection. No longer do we treat adverse criticism as necessarily wrong, even though uttered by a stranger. At present we insist on little more than that we are much like other people, with about the same faults, we know, and with about the same merits, we modestly hope.

To us Mr. HANDWELL seems to be just a bit ungrateful, as he never has lacked appreciation here, either for his abilities or his character.

Have Tired of Wasting Their Time.

How much of an obligation is there on representatives of science to investigate the claims of certain self-styled mediums to be in communication with the dead or to be possessed of the power to make spirits appear in forms visible to living eyes?

On general principles, of course, the obligation is as great as in the case of anything presented as involving the unknown or the now inexplicable. Practically, however, it is very small—so small that most men of science regard it as negligible. They do not deny the possibility of a basis for the claims of the spiritists; they simply say that the possibility is so minute, with all the available evidence against it, that they are not interested.

The exponents of spiritualism like to exploit the easy assumption that there are other mysterious things, and especially the radio, that strain credulity as much as does the theory of communication from another world. This assumption is entirely unfair and is made or admitted only by those wholly ignorant of the facts in the two cases. The utilization of ethereal waves requires, indeed, conditions of a particular kind, but they are not even remotely like those on which the medium always insists. The laws of the radio are laws distinctly "natural." Anybody can learn them, and by obeying them get the expected results, and in them there is nothing essentially harder to understand than is any one of a thousand activities of matter and force.

As a matter of fact, the scientists have not refused to investigate the phenomena of mediumship, and much is known about them by both psychologists and pathologists. Constantly they are learning more, but never do they get even a hint that the dead have anything to do with the utterances or the writings of the mediums. Everything indicates that spiritism, as such, is not worth the attention of real scientists.

AIRPLANE LANDING SPEED.

Racing Machines Kept to a Maximum of 75 Miles an Hour.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I observe, in a very well written editorial article on "High Speed Hazards in Aviation" in this morning's TIMES, the following statement: "Landing is made at a speed of 100 miles an hour." This is not true with respect to any of the racing machines eligible to enter the Pulitzer race. Specifically, it is not true of the Curtiss navy racers, in which Lieutenants Williams and Brow have been competing at Mitchel Field.

The entire effort of our engineers in the construction of these racing machines centres around the definite fact that the landing speed must not exceed seventy-five miles per hour. It is not at all a difficult matter to push the high speed a great many miles beyond the high speed of the navy Curtiss racers, and the entire engineering triumph in these machines consists in increasing the range of speed from a fixed maximum of seventy-five miles per hour, for landing speed, to an ever increasing maximum in flying speed.

We do not believe that in increasing the flying speed with a fixed landing speed we have increased the risks of high-speed flying, and it seems to me rather a pity that after we have met and conquered the great difficulties involved in this problem a newspaper of the wide and intelligent circulation of THE TIMES should have missed so completely the whole point of this problem of high speed flying.

Please note that at this moment our engineers, working forward to what we hope will be further engineering triumphs in 1924, are working from the definite basis of a landing speed not to exceed seventy-five miles per hour and that, so far as the American art is concerned, we do not seek to advance this maximum landing speed. As a matter of fact, we have kept well inside that landing speed, and therefore, we believe, well inside the old standards of safety.

C. M. KEYS.
President Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Co., Inc.
New York, Nov. 7, 1923.

The authority of THE TIMES for its statement that the landing of racing planes "is made at a speed of 100 miles an hour" was Lieutenant Alford J. Williams of the navy, who flew at the rate of 248.67 miles an hour as the winner in the Pulitzer race at St. Louis recently. In an article entitled "How I Won the Pulitzer Race" in the November Aeronautical Digest, Lieutenant Williams said: "I surrender my ship in landing. She takes the bit in her teeth, and the only thing to do is to sit tight. She lands at 100 miles or more, and all that the pilot can do is to give her direction and keep patience."—EDITOR NEW YORK TIMES.

Skilled Management.

From the Address of Julius Kruttschnitt to the Railway Business Association.

Higher efficiency also was secured by means of heavier loading per car and more miles per car per day. The average tons per car for the month of August, 1923, increased 2.3 tons over a year ago and the average miles per car per day for the same month was 6.4 higher than a year ago. As one ton added load in the car is equivalent to an addition of 90,000 cars to the available number, and as one extra mile run per car per day adds 100,000 to the available cars, the increases referred to are equivalent to adding 647,000 to the car supply as compared with the car supply of 1922. Adding to this the 140,822 cars due to reduced number of cars under repair makes a grand total of nearly a million more cars available for traffic in 1923 than in 1922. Traffic was handled with 20,000 fewer locomotives for an equal traffic volume. To have purchased the locomotives and cars thus saved would have cost some $3,500,000,000, the interest on which at 5.75%—the statutory rate—of $200,000,000, was saved to the public by intensive use of existing cars and locomotives. I say saved advisedly, because in the end the public must provide by adequate rates a fair return on capital invested for its use. The largest number of cars loaded in the history of the railroads was 1,097,274 for the week ended Sept. 29. This explains how the car-loading records were broken thirteen times up to Oct. 13, 1923, date of last report, and answers the question often asked, How are the railroads able to show such extraordinary results?

Lighter Ships Going East.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES of Oct. 21 it is reported that W. G. Duffield, Professor of Physics at Reading University, England, has discovered that a vessel of 2,000 tons traveling east was four hundredweight lighter than when going west, and attributes the loss of weight to the effect of the rotation of the earth from west to east.

When the vessel leaves England it is supplied with some excellent beverages which must be consumed before reaching the United States, and allowing for these liquids the steamer would arrive in New York just so much the lighter than when she sailed from England.

CHARLES P. BONNETT.
New Rochelle, Nov. 4, 1923.

No Tickets for Ex-Service Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The favored audience who faced Lloyd George, England's War Premier, in the Metropolitan—where were they during the war? Answer: Safe at home. No ex-service men who got in, if any, apologies.
TOMMY ATKINS.
New York, Nov. 3, 1923.

PRESCIENCE.

One day a pale, blond woman
Entered my door—
A smiling, golden woman . . .
I rest no more!

Her hair is braided, shining—
Milk-white her skin . . .
I saw his eyes follow her
When she came in.

I have hair that is dusky—
Eyes black as sloes . . .
My heart, in dim foreboding,
Knows—what it knows!

ROSELLE MERCIER MONTGOMERY.

FRENCH CLAIMS ON CHINA.

Boxer Indemnity Now Needed to Fight Bandits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Since the unfortunate occurrence in Lincheng, China, in which several foreigners were robbed and kidnapped by bandits, their fellow-nationals in that country have urged their respective Governments to interfere in the internal affairs of China on the ground she is not capable of maintaining order and to accord due protection to foreigners, that as a result their lives and properties are placed in jeopardy, and that additional troops and battleships be sent to safeguard their interests.

The apparent inability of the Chinese Government to preserve peace and order is not because of its inherent weakness or the incompetency of the Chinese themselves to manage an effective administration, but because of the frequent and unjustifiable interference of the foreign powers in the political affairs of China. Until recently certain foreign countries or their nationals were selling arms and ammunition to certain contending factions and backed it up against rival factions so that internal warfare was still going on, much to the detriment of the nation as a whole. Another reason for the failure to keep the country free from disorders and bandits is due largely to the lack of funds. By treaty with other countries the tariff is kept to a ridiculously low figure, viz., 5 per cent. on all imports. The wealth of a State depends in a large measure on this revenue, and when the tariff returns are so low it is no wonder that the Government finds it hard to sustain itself.

Latest reports from China are that the troops have not been paid for months, and immediate payment is demanded. The Government is seeking to obtain $4,000,000 salt surplus which is withheld by the French banks in order to compel China to pay the Boxer indemnity in gold francs. While other countries are contemplating the refund of portions of this indemnity for educational purposes—and the United States has actually remitted yearly portions for the education of Chinese in this country—France, as she deals with Germany, stands within the strict right of the treaty yielding this reparation. The $4,000,000 of salt surplus is withheld when failure to pay the soldiers would mean mutiny, turmoil and further complications. Then, if trouble breaks out again similar to the Lincheng incident, France is responsible, at least morally, for the blame. The complaint of foreign residents in China for the inconveniences and disturbance caused them is self-inflicted, and they can get rid of them by their own will.

FU KUH WU.
Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 7, 1923.

LONG AND SHORT TONS.

Only Two States Have Laws to Protect Coal Buyers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With reference to the editorial note in your issue of Nov. 2 entitled "No Surprise Will Be Caused," in which you state that the public will be amused at hearing the fact that coal dealers buy by the long ton of 2,240 pounds and sell to the consumers by the short ton of 2,000 pounds.

The use of the short ton by the dealers in New York City and State is not exceptional. In fact, it is the rule. The only States in which anthracite is sold by the long ton of 2,240 pounds are Pennsylvania and Maryland. The laws of Pennsylvania require the use of the long ton as the standard of measurement of anthracite both at wholesale and retail. The laws of Maryland require the use of the long ton of all coal sold in that State whether at wholesale or retail. The District of Columbia follows the laws of Maryland.

Some years ago, without any action on the part of the anthracite operators either favorably or unfavorably, an attempt was made to make the short ton the standard of measurement for the sale of anthracite in Pennsylvania. This was taken up by the newspapers and heralded as an attempt on the part of the anthracite operators to substitute 2,000 pounds for 2,240 pounds and sell it at the same price. It is needless to say that the proposed legislation was defeated.

E. W. PARKER,
Director, Anthracite Bureau of Information.
Philadelphia, Nov. 7, 1923.

The Times's Opera Review.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a Wednesday night subscriber to the Metropolitan Opera for many years, I feel I must express my great pleasure in reading the impressions of your interesting and cultured English critic, Mr. Colles, on the performances of "Aida" which we witnessed last evening. Musical reviewers in New York seem to have been so satiated with good things that their appetites each year become duller and duller. Indeed, they appear to think that it is an admission of inferiority to permit themselves to indulge in the faintest expression of pleasure, not to say enthusiasm. Evidently your Mr. Colles does not hesitate to criticise what deserves criticism, but, on the other hand, he frankly commends what deserves commendation. While it is true that from time to time our opera performances fall a bit short of their standard, as a rule we should be very proud of them and of the distinguished Italian gentleman to whom we subscribers are so deeply indebted for the artistic feast which he furnishes forth. Thanks also for the opportunity which your valuable page has afforded your visiting critic to open the eyes of his bored New York colleagues to the musical riches with which they are surrounded.

BYRON J. STEVENSON.
New York, Nov. 8, 1923.

Converted to Prohibition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the heading "A Prohibition Inquiry," your issue of the 9th inst. contains a letter from J. Francois Kaufman calling attention to the report of the Committee of Fifty on the liquor problem. Mr. Kaufman's attention is called to the address made by Professor Henry W. Farnam of Yale before the Rotary Club of New Haven a year ago, under the title "Confessions of a Prohibitionist," and published by the Connecticut Federation of Churches, Morris E. Ailing, Secretary, 27 Lewis Street, Hartford, Conn.).

Professor Farnam was the Secretary of the Committee of Fifty, and while originally the reverse of a prohibitionist, became, like President Eliot, a hearty believer in this reform. It is not quite an appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober, but the facts show the progress of a wide observer and intelligent man under the knowledge given by investigation.

S. J. FISHER.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 6, 1923.

Yelping Terriers and Rusty Keys.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Sir Walter Scott once successfully defended a notorious housebreaker, who said to him after the trial: "I am very sorry, sir, that I have no fee to offer you, so let me beg your acceptance of two bits of advice which may be useful, perhaps. Never keep a large watchdog out of doors—we can always silence them cheaply—but tie a little yelping terrier within; and, secondly, put no trust in nice, clever, simcrack locks; the only thing that bothers us is a huge, old, heavy one; no matter how simple the construction, and the ruder and rustier the key, so much the better for the housekeeper."

J. M. V.
New York, Nov. 4, 1923.

TO HEAR THE PUBLIC ON SUBWAY ROUTE

Transit Commission and Board of Estimate Committee to Hold a Joint Session.

BROOKLYN VIEWS WANTED

To Decide on Line to Connect Proposed Crosstown and Fourth Avenue Tubes.

George McAneny, chairman of the Transit Commission, announced yesterday that the Commission and the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate would hold a joint public hearing next Thursday afternoon in the Board of Estimate chamber at City Hall on the route or routes to be adopted for the connection between the proposed Brooklyn crosstown subway and the Fourth Avenue subway.

The Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate consists of acting Mayor Murray Hulbert, Dock Commissioner John H. Delaney and Arthur S. Tuttle, chief engineer of the Board of Estimate. The committee and the Transit Commission have held a number of conferences but the coming public hearing will be the first by these two bodies.

The crosstown route, as adopted by the Commission and submitted to the Board, curves from Bedford avenue into Fulton street and continues down Fulton street to a point west of Lafayette avenue where a connection with the Fourth avenue subway is proposed. As part of this line, there is contemplated a connection with the Fulton street elevated at some point east of Bedford avenue so that Fulton street elevated trains could have access to the new line and through it to the city's rapid transit system. This latter is in effect the Ashland Place connection project moved something over a mile further east.

Members of the Board of Estimate's committee suggested an alternative which would turn the crosstown subway from Bedford avenue into Lafayette avenue and thence join the connection with the Fourth avenue subway, carrying out the Ashland Place connection project substantially as originally proposed. In view of the interest Brooklyn residents have shown in the proposed routes, it was decided that it would be helpful to have a public consideration of the matter and the joint hearing has been called for this purpose.

The Commission is preparing for public distribution a leaflet with a map showing the alternative routes. These will be ready in a few days and may be had on application to the Commission.

POLICE TO GUARD 5TH AV.

Special Force Will Protect Shopping Centre During Holiday Season.

According to a statement issued last night by the Fifth Avenue Association, Inc., from its office at 598 Fifth Avenue, the Fifth Avenue shopping centre will be well guarded against criminal activity during the holiday season. Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright yesterday assigned a large detachment of uniformed and plain clothes men to duty there, beginning next Monday.

Captain William J. Fedrick, general manager of the Fifth Avenue Association, who conferred yesterday with Chief Inspector William J. Lahey, on the assignment of these men, said:

> "There will be a police officer on every two blocks on both sides of Fifth Avenue in addition to the traffic men on the corner posts and the roving mounted traffic officers who are on duty in this section. Similar protection will be thrown around Madison Avenue and the intersecting cross streets west and east of Fifth Avenue.
>
> "The special Fifth Avenue squad of detectives, which, under Detective Sergeant James A. Brosnan, has become well known because of their efficient work on Fifth Avenue during the last few years, will be increased by a large force of picked and able detectives."

TO SETTLE SERBIAN DEBT.

Commission Is Chosen at Belgrade to Adjust $60,000,000 Claim Here.

BELGRADE, Nov. 9.—The Government has appointed the commission which will go to the United States to determine the amount of Yugoslavia's war debt to America.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Press dispatches from Belgrade today gave the Treasury its first news that the Yugoslav Government had selected a commission to discuss the funding of its debt to the United States. Officials previously had received intimations that such a move was under consideration.

The Yugoslav Commission is the first to be sent to Washington by any of the debtor nations since settlement of the British and Finnish debts last Summer.

It was reported last June that Yugoslavia intended to send a debt mission to this country to open negotiations for the funding of the obligations she incurred here during the war. This debt amounts to approximately $60,000,000, with interest due.

TO DEMAND WORLD COURT.

War Prevention Council Will Get Up Petitions Calling for Action.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Petitions urging President Coolidge and the Senate to act on the World Court proposal during the next session of Congress will be placed in circulation throughout the country by the National Council for the Prevention of War.

In making this announcement today Frederick J. Libby, Secretary of the council, declared "the country is tired of having the great ideal of a World Court, for which the United States has always taken the leadership, made the football of politics."

"A showdown on the question," he added, "can no longer be postponed. Either the Government must recommend action on the subject or admit that it is purposely obstructing such action in the interests of what will prove to be a mistaken political expediency."

TC-2 TO FLY OVER CITY.

Dirigible Will Be Seen This Morning on Its Way to Army Carnival.

MITCHEL FIELD, L. I., Nov. 9.—The army's biggest dirigible, the TC-2, will fly over New York

3 DAYS' CELEBRATION OF THE ARMISTICE

Today to Be Observed by Disabled War Veterans as Forget-Me-Not Day.

VICTORY BALL TONIGHT

Parades, Church Services, Dinners and Reunions to Feature To-morrow and Monday.

New York will celebrate Armistice Day tomorrow and will also have a pre-Armistice celebration today and a post-Armistice day on Monday. The three-day observance will be featured by parades, speeches, church services, dinners, dances and meetings of veterans' organizations.

The Disabled American Veterans of the World War will observe today as Forget-Me-Not Day. Soldiers, club women, and girls and boys will sell tiny paper and cloth forget-me-nots on the streets for the benefit of the 100,000 disabled war veterans.

At the Waldorf-Astoria tonight the American Legion will hold its annual Victory Ball, the proceeds going to disabled war veterans also. There will be three orchestras for dancing, and there will be patriotic tableaux.

Radio enthusiasts with receiving sets will be able to hear a talk by former President Wilson on the international situation broadcast from Station WEAF in New York and Station WCAP in Washington tonight.

The New York Chapter of the Rainbow Division will hold its annual reunion at the 165th United States Infantry Armory tonight. Colonel William J. Donovan, Father Duffy and others will speak.

A communion service for gold star mothers will be held under the auspices of the old Star Association this noon at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue near Forty-fifth Street. The American Legion armistice services will be held in the same church at 8 P. M. tomorrow.

There will be an Armistice Day parade tomorrow, starting at Twenty-third Street and Fifth Avenue at 10 o'clock and marching up the avenue to the Mall in Central Park for patriotic exercises. The Army, Navy, Marines, National Guard, Naval Militia, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and other military organizations will take part. A memorial to the dead of the Fifth and Sixth Regiments of Marines will be dedicated in Central Park by the Veterans of Belleau Wood.

The American Legion of Kings County will hold a celebration at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the 106th Infantry Armory. Special Armistice services will be held at 4 o'clock in St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia University.

"The Armistice" will be the subject of Dr. F. W. Sears's lecture at the Hotel Astor tomorrow morning. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will preach an Armistice Day sermon called "To What End" before the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall at 10:45. At the 8 P. M. services in the Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, General William Lassiter will deliver an Armistice Day address.

A memorial mass for those killed in the war will be held under the auspices of the Gold Star Association at 10 tomorrow morning, in the Church of St. Vincent de Paul.

The French societies of New York, under the patronage of Ambassador Jusserand and Consul General Charles Barrett, will give a ball tomorrow night at the Hotel McAlpin.

At the City Club Monday night the City Club Post of the American Legion will give its fifth annual dinner. Lieutenant Charles Nungesser, the French ace, will be present.

The annual Armistice Day dance of the British War Veterans of America will be held at the Hotel Plaza tonight.

$100,000 CONTRIBUTION TO STEVENS INSTITUTE

Edward S. Harkness Subscribes Sum as $1,000,000 Endowment Drive Is Started.

A drive for $1,000,000 as a further endowment for Stevens Institute of Technology received an impetus last night at an alumni campaign dinner, held in the Hotel Astor, through the announcement made by Anson W. Burchard, Vice Chairman of the board of the General Electric Company, that Edward S. Harkness had subscribed $100,000. The dinner was one of nineteen held yesterday in various parts of the country by Stevens men. Graduates living abroad have also been enlisted in the campaign, which will continue for four weeks.

Rear Admiral Edward S. Eberle, chief of naval operations, one of the speakers, said many naval officers who had achieved fame attended the institution. He declared that the United States needed a navy second to none.

"This country," he said, "is one of the greatest custodians of civilization. We all want peace, no one more than the men in the army and navy who know what war is, but the solution does not lie in helplessness. You can not put out a fire by scrapping the fire department; neither can you abolish war by abolishing the military and naval arms of the Government."

John W. Lieb, Vice President of the New York Edison Company, emphasized the need for enlarged activity at the college.

MRS. GEORGE J. GOULD BACK

Widow Expects No Litigation Over Her Husband's Estate.

The Cunarder Aquitania arrived yesterday from Cherbourg and Southampton with 513 passengers, 4,000 sacks of mail and $4,500,000 in gold. Among her passengers were sixty-seven delegates to the International Hotel Men's Convention in New York and forty-seven delegates from Europe to the international convention of the Portland Cement Manufacturers Association.

Mrs. George J. Gould, also a passenger, said she thought there would be no litigation over her late husband's estate. She said she was returning to close her house at Rye, which was recently sold, and take her two children to Europe. They will go to St. Moritz, in Switzerland, for the winter.

In Aid of Fifth Avenue Hospital.

The annual bridge for the benefit of the Fifth Avenue Hospital, under the direction of Mrs. H. Edward Manville, will be held on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 15, in the ball room at the Biltmore, which has been donated for the occasion. Tickets may be obtained at the hospital, 104 Fifth Avenue, at 106th Street, or at 206 Madison Avenue. Mrs. Manville will be assisted by the Misses Louise Barber, Gertrude Wetta, Audrey Ulman, Betty Condon, Maria Brooke and Estelle Manville.

Coolidge to Join Law Fraternity.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—President Coolidge, whose membership in fraternal organizations hitherto has been confined to a college fraternity, has accepted an invitation to become a member of the Delta Theta Phi law fraternity. He has notified the Boston University Law School chapter of the fraternity that he would be pleased to receive an initiation delegation at the White House, Nov. 22. The delegation is expected to include Billy Rose, Newton D. Baker, Governor Cox of Massachusetts and Chief Justice Marshall of the Ohio Supreme Court.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Miss Julia H. Dwight, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dwight, is to give a dinner this evening at her parents' home, 840 Park Avenue, and will afterward take her guests to the Victory Ball.

Mrs. Charles H. Marshall, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Marshall Field, is booked to sail on Tuesday, Nov. 13, on the Aquitania.

Mrs. William Alexander, who arrived yesterday on the Paris, has taken an apartment at the St. Regis for the Winter.

Mrs. Joseph Bell Cotton of 1,090 Park Avenue has changed the date of the luncheon she is giving at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Mary Louis Cotton, from Nov. 27 to Monday, Nov. 26.

Mr. and Mrs. William Nelson Davey have returned from the South and are occupying their apartment at 350 Park Avenue for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. La Motte du Pont have arrived from their country place in Delaware and are at the Vanderbilt for a few days. The Bulgarian Minister, Stephan Panaretoff, is here from Washington at the same hotel.

Mrs. Reginald M. Lewis gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's. Her guests included Mrs. Wendell P. Blagden and Mrs. Henry J. Topping. Mr. and Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin Jr. entertained there last evening at dinner.

Mrs. Rush Sturges of Providence, R. I., is in town for several days, and is staying at the Lorraine.

Lady Henry gave a luncheon yesterday at the Ritz-Carlton for Mrs. William Hayward. Dr. Cosme de la Torrienta, the newly appointed Minister from Cuba to the United States, Mme. de la Torrienta and their daughter, Mlle. Luisa de la Torriente, who are arriving on the Paris, will be at the Ritz-Carlton for some time before going to Washington.

Mrs. Laurence Lewis, a niece of the late Mrs. Henry Flagler, and who is in town for the Horse Show, gave a dinner of twelve covers at the Plaza last evening. Among her guests were Mr. and Mrs. Carter Leidy, Mrs. M. Crozer Wainwright, Miss Florence Wainwright and others. Mrs. Lewis is also giving a supper at the Club Royal this evening.

Lord and Lady Vernon of London entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Plaza, and Mr. and Mrs. Eben S. Draper of Boston also entertained there.

Mme. Paul Dupuy gave a luncheon yesterday at the Ambassador and Lady Cheylesmore who has been making that hotel her headquarters since her arrival from abroad for the wedding of her nephew, W. K. Vanderbilt, and Miss Davies, is sailing today for England.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred C. Bedford have come from Norwich for the Horse Show and are at the Ambassador, where the Countess de Jacques de Gerets, mother of Mrs. O. Harry Gruner, and who arrived on the Paris, is now staying.

At the first of the Fall Mall dances this evening at the Lorraine the Yale Glee Club will give a concert.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin C. Holter and Miss Sarah Holter have come in from Mount Kisco and are occupying their town house, 150 East Seventy-third Street, for the Winter.

Mrs. William F. Sheehan entertained at luncheon at the St. Regis yesterday, and Mrs. Charles Bradley and Mrs. Adolf Pavenstedt were also among the luncheon hostesses there.

Mr. and Mrs. Deering Howe gave a luncheon for Miss Muriel Vanderbilt yesterday at Sherry's, and Mr. and Mrs. Newbold Morris entertained at dinner there for General Ballard.

WEDS ON PARENTS' SILVER WEDDING DAY

Miss Theodora Mead Marries Theodor Abel of Poland in Church of the Ascension.

The marriage of Miss Theodora Mead, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Mead of 11 West Eleventh Street, and Theodor Abel of Poznay, Poland, took place yesterday noon in the Church of the Ascension, lower Fifth Avenue. The Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant officiated, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick. At the same time the parents of the bride celebrated their silver wedding anniversary. A reception followed the wedding at the Cosmopolitan Club, and among the guests, with but one exception, were all the members of Mr. and Mrs. Meade's bridal party of twenty-five years ago.

At yesterday's ceremony the bride was attended by Mrs. Thomas Russton Pennypacker, Mrs. Ford Hinrich, the Misses Emily West, Jean Duncan, Dorothy Hallett, Clifford Sellers and Eleanor Marshall, all classmates of the bride at Vassar College, from which she was graduated with the class of '21; also the Misses Winifred Worcester and Natalie Winslow. Little Miss Mary Robbins was a flower girl and George Aldrich was a page.

Abbott L. Johnson was Mr. Abel's best man, and his ushers were Robert C. Mead 2d, Howard Frolich, Thomas R. Pennypacker, Ford Hinrich, George Stuart, Davis Hallwell, Valentine Everit Macy Jr., Marc Siegfried and the Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.

The bride and her husband became acquainted about two years ago in Poland while she and her mother were traveling there. They met again a year ago in Warsaw, where Miss Mead was doing volunteer work for the Y. M. C. A., and again last Winter in Paris while she was studying at the Sorbonne. Mr. Abel arrived in this country some months ago to study the methods of the Y. M. C. A. here with a view to applying them in his own country. He distinguished himself in the Polish Army during the fight against the Bolsheviki.

MUTT DOG PARADE STIRS WASHINGTON

Hundreds of Animals, Guiltless of Pedigree, March Up 'the Avenue' Led by Band.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Pennsylvania Avenue, historic pathway of mighty pageants of war and peace, was the route of the strangest one of all today, when a procession of hundreds of plain mutt dogs, headed by a brass band, paraded on their way to the mutt dog show, conducted by the Humane Education Society.

No dog was eligible to that parade unless his family coat of arms had a bar sinister and the more bars there were on the escutcheon the higher he ranked. They pranced along proud as kings, all sizes, colors, shapes, varieties and mixtures of breeds—just plain dogs — the kind that has made little boys and girls happy and instilled lessons of devotion and loyalty in human hearts since time began. And every one was accompanied by somebody who loved him just as much as if he were the highest priced thoroughbred in the world.

Handsomely dressed women who could afford Pomeranians, marched proudly along with pups that were intended to be Collies, but turned out to look like setters and imagined themselves Airedales. Men who looked too busy to bother about a dog walked, unashamed, custodians of creatures weird and strange to the irregular breeding of dogdom. Boys and girls carried in their arms short-legged mutts that tired on the way, and the Capital of the United States at a busy hour, paused to look and reflect on a demonstration of humanitarianism.

Maurice Healy.

CORK, Nov. 9.—Maurice Healy, brother of Timothy Healy, Governor General of the Free State, died here today. For many years Mr. Healy was an Independent Nationalist Member of the House of Commons from Cork.

HANDWRITING SEER AMAZES PHYSICIANS

Scherman, Graphologist, Successfully Diagnoses Ailments and Analyzes Character.

CREDITED WITH SIXTH SENSE

Dr. Charles Loomis Dana Says Pole's Powers Are Interesting and Unusual.

Rafael Schermann, the Polish handwriting expert credited with psychic powers, impressed and mystified a group of physicians and surgeons in a demonstration yesterday afternoon at the office of Dr. John C. Gerster, 18 East Seventy-eighth Street. Schermann correctly diagnosed the physical condition of three out of five persons present apparently without information about them except what he deduced from a study of their handwriting and appearance. He also gave an accurate character analysis of a prominent New York surgeon based entirely on the surgeon's handwriting.

Among the physicians and surgeons at the test were Dr. C. Ward Crampton of 29 East Eighty-third Street, a physical culture expert, who arranged the demonstration; Dr. Charles Loomis Dana of 58 West Fifty-third Street, regarded as the dean of New York neurologists; Dr. James Ramsey Hunt of 46 West Fifty-fifth Street and Dr. Foster Kennedy of 20 West Fiftieth Street, also neurologists, and Dr. A. L. Garbat of 113 East Eighty-first Street, a specialist on internal medicine.

Dr. Crampton, after the meeting, said that he regarded Schermann as a "sensitation," a biological term, meaning a jump beyond the rest of the species. According to Dr. Crampton, Schermann appears to have a sixth sense—a sense of intuition developed to a state that the rest of the world will not reach for a thousand years.

Unusual Powers Admitted.

Dr. Garbat was almost as enthusiastic as Dr. Crampton. Dr. Dana and Dr. Hunt agreed that Schermann had unusual powers, but said they were unable to offer any explanation as to whether those powers were telepathic, clairvoyant or what not. Dr. Kennedy declined to comment as he had seen Schermann work on only one patient, whose illness he failed to diagnose correctly. Dr. Gerster had nothing to say as he is a surgeon by trade and does not regard himself qualified to express an opinion.

Reporters were invited to attend the test by James B. Pond, who will manage Schermann's lecture tour in this country, but were not permitted to enter the room in which the experiments were made. They waited in another room during the hour and a half taken up by the test, and were kept informed of developments by Dr. Crampton.

The conditions of the test, as announced by Dr. Crampton, were that the patients were to be taken into the room occupied by Schermann, the group of physicians and by Schermann's friend, Eugene S. Bagger, and that he was to be allowed to see them, to watch them write something, and to examine their signature or some other example of their handwriting.

Two Diagnoses Compared.

They were taken into the room one at a time. In each case, nobody but the patient's own physician was supposed to know the patient's ailment. The patient's physician was to write out his diagnosis of the case on a piece of paper, put it into a sealed envelope, and keep it hidden until Schermann made his diagnosis. Then the medical and the Schermann diagnoses were compared.

The first subject of the Schermann test was a patient of Dr. Crampton, who gave the following account of this test:

"This man is a patient of mine. He is the treasurer of a big weekly magazine published here in New York. He came to me eight months ago for treatment, having been in a sanitarium for some time previously. He was suffering from high blood pressure—230 to 240—and was a very discouraged man. He had also had hemorrhages in the spinal cord and the intestines, and his legs were semi-paralyzed.

"When this man went into the room nobody in there knew his condition. He himself did not know it exactly. My diagnosis, written on a slip from a prescription pad, was in a sealed envelope. It read: 'High blood pressure. Better now. Semi-paralysis of leg. Hemorrhages last year.'

"My patient entered the room and wrote something on a piece of paper. Schermann looked at him and examined his handwriting. Then he put his hand to his head, and said in German: 'I feel high blood pressure. It was very serious but it is much better now. This man has great responsibility and is of a very nervous disposition.'"

Recognized Diabetic Patient.

"These hemorrhages occurred more than twelve months ago," Schermann added. "The man is a very hearty eater and that is a good sign."

"'Is there any more?' asked Dr. Dana.

"'No, I don't feel any more,' said Schermann."

Dr. Crampton made the comment that Schermann had missed on the time when the hemorrhages had occurred, but had made a correct diagnosis in every other respect.

"He got the high blood pressure and got it good," said Dr. Crampton. "There is nothing certain in the physical appearance to show that he had high blood pressure, either. It's true that he is a hearty eater. I have been trying to get him to cut down on his eating."

The next case, according to Dr. Crampton, was that of a woman sent to the test by a colleague of his in one of the hospitals.

"This woman is suffering from diabetes," said Dr. Crampton. "The physician's diagnosis is unmistakable. Shortly after the patient had written something and Scherman had examined it he exclaimed:

"'This is a case of diabetes.'

"He also said that she was anaemic. Any one could have told that by looking at her, but it would have been impossible to say from her appearance that she was suffering from diabetes instead of kidney trouble or something else.

Mistaken on Tuberculosis.

"Schermann also said that the woman was suffering because of some complexity in her private life. Afterward she revealed to one of the physicians here, although she had not told it before, that she had two children, although she had been married for twenty years."

The third test was a failure, unless it should turn out that Schermann was right and the doctors wrong in their diagnosis. The subject in this case was a boy of 19 who has tuberculosis, according to medical diagnosis.

"Schermann made a clean miss here," said Dr. Crampton. "His report said nothing about tuberculosis, but expatiated at length on the possibility of the boy's condition being due to entirely different causes."

In the fourth case the doctors were first inclined to consider that Schermann had neither succeeded nor failed, but finally most of them came around to the conclusion that it had been a "hit."

"The subject in this case," according to Dr. Crampton, "was a very prominent New York lawyer, about 72 or 73 years old, upstanding, strong, in splendid health with a normal blood pressure—125—and a fine physique.

Ninety Per Cent. Successful.

"The other subjects had gone into the room with Schermann, but this man stayed outside. Schermann did not see him at all. A specimen of his handwriting was simply handed in. Nobody was told anything at all about him. Schermann's report was to the effect that there might possibly be some slight disturbance of the stomach or intestines, but that there was nothing else as far as he could see. I should call it 90 per cent. successful."

The fifth case was that of a patient brought in by Dr. Kennedy. The patient was a man suffering from epilepsy. According to the observers, Schermann gave an entirely wrong diagnosis, saying that the man suffered from pains that he did not have and which an epileptic patient does not usually have.

As an extra test, Schermann was asked to analyze the character of a surgeon whose handwriting was shown to him.

"Here I see a knife and there I see an abdomen," said Schermann, according to Dr. Crampton. "You are very precise and nothing bothers you. Your assistants had better beware. You are very musical, too."

Dr. Crampton said that the surgeon's associates were amused at the aptness of the description, because the surgeon is noted for his insistence on precision by his assistants.

Discloses Healing Powers.

"The surgeon is a specialist in abdominal surgery and is very much interested in music," said Dr. Crampton.

In discussing the results of the experiments, Dr. Crampton said he wished to warn the public not to get the idea that Schermann was a healer or a super-physician.

"This man did not come here to display a new system of medicine. He is not a Coué. We do not regard this as a medical thing at all. Mr. Schermann could not practice medicine with such a bit or miss system, and we don't want poor people with incurable diseases to go flocking to him with hopes that cannot be realized. I take it that he feels the same way about it.

"From what I know of mind reading, muscle telepathy and so on," Dr. Crampton continued, "I think that human qualities are improving, and that this man has a gift that we all may have in a thousand years from now. I think he is a saltation—a jump—way ahead of the rest of us, but we can see him and follow after. It appears to have developed some intuitive quality—a sort of intellectual radio outfit, perhaps."

Net Trickery Says Dr. Dana.

"I am convinced that there is something very interesting and unusual in this man's powers," said Dr. Dana. "I don't believe it is a trick. If he tricked us, then we are all fools, and I don't think that is the case. Some might explain what he does by telepathy or clairvoyance, but I cannot say whether it can be explained by one of those two theories, or something else.

"He seems to see something—some vision. He looks at the signature and then at the person. Then I think some kind of vision comes before him, and he tells what he sees."

Dr. Dana said that he was not a believer in telepathy or spiritualism. He did not believe that telepathy had been scientifically established. If it should be shown that perception such as Schermann had displayed had been acquired by the nervous system in any other way than through the senses, Dr. Dana added, we would have to change all our ideas of evolution.

"I agree with Dr. Dana," said Dr. Hunt. "I am as convinced as I can be that there was no trickery."

Dr. Hunt said he was convinced that certain persons did have the power of telepathy, but that he was unable to offer any proof. He thought the Schermann test very valuable, and hoped that it would be tried again under different conditions.

While Dr. Gerster, being a surgeon, would not comment on yesterday's experiments in his office, which he said he had loaned for the tests at the request of his friends, he said that he had been told by George Haven Putnam, the publisher, that the Vienna banks and police had put their O.K. on Schermann's good faith. According to Dr. Gerster, he had been told that Schermann had a reputation of being 70 per cent. right, 20 per cent half right and 10 per cent. wrong in criminal investigations in Berlin. This, he thought, was a better record than most detectives have.

Mr. Bagger, on Schermann's behalf, said yesterday that a test may be arranged to display Schermann's ability in criminal investigations. He may be asked to solve some such crime as the Hall-Mills murder mystery or some forgery case, as he is said to have found the guilty person in many forgeries in Vienna.

HENRY L. WARDWELL DEAD.

Member of Stock Exchange and Sheep Breeder Dies at 73.

Henry L. Wardwell, a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1886, and senior partner of the brokerage firm of Wardwell & Adams, 71 Broadway, died yesterday of heart disease at his residence, 515 Park Avenue, in his seventy-fourth year. Services will be held at 2:30 tomorrow afternoon at the Church of the Holy Communion, Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street, of which he was a trustee. Five daughters survive, Mrs. Alleyne Howell, Mrs. Frederick Cunningham, Mrs. Harold Otis, Mrs. Throop M. Wilder and Miss Florence Wardwell.

After graduating from Hobart College in 1873 Mr. Wardwell started with a grain commission house, later entering Wall Street. Of recent years he had devoted himself chiefly to his estate farm at his country home in Springfield Center, N. Y., where he maintained one of the finest establishments for breeding Shropshire sheep in the country. Mr. Wardwell was a member of the Metropolitan and Downtown Clubs.

Barton-Hoisington Wedding Nov. 15

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Hoisington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Hoisington of Rye, N. Y., and H. Allen Barton of Greenwich, Conn., will take place at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club on Friday evening, Nov. 16. Last night the Greenwich Bar Association, of which Mr. Barton is a member, tendered him a farewell dinner at the Pickwick Arms.

Work on Louvain Library Halted.

Practical stoppage of funds from the United States has arrested work on the restored library of the University of Louvain in Belgium, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University was advised yesterday by cable. The building, which is now above the quarter completed, was to take the place of the famous Clothmakers' Hall, destroyed by the Germans in 1914.

Racine Honors Rotary Club Founder

RACINE, Wis., Nov. 9.—Paul P. Harris of Chicago, originator of the Rotary Club idea, was honored today by the dedication of a bronze tablet in a public park announcing that he was born in Racine. Guy Gundaker of Philadelphia, President of Rotary International was the chief speaker at the ceremonies.

Mrs. Katherine Patten Dies at 100.

RUTLAND, Vt., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Katherine Patten, 100, who was said to be the oldest person in Vermont, died at a hospital here today. She was born in Plattsburgh, N. Y.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES OGDEN BLAISDELL, secretary of Blaisdell Bros., Inc., and a member of the Board of Directors of the Standard Wood Turning Co., Inc., Masonic Temple in St. Catherine's Hospital after an operation for appendicitis. He was in his forty-fourth year. Mr. Blaisdell was born in Brooklyn. He was a Past Master of Kane Lodge, F. and A. M., a member of the Grand Lodge, and was the representative of the Grand Lodge of Cuba in this State. He was also a member of Kismet Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., and the Brooklyn Lodge of Elks.

SAMUEL KARPF, realtor, for many years Secretary of the American Bowling Congress, died at his home in Dayton, Ohio, yesterday of heart disease, aged 57.

WALTER J. WICHGAR, President of the Cincinnati Shoe Company, died in Cincinnati yesterday of pneumonia. He was a former President of the Cincinnati Business Club.

WILLIAM H. WALLACE, formerly manager of the South Brooklyn Car Company, died Thursday night at his home in Rockville Centre, L. I., in his eighty-fifth year. He was born in E. Wallace, a wheelwright, who established Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn.

In Chicago, orders of The New York Times must be obtained from J. C. Suh & Co., 542 Orleans St., telephone Lincoln 1940; in Detroit, Metropolitan News Co., 138 Lafayette Boulevard; St. Louis, William Kroll, 9th and Olive Sts., and railroad and hotel news stands. Adv.

REV. DR. JOHN K. McCLURKIN.

A Leader of the United Presbyterian Church Dies at 70.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9.—The Rev. Dr. John Knox McClurkin, one of the leaders of the United Presbyterian Church in North America, died at his home here early this morning of heart disease following an attack of pneumonia. He was born seventy years ago in Sparta, Ill. Since 1891 he had been pastor of the Shadyside Church in this city.

Dr. McClurkin graduated from Westminster College in 1873, took an A. M. in 1876, spent a year at the Princeton Theological Seminary, and then three years at the Reformed Presbyterian Seminary at Allegheny, Pa., entering that branch of the Presbyterian ministry in 1881. He taught Greek for several years at Westminster College and for one year was acting President. Four years on the faculty at Allegheny preceded his call at Shadyside. He was President of the Home Mission Board of the United Church and also of the Board of Trustees of the University at Cairo, Egypt, and in 1906 was Moderator of the General Assembly. He spoke every year at the Bible conferences at Stony Brook, L. I.

West James Crawford, Publisher.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—West James Crawford, President of the company publishing The Commercial Appeal, died at his home here last night after a two months' illness. For half a century he had been a leader in the life of this city. Returning from the Civil War penniless he succeeded as a cotton broker and organized the firm of Mallory, Crawford & Co. In 1889 he founded The Commercial, later merged with The Appeal.

Died.

BOONE—On Nov. 8 in St. Louis, Mo., Henrietta P., widow of the Right Rev. William J. Boone of Shanghai, China.

BRIGHT—Arthur, Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St., until Saturday.

BRODEK—On Nov. 9, at the Van Cortlandt Hospital, Laura Brodek (nee Jacobi), in her 70th year, beloved mother of Arthur H. Jonas and dear grandmother of Jerome and Gwendolyn Jonas. Services at Meyers' Funeral Parlors, 232 Lenox Av., Sunday, Nov. 11, at 2 P. M. Montgomery (Ala.) papers please copy.

BUCKLEY—On Nov. 7, 1923, at Colonial Heights, Tuckahoe, N. Y., May Augusta, beloved wife of Harry Buckley. Funeral services at her late residence, Underhill St., on Sunday afternoon, at 2:45 o'clock. Interment private.

BURCKETT—William M., husband of Estelle T. Burckett of New York City, formerly of Montclair, N. J., on Nov. 8, at Newark, N. J. Funeral private.

CLENDINNING—Robin Ellis, suddenly, Nov. 7. Funeral services Saturday, Nov. 10, 1 P. M., St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, 129 West 69th St., New York. Rev. Dr. W. A. Seagle, rector, officiating. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

COBB—Suddenly at East Orange, N. J., on Nov. 7, 1923, Francis Eugene, husband of Katherine Mann Cobb and son of the late Lyman Cobb of Ithaca. Services at his late home, 5 Prospect Terrace, Saturday morning, Nov. 10, at 11 o'clock. Interment Watkins, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

COHEN—Sadie, beloved wife of Julius Cohen, suddenly, Thursday, Nov. 8, 1923, at her home, 271 East Broadway, New York City. Funeral services at her late home, Sunday, Nov. 11, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Bayside Cemetery, Astoria.

CRAM—Lily Clarence, eldest daughter of the late Henry A. Cram and Katharine Sergeant, on Friday, Nov. 9. Funeral service at Trinity Chapel, 25th St. west of Broadway, on Monday, Nov. 12, at 11 A. M.

CRANDALL—Francis Asbury, husband of Isabelle Hale Crandall, on Wednesday, Nov. 7. Funeral at Keene, N. H., on Nov. 10.

DONAHUE—Friday, Nov. 9, 1923, Anastasia Dunn, widow of Michael Robert Donahue. Funeral from her late residence, 1,023 Boulevard, East Weehawken, N. J. Interment Norwich, N. J.

EDGETTE—Suddenly, at Buffalo, N. Y., on Nov. 9, Shepard W., husband of Annie E. Edgett. Notice of funeral later.

FISHER—Suddenly on Nov. 7, in his 63d year, Nathaniel G. Fisher, son of the late Nathaniel and Mary Ann Fisher. Funeral service at his late residence, 46 East 52d St., on Saturday, Nov. 10, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.

FITZGERALD—On Nov. 9, 1923, at her residence, 40 West 90th, Delia E. Fitzgerald (nee Gahan); native of Mov, County Tyrone, Ireland, beloved wife of Peter and mother of John, Joseph, Lillian and Margaret. Solemn requiem mass at Church of Holy Name, 96th St. and Columbus Av., on Monday, Nov. 12, at 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Auto cortege.

GARRICK—We announce with great sorrow the loss of our beloved fellow-member, Thomas Garrick, who died at St. James, L. I., on Nov. 8. Funeral services at St. James, Saturday, 1:30 P. M.

THE LAMBS, JOHN BROWN, Shepherd.
GENE BUCK, Corresponding Secretary.

GLEASON—Anastasia C., beloved wife of Michael F. Gleason, on Friday, Nov. 9, at her home, 616 East 10th St., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HARRISON—Joseph, husband of Helen, father of Richard, suddenly, Wednesday, in his 58th year. Member of Monitor Lodge 538, F. and A. M.; Union Chapter, R. A. M., 180 York Commandery and Mecca Temple, New York. Masonic funeral services at his late residence, 18th Av. and Cryder's Lane, Beechhurst, L. I., Saturday, Nov. 10, 3 P. M. Interment Sunday in Woodlawn.

HARRISON—Joseph, Monitor Lodge 538, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are earnestly requested to attend the Masonic funeral services of our late brother, Sunday, Nov. 11, 1 o'clock, at his late residence, 18th Av. and Cryder's Lane, Beechhurst, L. I. Train leaves L. I. R. R. (Penn. Station) 12:08 P. M. for Whitestone Landing.

ROBERT A. DALRYMPLE, Master.
GILES RAE, Secretary.

HATHORNE—Edward J., Nov. 8, 1923, at Post-Graduate Hospital, beloved husband of Georgia M. Hathorne. Funeral services at his late residence, Cooper Road, Hartsdale, N. Y., on Monday, Nov. 12, 1923. Train leaves Grand Central Station Sunday, 1:36 P. M., arriving at Hartsdale at 2:37 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

HAUSER—Arnold Emil, on Thursday, Nov. 8, 1923, in his 67th year, beloved husband of the late Augusta Hauser and father of Emil Hauser, Augusta M. and Anna Gross, and grandfather of Edith M. Gross. Funeral will be held on Sunday, 2 P. M., from his late residence, 117 Montague St., Brooklyn.

HERZ—Augusta, on Nov. 9, 1923, widow of Samuel and devoted mother of Rose Metzger. Please, no flowers. Henry Herz. Funeral Sunday morning, Nov. 11, 1923, at 10 o'clock from the Universal Funeral Chapel, 507 Lexington Av. Late residence, 2 Maserau Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HODGE—Stephen Alexander, William Bacon, 3d, infant son, Nov. 9. Burial Monday afternoon Princeton, N. J.

IRONSIDE—At Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 7, 1923, the Rev. Thomas B. Ironside, husband of Alice Thompson. Funeral services will be held at the Merrist Street Mission, Morristown, on Saturday, Nov. 10, 1923, at 2:30 o'clock.

JACKSON—At his residence, 287 North Maple Av., East Orange, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 9, 1923, Edward North Jackson, husband of Fannie L. Bushnell. In his 84th year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at Cape Vincent, Jefferson Co., N. Y.

JARVIS—On Friday, Nov. 9, Marie L., wife of John P. Jarvis. Funeral from St. Ann's Church, East 12th St., near 4th Av., on Monday, 9 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

KICK—Elise F. Kick (nee Fewsmit), Nov. 8, 1923, mother of Ella A., Addie M. and Theophile F. Jr., in her 87th year. Requiem mass at Church of Most Precious Blood, Services at All Saints' Church, 3d St. and Montauk Av., Bayside, L. I., on Sunday, at 2 P. M.

KOHN—On Nov. 9, 1923, at New Lisbon, Wis., Walter H. Kohn. Funeral services at the Harry T. Dye Mortuary, 1,926 Church Av., Brooklyn, Saturday, at 8 P. M.

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Died.

LOGHRY—On Nov. 7, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Theodore Hall, 1,861 East 66th St., Brooklyn, Anne Meredith Loghry, widow of James Harvey Loghry, in her 83d year. Funeral services at St. Jude's Episcopal Church, 1429 Av. and 65th St. (West End, midway to 39th St.), Brooklyn, on Saturday, Nov. 10, at 2:30 P. M.

MARKS—On Nov. 8, Abraham, aged 86 years, beloved father of Joseph, Tillie Brandenburg and Henry. Funeral from Weill's Funeral Chapel, 225 Lenox Av., corner 122d St., Sunday, at 10 A. M.

MASTERS—Nov. 8, Abby A. Masters, at the residence of her niece, Ethel Bradford, 78 4th Av., Brooklyn. Services Sunday, 2 P. M. at 78 4th Av. Interment private.

MOFFETT—The New York Auxiliary of the Southern Industrial Educational Association announces with deep sorrow the death on Nov. 1 of its member, Mrs. James A. Moffett.

Mrs. ALGERNON SIDNEY SULLIVAN, President.
Mrs. HENRY W. CHAPPELL, Recording Secretary.

NUNGESSER—Frances Summers, beloved wife of Louis Nungesser Jr., on Wednesday, Nov. 7, at her home, 1,447a (late 1,445) Inwood Road, Brooklyn, N. Y. Requiem mass on Saturday, Nov. 10, at the Church of Our Lady of Refuge, Ocean and Foster Ave., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

PEARE—Herbert S., Bunting Lodge, No. 635, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Right Worshipful Herbert S. Peare, at his late residence, 135 Prospect St., Stamford, Conn., Saturday, Nov. 10, at 3:30 P. M. Take 1:45 train from Grand Central Terminal.

HARRY F. VAN TASSELL, Master.
ALEXANDER S. TRAUB, Secretary.

RAUBITSCHEK—Max H., husband of Amelia Lindner Raubitschek, after a short illness, at his residence at Westwood and Cedar Aves., Long Branch, N. J. Funeral services will be held on Sunday, Nov. 11, 1923, at 2 P. M. Interment will be at Long Branch Hebrew Cemetery. He is survived by his sisters, Countess von Lansdorf of Austria and Lady Gordon of London, England. New York City and Rochester papers please copy.

REYNOLDS—On Nov. 8, Jessie, beloved husband of Bridget Reynolds (nee O'Neill), native of Gort, County Leitrim, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence, 310 West 18th St., Monday, Nov. 12, to the Church of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th St., where a requiem mass will be celebrated at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

RIEDEMAN—Suddenly, at Yonkers, N. Y., on Friday, Nov. 9, 1923, Anna Eisenman, wife of the late Louis Riedeman. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Anderton, 407 Van Cortland Park Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

ROSS—Robert, beloved husband of Josephine Ross and father of Frank H. Ross, at his residence, 2,878 Valentine Av., Bronx. Masonic services Sunday at 3 P. M. Services Monday, 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

SCHAEFER—Rudolph J., beloved husband of Frederica V. and devoted father of Frederick M., Schaefer, Edmee Elsie Schaefer Pyrtell and Rudolph J. Schaefer Jr., on Friday, Nov. 9, 1923, at his home in Larchmont, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHORTLAND—On Friday, Nov. 9, 1923, Anita S., wife of the late Thomas Francis Shortland. Funeral service at the Hotel Bossert, Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 12, at 2 P. M.

SNYDER—Ann Elizabeth, on Nov. 8

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG, black, containing keys and tools, lost at Flatbush and Church Aves. Friday. Finder please return to Room 507, 28 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y. $10 reward.

BRIEF CASE—With initials A. H. W., on Nov. 7, at 59th St. B. R. T. subway station; contains papers of value to owner only. For the return of this brief case to H. R. Leaby, 36 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, the finder will be amply rewarded without question. Mr. Leaby may be reached by telephone, Williamsburg, 3900, Extension 242.

BRIEF CASE—Lost from automobile, vicinity Greenwich Village; business papers value only to owner; also black leather suit case; $25 reward return; no questions. Charles O'Regan, 100 William St. Beekman 9000.

BRIEF CASE containing important business papers, taxi Wednesday evening, 4th Av., 31st St., to Fall River Line pier; reward. Phone Drescher, Madison Square 8605.

BRIEF CASE—With manuscripts, lost in taxi. Return Andy Rice, 1,500 Broadway.

BUSINESS PAPERS—$25 reward, no questions asked, for return business papers in blue linen envelopes taken from cafe, 1,476 Broadway, Friday afternoon. Walter R. Benjamin, Room 617.

DOILIES—Eleven knit. Return to Helen L. Amend, 127 East 46th. Reward.

EYEGLASSES, lost, bi-focal, black case, 123d St., Lenox Av. Doctor, 2 West 123d.

GOLF BAG—Leather, from auto between Columbia College and Long Island City via Riverside Drive; liberal reward. University Garage, Broadway and 122d.

HANDBAG, lady's black, containing traveler checks and jewelry, in taxi from the Vanderbilt Hotel to Fabre Line, Brooklyn, Thursday morning; $200 reward, no questions asked. Return cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

HAND BAG, BLACK SILK at Cort Theatre, Thursday evening, Nov 8, containing four pieces jewelry; liberal reward; no questions. Return to Barbour, care of W. R. Craig, 60 Beaver St.

HANDBAG — Leather, containing watch, money, checkbook, Tuesday, between Macy's and Sak's. Reward. Box W H, 1,367 Broadway.

HAND BAG—Lady's black silk, on East 63d St., containing money and gold watch; reward. Rhinelander 10134.

PURSES—2 small, containing money and Seaboard Railroad passes in name Mrs. Henry Page, between 35th and 42d on 5th Av.; reward. Return to National Park Bank, 214 Broadway.

SUITCASE, marked Bagatelle, Friday from auto; reward. 52 Vanderbilt Av., corner 45th, 20th floor.

TEMPORARY CERTIFICATE No. M 18521 ($1,000) Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company refunding mortgage, 30 year gold bond, Series "A." Mr. B. J. Rose, 17 Grand St., New York City.

WRIST WATCH, gold, nurse's, on Broadway, between Battery and Thames St., on Thursday, between 1 and 2; reward. South 2677.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Diamond and platinum, lost between 84th St. and the Biltmore, or between the Biltmore and 42d St.; liberal reward. Notify Mrs. S. V. Stewart, Corry, Pa.

BRACELET, flexible braided gold, Nov. 1, 117th, Morningside Drive, Broadway, 124th, via Amsterdam; reward. Morningside 5288. Apt. 7E.

DIAMOND—1 carat, on Friday afternoon, lost from setting while in front of Public Library on 5th Av. and 42d St.; liberal reward for return. Phone New Rochelle 4984, or write A. N. S., P. O. Box 1111, New Rochelle.

EARRING, diamond drop, at Century Theatre Thursday evening; reward. M 97 Times.

NECKLACE—$1,000 reward and no questions asked for return of pearl necklace, consisting of 103 pearls, with old-fashioned pearl and diamond clasp, lost during month of October. Theodore B. Starr, Inc., 5th Av. and 47th St.

NECKLACE, coral beads and coral clasp, between West 107th and 74th Sts., possibly Broadway car; heirloom. Finder kindly return Mrs. Wyckoff, 15 West 107th.

RING, diamond and ruby, lost women's washroom Pennsylvania Railroad station, Thursday, Nov. 8; liberal reward for return. Mrs. George M. Kirkner, 7 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 3642.

WRIST WATCH—Square, gold, leather strap, valued as keepsake, lost Thursday Times Square district; reward. Telephone Vanderbilt 0417. Murray, 42 West 44th.

WATCH—Wrist, lady's, gold, initialed M. G. B., West 115th St. or southbound Broadway car; reward. Phone Cathedral 3818.

WRIST WATCH—Platinum, Oct. 25, at Hofbrau House or Rialto Theatre; liberal reward. Topits & Harding, 522 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

NECKPIECE—Lost Thursday night, taxi, between 138th, 157th, Broadway, three-piece sable; reward. 610 West 136th, Apt. 6B.

FOUND.

FUR NECKPIECE—Found Thursday, B. R. T. local. Phone, Shore Road 8046.

SPECTACLES found, shell-rimmed on 125th St. P. K. Gulliow, 9 East 128th St.

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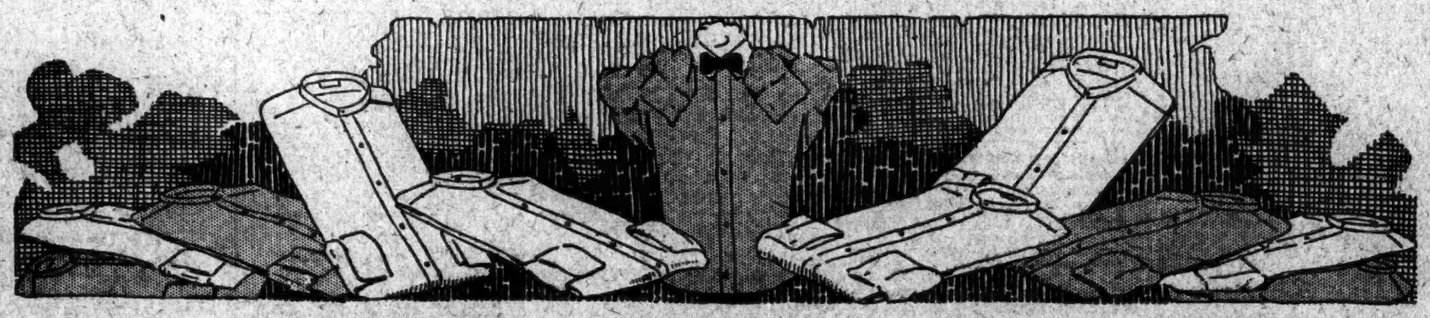

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BREWERY SEIZURES HALTED BY COURT

Federal Judge's Ruling Comes as Dry Agents Raid 14 Concerns at Philadelphia.

CHECK'S GREAT DRY DRIVE

Search Warrants Declared Misused—Officers Warned of Penalty From Bench.

PROPERTY CANNOT BE HELD

Dry Agents Are Told That Permit Protects Premises—Government Will Appeal.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—After prohibition agents had announced the seizure of fourteen breweries in and near Philadelphia, Federal Judge McKeehan handed down a decision that it was illegal to seize entire plants of brewing companies.

Holding that a search warrant authorizes prohibition agents to seize only intoxicating liquors illegally manufactured and the appurtenances necessarily used in the manufacture, Judge McKeehan advised Federal prohibition authorities to "use some discretion and judgment" in the execution of warrants and warned them that there was a penalty of fine or imprisonment for exceeding their authority.

The decision came as a thunderbolt to the big squad of prohibition agents assembled here from different parts of the country to make seizures in the Government's nation-wide movement to enforce prohibition. None of them was prepared tonight to say what effect, if any, the decision would have on their plans or on the seizures made today.

Judge McKeehan's ruling was in the case of the Mellett Nichter Brewing Company, Inc., of Pottsville, Pa. He held that the seizure on Sept. 13 by prohibition agents of the company's whole plant on search and seizure warrants was illegal and ordered the United States Marshal, who had placed guards around the property to prevent its use by the corporation, to leave the premises and turn the property over to the company together with every article ostensibly under seizure.

A search warrant, the court declared, permits the seizure of intoxicating liquors and the appurtenances used in that connection, but the law does not authorize an officer armed with such a warrant to seize the real estate, plant and entire equipment, regardless of its uses, particularly in a case where a brewery has a permit to manufacture beer.

The Mellett & Nichter Company had such a permit and Judge McKeehan said that it was still in force.

"If the company violated the law," the court said, "one of the steps the Government should have taken in the matter was to have the permit revoked, but this was not done."

As to the illegality of the seizure of the whole plant, Judge McKeehan said:

"I am of the opinion, first, that beer, and property used in the making of beer, while in the possession and on the property of a brewing company holding a brewery permit issued by the United States Treasury Department cannot lawfully be seized under a search warrant issued on an affidavit charging that beer in excess of the authorized alcoholic content is being illegally taken away from said brewery; and second, that, irrespective of the existence of a permit, the seizure of the real estate and entire plant and equipment of this defendant, under the guise of a warrant of search and seizure, was illegal."

The first point, the Judge said, had already been decided by two Federal District Courts, and he concurred in the ruling.

Commenting on his decision that whole plants and real estate cannot be seized on a search warrant, Judge McKeehan said:

"Since the defendant's possession of the beer and other property on these premises was lawful uuder the terms of its permit, and since the question whether the defendant has acted in good faith to conform to the provisions of the act and of its permit must be determined by a hearing before the Commissioner, as prescribed by Section 9 of the National Prohibition act, the warrant of search and seizure in this case must be quashed, and the question as to just what property may be seized under a search and seizure warrant under Section 25 of the act is not directly involved.

"In view, however, of the extraordinary action that has been taken in this case, it is not inappropriate for me to observe that a good deal of unnecessary difficulty can probably be avoided by the exercise of some discretion and judgment on the part of officers who execute such warrants and of the law officers of the Government who usually advise them in these matters, and that there should be borne in mind the provision of Section 21 of the act of June 15, 1917, which prescribes a fine or imprisonment for an officer who, in executing a search warrant, wilfully exceeds his authority or exercises it with unnecessary severity."

Prohibition agents were secretly assembled here from various parts of the country for the drive in which fourteen breweries in and near Philadelphia were raided today. Final details of the campaign were mapped out last night, it is understood, with Major Roy A. Haynes, National Prohibition Commissioner, E. C. Yellowley, national chief of the field agents, and Reuben B. Sams, divisional chief of Philadelphia, participating.

It has been contended by attorneys for the breweries that only Internal Revenue Bureau representatives had a right to enter brewery premises. To overcome this legal objection, the agents at work today were sworn in as special deputy internal revenue collectors.

Mr. Yellowley gave out a statement this afternoon to the effect that fourteen breweries with a property value of $20,000,000 were in the hands of the Federal agents. The list he gave included six in Philadelphia, two each in Allentown, Bethlehem and Catasauqua, one in Reading and one in Shenandoah. He also stated that within the last few weeks four other breweries had been seized, two of them in Philadelphia. The raids were designed to shut off the supply of beer admitted to be flooding a large part of the East.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 9.—"It sounds to me like a good start on what I said was needed," was Governor Pinchot's comment on the Federal action in raiding breweries in and near Philadelphia today.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—An appeal probably will be taken by the Government, Department of Justice officials said tonight, from the decision of Federal Judge McKeehan in Philadelphia that the use of search warrants did not authorize seizure of brewery buildings, but only the high-powered beer found and the appurtenances used in its manufacture.

Little practical effect officials said, except administrative difficulties will result from the decision, which is applicable only in the Pennsylvania district pending appeal. With the seizure of beer and brewing machinery, they declared, brewing of high-powered beer would be stopped and only the empty shell of the brewery returned.

As a practice, according to officials, it has been the custom to padlock an entire brewery plant, a convenience of administration which Judge McKeehan's decision will prevent.

Bible to Be Displayed In City's 81 Police Stations

In future, the Bible will occupy a prominent place in the library of each of the eighty-one police precincts in the five boroughs. Eighty-one new copies of the Scripture were received at Police Headquarters yesterday and will be distributed immediately.

The Bibles are the gift of the New York Bible Society. A few days ago the Rev. George William Carter, general secretary of the society, wrote Commissioner Richard E. Enright that his organization desired to present a Bible to each precinct. Mr. Enright accepted the offer.

"These Bibles contain no notes or comments of any kind," explained Dr. Carter. "They are much like the 60,000 Bibles that we have placed in New York Hotels."

MAN BITES A GHOST AND UPSETS SEANCE

Spirit Voices Stop Suddenly and Woman Medium Flees Cabinet in a Bathrobe.

HUSBAND CALLS IT INSULT

Couple With Daughter Leave Brooklyn Church Without Making a Collection.

Mrs. Elisabeth Allen Tomson, psychic from Chicago, who parades ghosts from a cabinet and evokes voices of the departed, last night demonstrated in the Church of Spiritual Illumination, Brooklyn. Shades of all ages and heights came and went at the beck and call of Mrs. Tomson. Child voices and the steely tones of "The Major" spoke often and well.

In fact, all went well until the advent of Dick Gallagher and Al Nevins of Greenpoint. Dick and Al, just turned 23, broad shouldered and far removed from the psychic, had been invited by the Rev. Lillian C. Briton, pastor of the church, to participate in a test of the medium. Miss Briton said that Dick and Al would be invaluable in the effort to persuade the medium, her husband, Dr. C. H. Tomson, and their daughter that they were mistaken in their belief that they controlled spirits.

It was Gallagher's first effort at that sort of thing—but he certainly qualified as a ghost breaker. Indeed, he went beyond that class—if his allegations are to be accepted—and earned for Greenpoint the honor of being the home of the discoverer of what ectoplasm really is.

Gallagher, so he said and demonstrated, actually got a mouthful of ectoplasm, but he explained apologetically that he had been able only to get away with a small bit of it. He displayed a strand of white silk fabric and declared that that's what ectoplasm is.

Used His Teeth on Ghost.

It was a dramatic moment when Gallagher, led up to see if one of the ghosts belonged to him, tried to tear off a bit of the ghost for a souvenir. Failing, he used his teeth, according to his claims, solved the problem that has so bothered scientific investigators. As for the Tomsons—they left highly indignant.

"Thanks for the insult," was the only comment of the doctor as he went out the front door.

"We're shouted Gallagher, and half of the congregation had to hold him back; "we're the ones who were insulted—what do you mean—insulted!"

A moment later, while the twenty-six spiritualists who had gathered for the effort to discredit the Tomsons, were signing a communication supporting Gallagher, Miss Tomson came downstairs and departed in the wake of her parents. Contempt was in her eyes as she leveled them at Mr. Gallagher.

The Rev. Miss Briton, before the Tomsons arrived, told newspaper men that real spiritualists were always eager to test psychics who claimed materializations. She admitted that a plant had been prepared for Mrs. Tomson, and that Gallagher, not then identified, would be the dynamite. The seance was scheduled for 8 o'clock, but at that hour Dr. Tomson telephoned that their machine had broken down in Times Square. He asked, incidentally, how many were in the church. It had been arranged to collect $2 per person.

At 8:30 o'clock the doctor, a soft-spoken, gray-haired man, arrived, followed shortly by Mrs. Tomson and the daughter. The medium was escorted to the second floor, where a committee of women gave her a thorough examination and found no paraphernalia.

The doctor in the meantime hitched up a tiny blue electric lamp and ordered all other lights put out. Then he led away from the improvised cabinet—four walls of portieres hung from picture wires nailed to the walls—he narrated some of the successes and methods of his celebrated wife. Suddenly she entered the room and ducked into the cabinet.

Hear Voices of Spirits.

The phonograph started "Rock of Ages." Dr. Tomson had grasped the hand of an elderly man in the front row and Miss Tomson was holding the hand of J. A. Van Alstyne, who, with Miss Briton and the editor of Immorality, a Brooklyn publication, had staged the test. Gallagher was one seat away from Van Alstyne.

Ghost after ghost appeared. Now and then the voice of "The Major." Mrs. Tomson's spirit control, would boom forth. He ran strongly to "charity" and "virtue," and tried to infuse gentleness into a voice that sounded like the last bars of the "Hymn of Hate." Then a baby voice chirped a bit, and more ghosts came. Woman recognized their grandmothers as they were permitted brief peeps into the darkness of the cabinet. One man, notably nervous, thought he recognized his mother-in-law.

Gallagher's stumb r was called and he strode up to the cabinet. After a short spell of stirring Gallagher fell out and staggered backward, mumbling that he had touched the medium and had received an electric shock. While everybody was wondering how a ghost got its electric power, the doctor explained that it was most unfortunate, because that sometimes broke the spell.

Sure enough, he was right. A second later Mrs. Tomson, still clad in a bathrobe, fled out of the cabinet and upstairs.

Gallagher, in the front row, seemed much preoccupied. He was picking shreds of white silk from his teeth. Now and then he glared at Dr. Tomson. "Ladies and gentlemen," he shouted sidewise to Dr. Tomson, "I got a mouthful of it. I don't know what I bit, but I bit. That there stuff is just gauze and Mr. Van Alstyne's got it."

Mr. Van Alstyne showed a strip of white cloth between his thumb and second finger. Dr. Tomson changed color and then quietly began to disconnect the blue electric light, but said nothing.

He went upstairs just as one of the committee women came down. Then he and Mrs. Tomson and the daughter descended and passed out—without the collection.

Mrs. Edwin Babbitt Seeks Alimony.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Edwin Babbitt of Yonkers filed an application in the Supreme Court here today for an allowance of $1,000 alimony pending trial of her action for a divorce from her husband, who is a real estate operator of Ossining, N. Y. The couple were married Oct. 15, 1912, and the wife charges that Babbitt deserted her on Feb. 15, 1918.

100,000 KLANSMEN GO TO FORT WAYNE

Mass to Hear Imperial Wizard Evans Talk on Atlanta Murder There Today.

BIG TENTS READY IN PARK

Catholic Mayor Ignores Their Parade Plans—Some Citizens Resent Order's Invasion.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 9.—This city awaits tonight the long-heralded invasion of the Ku Klux Klan. The headquarters of the Indiana Klan in Indianapolis has announced that a vast army of hooded Knights will tomorrow swoop down on Fort Wayne, in which the Klan is admittedly weaker numerically than in any other city in the State.

Hiram W. Evans, the Imperial Wizard, is on the way, and early tomorrow morning it is announced that special trains will begin arriving from Cincinnati, Lansing, Detroit, Hammond, Logansport and other places in Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, while other tens of thousands will arrive in automobiles or on special cars over the interurban lines.

No Klan estimates of the throng are less than 100,000, while most of them are above 200,000 and some of them in excess of 300,000. The vanguard is expected to arrive about dawn, and after that the stream of arrivals, the leaders declare, will be continuous up to the time the Wizard sounds his official call—his second in three weeks—from the stand in the Memorial Park, where arrangements have been made to assemble 100,000.

Wizard to Talk on Klan Slaying.

The Wizard is in Indianapolis tonight in conference with Cyclopses, Dragons, Kiokards, Kiligraps and other leaders. His speech is expected to be a reiteration of the doctrine of proscription which he preached at Dallas, Texas, three weeks ago. He will also for the first time, it is announced, give to the "Klansmen of the nation" whatever facts the Kloncilium possesses which may aid in explaining away the mystery surrounding the murder of William S. Coburn, the Atlanta lawyer, by Philip E. Fox, the publicity agent of the Kloncilium.

As at Dallas, tomorrow's exercises will be open to the public. Tonight the park resembles the site of a great circus the night before the first performance. Ten huge tents have been erected in two rows, each tent opening into the next one, forming two huge canvas halls, where the Klansmen will be fed during their stay here. Two other big tents are kitchens. Arrangements have been made to feed on the serve-yourself plan 100 000 men.

The park is a vast open field, owned by the city. It is hoped some day to transform it into a great municipal sport field. Loud talking apparatus is being installed to carry the words of the Wizard to all parts of his audience.

Catholic Mayor Ignores Parade.

Following the speaking exercises there will be a lull of two hours, during which the Klansmen will prepare for the parade of 50,000 through the city, starting at 7:30 o'clock in the evening. There will be Klan floats, a score of Ku Klux bands, besides divisions of women and children.

The city authorities have announced that they will not interfere with the parade, and in this instance it may be noted that Mayor William H. Hosey is a member of the Roman Catholic Church. He took the position that interference would only make a bad situation worse.

It is said that the total membership of the Klan in this city is about 5,000, or one-eighth of the voters. Among these 5,000 are twelve Protestant ministers, but they do not include the leading minister in Fort Wayne.

The real strength of the organization in this part of the State is in the country and small towns. Kendallville, a small town about thirty miles out, is said to harbor 1,000 members of the Klan.

Coming of Klan Resented.

Just why the Klan selected Fort Wayne as a place from which to demonstrate its hold on Indiana is a puzzle to most people here. Indianapolis, they say, would have been a much more appropriate place.

"We people here in Fort Wayne," said a leading citizen this afternoon, "have been getting along very nicely and we are unable to understand why these bigots should put our city for this unsought advertisement.

"Gentile, Catholic and Jew have lived side by side here for years, and I think I am right when I say that the big majority of the people resent this move which can have only one object, and that is to set up religious prejudice and racial hatreds. If the Klansmen think they can do those things in Fort Wayne, they are due for a rude awakening."

Indiana Klansmen are authority for the statement that the national propaganda headquarters of the Klan have been ordered moved from Atlanta to Indianapolis. In many quarters this is taken as verification of the report that Atlanta is to be abandoned as Klan headquarters. The Klan is said to have lost thousands of members in Georgia, while Atlanta, the imperial city, is reported to be as anti-Klan as Memphis proved itself to be yesterday.

FIVE KLAN MAYORS JOIN TO PURIFY OHIO CITIES

Organize at Youngstown Dinner —Kohler of Cleveland Is Reported Boomed for Governor.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 9.—An organization of five Mayors-elect of Ohio, who received the support of the Ku Klux Klan in Tuesday's election, was formed at a dinner in Youngstown yesterday. It was announced here today by E. A. Watkins, campaign manager for Charles F. Scheible, Mayor-elect of Youngstown. The purpose of the organization, he said, is to "clean up the whole Mahoning Valley."

Members of the organization are J. H. Marshall of Warren; W. D. Cunningham of Girard; Harvey C. Kistler of Niles; Hans P. Johnson of Struthers, and Mr. Scheible, Watkins said.

Scheible, Watkins and D. E. Glosser, former Klensgle of the Youngstown Klan, were closeted with Mayor Fred Kohler of Cleveland for an hour and a half late today.

Although it was denied after the conference that politics had been discussed or that the Klan was mentioned, speculation was rife that Mayor Kohler might be offered the Klan endorsement in a race for Governor. The visit, Watkins said, was "merely a friendly one," and added that Scheible wanted to discuss with Kohler the problems to be met in running a city.

Klan Foe Carried Memphis by 1,244.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Figures on the anti-Klan victory in yesterday's municipal election today showed that Mayor Rowlett Paine was re-elected with a majority of 1,244 votes.

'Wouldn't Swindle a Swindler,' Says Dr. Cook, Testifying on Texas Oil Fraud Charge

FORT WORTH, Texas, Nov. 9.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, Arctic explorer and prominent figure in the oil boom days of the Texas fields, testified today in his own defense and gave a detailed story of his career at his trial, with thirteen co-defendants, on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

"I had only altruistic aims in my ventures," said Dr. Cook. "I wouldn't deliberately swindle even a swindler."

He told of his early promotions in 1919 and of the time when he was indicted and his Petroleum Producers' Association was thrown into the discard. He and his associates formed the Texas Eagle Oil and Refining Company, which was incorporated under the laws of Delaware.

Oil dropped to $1 a barrel, and at times could not be sold at all, he asserted, with the result that in September, 1920, the Eagle Company was thrown into the hands of a receiver. Later, with the approval of court and stockholders, the Revere Oil Company took over the Eagle Company in 1921.

He organized the Petroleum Producers Company March 1, 1922. His plan of operation and his promotion methods followed in detail the formula approved by the District Attorney, he insisted.

Asked to explain his system of mergers, he said the merger really was a process of evolution. His associates found it too unwieldy to use successfully until a limited merger was evolved and employed, and out of that grew the special trusteeship. This special trustee, appointed sometimes by the stockholders or by the merger company's officers or by Dr. Cook, was to represent the stockholders as well as himself.

To vest authority to act for the company in the absorbing company, a form letter was sent out to shareholders asking for proxies, and blanks for the awarding of these proxies were enclosed.

EVIDENCE WITHHELD IN DICKSON MURDER

Detective Lore, at Inquest, Says Investigation of the Case Has Been Hampered.

GIRL'S FATHER TESTIFIES

Tells of Washing Bloodstained Dress Without Trying to Have It Identified.

PORT ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 9.—Inquest into the death of Emma Dickson, 15 years old, Bricksboro High School girl, who was found slain in a swamp two miles from her home Sept. 22, last, was resumed today by Coroner Kenneth Carll of Bridgeton.

The first witness called, at his own request, was Frank Lore, Cumberland County detective. He expressed the opinion that the authorities had "the right man" in Ernesto Facenda, now in Philadelphia prison awaiting extradition on a first degree murder indictment, returned by the Cumberland County Grand Jury.

"Inadvertent or deliberate suppression of evidence has greatly hindered his investigation, Lore declared. Not until two days ago did he come into possession of the piece of newspaper in which was wrapped a knife the Dickson girl was carrying when slain.

Thompson Dickson, father of the murdered girl, testified that he had washed the blood-stained dress found in a swamp near the spot where the body lay by Detective Lore some days after the body was discovered. Lore showed the dress to the father at that time and asked him if it had belonged to his daughter. The father said he could not identify it, but would have one of the neighbors look at it. Instead of doing this, the father testified, he washed the dress himself and did not show it to any neighbor. He offered no explanation of his action.

Clement Caskey of Philadelphia, whose name was brought into the case during the investigation of the friends of the dead girl, was another witness.

"This case has been very loosely conducted," he said. "When the case is finished I shall go before Governor Silzer and urge that he do everything in his power to bring the murder of this girl to justice."

He testified that his family had a Summer home at Bricksboro and that frequently the Dickson girl accompanied him on automobile rides to Atlantic City and other places, but, he added, that never on any of these rides were he and Miss Dickson alone. He said he was in Philadelphia on the night the girl is believed to have been slain.

Coroner Carll announced that in all probability when the inquest is resumed next Thursday afternoon Facenda will be one of the witnesses.

STAPS HER BOARDER, LEAPS TO DEATH

Woman Dives Through Window as Policeman Enters to Arrest Her.

Fearing arrest for having stabbed a boarder Mrs. Teresa Cassassa, 32 years old, last evening, in the view of a policemen who had just entered the apartment and a priest and an ambulance surgeon who were ministering to her victim, plunged through the window of her home on the fifth floor of the tenement at 2 Carmine Street and received injuries from which she died ten minutes later in St. Vincent's Hospital.

Emilio Telesio, 28 years old, the boarder, admitted later at the hospital that the stabbing was the result of a quarrel with Mrs. Cassassa, who became angry when he brought to the apartment a younger woman known to the police only as Rose. The younger woman had summoned the priest and Dr. Hayes from the hospital to attend him. He also admitted, according to the police, that in the interval of the departure of the girl and the appearance of the priest, the first to arrive, he had agreed not to tell the police that she had stabbed him.

"Lena," not knowing of this agreement, however, indirectly was the cause of the woman's suicide, for when she had sent the priest and the ambulance surgeon to the apartment, she notified Policeman Hoffman of the Charles Street Station of the stabbing. When Mrs. Cassassa saw the shining headpiece on the policeman's cap as he entered the apartment she dropped a candle, which she had been holding for the priest while he administered the last rites of the church to the dying man and dived through the window, taking the sash with her.

The priest and the ambulance surgeon, followed, by the policeman, hurried to the street, where the priest administered the last rites of the Church to Mrs. Cassassa, as she was being lifted into the ambulance a few feet away. Then the policeman returned with the ambulance surgeon to the apartment, and Telesio was taken to the hospital. The wound he received was near the heart and he may die.

In the excitement which followed the priest disappeared, but it was learned later that he was a curate in the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Pamplet, 312 Sullivan Street. One of the priests at the church last night admitted that he had witnessed the woman's act, but he refused to reveal his name.

"Lena," the police were informed, was standing in front of the tenement awaiting word of the seriousness of Telesio's wound, when Mrs. Cassassa's body struck the pavement less than four feet from her and a group of children standing about the ambulance. She fled down the street to a neighboring tenement and disappeared. Up to a late hour last night the police had not been able to locate her.

1 P. M. TODAY

Classified advertisements received before 1 P. M. today for insertion in The New York Times tomorrow are accepted subject to insertion in overflow section.

Advertisements for insertion in the classified sections of The New York Times next Sunday must be received before 6 P. M. Friday.

FULLER NAMED HEAD OF STATE CANALS

Colonel Greene Appoints His Former Secretary to Succeed Walsh, Resigned.

LATTER TO RETIRE MONDAY

Commissioner Says the Reorganization of Canal Bureau Is "a Man-Size Job."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Royal K. Fuller of Albany, who was Secretary of the Highway Commission under John N. Carlisle and Secretary to Colonel Frederick Stuart Greene in 1919, was named tonight Commissioner of Canals and Waterways in the Department of Public Works. He succeeds Edward S. Walsh of Brooklyn, who resigned this afternoon, to take effect Monday. The salary is $10,000 a year.

Mr. Fuller entered the State's service in 1913 when he served as Secretary of the State Highway Commission. Colonel Greene reappointed him when he took office in 1919.

"The reorganization of the bureau is a man-size job," said Colonel Greene. "For that reason I have appointed Mr. Fuller, I know of no man who has had as valuable experience in the reorganization of State departments. When he came to the Highway Department in 1913 it was in a condition not dissimilar from the one now existing in the Bureau of Canals, and Mr. Fuller aided Commissioner Carlisle in cleaning up a bad situation. It was due to the efforts of these two gentlemen that the Highway Department was put on the efficient basis that still continues.

"In 1919, when I became Highway Commissioner, due to the existence of more than 100 broken-down war contracts, the department had practically ceased to function. Roads had been torn up and abandoned by contractors in nearly every county of the State. Mr. Fuller rendered able assistance in straightening this difficult situation. From my association with Mr. Fuller I know that he is honest, fearless and efficient."

Colonel Greene said Governor Smith had given him a free hand to put into effect a reorganization of the Department of Public Works "that will eliminate the dry rot and put the canals on a working business basis." He declared that he considered Mr. Fuller the best man to aid in this work, saying:

"In addition to his familiarity with State business, he has had a long experience with both construction and maintenance work, and, finally, he is a hard worker."

Commissioner Walsh sent his resignation to Colonel Greene this afternoon, sending it by messenger. Colonel Greene accepted it at once, without any comment. Three hours later the appointment of Mr. Fuller was announced.

Commissioner Joseph A. Kellogg, who has been conducting the inquiry into the Canal and Waterways Bureau under authority of the Moreland act, will sit Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to hear anything further that may be developed. It is understood that several of the men whose names have been brought into the inquiry will appear and make statements concerning their connection with State affairs.

In tendering his resignation, Commissioner Walsh said:

"In presenting my resignation I do so with the full knowledge and belief that I am acting in the best interests of the proposed plan of consolidation of the Public Works Department, formerly having only to do with the canal system of this State.

"Not in sympathy with the consolidation act that subordinates the old Department of Public Works to a mere bureau known as the Bureau of Canals, and feeling that when that section relating to the maintenance and operation of the canal system was written into the Constitution it was not contemplated nor intended that at any time in the future the canals would occupy a secondary place in the consolidation or concentration of State activities, I am confident that the step I am now taking is the proper one."

LINKS OLD AND NEW IN HIS WAYSIDE INN

Ford Will Restore Colonial Kitchen in Historic House and Add a Modern Outfit.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Henry Ford, who bought the old Wayside Inn, announced today that he would restore its Colonial kitchen, while in an adjoining room he will fit up a modern electric kitchen. Incidentally he will till with oxen a part of the land he has purchased, another reminder of Colonial days, while other acres will be developed with Ford tractors.

Mr. Ford's ideas were made known today through C. E. Allison, New England Ford manager. He told of the automobile manufacturer having recently bought the Hagar homestead, a Marlboro landmark, of Revolutionary design. It is two miles from Marlboro Centre, near the Sudbury line, and was built in 1730 by William Hagar, who signed all the papers with "his mark."

Outhouses and barns and about two and one-half acres of land go with the Hagar place. A year ago a tea room was built in front of the old house. This will be torn down and the place will be restored to its original form.

Mr. Ford also has bought the Cheadburn farm, including a house, barn and outbuildings, with 230 acres of land. He has increased his holdings in the Wayside Inn territory still further by buying a tract of two and one-half acres, mostly gravel pits, adjoining the Hagar property.

Whistles Call Wesleyan Freshmen.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—"Freshman whistles, 35 cents," reads a sign placed today in the show window of a middle-town store. The reason is the latest "ragging" of freshmen at Wesley University. When a freshman hears an upper class man's whistle he must rush up with his dinky freshman cap in his mouth, and do the upper class man's bidding.

17 AUTOS PURSUE ROBBERS 12 BLOCKS

Chase of Taxi After Hold-Up of Garage Is Foiled Results in Capture of Four.

100 SHOTS FIRED AT CAR

Machine Narrowly Misses River in Wild Flight—Two of the Prisoners Are Women.

A chase extending over a dozen blocks, in which fifteen taxicabs and two other cars participated and during which more than a hundred shots were fired, resulted yesterday morning in the capture of two men and two women accused of holding up a garage office at 454 East Fifty-sixth Street. Another man escaped.

Sidney Becker, President of the Mogul Checker Taxicab Company, and Frank Kaplan, manager of the garage, were sitting in the company's office on the ground floor when three men entered. they had stepped from a taxicab and had paid the chauffeur. Two women had got out of the machine and stood across the street.

"We want your money," one of the trio told Becker and Kaplan. None of the men displayed a weapon. Becker and Kaplan struggled with the strangers. In the scuffle Kaplan managed to get to a drawer, from which he drew a revolver. The would-be robbers fled. One was caught within the block by Patrolman William Hughes. This prisoner was Cornelius O'Keefe, 22, of 1,639 First Avenue.

A man who had been waiting outside the garage leaped to a taxicab and drove down Avenue A to Fifty-fifth Street with another of the band seated beside him.

Fifteen taxicabs and a police automobile in which were Patrolmen George Moore and John Neary and Sergeant William Hughes gave chase. Another automobile was commandeered by Detectives Joseph Near and John Hunt. The policemen fired continuously as they pursued the taxicab down Avenue A and eastward on Fifty-fifth Street.

The fleeing car turned south on Second Avenue, east again at Fifty-second Street and almost plunged into the East River before the driver realized he was speeding along a "blind street." He swerved sharply around on a sidewalk, zigzagging among posts. Bullets flew about the car.

As the fugitive machine started back through the pursuing cars, the occupants bent low, escaping the few shots fired. Their pursuers hesitated to fire many bullets, fearing they would hit some of their own number in the mixup of machines.

At Fifty-first Street Patrolman Maisch Muir stepped into the roadway and fired through the windshield of the car as it bore down upon him. Then he threw his nightstick through the windshield. A block further south, one of the pursuing cars drew up close and two shots were fired at the driver. One struck him in the left leg and he brought the machine to a sudden stop. His companion leaped out and escaped through a tenement building. The driver was captured.

The wounded man said he was Harry Weinstein, 22, of 23 Allen Street. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital a prisoner, charged with attempted robbery and with grand larceny in the theft of the taxicab.

The prisoners gave the police the names of the two women who had accompanied them to the garage and said they would be found in a restaurant on Third Avenue near Seventy-fifth Street. The police telephoned to the restaurant and were informed the women were there. Detectives immediately hastened to the place and arrested the women who said they were May Bure, 23, of 320 East Seventy-third Street, and Millie Tucci, 26, of 364 East Sixty-ninth Street. They were charged with attempted robbery.

JERSEY WIFE, A DEPUTY, ARRESTS HER HUSBAND

Takes Him From Maryland Police to Answer Her Desertion Charge at Home.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—A situation unique in their experience confronted Eastern district police today when a wife, officially clothed with the power of a Deputy Sheriff of Guttenberg, N. J., came here to arrest her husband, already in custody, to take him back to her home town to face charges she had preferred of desertion and non-support.

Frank Aberiggi, 70 years old, was arrested yesterday and held for extradition, the police being notified that a deputy was coming here with papers.

Mrs. Rose Aberiggi, accompanied by three children, walked into the station today and introduced herself to Sergeant Bruns as Aberiggi's wife.

"I have come to take him home," she said. "Bring him out."

"But, madam, he is a prisoner," explained Sergeant Bruns. He can't be released until he is taken back to New Jersey for trial."

"Yes, I know, that's what I am here for. I am going to take him back," continued Mrs. Aberiggi. "Here are my children. They are going back with papa and mamma."

Reaching into her handbag, Mrs. Aberiggi produced her credentials as a Deputy Sheriff and the warrant for her husband's arrest.

The sergeant was in a quandary. Inspector Hurley came in and heard the women's story. The husband was brought from his cell.

"He couldn't be in any better hands for the trip home," so I asked Magistrate Steer to let me come here after him," said Mrs. Aberiggi. "I thought the children would like to see their father, so I brought them along, too."

"Will you go?" Sergeant Bruns asked of Aberiggi.

"Sure," he said.

DENIES DIETER'S STORY.

Mrs. White Says She Did Not Ask Him to Filch Letters to Jaffe.

Mrs. Marguerite E. White appeared yesterday in the office of District Attorney Charles J. Dodd, in Brooklyn, to correct parts of her statement of several days ago relating to circumstances surrounding the disappearance of Richard Dieter, telephone operator at the Crescent Club.

Mrs. White denied some of Dieter's assertions. On his return to Brooklyn Dieter told Mr. Dodd that Mrs. White asked him to obtain letters received at the club from a Philadelphia woman by E. F. Jaffe, a member. Mrs. White denied making this request and further denied asking Dieter for telephone records of calls between Jaffe and Mrs. Lola C. Robinson.

Mrs. White said Dieter told her on Oct. 27 last that Jaffe and C. Edwin Butz, also a member, had just made an appointment for a party in a New York apartment. As a result of this information, she and Mrs. Jaffe, said the witness, searched for the two men, believing they might be with two women. The quest was futile. Dieter told Dodd the other day he did not inform Mrs. White of such an appointment.

The District Attorney said Mrs. White asked him the name of a woman who had informed him that another woman prominently connected with the case had been the prime mover in a blackmail plot involving several Brooklyn business men. Mr. Dodd refused to divulge the name.

It is believed the evidence in the case will be turned over to the Kings County Grand Jury early next week.

Wife Who Killed Her Husband Wins Insurance on His Life

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Catherine Rosier, with her brother-in-law, Arthur Rosier, won a suit today from two insurance companies for $35,568 on accident policies carried by her husband, Oscar Rosier, whom she shot and killed in his office here Jan. 21, 1922. She also shot and killed Rosier's stenographer Miss Geraldine Recklitt, but was subsequently acquitted.

Judge Thompson, before whom the case was tried in the United States District Court, directed a verdict for the Rosiers, on the ground that the insurance companies had failed to prove Rosier was committing a crime when his wife found him in the company of his stenographer and killed him.

MRS. WELZMILLER STIRS RATE HEARING

Volley of Questions Fired at Rail Attorney Concerning Coal Nearly Halts Session.

HIS ASSOCIATES FAIL HIM

In Fact They Join the City's Fuel Crusader and Victim Is Thoroughly Disconcerted.

Mrs. Louis Reed Welzmiller, Deputy Market Commissioner and coal crusader, all but halted the Interstate Commerce Commission's fourth anthracite rate hearing yesterday in the Woolworth Building. A shower of questions directed at spokesmen for the hard coal roads placed them unexpectedly on the defensive, and Chairman Ulysses Butler ordered temporary adjournment, amid a gale of laughter which the rail men themselves led. After brief resumption the commission then adjourned to meet next Tuesday in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Welzmiller arose at one of the counsel tables as H. A. Taylor, counsel for the Erie Railroad and acting advocate for the group of anthracite carriers present, was beginning cross-examination of Josiah D. Greene. Mr. Taylor sought to draw from the up-State witness his familiarity with river barge rates and traffic to support his contention that coal was higher in Troy and Cohoes, N. Y., because of variance in freight rates here. Throwing open her fur coat and placing arms firmly akimbo, Mrs. Welzmiller secured permission to be heard and turned on the Erie counsel. She pressed him for explanation of what he was "getting at" and, turning the tables, began to repeat the "sounding" process on him.

Glancing in vain at Chairman Butler for intervention, Mr. Taylor colored as Mrs. Welzmiller plied him. A sudden burst of laughter from the battery of associate counsel massed behind him taxed the Erie lawyer further.

"Why should anthracite coal cost more than bituminous to put in New York City?" Mrs. Welzmiller went on at high pitch.

Mr. Taylor hesitated. A voice from his contingent supplied:

"It doesn't; bituminous costs more."

"Yes," said Mr. Taylor, "bituminous costs more, Mrs. Welzmiller."

"I don't understand that at all. Why?"

Mr. Taylor looked at the ceiling. Came the oracle behind:

"It comes further."

"It comes further," repeated Mr. Taylor.

By this time the gallery had got out of hand, and Mr. Taylor glared upon his delegation for its lack of support. Chairman Butler left his chair and joined Mrs. Welzmiller and Mr. Taylor. Explaining the discussion would hardly add to the value of the record, he ordered a short recess in which Mrs. Welzmiller might ask what she pleased.

The rail men rallied to the Deputy Commissioner gallantly and finally bore her away to the elevators while more technical advisers substituted for Mr. Taylor.

Mrs. Welzmiller called back to Chairman Butler:

"Do you think it would be worth while for me to attend the hearing at Philadelphia?"

The Chairman started.

"Yes, yes," he weighed, "the evidence will be valuable. One might learn something. But—"

"Well, then, I'll go!"

Aside from Mrs. Welzmiller's diversion the hearing developed sentiment among the anthracite operators that a labor shortage exists in the mining fields and New York City is getting less coal in actual tons from the mines than last year.

Bituminous rates will be taken up by the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington Dec. 3, it was announced.

KARDOS BEFORE REFEREE.

Broker Who Failed Admits Using Another Trader's Name.

Testimony given yesterday before Referee Peter B. Olney Jr., at 63 William Street, in the bankruptcy of the stock brokerage house of Kardos & Burke, indicated that Louis M. Kardos Jr., head of the firm, traded under several fictitious accounts and in one of them lost $600,880. This was the firm of which the other member was John M. Burke, four times Governor of North Dakota and formerly Treasurer of the United States. The firm failed for $2,000,000.

The session was on specifications of the objections of creditors to the discharge of Kardos from bankruptcy. The specifications before the referee was that Kardos committed perjury in previous hearings before the referee.

David W. Kahn, attorney for trustee L. Barton Cass, recited pages of testimony given previously by Kardos as the basis for the charge that he swore falsely. Kahn charged in particular that Kardos was telling untruths when he swore that he did not maintain house accounts and that the firm did not bucket orders. The attorney asserted Kardos made a false financial statement for the purpose of obtaining credit. He emphasized the fact that his charges were against Kardos, not Governor Burke.

Kardos was called to the witness stand. He admitted that he had used the name of Max Goodney, a trader, without Goodney's knowledge in maintaining an account. He declined to identify sheets from the books of Kardos & Burke.

Joseph M. Kraus of Bernard, Reis & Co., accountants for the trustee, testified that the Goodney account had a debit balance of $600,880, and that another house account was maintained under the name of S. A. Hammarlough.

Much of the session was consumed in argument over motions by counsel for Kardos to dismiss the specifications. These motions were denied. The next session will be held at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Americans visiting Paris may obtain

AWARD 150 PRIZES AT FLOWER SHOW

Keen Competition at Annual Exhibition of Horticultural Society of New York.

RICH IN CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Silver Cup Goes to Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt — Prominent Persons Among the Winners.

More than 150 prize awards were made by the judges of the exhibition of the Horticultural Society of New York at the American Museum of Natural History yesterday. The show is one of the best ever put on by the society, including some of the finest chrysanthemums ever exhibited in this country, new roses, new seedling orchids and very large orchid displays, cut flowers as well as growing plants. Many of the entries, which totaled almost 400, were of such high order that the experts were compelled to do some close judging in many of the competing classes. In numerous cases the number of specimens, single blooms, vases of flowers or potted plants exceeded the minimum called for by the class specification, adding to the work of the Committee of Awards, the result being that the list of prizewinners was not complete at the close of the usual afternoon devoted to judging, prior to the throwing open of the exhibition to the public.

Some of the Prizewinners.

Prominent among the prizewinners are Colonel William Boyce Thompson, George F. Baker, Samuel Untermyer, Colonel H. H. Rogers, Mrs. Payne Whitney, Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Mrs. H. M. Tilford, Mrs. E. E. Smathers, J. Insley Blair, Countess Holmstein and Mrs. Harold I. Pratt.

The grand sweepstake prize, the society's silver cup offered for the best exhibit of the show, went to Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.

The Clement Moore Gold Medal was captured by F. Eugene Dixon's beautiful growing orchid, a Brasso. Cattleya, named B. C. Eleanor Rice. Arthur N. Cooley received a silver medal; sweepstake for the best variety of orchid. Clement Moore got a silver medal for a new meritorious variety not in commerce.

The show included classes for non-commercial as well as for commercial growers of fruit and in vegetables, a class for non-commercial growers and a competition open to all. J. W. Weaver & Son were awarded a silver cup for the best collection of apples.

In the special exhibits four silver medals were awarded, given respectively to Dr. E. A. Campbell for his new white begonia, the Miss Elizabeth Milbank; to F. Eugene Dixon for his display of cut orchids; to Cattleya Veritosa; to Cromwell Gardens, for a collection of pompon chrysanthemums and to W. A. Manda for an exhibition of cacti, including many forms, some arranged in miniature gardens.

The list of awards follows:

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—PLANTS—OPEN.

1—Specimen bushes, any color, any type; first, Pembroke estate; second, William Boyce Thompson; third, Mrs. F. H. Allen.
2—Specimen standards; first, Pembroke estate; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
3—Specimen cut; odd shapes; first, Dr. E. A. Campbell; second, Pembroke estate.
4—Twelve plants in variety, any type, in pots not over 9 inches; first, Pembroke estate; second, Samuel Untermyer.
5—Six plants in variety, any type, in pots not over 8 inches; first, Colonel H. H. Rogers; second, Pembroke estate.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Cut flowers for non-commercial growers (stems not less than 3 feet).

6—Vase of one or more varieties, arranged for effect, any foliage, stems 18 inches; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, Mrs. Redmond Cross; third, W. R. Coe.
7—Ten vases in 10 varieties, 3 blooms each; first, Mrs. Payne Whitney.
8—Five vases in 5 varieties, 3 blooms each; first, W. R. Coe; second, Samuel Untermyer; third, Pembroke estate.
9—Collection of 12 varieties, 1 of each; first, William B. Thompson; second, J. Insley Blair.
10—Collection of 6 varieties, 1 of each; first, W. R. Coe; second, Pembroke estate.

FIVE TERMINAL SPRAYS TO ONE VASE.

Not less than five flowers to a spray; stems not to exceed 18 inches.

11—Collection of singles, 12 varieties; first, Miss Susan D. Bliss; second, Mrs. Payne Whitney.
12—Collection of singles, 6 varieties; first, Mrs. Paul Moore; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
13—Collection of pompons, 12 varieties; first, Mrs. John T. Pratt; second, Mrs. H. M. Tilford.
14—Collection of pompons, 6 varieties; first, Mrs. John T. Pratt; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
15—Vase of singles, arranged for effect; first, Mrs. W. Redmond Cross; second, Dr. E. A. Campbell.
16—Vase of pompons, arranged for effect; first, Dr. E. A. Campbell; second, Mrs. Charles Mallory.
17—Collection of anemones, 6 varieties, 2 blooms each; stems not less than 24 inches; first, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; second, Mrs. Payne Whitney.

WILLIAM BARR MEMORIAL FUND PRIZE.

18—Group of cut blooms arranged for effect, covering 100 square feet, any foliage; first, Mrs. Payne Whitney; second, Otto H. Kahn.

FOR COMMERCIAL GROWERS.

Stems not less than 15 inches; all named kinds.

19—Collection of 20 varieties, 1 of each variety; first, Charles H. Totty Co.
20—Ten vases in ten varieties, 3 blooms to vase; first, Charles H. Totty Co.

FIVE TERMINAL SPRAYS TO A VASE.

Not less than 5 flowers to a spray, stems not to exceed 15 inches.

21—Collection of pompons, 12 varieties; 1st, Charles H. Totty Co.; second, F. R. Pierson.
22—Collection of singles, 12 varieties; first, Charles H. Totty Co.

ROSES—CUT FLOWERS.

For non-commercial growers.

23—Eighteen white; first, J. Insley Blair; second, Joseph P. Day.
24—Eighteen reds; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, J. Insley Blair.
25—Eighteen pink, Columbia shade; first, W. R. Coe; second, J. Insley Blair.
26—Eighteen light pink, Ophelia shade; first, Mrs. F. A. Constable; second, Mrs. H. M. Tilford.
27—Eighteen dark pink, premier shade; first, Joseph P. Day; second, Mrs. H. M. Tilford.
28—Eighteen yellow; first, Mrs. Roswell Eldridge; second, Countess Holmstein.
29—Vase of 50 assorted, arranged for effect; first, W. R. Coe; second, Mrs. H. M. Tilford.

FOR COMMERCIAL GROWERS.

30—Fifty white; first, F. R. Pierson.
31—Fifty red; first, L. B. Coddington; second, F. R. Pierson.
32—Fifty pink, Columbia shade; first, L. B. Coddington; second, F. R. Pierson.
33—Fifty light pink, Ophelia shade; first, Charles H. Totty Co.; second, F. R. Pierson.
34—Fifty dark pink, Premier shade; first, F. R. Pierson; second, Charles H. Totty Co.
35—Fifty yellow; first, Charles H. Totty Co.; second, L. B. Coddington.
36—New meritorious variety, not in commerce, Silver medal, Charles H. Totty Co.

CARNATIONS—CUT FLOWERS.

For Non-Commercial Growers.

37—Eighteen white; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, Pembroke estate.
38—Eighteen Enchantress shade; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, George G. Mason.
39—Eighteen Winsor shade.
40—Eighteen Lawson shade; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, George G. Mason.
41—Eighteen scarlet; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, George F. Baker.
42—Eighteen crimson; first, Mrs. Robert Mallory; second, W. R. Coe.
43—Eighteen yellow; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, L. L. Dunham.
44—Eighteen variegated; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, W. R. Coe.
45—For a new meritorious variety, not in commerce, silver medal; J. Insley Blair.

FOLIAGE AND DECORATIVE PLANTS.

For Non-commercial Growers.

46—Group of greenhouse plants arranged for artistic effect, to occupy 100 square feet; first, William B. Thompson.
47—Collection of fall fruiting shrubs and trees, cut branches arranged for effect, covering 25 square feet; first, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt; second, Samuel Untermyer.
48—Display of begonias, tuberous-rooted, twelve plants; first, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid; second, J. Insley Blair.
49—Display of begonias, Gloire de Lorraine type, 12 plants; first, William B. Thompson; second, Julius Roehrs Company.
50—Collection of ferns and varieties, to cover 100 square feet; first, F. R. Pierson; second, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; third, F. R. Pierson.
51—Collection of ferns and varieties, to cover 100 square feet; first, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; second, F. R. Pierson.
52—Specimen of Adiantum; first, F. R. Pierson; second, Pembroke estate.
53—Specimen of Goniophlebium Subauriculatum; first, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; second, Colonel H. H. Rogers.
54—Specimen of Goniophlebium Subauriculatum; first, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; second, Colonel H. H. Rogers.
55—Specimen of a Staghorn fern.
56—Specimen of any other fern; first, Mrs. E. E. Smathers; second, F. R. Pierson.

ORCHIDS, PLANTS—OPEN.

57—Collection, not less than twenty-five species and varieties, covering fifty square feet of table space; first, Lager & Hurrell.
58—Collection of hybrids, not less than twenty plants; first, Arthur N. Cooley; second, Julius Roehrs Co.
59—Six plants, six varieties; first, Julius Roehrs Co.; second, George E. Baldwin.
60—Three plants, three varieties; first, Colonel H. H. Rogers; second, Lager & Hurrell.
61—One plant; first, Colonel H. H. Rogers.
62—For a new meritorious variety not in commerce; silver medal, Clement Moore.
63—Sweepstake for the best variety of orchid; silver medal, Arthur N. Cooley; Clement Moore, gold medal; 1 Brasso Cattleya, B. C. Eleanor Rice, F. Eugene Dixon.

VEGETABLES.

For non-commercial growers.

64—Collection, 15 kinds, arranged for effect; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt; second, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt.
65—Brussels sprouts, one quart; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt; second, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt.
66—Cucumbers, two of any one variety; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt; second, Mrs. Lewis P. Child.
67—Cauliflower, 3 heads; first, H. L. Van Praag; second, Mrs. Lewis P. Child.
68—Celery, 4 stalks, any one variety; first, H. L. Van Praag; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
69—Lettuce, three heads; first, Mrs. Lewis P. Child; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
70—Parsnips, six; first, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
72—Pumpkin, one largest and best; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt; second, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt.
73—Tomatoes, twelve; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt; second, Mrs. Edward Holbrook.

Open to all.

75—Largest and best collection, not less than thirty kinds, arranged for effect; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.

FRUIT.

For non-commercial growers.

76—Collection of apples, six varieties, five of each; first, Pembroke estate; second, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
77—Collection of pears, four varieties, five of each; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
78—Quince, any one variety; first, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.
79—White grapes, greenhouse, two bunches; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford.
80—Black grapes, greenhouse, two bunches; first, Mrs. H. M. Tilford; second, Pembroke estate.

For commercial growers.

82—Best collection of apples; silver cup, J. W. Weaver & Son.

TABLE DECORATIONS.

Open to garden clubs or members of garden clubs.

84—Centre piece, vase of baskets for luncheon table, any flowers or foliage; first, Rye Garden Club; second, Millbrook Garden Club.

GRAND SWEEPSTAKE PRIZE.

The society's silver cup for the best exhibit in the show; Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt.

SPECIALS.

Anthurium andreanum hybrids; Colonel H. H. Rogers.

New white begonia, "Miss Elizabeth Milbank"; silver medal, Dr. E. A. Campbell.

Fifty square feet ferns and cypripediums; Mrs. E. E. Smathers.

Display of cypripediums insigne sanderae; Joseph Manda Co.

Collection of pears, collection of Swiss chard, collection of brussels sprouts, collection of white pearl potatoes; J. W. Weaver & Son.

Display of cyclamen; Paul Grobbs, Mimico, Ontario.

Large vase of "Louise Pocket" chrysanthemums; Mrs. H. M. Tilford.

Display of cut Cattleya veritora; silver medal, F. Eugene Dixon.

Five chrysanthemum bushes; Mrs. F. H. Allen.

Display of pompons; Mrs. Charles Mallory.

Collection of evergreens; Bobbink & Atkins.

Collection of pompon chrysanthemums; silver medal, Cromwell Gardens.

Trophy; certificate of merit, Cromwell Gardens.

Collection of cacti; silver medal, W. A. Manda.

Collection of ivy; W. A. Manda.

Hardy large flowering chrysanthemum seedling; honorable mention, John Lewis Childs, Inc.

MAX REINHARDT HERE TO STAGE 'THE MIRACLE'

European Producer Arrives With His Staff to Give Big Spectacle at the Century.

Among the arrivals on the Aquitania yesterday was Professor Max Reinhardt, the European producer, who brought his entire producing staff to superintend the staging of "The Miracle" for F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest at the Century Theatre about Christmas time.

In Professor Reinhardt's party were his personal representative, Rudolf Kommer, playwright and translator; Einar Nilson, the Swedish composer who has been director of the music in Reinhardt's productions for the last fifteen years; Ernest de Weerth, a young American scenic designer, and five assistant stage managers. Mr. Gest visited the professor at the latter's estate, Schloss Leopoldskron at Salsburg, Austria, and discussed plans for putting on "The Miracle" here.

Norman-Bel Geddes, the American scenic artist who made the designs not only for the production itself but for the reconstruction of the Century Theatre, has already visited Professor Reinhardt at Salsburg.

Morris Gest was at the pier to meet him and said that the professor really understood everything he heard in English, but he thinks in German, which makes it difficult to reply. Offenbach's "Orpheus" and Strindberg's "Dream Play" will also be produced by Mr. Gest while the professor is here.

Speaking in German Max Rheinhardt said he would be here until early in the new year. The players were coming over soon, he said, and among them would be the English society actress, Lady Diana Cooper, who would take part in "The Miracle."

"Conditions are very bad in Germany," the professor continued, "and there will be a great deal of misery there this Winter. The theatres and the cinemas and concerts, however, are filled to the doors at every performance because the people must have some distraction to take their minds off the terrible conditions surrounding them in their daily lives."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"What a Wife!" will be transferred from the Century Roof to the Comedy Theatre a week from Monday, when "Children of the Moon" ends its engagement.

The current program at the Neighborhood Playhouse, erroneously announced to close next week, will be continued until Dec. 9.

"Poppy" will give an Armistice Day matinee on Monday next week, omitting the customary Wednesday matinee.

Hope Drown, who played the leading role in the film "Hollywood," will be seen in "The Best People," which the Frohman Company is producing. The play was previously known as "Goodness Knows."

Nora Bayes will return to vaudeville at the Palace Theatre a week from Monday, following a brief "concert" engagement.

"Isn't It So" which comes to the new Berkley Theatre next Monday, had its first performance last night in Stamford.

Next Tuesday's performance of "Stepping Stones," at the Globe, will be a benefit in aid of the East Side House Settlement Music School.

THREE INDIAN PLAYS
Ernest Thompson Seton
and Members Woodcraft League.
SAT. EVE., NOV. 10, 8:30.
TOWN HALL $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 Tax exempt.
Now at Box Office.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
Brooklyn Academy of Music
2 Performances Only
THIS AFT. 2:15, TONIGHT 8:15
ANNA PAVLOWA
Ballet Russe & Symphony Orchestra
PRICES: $1.00 TO $3.00 (Plus Tax)

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

The Husband's Stratagem.

SPRING CLEANING, a comedy in three acts, by Frederick Lonsdale. At the Eltinge Theatre.

Walters ..... Lewis Broughton
Margaret Sones ..... Violet Heming
Ernest Steele ..... A. E. Mathews
Fay Collen ..... Blythe Daly
Lady Jane Walton ..... Pauline Whitson
Archie Wells ..... Gordon Ash
Bobbie Williams ..... Robert Noble
Billy Sommers ..... C. Haviland Chappelle
Connie Gillies ..... Maxine McDonald
Richard Sones ..... Arthur Byron
Mona ..... Estelle Winwood

There was no doubt last night about the success of this new comedy by the author of "Aren't We All?" After the second act the applause was emphatic and sustained as it seldom has been in the case of a play so familiar in theme and so light in texture. And it was bestowed in equal measure upon the author and upon half a dozen members of the company who outdid themselves in parts astutely designed to make an actors' holiday.

"Spring Cleaning" is, if you will, an artificial comedy. But in using the phrase one is reminded, first as last, of "The School for Scandal." The characters, one and all, are brilliantly witty and apropos. Some of the time one perceives that they have polished their verbal rapiers in collaboration with Mr. Lonsdale: theirs is "author's wit." But for the most part, it must be admitted, they speak thoroughly in character and out of the given situation.

Here also the play belongs to an English school that ranges from Sheridan to Oscar Wilde. And there is a final resemblance. Though the theme is marital infidelity, and though Mr. Lonsdale's wit at times touches the borderlands of even our modern proprieties, wholesome sentiment and the holy bonds win handsomely in the end. However closely the proprieties are grazed, the moralities emerge unpinked and triumphant.

When a wife, the mother of two charming children, is in danger of falling for a notorious Lothario, what is a poor husband, a loving husband, to do? Richard Sones conspires with his butler to have two extra chairs placed at his wife's dinner party and comes in at a critical moment with a guest he has provided: a night walker gathered from the street. It is his way of saying that the crowd of smart fashionables which Margaret Sones has gathered about her are practicing an ancient profession, and at that are mere amateurs.

The dramatic contrast and the opportunity for moral melodrama are obvious: there were moments last night when one feared to hear again the trumpet of Alfred Sutro blasting at the walls of Jericho. Nothing of the kind. Fundamentally preposterous as the situation was, Mr. Lonsdale had the address to carry it off lightly, humanly, and, on the whole, convincingly. He was greatly aided by Estelle Winwood, who has never been more perfectly the artist in comedy than in this character of Mona of the pavement, and never half so downright and sympathetic—for the reason, doubtless, that she has never had a part so fat. He was no less indebted to Violet Heming, who, as the wife, had a part as difficult as Mona's was actor-proof, and whose denotement of cold rage was absolute perfection, as was her utterance of burning scorn.

Not much of suspense remained for the third act—except, perhaps, a question as to how Mr. Lonsdale would negotiate his final curtain. His recipe was the same—fundamental truth of character clothed in brilliant dialogue. It was now the turn of A. E. Mathews, who played the practised lover and was faced with sour prospect of taking over Margaret in marriage. The scene in which he succeeded in revolting and disillusioning her, even while stoutly protesting his willingness to marry her, was as delectably played as it was subtly written. Most brilliant of all was the scene in which he charmed and convinced Sones himself, admirably played by Arthur Byron, until they fell to discussing the sex over whisky and soda. No trait of hollowness or of brazen effrontery was spared, and yet one felt throughout the all-conquering charm. Title as "Spring Cleaning" is in theme and artificial in its situation, it is extraordinarily brilliant throughout and has touches of human truth that are of the highest order.

NATIONAL HORSE SHOW
OPENS TODAY
Squadron A Armory
94th St. & Park Ave.
Admission $1.65
Afternoons 2 P. M. Evenings 8 P. M.
Reserved Seats and Boxes At Beacon's Ticket Agencies and Squadron A Box Office. Telephone Lenox 0473

RODEO
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
NOW TWICE DAILY
MATS. AT 2—NIGHTS AT 8
World Championship Cowboy Contests. Cow Girls, Indians, Bronco Busters, etc.
Mats. 50c to $2.50. Eves. 50c.-$3.00.
Children under 12 half price afternoons.
COMPLETE PERFORMANCES OF THE RODEO CONTESTS
TOMORROW (SUNDAY) AFT'N 2:15 NIGHT 8:15
Benefit N. Y. American Xmas Fund.

THE DUO-ART PIANO
in a
POPULAR CONCERT
with
ELEANOR SHAW, Pianist
FRED SHEFFIELD CHILD, Tenor
THE HELEN MOLLER DANCERS
TODAY AT 11 A. M.
ADMISSION WITHOUT CHARGE
THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
AEOLIAN HALL, 30 W. 42nd Street.

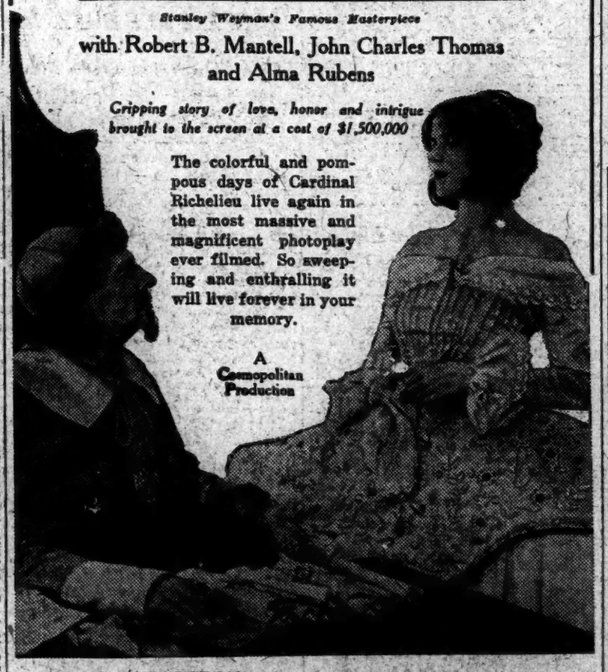
TOM'W EVE., at 8:30
NATIONAL THEATRE, 41st W. of B'WAY
MABEL ROWLAND
in her inimitable
Comedy Character Sketches
ALSO
HARRY MUNRO ..... Baritone
BEATRICE WELLER ..... Harpist

FOREIGN CAR SHOW
See the New
IMPORTED CARS
HOTEL ASTOR
LAST DAY

To-Night
DURYEA
SPECIAL FAVOR DANCE
BALLROOM HOTEL DES ARTISTES
1 West 67th St. Columbus 10194
Subscription $1.00 including Tuition in Tango at 3:30 P. M.
1 ascing 9 P. M. to 1 A. M., $1.10.

MOTION PICTURES

"Under the Red Robe"
Stanley Weyman's Famous Masterpiece
with Robert B. Mantell, John Charles Thomas and Alma Rubens
Gripping story of love, honor and intrigue brought to the screen at a cost of $1,500,000
The colorful and pompous days of Cardinal Richelieu live again in the most massive and magnificent photoplay ever filmed. So sweeping and enthralling it will live forever in your memory.
A Cosmopolitan Production



Scenario by HAYARD VEILLER Settings by JOSEPH URBAN
Directed by ALAN CROSLAND Music Score by WM. FREDERICK PETERS
Beginning Monday Eve., Nov. 12th
And Twice Daily Thereafter
Cosmopolitan Theatre
COLUMBUS CIRCLE
John Charles Thomas will sing the Prologue from "Pagliacci," accompanied by Victor Herbert and his Orchestra, as a special feature of the opening performance.
MR. THOMAS IS APPEARING BY ARRANGEMENT WITH MR. R. E. JOHNSTON, 1451 BROADWAY
VICTOR HERBERT and his ORCHESTRA

COSMOPOLITAN Columbus Circle LAST 2 TIMES TODAY, 2:30 & 8:30
"UNSEEING EYES"
with LIONEL BARRYMORE and VICTOR HERBERT and His ORCHESTRA
STATE B'way & 45 St. METROPOLITAN Beginning Tomorrow
LOEW'S NORMA TALMADGE in "ASHES OF VENGEANCE" AND BIG VAUDEVILLE BILL
PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 59th St. REX BEACH'S "THE SPOILERS"
REG. TOM'W POTASH & PERLMUTTER with Barney Bernard & Alex. Carr
B. S. MOSS' CAMEO CHARLES DICKENS David Copperfield Harold Lloyd in "Safety Last"
"The Covered Wagon"
A Paramount Picture
478th and 479th SHOWINGS
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30. Res. MATS. at 2. All Seats Reserved MATS. (except Sat., Sun. & Holidays) 50c to $1.50. Evenings $1.10 to $1.65.
RIVOLI B'way, 49 St. "HIS CHILDREN'S CHILDREN" ALL STAR CAST Paramount Picture RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA
RIALTO B'way, 42 St. MEIGHAN in GEO. ADE'S "WOMAN-PROOF" A Paramount Picture RIESENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ
MASS. STRAND B'way & 47th St. "A WOMAN OF PARIS" Written & Directed by CHARLES CHAPLIN Grand Symphony Orchestra
CAPITOL B'way & 51st MARY PICKFORD in "ROSITA" Grand Opera Orchestra

—AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT—

WINTER GARDEN Nights 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom. 2:30.
FIFTH YEARLY EDITION
Greenwich Village Follies
AMERICA'S GREATEST ANNUAL REVUE
SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT Always the Best Sunday Entertainment in New York.
Broadhurst 44th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
MATINEES TODAY
RICHARD BENNETT
in the greatest triumph of his career
THE DANCERS
Playhouse 48th St., East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
CHAINS
"INTIMATELY TRUE AND FINELY REALIZED."—John Corbin, Times.
John Golden's LAFF Show
GO Chicken Feed
at the LITTLE Thea. Mat. Today
AND
7th Heaven
BOOTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, MON. & WED.
HOLIDAY MAT. SUNDAY NOV. 12.
APOLLO Thes., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & MON. (Armistice Day).
MADGE KENNEDY in "POPPY" with W. C. Fields
The Biggest Musical Comedy Hit of the Year
MOROSCO Thes., W. 45th St. Mats. at 2:30
Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30
RAFAEL SABATINI'S ROMANTIC PLAY
"Scaramouche"
With Sidney Blackmer. Not a Picture.
THOMASHEFSKY'S
BROADWAY YIDDISH THEATRE
44th St., West of B'way. Tel. Lack. 6565.
Evgs., 8:30. Matinee Saturday, 2:30.
BORIS Thomashefsky | LUDWIG Satz | REGINA Zuckerberg
in "The Jolly Tailors"
A Thomashefsky-Cherniavsky now operetta
Sunday Concerts Afternoon and Night.

CENTURY THEATRE, Central Park West and 62nd Street.
Evgs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY and WED. 2:30.
SIR JOHN MARTIN-HARVEY
LAST 2 PERFORMANCES OF
"OEDIPUS REX"
NEXT WEEK: "VIA CRUCIS"
and "Burgomaster of Stilemonde" next Sat.
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST present
ELEONORA DUSE
and her company
MATINEES AT 2:15.
TUES., NOV. 13, & THURS., NOV. 15.
"COSI SIA" (THEY WILL BE DOING).
THE TUESDAY MATINEE OF "COSI SIA" WILL be given in honor of
THE MOSCOW ART THEATRE COMPANY
AT THE CENTURY THEATRE
SEATS and TRANSLATIONS FOR ENTIRE REPERTORY NOW ON SALE AT THEATRE
F. RAY COMSTOCK and MORRIS GEST announce
PUBLIC SEAT SALE
FOR THE
MOSCOW ART THEATRE
4-Week Engagement
Open Mon. A. M. 9 o'Clock
at JOLSON'S 59TH STREET THEATRE
Premiere MON., NOV. 19
In Honor of ELEONORA DUSE.
Funniest Musical Comedy in New York
Mr. Battling Buttler
with CHAS. RUGGLES & WM. KENT
SELWYN Thes. Mats. TODAY & MONDAY.
SPECIAL ARMISTICE DAY MAT. MONDAY.
AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
"Oh Win, What Did You Do?"
A LOVE SCANDAL
WITH
NORMAN TREVOR
and EDITH TALIAFERRO
SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 sharp
Mats. Today, Mon., Wed. 2:15 sharp
Extra Matinee Armistice Day, Mon., Nov. 12
SENSATIONAL REVUE
ARTISTS AND MODELS
OF 1923

VANDERBILT THEATRE, 148 WEST 48th STREET. TEL. BRYANT 9134
OPENING TUESDAY NOV. 13th at 8:30
THE SELWYNS will present
SOMERSET MAUGHAM'S Satirical Comedy
The Camels Back
with a distinguished cast, including:
Charles Cherry, Violet Kemble Cooper, Louise Closser Hale, Arthur Lewis, Margaret Moffat, Joan Maclean, Go in Mair, Dorothy Stokes.
Seats Now on Sale at Box Office.

WILLIAM HODGE IN "FOR ALL OF US"
The Great Laugh and Tear Play
DR. ORISON SWETT MARDEN Says:
"The Best Play I Have Ever Seen!"
ALAN DALE (N. Y. American) Says:
"I found something in my eye that strongly resembled a tear—A critic's tear! And yet they call us callous. A great piece of acting—Forbes-Robertson himself never did anything better than Hodge."
49th ST. THEATRE, WEST OF BROADWAY. EVENINGS 8:30. Matinees Today and Wed., 2:30. Telephone Circle 3626

WINDOWS GARRICK, 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30
COMEDY Thes., 41st E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Children of the Moon
"IT IS A POWERFUL & STIRRING DRAMA."—Stephen Rathbun, N. Y. Sun.

TIMES SQ. Thes., West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
HELEN OF TROY, N.Y.
THE PERFECT MUSICAL COMEDY
PRINCESS 39th St. & B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30
THE SHAME WOMAN
By LULA VOLLMER. Seats 4 weeks ahead

44th ST. THEATRE ALL MATINEES, BEST SEATS $1.00 Except Holidays, TWICE DAILY, 2:30—8:30. SUNDAY MAT. AT 2.
A REX INGRAM-METRO PICTURE
SCARAMOUCHE
Founded on the novel by RAFAEL SABATINI
"The Best Picture of Any Season"
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SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE—4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Jolson's 59th St. Mat. TODAY
SOTHERN-MARLOWE
Today at 2 & 8
MERCHANT of VENICE
Next and Last Week—ROMEO and JULIET
ELTINGE Theatre, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. First Mat. Today, 2:30.
THE SELWYNS present
FREDERICK LONSDALE'S New Comedy
SPRING CLEANING
with Violet Heming, Estelle Winwood, Arthur Byron, A. E. Matthews & others.
EVERYBODY'S IN LOVE WITH
IN LOVE WITH LOVE
Lyon Fontaine, Ralph Morgan, Mary Hall
RITZ Theatre, West 48th Street. Last 2 Weeks.
MATS. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
39th ST. THEATRE, near B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinee Today and Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM in A LESSON IN LOVE
AND EMILY STEVENS
NATIONAL Thes., 41st, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
"Royal revival of one of world's matchless plays."—A. Woollcott, N. Y. Herald.
WALTER HAMPDEN
in CYRANO de BERGERAC
SEATS ON SALE FOR 8 WEEKS.
BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
TARNISH "Succeeded in getting New York a sensation."—Welsh, Telegram.
CENTURY ROOF Thes., 62d St. & Cent. Park West. Evs. 8:30
The Laughing Hit
WHAT A WIFE!
with Glenn Anders, Dorothy Mackaye, Louis Simon
SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way Mat. Today
The Daily's Theatre Success
GO-GO Original Cast Intact
NEXT WEEK: "WHISPERING WIRES"
MATINEE—SUNDAY CONCERT—TONIGHT
SELWYN Theatre. TO-MORROW NIGHT
RUTH DRAPER
in ORIGINAL CHARACTER SKETCHES
"The Best Sunday Night Ent. in New York."
Also Every Sun. Night Fellow's Gotta Tell What About
2ND SEASON CASINO B'way & 39 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit.
WILDFLOWER
with Edith Day
REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR
LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
The Sons Hit of the Century
"I LOVE YOU"
"LITTLE JESSIE JAMES"
WITH THE JAMES BOYS—A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND. Seats 6 Weeks Ahead.
BERKLEY THEATRE, West 52d Street & 6th Ave. Tel. 3030 Circle
OPENING MON. NOV. 12. SEATS NOW
NANCE BYRNE announces
"Isn't It So?" A Gay New Comedy by Della MacLeod
BIJOU THEATRE W. 45th St. Evenings 8:30 Mat. Today, 2:30
A. H. WOODS Presents
Grant Mitchell in
The Whole Town's Talking
By John Emerson & Anita Loos.
Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
419 TIMES Staged by John D. Williams
LILLIAN GISH
"THE WHITE SISTER"
NOTE: This production will not be shown in any other theatre in New York or suburbs this year.
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Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Sunday Matinee at 2.
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The Hunchback OF NOTRE DAME
Presented by Carl Laemmle
ASTOR Thes., B'way & 45th St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. NOW

—NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES—

The Season's 3 Sensations!
LOWELL SHERMAN as the World's Greatest Lover
"CASANOVA"
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30
"THE SWAN"
CORT West 48th Street. Evs. 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
IRENE BORDONI
in Hopwood's Gay Song Play
"Little Miss Bluebeard"
LYCEUM West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE
124 West 43d St. Tel. Bryant 7410
EVES. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
BLANCHE BATES
RUTH CHATTERTON
LAURA HOPE CREWS
GEOFFREY KERR
REGINALD MASON
FELIX KREMBS
HENRY MILLER
In LEE WILSON DODD'S
The Changelings
MUSIC BOX Thes., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
IRVING BERLIN'S 3RD ANNUAL MusicBoxRevue
Staged by Hassard Short
PEOPLE'S 57th St., at Lexington Ave. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today, 2:15.
FREE THEATRE ADMISSION FREE
"DIFFERENCE IN GODS," by Dimmock.
YIDDISH ART THEATRE 27TH ST. & MAD. AV. MAURICE SWARTZ in "7 Who Were Hanged" ENTIRE Eve. Inst. Sun. 8:30. Mtn. WEEK Today & Tom'w, 2:30

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:35. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:35.
FRED STONE
in "STEPPING STONES"
with DOROTHY STONE
FRAZEE Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
"THE DEEP TANGLED WILDWOOD"
By the authors of "Daisy," "To the Ladies!" and "Merton of the Movies."
EARL CARROLL Presents
"WHITE CARGO" With A. E. ANSON
GREENWICH VILLAGE Thes., 7th Av., 4th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
GAIETY B'way at 46th Street. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
CYRIL MAUDE "AREN'T WE ALL"
Frederick Lonsdale's Brilliant Comedy
KLAW West 45th Street. Evs. 8:35 Sharp Mats. Today & Wed. 2:35 Sharp.
FRANCINE LARRIMORE
in "NOBODY'S BUSINESS"
HAVE THE BUNCH! JOIN THE BUNCH! GET THE PUNCH! IN THE
CROOKED SQUARE
HUDSON THEA., W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
PUNCH & JUDY THEATRE, 49th St., East of B'way.
OPENING MONDAY, NOV. 12.
Go West, Young Man
A COMEDY.—SEATS NOW.
MRS. FISKE LAST 2 WEEKS
David Belasco Presents
FISKE in "Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary"
BELASCO West 44th Street. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
SUN-UP LENOX HILL THEA. 51st St., 76th St., between Park & 3rd Aves. Evs. 8:40. Mat. Today, 2:30.
The Players Company 1st Subscription Bill
The Real Hit of New York—GEO. M. COHAN'

OPERA

By H. C. COLLES.

"Die Meistersinger" Revived.

DIE MEISTERSINGER VON NURNBERG, opera in three acts and four scenes. German text and music by Richard Wagner. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Eva.....Florence Easton
Magdalene.....Kathleen Howard
Walther von Stolzing.....Rudolf Laubenthal (debut)
Hans Sachs.....Clarence Whitehill
Beckmesser.....Gustav Schutzendorf
Pogner.....Paul Bender
Kothner.....Carl Schlegel
Vogelgesang.....Max Bloch
Zorn.....Angelo Badà
Moser.....Pietro Audisio
Ulesslinger.....Giordano Paltrinieri
Nachtigall.....Louis d'Angelo
Ortel.....Paolo Ananian
Foltz.....James Wolf
Schwartz.....William Gustafson
David.....George Meader
A Night Watchman.....Arnold Gabor (debut)
Conductor Artur Bodanzky.

The "revival," as it is called, of Wagner's "Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg" at the Metropolitan last night is the first event of the season which can be hailed as one of musical importance. Possibly it will be remembered as the event of chief importance. It ends a period of abstinence, and every one who believes that opera can be something more than an expensive entertainment must be glad of its return.

It is the one of all Wagner's works which revels in normal things. "The Ring" maybe accused of megiomania, "Tristan" of hysteria, Parsifal of religiosity. There is no such charge to be brought against "Die Meistersinger," unless it is urged that like everything else that Wagner wrote it is too long. True, it is too long for an evening's entertainment, but ideally, if we had nothing to do all day but listen, it would hardly be too long, for with every page Wagner has something fresh to say, some new light to shed on his characters by his inexhaustible resources of musical development.

Something had been done to bring the opera into practicable time for an evening's performance last night, and the cuts were certainly discreetly made so as to distort the scheme as little as possible. The opera began at 7:30 and was not over very much before midnight. Mr. Bodanzky's treatment of the overture set the right atmosphere because it set the right tempo and kept it. When that is done and each one of the lovely tunes has room to live and move and have its being Wagner tells his own story. Generally this was the case throughout the opera. If one was inclined to question an overemphasis here or a hurrying then these were small matters. A fine orchestral performance is the first matter for congratulation, since the orchestra is the protagonist in the music-drama.

This and the care which had evidently been expended on the whole production are the rewards of the late abstinence. The thing had been thought out afresh, but thought out in contact with the established tradition, and at times the mind was carried back to an exceptionally fine performance among the last which Richter conducted at Bairuth a dozen years or so ago.

There were, however, some points of stagecraft which might be improved. The end of the first act was one and the street brawl of the second act another. Possibly something went wrong with the apprentices and the paraphernalia which they had to carry away when the trial scene broke up in disorder. At any rate they were left still fussing with the rods and curtains of the marker's box when Sachs was taking his last rueful look at the singer's chair, and their presence spoilt the suggestion of Sachs's loneliness which the orchestration here brings. The stage seemed too crowded again in the brawl scene; too many people standing and singing like an oratorio choir without taking part in the action. Moreover, to have a very big chorus here only confuses the complicated lines of the music. The voices became an indistinguishable roar.

It was surprising too to find that Sachs's household included six stalwart maid servants, all learning out of window, and the establishment next door must have been a large ladies' seminary, it contained so many female inhabitants. But while speaking of the stage effect a word must be added of the beauty of the lighting throughout, but especially in the street scene. The end of that scene, with the watchman's cry appropriately sung with a tremor in the voice by Arnold Gabor, and the moon rising behind the Burgerthor of old Nürnberg was exquisitely devised.

So we come to the singers by the mention of one of the least of them—a method excusable not only because Mr. Gabor was new to the opera house, but because there are really no least and greatest in "Die Meistersinger." Wagner has given to everyone some unobstrusive touch which distinguishes the part, and one of the best things in this performance was the way in which the minor characters among the masters assembled in conclave took their places and each supplied his quota in the discussion of Pogner's proposal and Walther's candidature.

It may be suggested, however, that Carl Schlegel as Kothner deserved one or two of Beckmesser's bad marks for slurring over the elaborated cadences of the Tablature, that Mr. Schlitzendorf as Beckmesser was inclined to overact, especially in the later scenes; also that there seems no positive reason why Beckmesser's nose should resemble that of Cyrano de Bergerac. Paul Bender's singing as Pogner was as dignified and his whole treatment of the part as aldermanic as could be desired.

The lovers were Miss Florence Eaton and Rudolf Laubenthal, and they made a proper pair. Wagner's idea of what was due to a first lady were not those which generally prevail at the Metropolitan. He gave Eva no outstanding scene. She is a German Fraülein who is expected to listen to her elders and admire her lover. Miss Eaton preserved the girlishness of the part in her voice and action. Mr. Laubenthal made a favorable first impression because he looks a man, is young, sings honestly and knows how to stand still. He never ranted, but his voice was not always equally pleasant, and it was unfortunate that it was least so at the moment that he began to tell Sachs about his wonderful dream. The first stanza of the Preislied in its first version had a throaty quality which had not been present when he sang the trial songs of the first act.

Clarence Whitehill's Sachs was the finest individual performance of the evening, as it has need to be. For it is Sachs who is the core of Wagner's inspiration and it is he who gives relation to all the threads of the drama, from the moment that the scent of the elder tree sets him musing by his shop door to the last when Eva and Walther set the wreath on his brow. He is Wagner's first subject, the principal theme developed through the symphony and Mr. Whitehill sustained the part nobly.

We must not forget George Meader's sprightly David, a little too sprightly at times perhaps, or Miss Kathleen Howard's Magdalene, for these two contributed ably to the quintet which is the most wonderful vocal climax in Wagner's act.

Princeton's Play Is 'Drake's Drum.'

The Princeton Triangle Club will present its annual musical comedy at the Metropolitan Opera House on Dec. 25 and 26, according to an announcement made yesterday. This year's offering will be "Drake's Drum" and is based on the legend of the drum which Sir Francis Drake left at an old inn at his death, which the English people were to beat if they should ever have need of his help.

The cast and stage hands and electricians are all Princeton students. W. H. Smith of the class of '24 is President of the club and plays the leading rôle in the comedy. The first act is in an old inn and the second on the deck of a pirate ship. The club has planned an extensive tour through the Middle Atlantic and Western States.

Gilbert Ross in Violin Recital.

Gilbert Ross, heard here for the first time last year, gave his second violin recital in Aeolian Hall last evening. A carefully chosen program included Franck's sonata for piano and violin, which the young violinist gave with a broad sonority of tone, skillful phrasing and brightness of style. He was ably assisted in this and the other numbers by André Benoist at the piano. Mendelssohn's concerto in E minor was also on the program, as well as transscriptions by Kreisler and Auer.

Frances Hall, Pianist, Plays Again.

Frances Hall prepared for those who came to her second piano recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon a program which held fresh interest in two arrangements by Hutcheson from the works of Scarlatti. In Mendelssohn's infrequently played prelude and fugue in E minor the pianist showed technical fluency, marred only by a lapse of memory at one point. Schumann's "Faschingsschwank" and six pieces by Rachmaninoff completed the list.

ROLF DE MARE ARRIVES.

Director of Swedish Ballet Will Give Futuristic "Creation du Monde."

Rolf De Mare, director of the Swedish ballet, which will be seen on the Century roof in another week, arrived yesterday on the Aquitania, accompanied by his musical director, Vladimir Golschmann.

Mr. De Mare said last night at the Hotel Majestic that he looked forward to the American tour of his ballet as its supreme effort in the field of artistic endeavor.

"We were asked to come here two years ago," he said, "but I declined the offer because we were not ready. We were still developing. We Europeans now recognize American success or failure as the supreme test."

Mr. De Mare said that the new futuristic ballet, "Creation du Monde," which was presented in Paris two weeks ago, achieved the greatest success yet enjoyed by any single ballet produced by the organization. It will have a place on one of the early programs here, as will "Within the Quota," the American ballet by Gerald Murphy and Cole Porter, both of whom also arrived on the Aquitania.

Tableaux at Victory Ball Tonight.

Tableaux will be the feature of the entertainment program of the Victory Ball which will be held this evening at the Waldorf-Astoria. Harold L. Downey is chairman in charge of the ball and the tableaux are being staged by Ned Wayburn. Among the subjects are "The Spirit of the American Legion," "The Canadian Heroes' War Memorial," "Memorial Erected by the City of Nasnville," "France's Token of America's Friendship," and a special final display typifying "Peace."

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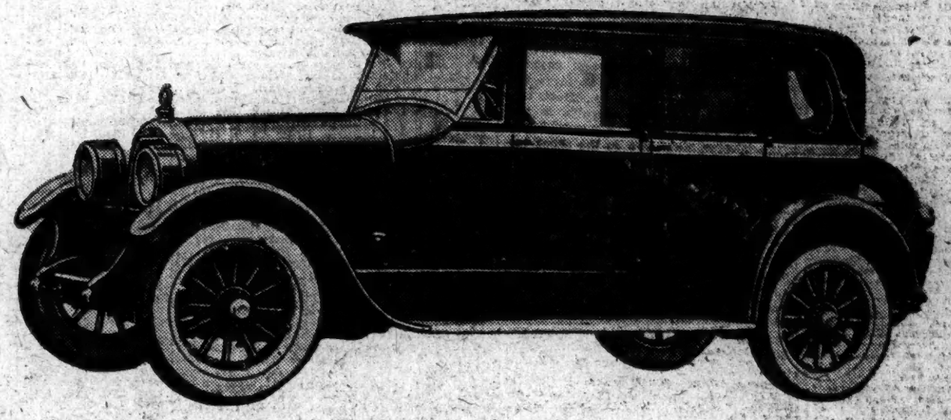

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the original BRAN—ready to eat

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Oh! see the hap-py man.

Why is he so hap-py?

He shaved with Bar-ba-sol this morn-ing.

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Merely wash the face in hot or cold water, spread Barbasol over your wet beard, and shave.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Advance of Stocks in Another "Million-Share Day"—Foreign Exchange Weak.

Interesting movements occurred on several of yesterday's markets and in at least two of them the action of prices under existing circumstances caused some perplexity in Wall Street. The further rise on the Stock Exchange was generally regarded as continuance of an organized speculation for the rise which began when the Steel Corporation's increased dividend was announced, a week ago. But the sweeping downward reaction in cotton prices took the market by surprise. Perhaps even those people who had considered Tuesday's impulsive bidding-up of prices at New Orleans as foreshadowing heavy profit-taking did not expect the fall of $6 per bale which occurred on yesterday's market.

The cotton market had at least the fact that the still more violent preceding advance had been made without anything in the news to change ideas—which rendered automatic reaction logical. But in so far as the previous weakness in European exchange had been caused by such incidents as the Bavarian revolt, it might have been imagined that rates would recover at once on the inglorious collapse of the Ludendorff-Hitler demonstration. So far from this, however, the market for British, French and Italian exchange suffered yesterday the most severe break of the month; sterling in particular falling from $4.43 to $4.39¾, a price which, except for one week early last Autumn, is the lowest reached since the middle of 1922.

It is not unnatural that Wall Street should have assumed that uneasiness was growing at the delay in settling the deadlock over the proposed appraising committee on Germany's economic capacity. But practical dealers in exchange will probably testify that the sterling rate at all events has been falling under the weight of "cotton bills," sold to provide for British cotton imports nearly 20 per cent. greater in quantity than last Autumn's, purchased at an average price 20 per cent. higher. When this has occurred in a market whose requirements had already been largely covered by sales of remittances against the December interest payment to our Treasury, and with no large foreign loan subscriptions to offset that movement, the course of rates is perhaps not surprising.

Yesterday's advances on the Stock Exchange were irregular, with the striking movements mostly in the minor speculative stocks. But transactions again reached nearly a million and a quarter shares and, as for the general course of prices, the "averages" rose to the highest figure since Sept. 12; going a full point over the best October record and canceling nearly one-third of the year's extreme decline to Oct. 29.

If such industrial statements of the week as the October iron production and the half-monthly cotton ginnings gave no evidence of a change in the state of trade, the week-end mercantile reviews are even more noncommittal as to indications. One of them, after saying that this week's events "have made for a slightly better tone in trade and industry," explains and considerably qualifies the statement by the remark that these events consisted in "the change in atmosphere of the stock market, the upward rush of cotton prices and the sustained strength of grain." As for the actual reports from trade circles, they are summed up in the statements that there is "large potential demand" there is "only moderate purchasing in anticipation of future needs," and that "no definite sign has appeared of a more uniform trend in business."

MONEY.

FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money was alternately easy to firm, opening and renewing at 5 per cent., rate declined to 4½ at noon, but got back to maximum charge just before close. Demand was fairly strong and supply ample. Because of lightness of demand for fixed period funds market was dull and without change at 5@5¼ per cent., depending on maturity. Business money markets were quiet and likewise without change in discount.

Call Loans.

Renewals	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
5	5	4¼	5	5

Time Loans.

	Bid.	Asked.
Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5@5¼	
4, 5 and 6 months	5@5¼	
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5@5¼	
4, 5 and 6 months	5@5¼	

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5 @5¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances 4¼

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4⅛	4¼
60 days	4⅛	4¼
90 days	4⅛	4¼
Four months	4⅛	4¼
Six months	4⅛	4¼
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	4⅛	4¼

London Market.

Money in London ¼ lower at 2½ per cent.; short bills, 1-16 up at 3 3-16@3¼ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 3 3-16@3¼ per cent.

Gold bullion 6d higher at 93s 4d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 109⅜ at London, highest for year to date; previous high, 109¼ on Nov. 8. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅛, on Feb. 21, 1923. Highest price last year, 130, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $691,000,000; balances, ($82,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $80,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $719,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London, 3-16d higher at 32 3-16d per ounce; New York price, ¾c lower at 63¾c.

Range for 1923:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	33 1-4d Apr. 30	30¾d Feb. 3
New York	69¾c Mar. 27	62⅛c July 30

Range for 1922:

London	37¾d May 22	30¼d Dec. 18
New York	73⅛c May 22	62⅝c Dec. 18

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1923.

Day's Sales	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
1,212,928	1,217,900	766,582	882,262	Holiday.

Year to Date.	Same Period. 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
197,491,713	225,216,830	143,105,514½	188,846,690½	276,348,201

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
82	67	500	Adams Express (5)	68	68	68	68	— 1	67	69
54½	24	200	Advance Rumely pf. (6)	25	25	24	24	— 1	21½	28½
72¾	56	100	Air Reduction (4)	65	65	65	65	+ ⅛	63	63½
14⅞	4¾	400	Ajax Rubber	6	6¼	5¾	5¾	— ⅛	5¾	6
80	30½	2,500	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	68¾	67¾	66½	66½	— ½	66	66½
51¼	37½	1,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	41¾	42⅝	41¾	42⅝	+ ⅞	42	42¾
36½	10¾	100	Am. Agricult. Chemical	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛	11⅜	12
68⅞	28¼	600	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	34½	34⅝	34¼	34½	+ ⅛	34	35
49½	23	400	Am. Beet Sugar	34	34⅝	33½	33½	— ⅛	33½	34½
60	22⅜	4,000	Am. Bosch Magneto	29⅝	31½	29⅜	30¾	+ 2¼	30½	31⅜
83½	68¼	600	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	71¾	72½	71½	72½	+ 1	72½	73
110	102½	100	Am. Br. Shoe & F. pf. (7)	104	104	104	104	— ½	103	105
108	73½	32,700	Am. Can (5)	100¼	101¾	100¼	100⅝	— ⅛	100⅜	100⅝
115	106	200	Am. Can. pf. (7)	108	108¾	108	108¼	+ ⅛	107¾	108½
189	148¾	300	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	163	164	163	164	+ 2	163	163½
125⅞	117	100	Am. Car & F. pf. (7)	121	121	121	121	— 1	120⅜	124
17⅞	5⅜	100	Am. Chicle	15¾	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛	15½	16
20⅜	9¾	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛	6¾	6⅝
38¾	14	1,300	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	19¼	19¼	19	19	+ ⅛	19	19½
143½	89	200	Am. Express (6)	90	90	89¾	89¾	+ ¼	89½	90
13¾	6¼	700	Am. Hide & Leather	8¾	8¾	8¼	8¼	— ⅛	8⅜	9
74½	29¾	1,200	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	42	45	43	45	+ 3	44½	45⅞
111⅞	78	400	Am. Ice (7)	83	88¾	88	88	+ 2	88	89
89	77¾	500	Am. Ice pf. (6)	80	80	80	80	— ...	72½	81
33½	16	9,200	Am. International	21¼	22¾	21½	21⅜	— ...	21½	22
13	10¼	100	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	11¼	11½	11¼	11½	+ ⅛	11¼	11⅜
38	13	600	Am. Linseed	18	18⅝	18	18	— ¼	17½	18½
75¼	64¾	13,100	Am. Locomotive (6)	72¾	73½	72¾	72¾	— ⅛	72½	72⅞
88½	70	100	Am. Radiator (4)	83¾	83¾	82¾	83½	— ...	82½	83
9¼	4⅞	8,100	Am. Safety Razor (50c)	7⅞	8	7⅞	7¾	+ ⅛	7¾	7⅞
21⅞	10¾	1,900	Am. Ship & Commerce	12	12¼	12	12	— ⅛	12	12⅛
69½	51¾	3,800	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)	57¾	58⅝	56⅜	57⅛	+ ⅝	57⅜	57⅝
40⅞	31⅝	9,900	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	36¾	38	36⅜	37⅝	+ 1⅞	37⅜	37⅝
103¾	97¾	100	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	100	100	100	100	— ⅛	99½	100¾
83	48	1,000	Am. Sugar Refining	55¼	55⅞	55	55	— ⅛	54¾	55
36⅜	16	900	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	19¾	19⅞	18	18	— 2⅛	18	18½
125⅛	119½	700	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	122⅞	123⅞	123¼	123⅜	+ ⅛	123⅜	124
161⅝	140¾	1,400	Am. Tobacco (12), ex div.	149	149	147¾	147¾	— ...	147	147½
159¾	140	900	Am. Tob., Cl. B (12), ex d.	147	147	147	147	— ...	146	146¾
44¾	27½	1,300	Am. Water Works & Elec.	35⅝	39¾	35½	39¼	+ 1¾	38¾	39¼
64	48½	800	Am. W. W. & E. pf. c. p. (4)	62¾	63	62¾	63	+ ⅜	62¾	63½
109⅝	85	12,800	Am. Woolen (7)	73¾	75⅝	73¾	74½	+ 1¼	74	74½
111⅞	96⅝	200	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	101	101	101	101	+ 1	99	101½
34	2	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ...	2⅜	2⅞
10¼	6¼	400	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛	8¾	9
58⅜	26	100	Am. Zinc, Lead & S. pf.	29	30	29	30	+ 1⅜	29	30
53½	32⅜	9,800	Anaconda Copper (5)	36	37½	36	37¼	+ 1⅞	37	37¼
94	85½	100	Armour (Del.) pf. (7)	91	91	91	91	— ...	91	92½
18⅞	10½	200	Arnold, Constable & Co.	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅜	+ ⅛	12⅜	12⅞
89	62½	300	Associated Dry Goods (4)	77	77	76	76	— 2	75½	76
27¼	24½	1,300	Associated Oil (1½)	25⅜	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛	25½	25⅝
109⅝	94	1,800	A., T. & S. F. (6)	97	97½	96¾	97⅜	+ ⅛	96⅝	97⅛
90⅜	86⅞	700	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	— ...	87	87½
127	100⅞	400	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	113	113½	113	113½	+ 1½	113	113⅞
2	1	100	Atlantic Fruit ctfs.	1	1	1	1	— ...	1	1½
34	9½	1,500	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	15⅜	16¼	15⅜	16¼	+ ⅛	16	16¼
27	8⅝	100	Atlantic, G. & W. I. pf.	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+ ⅛	12	13
160	98⅝	200	Atlantic Refining (4)	110	110	109	109	— ...	108	110
35½	17	100	Austin, Nichols	24	24½	24	24½	+ ⅛	24¼	25
26⅞	7¼	600	Butte Cop. & Zinc (50c)	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛	9¾	9⅞
144½	110½	2,000	Butte & Superior	15	16	15	15⅞	+ ⅛	15½	16
55¾	40¼	1,100	Butterick Co.	19	20⅜	19	20	+ 1	20	20⅜
60⅝	55⅝	600	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛	1⅝	2
87	77	2,600	California Packing (6)	80	81	80	80¾	+ ⅛	80½	81
29¾	17½	43,150	Cal. Petroleum (1½)	20⅝	22⅝	20⅜	21⅝	+ 1⅞	21⅝	22
110¾	90½	500	Calumet & Arizona (4)	93	93	93	93	— ⅛	92½	95¾
12⅝	5⅞	600	Callahan Zinc Lead	4¼	4½	4¼	4¼	— ⅛	4¼	4⅜
66	44	100	Calumet & Arizona (4)	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	— ⅛	45	46¼
160	130⅝	400	Canadian Pacific (10)	145¾	146¾	145¾	146¾	+ ¼	145	146¾
85	65	300	Case Thresh. Mach. pf. (7)	68¾	68¾	66	66	— 2¼	65	68½
17	6	1,300	Central Leather Co.	14	14¾	14	14¾	+ ⅛	14¾	14⅞
83	37	2,000	Central Leather Co. pf.	36¾	38¼	36¾	38¼	+ 1⅝	38	38½
231	175	400	Central R. R. of N.J. (†12)	209	211	200	211	+ 7	209	215
50⅝	38⅛	8,300	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	40¼	41⅜	40	40⅝	— ⅝	40⅜	40⅝
75	43	4,200	Chandler Motor (6)	50¾	52	50¾	51½	+ ⅝	51½	52
76⅝	57	13,000	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	73¾	74½	72	73	— ¼	72⅝	73¼
104⅞	96	200	Chesapeake & Ohio pf(6½)	99	99	99	99	— ¼	99	99¾
3¾	2	300	Chicago & Alton	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛	2⅞	3
9¾	3¾	300	Chicago & Alton pf.	8½	8¾	8½	8¾	— ⅛	8¾	9½
17	6⅝	200	Chicago Great Western pf.	8	8	8	8	— ⅛	8	8½
26⅝	11¾	2,300	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	13¾	13¾	12¾	12⅞	— ⅜	12⅞	13¼
45½	21	2,100	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	25¾	27½	25	25	— ⅝	24⅝	25¼
88	58½	600	Chicago & N. W. (5)	60¾	61	60½	61	— ...	61	62
80⅝	60¾	100	Chicago Pneu. Tool (5)	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	— ⅜	80	81
77⅜	19⅝	7,900	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	22¾	23	22¼	22¾	— ...	22½	22⅝
95	72	300	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	79	79	79	79	— ...	79	80
155	60⅞	300	Chicago Pneumatic Tool	68¾	69⅝	68¾	69¼	+ ⅞	69	70
30¾	5⅛	6,000	Chile Copper (25)	26⅝	27⅝	26⅝	27¼	+ ⅝	27	27¼
31½	14½	3,200	Chino Copper	15⅝	16⅝	15⅝	16⅞	+ ⅝	16½	16¾
76¼	60	300	Cluett, Peabody (5)	68	68	67½	67¾	+ ⅛	67½	68
83⅝	65¼	300	Coca-Cola (7)	74⅜	74⅜	74½	74⅝	+ ⅛	74¼	74⅝
35⅝	20	700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	24¾	24¾	23¾	23¾	— ⅝	23¾	24
37⅞	30¾	5,100	Columbia G. & E. (2.60)	33	33¾	32¾	33	+ ⅛	33	33½
2⅞	½	8,000	Columbia Graphophone	½	½	½	½	— ...	½	¾
12¼	¼	200	Columbia Graphophone pf.	½	½	½	½	— ...	½	¾
49⅝	41	1,200	Columbian Carbon (4)	45	46½	44¾	44⅝	— ...	44	45½
83½	67	7,500	Computing Tab. Rec. (6)	77	79¾	77	79½	+ 2⅜	79½	79⅝
176¼	135	5,300	Congoleum Co. (10)	171¼	176¼	171¼	174½	+ 2½	174½	178
69¾	56⅜	11,600	Consolidated Gas (5)	62	64	62	62¾	— ⅛	62½	62⅝
14½	6	1,200	Consolidated Textile	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛	6¾	6⅞
55¾	42⅜	36,200	Continental Can (4)	49¾	52	49¾	51¾	+ 2⅛	51⅝	51¾
103½	90	200	Continental Insurance (6)	93¾	93¾	93⅜	93½	+ 1⅝	93¾	95
12¾	5	1,500	Continental Motors	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6⅝	— ...	6⅝	7
130¼	114⅜	5,700	Corn Products Ref. (18¼)	130¼	131½	130	130⅝	— ⅛	130¾	130¾
62¼	22⅜	13,200	Cosden Co.	26½	27½	26⅜	27	+ ⅛	27	27¼
84½	57⅛	5,500	Crucible Steel (4)	63	66	62	65¾	+ ⅛	65	65⅝
94⅞	85¾	100	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	— ...	91	93
20	8⅜	400	Cuba Cane Sugar	11¼	11¼	11¼	11⅛	+ ⅛	10⅝	11¼
64¼	33½	1,900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	46¼	46⅝	46	46	— ...	45½	45⅝
37½	23	3,100	Cuban Am. Sugar (3)	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	— ⅛	29¾	29¼
102½	92	100	Cuban Am. Sugar pf. (7)	95	95	95	95	+ ⅛	94	97
69	54¼	900	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	60¾	61	60	60	— ...	59½	60
72	20⅜	40,700	Davison Chemical	64¼	67¾	64	65¾	+ 1⅝	65½	65¾
18	2⅜	100	De Beers Mines	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ...	2⅝	2¾
114½	84	700	Delaware & Hudson (9)	109¾	110¼	109½	110½	+ 2¼	110	111
130½	108¾	1,100	Del., Lack. & West (6)	116¼	117½	116	116	— 1½	115¾	116½
111	100⅜	100	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	— 1½	103½	103¾
44½	30¾	400	Dome Mines (4)	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ⅛	35½	36
14⅜	7¾	100	Douglas-Pectin (1)	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ⅛	11¼	11⅝
12,100	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	138¾	138¾	137¾	138¾	+ 1	137¾	138		
500	Eastman Kodak (†7½)	109¾	109	108	108	+ 1	108	109½		
400	Eaton Axle & Spr'g (2.60)	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ...	22½	23		
800	Elec. Storage Bat. (†4½)	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	— ...	61½	61¾		
2,500	Endicott-Johnson (5)	67	68	67	67	— ...	65¾	66		
6,600	Erie	14⅜	15¾	14⅜	15¼	+ ⅝	15	15¼		
11,400	Erie 1st pf.	25¼	25¾	25	25¼	+ ⅛	24¾	24¾		
3,100	Erie 2d pf.	17⅝	18⅜	17⅝	18	+ ⅝	17⅜	18¼		
18,500	F. Players-Lasky (8)	64¾	65⅝	63⅝	64¼	+ 1⅛	64	64¾		
1,900	Fed. Min. & Smelting	11¾	13	11½	12⅞	+ 2⅛	11⅞	13		
3,500	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf. (7)	44	47¾	44	46½	+ 1⅝	46	46½		
200	Fid.-Phenix Fire Ins. (6)	118	118	118	118	+ 5	115	120		
1,400	Fifth Avenue Bus (64c.)	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ...	9¾	9¾		
100	Fisher Body (10)	169	169	169	169	+10	162	169		
200	Fisher Body Ohio pf. (8)	96	96¾	96	96¾	— ...	97¾	98½		
600	Fisk Rubber	6¼	6⅞	6¼	6⅝	— ...	6⅝	6⅞		
2,900	Fleischmann Co. (13)	45¾	45¾	45	45	— ⅛	45	45¼		
2,800	Foundation Co. (6)	70¾	71¾	70	71¼	+ ⅝	71¼	71½		
300	Freeport Texas	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ...	11¾	11⅞		
2,200	Gen. Amer. Tank Car (3)	42¾	47	42¾	47	+ 4⅜	45	47		
5,500	General Asphalt	31⅞	33⅜	31½	32¾	+ ⅝	32	32¾		
200	General Asphalt pf. (5)	66	66¼	66	66¼	— ...	65	66¾		
900	General Baking (4)	100¾	103¼	100¾	103	— ...	97	99		
900	General Cigar (6)	84	84¾	83	84¼	+ 1	84	84½		
2,600	General Electric (5)	181⅞	184	181⅞	183¾	+ 1½	183½	183⅝		
100	Gen. Elec. special (60c.)	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ...	10¼	10⅜		
11,100	Gen. Motors (1.20) x rts.	140	144	140	144	— ...	140	142		
300	General Motors deb. (6)	82½	82½	82½	82⅝	+ ⅛	82½	83½		
200	Gimbel Brothers	42	45¾	42	45	— ...	45	47		
400	Glidden Co.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ...	6¾	7		
100	Goldwyn Pictures	10	10	10	10	— ...	10	11		
2,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	19⅜	20¼	19⅜	20	+ ⅛	19⅜	20		
100	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	41	41	41	41	+ 1	41½	45		
1,400	Granby Consol.	13⅝	15¼	13⅝	15¼	+ 1⅜	13¾	15½		
400	Gray & Davis	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ...	5	5½		
2,300	Great Northern pf. (5)	56¾	57¾	56¾	56¾	— ...	55¾	56¾		
700	Do Certs. for O. Pf. (2)	30	30	29½	29½	— ...	29¾	30¾		
100	Great West. Sugar pf. (7)	104½	104½	104½	104½	— 1	104	105¾		
600	Greene Cananea Copper	14½	15¼	14½	15⅛	+ ⅛	15	16		
100	Guantanamo Sugar	6	6	6	6	— ...	5⅝	6		
9,800	Gulf States Steel (4)	81	83¼	80¾	80¾	— ...	80	80½		
100	Hartman Corp. (8)	80¾	80½	80¾	80¾	— 1½	79	80¼		
1,000	Hartman Corp., new	40	40⅝	39½	39⅝	— ⅜	39¾	40		
300	Hayes Wheel (3)	37	37	36¾	36¾	— ...	36½	36⅝		
300	Hendee Manufacturing	17½	17⅞	17½	17⅝	— ⅛	17½	18		
700	Household Products (3)	34	34¾	34	34¼	— ⅛	34	34½		
6,800	Houston Oil	51	52	51	51¾	— ⅛	51¼	51¾		
3,100	Hudson Motor Car (3)	29¾	31	29¾	29¾	— ⅛	29½	29¾		
700	Hupp Motor Car (1)	20	21	19¾	19¾	— ⅛	19¾	20		
1,000	Illinois Central (7)	101¼	102¼	101¼	102¼	+ 1¼	101⅜	103		
300	Illinois Central pf., w. i.	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ...	103⅜	104½		
300	Independent Oil & Gas	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ...	4¾	5		
300	Indiahoma Refining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ...	1½	2		
500	Inland Steel (2½)	35	35	35	35	— ...	34	35		
2,000	Inspiration Copper (2)	25¾	27¾	25¾	27¾	+ 1⅞	27¼	27½		
400	Interboro Rapid Transit	13	13¾	13	13⅝	— ...	13	13½		
100	International Agricultural	1	1	1	1	— ⅛	¾	1		
300	Intl. Agricultural pf.	6	6	6	6	— ...	6	6¼		
6,100	International Cement (3)	39½	41	39½	40¾	+ 1	40¾	41		
3,200	Intl. Comb. Engine (2)	22⅜	22	22¼	22⅜	+ ⅛	22¼	22⅝		
500	Intl. Harvester (5)	77½	77⅞	77	77	— ...	77	78		
1,100	Intl. Harvester pf. (7) x d.	106	106	106	106	— ...	104	107¼		
300	Intl. Mer. Marine pf.	8¾	9	8¾	8¾	— ...	8¾	9		
9,500	Intl. Mer. Marine pf.	35¾	38¾	34¾	35½	+ 1	35¾	35½		
3,700	International Nickel	11½	12	11½	12	— ⅛	11⅞	12		
100	Intl. Nickel pf. (6)	80	80	80	80	+ 2	80	83		
3,100	International Paper	33	33½	33	34¼	+ 1⅜	33¾	34½		
300	Intl. Paper pf. stmpd. (6)	63¾	63¾	63¼	63¾	— ...	63¾	64		
1,900

$152,771,000 BONDS OFFERED IN WEEK

Total of New Issues Is the Largest Since the Second Week in June.

$106,000,000 FOR UTILITIES

Improvement in the Market Continues, With Price Movements Moderately Upward.

New bond offerings this week totaled $152,771,000, the highest since the week ended June 15 and the fourth highest for the year to date. Previous high marks were $235,000,000 in the first week of January; $232,276,000 in the second week of January and $194,354,700 in the second week of June. Last week the figure was only $13,493,000. The current week's total is about two and a half times the total for the same week of last year.

By groups, this week's offerings compare with those of last week as follows:

	This. Wk.	Last Wk.
Public utility	$106,000,000	$8,615,000
Foreign	34,000,000	232,000
State and municipal	12,771,000	3,500,000
Industrial	.....	600,000
Railroad	.....	545,000
Totals	$152,771,000	$13,493,000

Three issues composed all but $12,771,000 of this week's totals. These included the $100,000,000 offering of American Telephone and Telegraph Company sinking fund debentures, $25,000,000 of Dutch East Indies sinking fund gold bonds and $9,000,000 Province of Alberta, Canada, refunding bonds. Underwriters in each case reported the sale of their bonds and the big telephone company issue was disposed of almost instantly, the books being open only fifteen minutes.

It now appears unlikely that any more blocks of $50,000,000 size or greater will be brought out the rest of this year, according to bankers. A number of smaller issues, however, are in sight, among them some public utility business.

In the open market the betterment noticed during the preceding week was again in evidence. Transactions were fairly large and business brisk. Price movements were moderately upward and further recoveries were made by some of the railroad issues which recently had been under selling pressure.

No large blocks of undigested securities now hang over the market, according to the bankers. One of the last syndicates to be closed was that of the Associated Oil Company offering. In this case the price gave way to 98 on the day the syndicate withdrew its support, but soon after the bonds rallied to 99 and have since held there.

BETTER TONE IN INDUSTRY.

Dun and Bradstreet's Both Find Trade Spotty, However.

A better tone has prevailed in trade and industry during the past week, according to Bradstreet's summary of business conditions throughout the country, "and a number of encouraging items are to be reported, although a general survey still reveals rather spotted conditions."

"The change in the atmosphere of the stock market, the upward rush of cotton prices and the sustained strength in grain, says the review, have "tended to make for better sentiment. Another apparent surge upward in building values is indicated in reports by 156 cities to Bradstreet's, the largest gain shown in any month since April. In addition, managers of leading railroads announce that they expect to spend large sums next year in betterments, having spent $1,009,000,000 so far this year, and Japan has bought 23,000 tons more of steel, making 100,000 tons in all purchased since the earthquake. For the second week in succession Bradstreet's Weekly Food Index has advanced, and gains in all commodities exceed declines by 2 to 1."

Dun's Review says in part: "There is a large daily turnover of goods, and a large potential demand, but only moderate purchasing in anticipation of future needs. Records of output show that the curtailment in some lines has not yet been checked, reduced operations still being noted in pig iron, cotton goods and leather, and there is a continued disinclination to accumulate supplies against possible requirements."

3,000 Acres of Coal Lands Sold.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The Burton Coal Company of Chicago has acquired all of the coal lands, comprising 3,000 acres, owned by the United States Fuel Company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, in Williamson County, Ill., it was announced today. The consideration was not disclosed.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sept.,	73	74
Arg. (recession)	5	1945	63	65
Belgian Prem	5	1920	44	46
Belgian (restor'n)	6	Sep.,	1934	40	42
Brazil	4½	1889	43	43½
Brazil	5	1895	42	44
Brazil	4	1910	35	37
British Victory	5½	Sept.,	1919	83½	83½
British Fund	5½	Mar.,	1929	82	84
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct.,	1927	96¼	96½
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct.,	1927	96	99
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-29	92½	93½
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1929	95	97
Brit. Exchequer	5¼		1929	92	94
Canada	5		1927	100¾	101¼
Canada	3½	Nov.,	1938	102⅛	102⅝
Chile	8		1911	68	71
City of Pelotas	6		1911	49	53
Colombia	6		1918	66½	68½
Costa Rica	7		1911	63½	65¼
Cuba	6		1920	96	98
French Govt. Vic.	5	Jan.,	1931	40	42
French Loan	4		1917	33	35
French Loan	6		1920	48	50
French Loan	15		1920	48	50
Italian War Loan	5			35¾	39¾
Midi R. R.	6		1960	48	50
Paris-Orl. R. R.	6		1936	48½	50½
Russ., external	5½	Dec.,	1921	8	9
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs.)				9	9½
Russ., external	6½	Dec.,	1919	8	9
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs)				9	9¾
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb.,	1926	¼	1¼
Russ. rentes of '94				3	4
Sweden	6	June,	1889	103¼	104
Switzerland	5½	Aug.,	1920	99½	99½
Uruguay	8		1919	62	65

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	205	215	Fifth Av.	1200	...
Amer. Exch.	260	291	First Nat.	1280	...
Bowery	440	...	Garfield	230	260
Bryant Park	160	170	Gotham	160	170
B'way Cent.	153	...	Greenwich	220	...
Bronx Boro.	175	...	Hanover	695	710
Bronx Nat.	125	...	Harriman	325	330
Butchers & D.	130	140	Manhat. Co.	146	150
Capitol Nat'l.	125	135	Mech. & Met.	377	385
Central Merc.	210	230	Mutual	320	335
Chase	345	349	Nat. Amer.	135	136
Chatham	249	254	New Netherl.	150	...
Chelsea	50	70	Pacific	300	...
Chemical	525	543	Park	415	...
City	435	445	Port Morris	167	...
Coal & Iron	210	215	Public	303	...
Colonial	275	...	Seaboard	575	600
Commerce	298	301	Seventh Av.	80	90
Com'wealth	235	245	Standard	200	225
Continental	140	...	State	340	350
Corn Exch.	455	465	23d Ward	250	...
Cosmopolitan	130	...	United States	165	172
East River	200	...	Wash Hts.	205	...
Fifth Nat.	348	358	Yorkville	260	...

TRUST & SURETY COMPANIES

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	100	106	Lawyers Title	190	195
Am. Surety	95	97	M'facturers	275	...
Bk. N. Y. & T.	465	475	Metropolitan	297	303
Bankers	345	354	Mtg. Bond	105	115
Bond & Mtge.	283	293	Mut. T. of W.	20	130
Brooklyn	470	...	Nat. Surety	192	198
Cent. Union	440	460	N. Y. T. & M.	158	160
Commercial	115	120	N. Y. Trust	330	332
Empire	300	...	People's	285	295
Equitable	190	192	Realty Assoc.	110	...
Farm. L. & T.	587	593	Rty. A. 1st pf.	82	86
Fidelity Intl.	195	201	Rty. A. 2d pf.	70	76
Fulton	125	...	Title & G.	330	340
Guaranty	245	249	U. S. Trust	1230	1270
Hudson	208	212	U. S. M. & T.	304	310
Irving-Col.	35	39	U. S. T. & G.	120	130
Lawyers Mtg.	300	...	Westchester	100	...
Lawyers Mtg.	150	158	Westchester	210	...

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	58.33	57.55	57.91	+ .19
25 industrials	106.21	104.90	105.53	— .15
50 stocks	82.27	81.23	81.64	+ .02

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 8	81.96	80.56	81.62	+ .91
Nov. 7	81.22	80.44	80.71	— .14
Nov. 6	Holiday.			
Nov. 5	81.10	80.35	80.85	+ .14
Nov. 3	80.96	80.10	80.71	+ .41
Nov. 2	80.70	79.55	80.30	+ .11

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	82.27	Nov. 9	79.30	Nov. 1	81.64
1922.	90.35	Nov. 9	80.02	Nov. 27	83.23
1921.	86.88	Nov. 29	64.84	Nov. 9	67.05
1920.	82.00	Nov. 4	66.86	Nov. 23	71.63
1919.	95.59	Nov. 5	84.15	Nov. 29	85.84

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923.	82.52	Mar. 8	77.15	Oct. 29	81.64
†1922.	93.96	Oct. 16	64.21	Jan. 10	87.05

Full Years.

1922.	93.06	Oct. 16	64.21	Jan. 10	86.58
1921.	79.18	May 5	64.35	June 21	68.50
1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	67.80
1919.	99.59	Nov. 5	80.73	Jan. 21	89.00
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.13	Jan. 15	73.38

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.86	+.04	+.29		—8.18

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

Nov. 8	76.82		Nov. 1	76.20	+.37
Nov. 7	76.23	—.10	Oct. 31	75.92	+.19
Nov. 6	Holiday.		Oct. 30	75.74	—.01
Nov. 5	76.42	—.03	Oct. 29	75.76	—.06
Nov. 3	76.45	+.06	Oct. 27	75.81	+.03
Nov. 2	76.40	+.11	Oct. 26	75.78	+.01

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923.	79.42	Jan. 31	75.58	Oct. 2	76.86
†1922.	82.54	Aug. 23	75.01	Jan. 3	79.51

Full Years.

1922.	82.54	Aug. 23	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921.	76.31	Nov. 28	67.39	June 20	73.27
1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 15	68.86
1919.	79.06	June 3	71.05	Dec. 7	72.00
1918.	82.30	Nov. 12	73.05	Sep. 27	73.75

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.	Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt. issues	98.28	—.24	—.19		—.78

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Nov. 8	98.47	+.02	Nov. 1	98.62	+.06
Nov. 7	98.45	—.05	Oct. 31	98.56	+.26
Nov. 6	Holiday.		Oct. 30	98.30	—.12
Nov. 5	98.47	+.17	Oct. 29	98.43	—.04
Nov. 3	98.31	—.11	Oct. 27	98.46	+.16
Nov. 2	98.42	—.50	Oct. 26	98.36	—.18

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	101.14	June 17	96.96	Jan. 30	98.28

*To date. †For corresponding date last year.

QUARRY WORK MUST STOP.

College Teacher Gets Injunction Until Trial Is Held.

An injunction was granted to Harris P. MacNeish, an instructor of mathematics in the College of the City of New York, yesterday against the Tuckahoe Stone Corporation by Supreme Court Justice Joseph Morschauser, restraining the corporation from quarrying and crushing stone in a park at Tuckahoe, where Professor MacNeish and others have their country homes.

It was contended that the corporation was disturbing the quiet of the neighborhood, and destroying the scenic features about the park by razing trees. The injunction is allowed only pending trial of the issues.

North American Stockholders.

The North American Company yesterday issued a report showing that in the last six months the number of common stock holders increased more than 53 per cent. In the same period brokers' holdings of common stock decreased to less than 20 per cent. of the total of shares outstanding. The average holding of common stock now amounts to $4,800 par value.

Government Withdrawal.

The Government will withdraw $3,110,000 from depository banks next Tuesday, it was announced yesterday.

CEASES SHIPPING DOLLARS TO BERLIN

American Express Co., Largest Exporter, Finds That the Risk Is Too Great.

MUCH DANGER OF ROBBERY

Remittances Which Do Not Require Payment in U. S. Currency Are Not Affected.

The risk of shipping American dollars into Germany has become so great that many American institutions with offices in Germany are considering the advisability of discontinuing such shipments. The American Express Company, one of the largest dollar shippers, issued an order yesterday at the request of its Berlin branch temporarily shutting off the export of dollars.

The significance of the injunction against dollar shipments is more striking when it is considered that dollar shipments are being made to Soviet Russia, which bankers consider today safer from a business standpoint than industrial Germany. The danger incurred by shippers of dollars to Germany is risk of confiscation or robbery in view of the Bavarian revolt and general political conditions.

Other banking institutions in New York reported that they had not yet issued any like prohibitory orders. In their cases, however, it was explained that dollar shipments have now been reduced to a minimum, and these, in every case, are made at the risk of the shipper and not at the risk of the bank. With the dollar so much in demand in Germany that small "curb markets" have sprung up in various cities, it was conceded that dollar shipments have become very risky. In this connection the statement was made that Americans sending $5 and $10 notes through the mails into Germany were fast learning that wholesale robbery had developed in the German Post Offices.

H. K. Brooks, Vice President of the American Express Company, said yesterday that his company "had received a cable from the Berlin office asking us to discontinue for the time being the sending of remittances which had to be paid in United States currency."

"We've been sending American dollars in large amounts," he said, "and are discontinuing it because of general conditions. This order does not apply to ordinary remittances in drafts which are paid in local currency at the current rate of exchange on New York. But it is difficult now to get insurance on dollar shipments, and there is a good deal of risk in shipping currency. As a result of this increasing risk, the insurance rate has gone higher and higher, and the profit in such transactions has steadily diminished."

Mr. Brooks emphasized the point that the company is still sending through remittances which do not require payment in United States dollars. There is no reason to believe that this form of business will cease, and as long as it continues there will be no serious interference with business affairs.

"The American tourists will not be affected," he added, "as travelers' checks are always paid in the currency of the country in which they are negotiable. Our offices in Germany are, of course, still open and all other business will continue unless something entirely unexpected should happen. In fact, this order merely means the closing of one little class of business."

There is no way to estimate the amount of American dollars that are now held in Germany, but estimates range from $250,000,000 to $500,000,000. With the increasing demand for dollars in Germany has sprung up not only a widespread tendency to theft, but also a counterfeiting ring that is reported to have conducted operations on a wholesale basis. German bankers, while now fairly familiar with dollar denominations, have been easily victimized by these counterfeits, and one New York banker said yesterday, "Why we even had an old Confederate bill returned to us for deposit to the credit of a German institution." The counterfeiters, however, prefer genuine American notes and in most cases raise the amounts by from one to two ciphers. In this way $1 notes are made into $10s and $5s into $50s.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Weak at London, Uncertain at Paris—Sterling Rises at Paris.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Prices were weak on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ⅝ lower at 57; British 5 per cent. war loan, ½ lower at 100; 4½ per cent. war loan, ⅝ lower at 97¼.

De Beers Mining, ¼ lower at 12⅛; Rand Mines unchanged at 2⅞.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 10 centimes higher at 54 francs 95 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 95 centimes lower at 70 francs 80 centimes.

Exchange on London quoted 1 franc 10 centimes higher at 78 francs 30 centimes per sovereign; American dollars, 17 francs 73 centimes, against 17.40⅛ yesterday.

IMBRIE CLAIMS ASSIGNED.

New Organization to Issue Debentures to Creditors of the Old.

Following the declaration of the plan for liquidation of Imbrie & Co. as operative, announcement was made yesterday that 90 per cent. of the claims have been assigned to the creditors' committee for settlement, and that the Imbrie Securities Company, Ltd., organized under New York State laws on Oct. 30 last, will start to function early next month. By that time it is expected between $2,500,000 and $4,500,000 of A debentures and $500,000 of B debentures will be issued, the former to go to secured creditors and the B debentures to unsecured creditors.

The appraisal of Imbrie & Co., which was made by F. W. Allen of Lee, Higginson & Co. and W. C. Potter of the Guaranty Trust Company, set the company's assets at $325,000 and claims against these at from $3,500,000 to $4,000,000. The new corporation has made an offer to purchase all assets of the Imbrie estate at the appraised figure.

BRITAIN'S COTTON IMPORTS.

Increase of 22,000 Bales Last Week —Stocks 51,000 Larger.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 9.—Weekly cotton statistics show imports of 78,000 bales, against 56,000 in the preceding week; imports of American cotton, 54,000 bales against 39,000; forwarded, 51,000 against 67,000; exports, 3,000 against 3,000; sales, 68,000 against 52,000; of American, 26,000 against 23,000.

Stocks of cotton at Liverpool at the end of the week were 411,000 bales, against 353,000 a week ago. Stocks of American cotton, 211,000 bales against 166,000.

The low point in total stocks of cotton at Liverpool was reached on Oct. 5, when they stood at 200,000 bales. The low point of American cotton held at Liverpool was reached on Sept. 21, with 49,000 bales.

Costs Cause Drop in Earnings.

An increase in sales, but a still greater increase in costs, during the nine months ended Sept. 30 is reported by the Manhattan Electrical Supply Company. Sales totaled $5,303,387, against $4,923,662 for the corresponding period of last year, and costs were $4,105,484, against $3,626,794, leaving gross profit of $1,197,925, against $1,296,868 in 1922. Net profit amounted to $134,000, as compared with $436,624 for the corresponding period of last year.

Block of Childs Stock to Be Sold.

It was reported in the financial district yesterday that a group of bankers had acquired and would make public offering within a few days of a block of Childs Restaurant Company stock. The proceeds are to be used, it is understood, in expansion of the chain of restaurants. Childs stock is selling on the Curb at approximately $165 a share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's Sales:					
United States Government bonds	$3,506,050	$3,319,000	Holiday.	$9,079,350	$10,938,000
Other domestic bonds	5,460,000	5,173,000	Holiday.	3,718,000	2,468,500
Foreign bonds	1,482,000	2,134,000	Holiday.	1,747,000	609,000
Total all bonds	$10,448,050	$11,626,000	Holiday.	$14,544,350	$14,010,500
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds	$690,540,580	$1,487,029,607	$1,745,545,930	$2,383,765,400	$2,139,287,750
Other domestic bonds	1,283,788,600	1,692,896,100	791,883,500	617,614,500	458,155,989
Foreign bonds	385,617,800	530,673,300	288,918,200	261,382,800	281,455,100
Total all bonds	$2,359,946,980	$3,710,599,007	$2,826,347,630	$3,212,762,700	$2,878,898,839

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range '23 High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
100.1	Oct. 19,'23	98.1	June 8,'21	101.20	98.5	242½	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	99.20	99.25	99.20	99.25	+ .3	99.23	99.25	3.53
102.25	Oct. 15,'23	98.4	July 11,'21	101.25	99.7	...	Liberty 3½s, registered								
101.25	July 25,'23	93.00	May 19,'20	98.20	97.5	8	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5	+ .20	98.00	98.10	4.13
101.10	July 24,'23	93.25	May 18,'20	98.18	97.3	1	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg	97.23	97.23	97.23	97.23				
100.28	July 23,'23	91.12	May 20,'20	98.25	96.12	...	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42						98.00	98.4	4.18
100.18	July 14,'23	91.18	May 21,'20	98.18	98.18	1	Liberty 2d 4s, reg	97.20	97.20	97.20	97.20	+ .1			
102.00	July 16,'23	90.00	June 7,'20	100.00	97.5	2	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	97.20	97.20	97.20	97.20	....	97.12	97.20	...
101.25	July 18,'23	94.00	May 21,'20	99.6	98.12	114¼	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.4	98.6	98.1	98.2	....	98.2	98.4	4.38
101.14	July 24,'23	94.00	July 30,'20	98.28	98.20	2	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00				
101.00	July 24,'23	91.16	May 20,'20	99.2	98.24	175¼	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.3	98.4	98.2	98.2	+ .1	98.2	98.4	4.38
100.25	July 23,'23	88.16	Dec. 23,'20	98.22	98.21	62	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	97.31	98.00	97.31	98.00	+ .3			
101.00	July 20,'23	90.20	Dec. 19,'20	99.8	97.25	2,063¼	Liberty 2d 4¼s, 1927-42	98.00	98.5	98.00	98.5	+ .1	98.3	98.5	4.45
100.27	July 25,'23	92.12	May 10,'20	99.1	97.17	19	Liberty 2d 4¼s, reg	98.31	98.3	98.31	98.5	+ .4			
101.27	July 27,'23	82.00	May 20,'20	99.6	98.27	335¼	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.5	98.6	98.3	98.4		98.4	98.5	4.41
101.20	July 26,'23	82.15	May 20,'20	99.6	98.28	55	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	98.3	98.3	98.1	98.5	+ .2			
100.4	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	100.2	98.1	4021¼	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.17	99.19	99.15	99.18	+ .2	99.18	99.19	4.38
100.00	Feb. 14,'23	98.30	Apr. 25,'23	100.00	98.20	...	Treasury 4¼s, reg	...	...	...	...		...	...	...

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty Bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945	10.... 76	Ser B, 1946	20s5f.. 95	7.... 98	1.... 100¾	5.... 66½	22.... 105	Swiss Confederation s f 5s, 1946	1.... 92¼	2.... 92¼	1.... 92¼	1.... 92¼
1.... 81⅝	City of Lyons 6s, 1934	1.... 107¼	2.... 95	1.... 97⅞	1.... 100¾	5.... 66½	s f 8s, 1946	2.... 92¼	2.... 92¼	1.... 92¼	1.... 92¼	
1.... 81⅛	4.... 107¼	5s5f.. 95	2.... 97¾	1.... 100¾	5.... 66¼	2.... 105	2.... 92¼	2.... 92¼	1.... 92¼	1.... 92¼		
5s, 1927	4....T. 70¼	1.... 107¼	5.... 95¼	10.... 97¼	King of Denmark 6s, 42	5.... 66½	1.... 104¾	2.... 112¾	2.... 112¾	2.... 112¾	2.... 112¾	
7.... 102¼	9.... 70	Dept. of the Seine tem 7s, 1942	5.... 95	5.... 96	1.... 103¾	King of Swed 6s	1.... 106	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	
1.... 102¾	1.... 76	6.... 95	3.... 94⅞	1.... 97¾	2.... 103¾	Rep of Cuba 5s, 1949	1.... 103¾	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	1.... 112¾	
Austrian Govt 8s, 1954	Cy Marseilles 1942	7.... 94	1.... 95	1.... 96	1.... 103¾	4½s, 1949	2.... 103¾	Un King of Gt B & I cv5½s, 1937	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾
s f 7s, 1943, int rcts	6.... 77½	Dom of Can 6s, 1926	1.... 94⅞	1.... 97¾	1.... 103¾	s f 5½s, 53, int ctfs	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	
15.... 88	5.... 78	1.... 100	3.... 94⅞	3.... 97¾	1.... 103¾	1929	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	
4.... 88¼	Cy Montevideo 5½s, 1929	18.... 94⅝	Holland-Am Ind Dev tam 5½s, 1942	2.... 98¾	4.... 97¾	8s, 1945	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	1.... 103¾	
8.... 88	1.... 101¼	15.... 94⅝	2.... 98	4½s, ster in 1.... 93⅜	Paris-Lyons-Med R R 6s, 1958	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
3.... 88¼	1.... 101¼	6.... 95¾	French Govt 7½s, 1941	Oriental Dev deb 6s, 1933	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
2.... 103½	Cy Bordeaux 6s, 1934	1.... 95¾	20.... 93¾	1.... 93¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
5.... 78	1.... 86¾	5.... 95¾	2.... 95¾	1.... 95¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 77¾	5.... 86¾	Dutch E Ind s f 6½s, 1933, trust rcts	4.... 93¾	1.... 94¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
5.... 78	1.... 86¾	1.... 100	5.... 93¾	1.... 94¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 77¾	City of Tokio 5s, 1952	1.... 100	2.... 93¾	1.... 94¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
Cy Christiania s f 8s, 1945	1.... 67¾	Barnsdall Corp s f 8s, 1931	1.... 94¾	1.... 95¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
2.... 107¾	City of Zurich 5s, 1945	10.... 94¼	Bell Tel of Pa 1st & ref 5s, 1948	1.... 95¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 107¾	1.... 110	1.... 97	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944	Czechoslovak 8s, 1951	11.... 63	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
7.... 88¼	15.5.... 92	67.... 90	5.... 94¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
Cy Prague 7½s, 1952	2.... 92½	47 cv.... 90¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
2.... 76½	Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser A, 1946	1.... 107¼	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 76¼	1.... 107¼	2.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 76	2.... 107¼	1.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
3.... 76¾	1.... 107¼	1.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 77¾	2.... 107¼	1.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
Am W Wks & Elec col 5s, 1934	Bath Sti cvf 5s, 1926	1.... 97	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
1.... 84¾	4.... 98½	1.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
2.... 84¾	1st & ref 5s, 1943	2.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
Anaconda Mg 1st s f 6s, Ser A, 1953	10.... 94¼	Beth Steel purchase money 5s, 1998	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	1.... 70¾	
10.... 97⅝	1.... 48½	1.... 96¾

COPPER SUDDENLY TAKES FIRM TONE

Current Sales Reported Larger Than at Any Time Since Beginning of Year.

NEW RECORD IS PREDICTED

Shipments the Biggest of Any Peace Time Month—Price Gain Expected.

The copper market yesterday displayed a firmer tone than has been witnessed for many months. The red metal was quoted on the New York Metal Exchange for spot delivery at 12¾ cents a pound, but the larger producing and selling agencies were quoting the market "firm" at 13 cents a pound, and many were inclined to hold their supplies for 13¼ cents. Current prices represent a gain of about ⅛ cent a pound from the low levels of the week established about ten days ago. Export prices also were advanced yesterday.

The change for the better in the copper market, according to trade interests, has been almost as sudden as was the recent change for the better in the stock market. Current sales are reported to be larger than at any time since the beginning of the year, and total contracts placed during the first week of November are reported to be larger even than in any week of last March when the small sized boom existed. While prices were declining during September and October, consumers adhered to the policy of buying for only immediate needs. This situation was responsible for the offerings of fairly large blocks of copper by second hands who were loaded up with large quantities as a result of having missed their market last spring.

Within the last week, however, as a result of the hardening of prices, consumers are inquiring for prices and deliveries covering the first quarter of the new year. This is the first time in more than six months that inquiries for large lots of copper have been received for future delivery. If demand continues at the present rate for the remainder of the month, the prediction is made that November will establish a new peace time record in the history of the trade.

Estimates were published in the trade yesterday covering shipments and refinery output for October. Shipments for the month were the second largest of any peace time month on record, the total being 210,000,000 pounds, which compared with a high record of 215,000,000 pounds last March. Of the October shipments last month, 123,000,000 pounds was for domestic consumption, while nearly 87,000,000 pounds was for export. Shipments in September totaled only 160,000,000 pounds. Despite the heavy shipments last month a total of about 220,000,000 pounds of the metal was added to surplus stocks. This, it was explained was due to the increased activity on the part of refineries last month, which also reported a peace time record for any month. Refinery output last month was estimated at 230,000,000 pounds, or 20,000,000 pounds more than shipments, making surplus stocks in the country at the end of October 270,000,000 pounds, or little more than a month's supply at the present rate of sales. Shipments in September totaled 160,000,000 pounds and in August, the previous peace time record, the total was 202,500,000 pounds.

Although copper prices during the past few days have recovered about ¼ cent a pound, current quotations are still far below the high prices touched last March, when consumers literally scrambled over one another to contract for the metal for future delivery. Last March consumers bid up prices to around 17¾ cents a pound. From March to the end of October as a result of reduced demand, the price dropped back to 12½ cents, the lowest reported since 1921. If current demand continues, however, the trade expects that the price of the metal will soon recover a good part of the ground lost since last Spring.

DEWEY'S CABLE CUT UPHELD

Arbitration Court Rejects British Claims for Damages at Manila.

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LONDON, Nov. 9.—Claims by the British Government against the United States for cable cutting by Dewey at Manila in 1898 and also for cables cut in Cuba during the Spanish-American war were disallowed by the Anglo-American Arbitration Court today. The claims were for damages amounting to $70,000 for necessary repairs, but after arguments by Fred Neilsen, Attorney for the United States, the court decided against Great Britain.

The opening speech in the Rio Grande case was made today by Mr. Neilsen on a preliminary motion to disallow the admission of evidence proposed by the British Advocate. After a short session today, the Rio Grande matter will come up again on Monday, "fireworks" are expected. Both sides are on tiptoe, and it seems to be the main question before the court, according to comments made by both sides.

MEDICAL CENTRE IN QUEENS

Society Makes Plans for Its New Home in Forest Hills.

A new medical center for Queens is proposed by the Medical Society of the County of Queens, at the new site in Forest Hills, bought recently for its permanent home. The plan provides office accommodations for physicians, particularly specialists, a nurses' registry and clinic and a modern library.

The new site was bought with money raised entirely among members of the society, which was organized Oct. 4, 1806.

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Chilean Sugar	10	12	10
Central Aguirre	75½	77½	76
Cuba Cane	94	96	93
Federal Sugar	83	86	82
Holly Sugar	8	10	8
Do pf.	50	60	50
Holly	22	25	25
Holly pf.	73	76	78
National	87	89	86½
New Niquero	95	98	95
Savannah	52½	55	52½
Do pf.	78	81	79
Punta Mat. of Oriente pf.	85	90	85

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Mexus	.03
Best & Belcher	.07	Mex.	.00
Caledonia	.06	Northwest	.01
Chollar	.14	Operator	.04
Confidence	.16	Rest	.02
Con. Virginia	.04	Silver King	.04
Crown & Curry	.06	Sutherland	.47
Gold & Nevrores	.12	Victory	.01
Hale & Norcross	.15	Wedge	.07
Julia	.16	West	.00
Justice	.13	Zenda	.03
Kentuck	.02	GOLDFIELD.	
Mexican	.27	Booth	.04
Occidental	.22	Consolidated	.07
Ophir	.07	Crackerjack	.03
Overman	.21	Development	.08
Potosi	.06	Grandma	.04
Sierra Nevada	.07	Great Bend	.04
Union	.03	Jumbo Extension	.04
Utah	.06	Kewanna	.03
Yellow Jacket	.07	Lone Star	.04
TONOPAH.		Red Hill	.07
Belmont	.21	Sandstorm	.04
Belmont Extension	.06	Silver Pick	.05
Jim Butler	.04	Spearhead	.07
Montana	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.04	Boundary Min.	.08
Rescue Eula	.04	Manhattan Consol.	.03
Tonopah Belmont	.21	Nellie	.02
Tonopah Extension	1.85	Round Mountain	.17
Tonopah Mining	.06	Silmon	.03
Tonopah Split	.04	Sunset	.04
Tonopah Test	.03	United Oatman	.05
West End	.07	White Caps	.05
DIVIDE.			
Black Butte	.08		
Blue Bird	.04		
Blue Bird Extension	.04		
Daisy	.01		
Divide Extension	.04		
Divide Tonopah	.04		
Jim Butler	.04		
Midway	.04		
Sandstorm	.03		
Tonopah Belmont	.21		
Tonopah Divide	.17		
Tonopah Extension	.04		
Tonopah Midway	.04		
Tonopah Mining	.06		
Tonopah Split	.04		
Tonopah Test	.03		
Victor	.03		
West End	.07		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	2¾	3	Mary McK.	1¾	2¼
Arkansas	.005	.01	Portland	30	33¾
Doctor Jack	10	15	U. Gold M.	10¼	11
Findley Lee	3	4	Vindicator	8¼	8
Golden Cycle	94	100	Rose Nicol	3	4

WILL ELECTRIFY PARTS OF PENNSYLVANIA LINE

Project Embraces Stretches in the Allegheny Mountains, Using Coal to Generate Power.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 9.—Plans for the electrification of Allegheny Mountain stretches of the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad are being made, high officials of the road announced here today.

The project will cost many millions. The specifications and estimates are being prepared by the engineers of the Eastern division offices. Coal is to be used in generating power.

"While no final plans have been adopted for the running of trains by electricity in the mountains from the Conemaugh section to Altoona, it has reached the point of a definite intention to electrify parts of the Allegheny Mountain lines on both sides of the watershed, which begins at either Gallitzin or Cresson," an official said.

The official pointed out that it would be cheaper to use bituminous coal in the generation of the electric power than to attempt to utilize whimsical mountain streams, because the lines run through the coal fields. It is proposed to erect power plants at the mines, where long-term agreements for the supply of fuel will be required from the operators of the mines.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE ON JAMAICA STEAMER

Princess May, New York-Bound, Towed Back for Repairs—No Passengers Hurt.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—The fourth engineer and four negro stokers were killed and four other members of the crew injured, three seriously, by the explosion of a boiler in the engineroom of the Jamaica Fruit and Shipping Company's steamer Princess May, en route from Port Antonio to New York.

The steamer was towed into this port last night. She was badly damaged and will make repairs here.

The passengers on board, including Joseph di Georgio and other prominent fruit men, escaped injury.

The steamer left Port Antonio Wednesday with a full complement of passengers for New York, the explosion occurring while she was well out at sea. The force of the explosion was such that every one on board feared that the ship was lost. Passengers who were interviewed said they had had an anxious time of it until it was found that the Princess May was still seaworthy, and assistance came to aid her in reaching port.

DEFENDS RAILROAD ACT.

Government Files Brief in Suit to Test Excess Earnings Clause.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Government filed in the Supreme Court today its brief in the Dayton-Goose Creek railroad case from Texas. The suit was brought to test the validity of the law under which railroads are required to turn over to the Government one-half of their annual earnings in excess of 6 per cent. and place the other one-half in a reserve fund.

In its brief today the Government insists that the constitutionality of the recapture or excess earnings clause of the Transportation act cannot be made the single issue in the case, but that the Court must determine whether an adequate transportation system throughout the United States shall be maintained and whether the entire Transportation act is a valid exercise of Congressional power to accomplish that result.

The Government contends also that the Supreme Court in numerous cases has sustained the validity of the Transporation act as an entirety.

Holidays in Western Exchanges.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Chicago grain and stock exchanges will be open Monday. The Minneapolis, Duluth, St. Louis, Kansas City and Winnipeg exchanges will be closed, the American markets closing on account of Armistice Day and Winnipeg due to the Canadian Thanksgiving.

EUROPEAN CAPITAL FOR TURKISH GRANT

If Americans Fail to Buy Stock Ottoman Company Will Look Abroad.

COUNSEL BLAMES BANKERS

Horace G. Knowles Says They Should Not Ignore Possibilities of the Chester Concession.

The Ottoman-American Development Company, which owns the Chester concession granted by Turkey, will be forced to seek capital from European interests if Americans fail to subscribe the funds needed to carry out plans already agreed upon, according to a statement made by Horace G. Knowles, counsel for the company.

In commenting upon the action of the five members of the Board of Directors who resigned as a result of the program approved by the company to sell $1,000,000 capital stock to the public, Mr. Knowles said that these directors were not altogether blameless for the present condition of the company's finances. It appears, he said, that "the directors who resigned wanted something for nothing. They could not expect to get stock merely for the use of their names. They accepted positions upon the Board of Directors, but while connected with the company they made no attempt to finance the company or make conditions under which they would agree to arrange for the necessary finances."

Mr. Knowles criticized American bankers for their policy of ignoring the possibilities of the Chester concession. "It is a pity that such a project as this finds itself in peril because certain American interests who appreciate its value have not the spirit of constructive policy to co-operate with others who might be so useful and helpful in developing a great project such as this is," he said. "The concession, and the great values and potentialities it possesses, have been offerd to the American nation and people because of the great admiration that the Turks have for them and their desire to identify themselves with the people of our country. It may be a matter beyond the vision of the so-called capitalists of our country, who seem to be content in investing their and their clients' money in the different kinds and perhaps near-at-home class of securities.

"Had the world had only people of that kind—I mean without vision—the Panama Canal and the Suez Canal and some of the greatest industrial enterprises of the world would never have been created or be in existence. Americans had their opportunity in regard to this concession, but they have not yet responded nor shown that practical appreciation of its value to take advantage of it."

Mr. Knowles denied reports that the Turkish Government was about to declare the concession in default because certain of the requirements were not lived up to, and that the time fixing to be done under the terms of the concession was the building of a railway, work upon which started yesterday, according to schedule.

$150 a Week for Metal Workers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Sheet metal workers have joined lathers and plasterers in the affluent group of building trades mechanics. For some unexplained reason they have become so scarce in Chicago that they are receeiving from $125 to $150 a week and their helpers from $65 to $70, according to Charles Armstrong, manager of the Citizens' Committee to enforce the Landis wage award.

50,000 Tons of Rails for Southern.

The Southern Railway Company has placed an order for 50,000 tons of steel rails. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, will supply 40,000 tons of the order, the Bethlehem Steel Corporation 7,200 tons and the Illinois Steel Company 2,100 tons.

Mining Company Shows Deficit.

The Butte & Superior Mining Company, for the September quarter, reports total income of $819,523, against $818,263 in the same period last year. After deducting all expenses and allowing for depreciation and tax reserves, there was reported a deficit of $23,019, against a surplus of $108,821 last year.

Borrowings by Local Banks From Reserve Go From $98,000,000 to $130,000,000 in Week

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Aggregate increases of $40,000,000 in loans and investments and of $81,000,000 in net demand deposits, together with an increase of $32,000,000 in accommodation at the Federal Reserve Banks, are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly consolidated statement of condition on Oct. 31 of 769 member banks in leading cities. Loans secured by Government obligations increased $3,000,000 and on corporate stocks and bonds $33,000,000, while all other, largely commercial, loans decreased $13,000,000. Holdings of United States securities of all reporting banks declined $19,000,000, and other bonds, stocks and securities increased $36,000,000.

Loans and discounts of member banks in New York City increased by $30,000,000, all classes of loans showing higher figures than the previous week; loans on United States securities by $4,000,000, on corporate securities by $15,000,000 and "all other" loans by $1,000,000. United States security holdings of these banks increased by $1,000,000 and holdings of corporate stocks and bonds by $23,000,000.

Net demand deposits of all reporting members increased by $81,000,000. For the banks in the New York district the increase was $68,000,000, for the San Francisco district $14,000,000, for the Minneapolis district $11,000,000, and for the Boston district $7,000,000. Member banks in the Philadelphia district report a decrease of $9,000,000 and those in the Cleveland district a decrease of $8,000,000. Time deposits of all banks decreased $2,000,000 and Government deposits $9,000,000.

Reserve balances of all reporting banks show an increase of $37,000,000, while cash in vault decrease $7,000,000. New York City members report an increase of $49,000,000 in reserve balances, with a nominal decrease in cash.

Borrowings of all reporting institutions from their respective reserve banks increased from $561,000,000 to $598,000,000, or from 3.4 to 3.6 per cent. of their total loans and investments. For New York City banks an increase from $98,000,000 to $130,000,000 in borrowings from the local Reserve Bank and from 1.9 to 2.5 per cent. in the ratio of these borrowings to total loans and investments is noted.

Following is a statement of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of reporting members, as compared with a week and a year ago:

	Oct. 24, 1923.	Nov. 1, 1922.
Loans and discounts—Total	+ $40,000,000	+ $80,000,000
Secured by United States Government obligations	+ 3,000,000	— 59,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	+ 33,000,000	— 48,000,000
All other	— 13,000,000	+ 176,000,000
Investments—Total	+ 17,000,000	— 9,000,000
United States bonds	— 4,000,000	— 94,000,000
United States Treasury notes	+ 13,000,000	+ 178,000,000
United States certificates of indebtedness	— 2,000,000	— 29,000,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	+ 36,000,000	+ 64,000,000
Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks	+ 37,000,000	— 12,000,000
Cash in vault	— 7,000,000	— 5,000,000
Government deposits	— 9,000,000	— 123,000,000
Net demand deposits	+ $81,000,000	+ 252,000,000
Time deposits	— 2,000,000	+ 290,000,000
Total accommodation at Federal Reserve Banks	+ 32,000,000	+ 252,000,000

+ Increase. — Decrease.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCE AND LIABILITY ITEMS OF REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AND BRANCH CITIES AND IN OTHER SELECTED CITIES.

	All F. R. Bank Cities, Oct. 31.	F. R. Br. Cities, Oct. 31.	Other selected Cities, Oct. 31.	New York City, Oct. 31.	City of Chicago, Oct. 31.
Number of reporting banks	259	203	306	67	42
Loans and discounts, gross:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	$155,141,000	$41,456,000	$36,339,000	$80,659,000	$29,263,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	2,601,674,000	602,868,000	501,708,000	1,334,943,000	440,545,000
All other loans and discounts	4,946,000,000	1,661,301,000	1,386,982,000	2,253,922,000	634,628,000
Total loans and discounts	$7,702,813,000	$2,305,625,000	$1,924,994,000	$3,668,524,000	$1,154,436,000
U. S. pre-war bonds	92,281,000	76,284,000	105,241,000	37,426,000	4,161,000
U. S. Liberty bonds	635,538,000	239,960,000	167,278,000	406,506,000	97,486,000
U. S. Treas. bonds	43,932,000	19,040,000	19,442,000	18,544,000	5,522,000
U. S. Treas. notes	643,678,000	140,153,000	79,904,000	441,065,000	69,220,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	34,893,000	28,055,000	15,489,000	11,987,000	5,366,000
Other bonds, stocks, and securities	1,167,942,000	588,730,000	433,753,000	353,634,000	163,975,000
Total loans and discounts and investments	$10,319,530,000	$3,397,966,000	$2,756,201,000	$5,127,951,000	$1,439,960,000
Reserve balance with F. R. Bank	1,002,187,000	226,012,000	160,187,000	600,302,000	133,562,000
Cash in vault	142,816,000	59,348,000	80,870,000	65,512,000	29,591,000
Net demand deposits	7,637,085,000	1,880,268,000	1,640,973,000	4,256,555,000	993,175,000
Time deposits	1,065,952,000	1,303,812,000	861,911,000	611,641,000	371,109,000
Gov't deposits	63,823,000	38,045,000	8,470,000	21,068,000	4,742,000
Bills payable and rediscounts with Fed. Res. Bank:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	173,895,000	77,389,000	48,278,000	97,856,000	38,925,000
All other	146,220,000	84,915,000	33,379,000	83,197,000	17,152,000

COOLIDGE BELIEVES IN IMMIGRATION CURB

White House Lets It Be Known That He Wants No Weakening of the Present Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The statement was made at the White House today that President Coolidge believes in the careful restriction of immigration and expects the immigration restriction laws which expire June 30, 1924, to be extended by the next Congress.

The question was brought up at the White House as a result of the arrival in the Port of New York recently of the Leviathan, Belgenland and other ships carrying thousands of immigrants from Great Britain and other nations which already had exceeded their quotas.

There has been talk of pressure being brought by certain interests for a change in the law to permit a larger number of immigrants to land. It was made known at the White House that the President was unable to predict what, if any, changes might be made in the law, but the point was emphasized that the President felt that careful restriction was wise and should be continued. It is certain that the White House would be opposed to any proposals which would let down the bars to any considerable extent.

The indications here are that while the question of immigration will form an important topic in the next Congress and an effort will be made to perfect the present law, the policy of restriction will be favored by the Department of Labor and the Administration leaders in Senate and House.

PRATT GOING TO TURKEY.

Son of Standard's Head to Develop Mesopotamia Oil Properties.

Herbert L. Pratt Jr., son of the President of the Standard Oil Company of New York, will start soon for Mesopotamia, where he expects to spend the next few years in the development of oil properties in that country and in Turkey, which was interrupted by the war.

Mr. Pratt, a recent graduate of Harvard, has been on an extensive trip through the Southwest with his father to familiarize himself with working conditions and methods in the American fields.

Bicycle Profits Increase.

The Westfield Manufacturing Company, bicycle manufacturers, yesterday issued its annual report showing a surplus after charges and dividends of $73,575, compared with $7,632 in 1922. During the fiscal year ended last Aug. 31 dividends paid amounted to $168,000, as against $147,322 in 1922. Net profits were $241,575, equal, after preferred dividends, to $5.53 a share on the 40,000 shares of no-par common stock, comparing with $154,954 in 1922, or equivalent to $2.16 per share.

P. S. C. Offers New Stock Issue.

An issue of 10,000 shares of 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock of $100 par value was authorized yesterday by the Board of Directors of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey. This stock will be offered to stockholders on the basis of one share of new stock for every eight shares of either common or preferred. Subscription is to be at par and payment in installments of $10 monthly.

Central Indiana Power Report.

The Central Indiana Power Company for the twelve months ended August 31, reports gross earnings of $5,800,713, and gross income after operating expenses and taxes of $2,000,300. After deduction of $1,000,000 charges there was produced 25 cents a barrel. The Magnolia Petroleum Company and the Texas Company reduced prices to the level quoted by the Prairie Oil and Gas Company on Thursday.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Nineteen.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Portland Ry L & Pow 1st & ref 5s ser D, 1942 ... 88
adj 5s, 1955 ... 70¾
5s ... 70¾
3s ... 71
1 ... 70¾
4 ... 71
income 5s, 1960 ... 57½
2 ... 57¼
2 ... 57¼
1 ... 57¾
10 ... 57½
2 ... 57½
5 ... 57½
St L S W con 4s, 1989 ... 75½
12 ... 75¼
1 ... 75¾
1st term 5s, 1952 ... 75½
San Anton Pub Ser 1st & ref 6s, 1953 ... 90¼
Seab Air Line gold 4s, 1950, stpd ... 59
ref 4s, 1950 ... 45¾
25 ... 46
5 ... 45¾
1 ... 45¾
1 ... 46¼
10 ... 46¼
15 ... 46¾
1 ... 46¾
10 ... 46¾
1 at 20% ... 45¾
10 ... 46¾
1 ... 46¾
con 5s, 1945 ... 67¾
10 ... 67¾
adj 5s, 1949 ... 27¾
1 ... 29¼
So Ry 1st 5s, 1994 ... 85¼
18 ... 85¾
5 ... 85¾
10 ... 85¾
12 ... 85¾
dev 6½s, '56 ... 101½
2 ... 101¾
1 ... 101¾
1 ... 101¼
gen 4s, 1956 ... 68¾
1 ... 68¾
1 ... 68¾
1 ... 68¾
1 ... 68¾
2 ... 68¾
1 ... 68¾
Spok Internat 1st 5s, 1951 ... 102¼
Stand Milling 1st 5s, 1930 ... 95
5 ... 95¾
Steel & Tube gen s f 7s, 1951 ... 102¼
Sug Estates of Oriente 7s, 1942 ... 95¼
10 ... 95
Tenn Elec 1st & ref 6s, '47, Ser A ... 92¾
2 ... 92¾
1 ... 93
2 ... 92¾
1 ... 92¾
1 ... 92¾
1 ... 93¼
Third Av ref 4s, 1960 ... 52
adj 5s, 1960 ... 43¼
4 ... 43¼
1 ... 43¼
10 ... 43
Tob Prod s f 7s, 1931 ... 107¼
1 ... 107¼
2 ... 107¾
1 ... 107¾
Tol Ed 1st 7s, 1941 ... 104¼
5 ... 104¼
Tol & O C 1st 5s, 1935 ... 97
Union El L & P 5s, 1932 ... 92
Un Pac 1st 4s, 1947 ... 94
2 ... 93¾
1 ... 93¾
1 ... 93¾
15 ... 93
1st & ref 4s, 2008 ... 82¾
15 ... 82¾
10 ... 82¾
10 at 20% ... 82¼
conv 4s, '27 ... 93
5 ... 93
5 ... 93¼
1st ref & ry 5½s, 2008, temp ... 94¼
21 ... 94¼
6s, 2023 ... 102¾
1 ... 102¾
1 ... 102¾
1 ... 103
Un Tnk Car equip 7s, 1930 ... 103¼
1 ... 103¼
Un Drug cv 8s, 1941 ... 110¼
1 ... 110
Un Rys Inv col tr 5s, 1926, stpd ... 91¾
10 ... 91¾
Un Rys of St L 4s, 1934 ... 102¼
U S Rub 1st & ref 5s, 1947 ... 87¾
3 ... 84¾
1 ... 84¾
1 ... 84¾
Tr 5s, 1930 ... 94
3 ... 94
3 ... 103¾
1 ... 103¼
2 ... 104¼
U S Stm Ref & M cv 5s, 1926 ... 98¾
3 ... 98¼
U S Sm Corp s f 5s, 1951 ... 102½
1 ... 102½
1 ... 102¾
1 ... 102½
4 ... 102¾
2 ... 102½
Utah Pwr & Lt 1st 5s, 1944 ... 91¼
1 ... 91¼
Va Car Chem s f 7s, ser A 1947 ... 83¼
2 ... 83¼
s f cv 7½s, ser A 1937 with warr ... 94
2 ... 94
1 ... 93½
1 ... 93¾
Vir Ry 1st 5s, 1962 ... 91¾
11 ... 94¼
5 ... 94¼
1 at 95 ... 94½
Wabash 1st 5s 1939 ... 95
3 ... 95¾
Warner Sugar 1st s f 7s, 1941 ... 105½
Westchester Ltd Co 5s, 1950 ... 96½
5 ... 96½
W Maryland 4s, 1952 ... 51¼
2 ... 51¼
Westn Pac 5s, 1946 ... 96
6s, ser B, 1946 ... 91¼
West Penn Pw 5s, 1946 ... 90¼
3 ... 90¼
1st 5s, ser E 1963 ... 90
1 ... 90
Wheel & L E 1st con 4½s, ser A, 1966 ... 80
Wickwire Spn Steel s f 7s, 1935 ... 83½
2 ... 87¼
2 ... 88
1 ... 88½
1 ... 89
Wilson & Co 1st 6s, 1941 ... 95¾
3 ... 95¾
2 ... 95¾
cv 6s, 1938 ... 94¼
1 ... 94¾
cv 7½s, 1931 ... 93¾
3 ... 94¼
1 ... 94¼
1 ... 94¼
Wilkes & Bar 1st 5s, 1942 ... 92
Youngstn Sht & Tube 5s, 1948, temp ... 93½
5 ... 93¾
1 ... 94
2 ... 93¾
2 ... 93¾

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Nov. 7:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1923.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1923.
Customs	$9,787,283.47	$9,153,816.51	$192,035,502.86	$178,959,227.51
Internal rev.—income and profits tax	5,290,473.94	3,154,939.42	455,557,061.19	372,337,636.82
Misc. internal revenue	28,196,306.16	25,125,256.41	295,912,106.63	253,788,386.67
Misc. receipts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	65,697.55		37,939,194.46	517,575.04
Interest	51,454.15		11,599,045.97	64,396,020.43
Railroad securities	2,788,940.71	2,486,520.63	13,089,806.96	40,602,197.31
All others	2,112,187.50	2,351,162.50	4,730,705.07	30,120,222.63
Trust fund rcts. (reappropriated for investment)	1,874,223.45	336,236.18	10,771,661.59	9,273,486.31
Proceeds sale of surplus property	1,620,299.50	245,711.53	20,340,526.53	27,620,075.19
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	641,269.48	272,008.78	9,950,479.02	4,397,770.43
Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriations	176,341.48	2,044,684.83	17,206,947.29	20,749,700.24
Other miscellaneous	7,636,966.92	6,170,697.12	93,770,480.84	87,721,462.78
Total ordinary	$60,539,445.22	$51,760,381.21	$1,362,875,508.07	$1,229,862,476.65
Excess of ord. rcts. over total expns. against ordinary receipts	2,986,861.73			
Excess of total expns. chargeable against ord. receipts		6,705,924.87	12,285,072.50	88,985,775.32
Total expns. chargeable against ord. receipts	$57,552,583.49	$58,466,306.10	$1,375,160,580.57	$1,318,838,251.97

2 FIRMS CUT PRICE OF MILK ONE CENT

Borden's and Sheffield Pass Reduction of Producer on to the Consumer.

EXPECT OTHERS TO FOLLOW

Decrease Comes at a Time When There Is Usually an Upward Trend.

The drop of 1 cent a quart for milk by the producers, as announced on Thursday by the Dairymen's League, was passed yesterday to the consumer by the Borden's Farm Products Company and the Sheffield Farms Company, and it was said that within a few days nearly every milk concern serving this city have lowered the price.

D. S. Horton, Secretary of the Sheffield Farms Company, made this statement: "Beginning Monday the Sheffield Farms Company will reduce the price of grade A and grade B milk 1 cent a quart. The reduction is made as a consequence of the reduction of a like amount by the producers. This reduction applies to the wagon service as well as to Sheffield stores."

In announcing the price cut, John J. Fitzpatrick, sales manager for the Borden Company, said:

"It affords us much pleasure to be able to reduce the price of our milk to the consumer at this time. On Nov. 1 the price of milk asked of us by the farmers was increased 20 cents a hundred pounds (46 quarts), os slightly less than one-half a cent a quart over the October price. We did not pass this advance on to the consumers. The producers have just advised us that, effective Nov. 12, they will lower their price to us by 65 cents a hundred pounds. This restores to us the 20 cents a hundred pounds which we have endeavored to absorb since Nov. 1, and at the same time enables us to drop our price to the public a full cent a quart.

"It is an avowed policy of the Borden Farm Products Company to give the consumer's immediate benefit of all downward price revisions made by the producers to us. It is particularly gratifying to be able to announce the decrease at this time of the year, when the milk prices are usually on the upward trend."

Gary Praises Railroad Program.

The program of the railroads to purchase a large volume of equipment for 1924 delivery will have a decidedly favorable effect on the business situation, according to Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Directors of the United Steel Corporation.

"However much or little our companies may get of this business," Mr. Gary said yesterday, "the whole country will receive the benefits which will result in various departments of activity from the production to the final utilization."

More Crude Oil Price Cuts.

Further reductions in crude oil prices were announced yesterday to bring quotations into line with midcontinent crude, which was cut from 15 to 50 cents a barrel on Thursday. The Ohio Oil Company reduced Wyoming crude oil from 30 to 40 cents a barrel, according to gravity, and Eastern crude was reduced 25 cents a barrel. The Magnolia Petroleum Company and the Texas Company reduced prices to the level quoted by the Prairie Oil and Gas Company on Thursday.

COOLIDGE IN FAVOR OF LOWER SURTAXES

Would Also Approve Legislation Barring Tax-Exempt Securities to Help Farmers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—A reduction of the maximum income surtax rates and the adoption of legislation in favor of a constitutional amendment which would put an end to the marketing of tax exempt securities by Federal, State and municipal governments will receive the endorsement of President Coolidge if they are put before the next Congress, it was indicated today at the White House.

Such measures were suggested in the report recently made by Eugene Meyer Jr., Managing Director of the War Finance Corporation, and Frank W. Mondell, a director of the corporation, who made a tour of the agricultural districts to determine what the Government could do to assist farmers. A spokesman for the President said today that Mr. Coolidge felt the Meyer-Mondell report spoke for itself and that it had his approval.

This statement was accepted as of considerable import in regard to the attitude that President Coolidge may take toward radical legislation which may be sought by Senators and Representatives from farming sections. The Meyer-Mondell report disapproved Federal price-fixing for crops, Federal purchase of surplus wheat and other proposed remedies and contended that the Government could best serve farmers by assisting them in adjustment of crops and acreage and in the development of co-operative marketing.

The opinion has been held heretofore that President Coolidge would use this report as a basis for recommendations to Congress, but today's announcement in the first direct word from him.

Reduction of high surtaxes and a ban on tax-exempt securities were suggested by Mr. Meyer and Mr. Mondell as means of checking extravagance by States and municipalities, with the result of keeping down local taxation of which farmers made complaint.

To Export Railway Springs.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The American Spring Manufacturers' Export Association, with headquarters in Pittsburgh, has filed papers under the Webb-Pomerene Export Trade law, the Federal Trade Commission announced today. The association, which is comprised of the Standard Steel Works, Philadelphia; the Railway Steel Spring Company, New York, and the American Steel Foundries, Chicago, proposes to export springs for use in railway equipemnt.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S.	81¼	83		
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A.	102¾	103¾		
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & D.	87¾	88		
Belgium 7½s, 1955	J. & D.	97¾	98¾		
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	98½	98¾		
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	100	100¾		
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D.	79½	79¾		
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N.	94¼	95		
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	107	108		
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N.	108	109¾		
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	78	78½		
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, 1952	M. & N.	16	17		
City of D. Alegre 8s, 1961	A. & D.	95	96		
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	94	94¼		
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, '52	A. & O.	96¾	97¾		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	99¾	100		
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1952	M. & N.	100¾	101¾		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	99¾	100		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	99¾	99¾		
Holland-Am. Line 5s, 1947	M. & N.	97¾	98		
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1927	J. & D.	94½	95		
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N.	95	95½		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	104	105¾		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.	102¾	103		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	A. & O.	104½	105		
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1933	A. & O.	91	91¼		
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1961	J. & D.	47¼	47½		
City of Christiania 8s	A. & O.	107	108½		
City of Copen. 5½s	1944	J. & J.	88	89¼	
City of Montevideo 7s,	1952	M. & N.	86¾	87¼	
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s,	1951	A. & O.	92½	93	
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s,	1947	M. & N.	87¼	88	
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s,	1944	M. & S.	96	96¾	
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s,	1949

SHARP LIQUIDATION IN COTTON MARKET

Long Advance of a Week's Duration Halted by Profit-Taking and Speculative Sales.

A long overdue reaction developed in cotton yesterday under which prices broke a cent and a half from high levels reached on Thursday. The Government report a week ago started so extensive a buying movement that prices not only rose 4½ cents, but contracts outran Southern spot markets. For two days the 26-cent level for March and May represented a tenderable basis, a condition that had not occurred before this season. The market became overextended, the short interest driven to cover and a readjustment necessary. After opening off a full cent, a recovery of half a cent attracted increased selling, which became quite general during the afternoon. Speculative lines came on the market the last hour carrying the list rapidly lower. Final prices showed a loss of 123 to 140 points.

A superficial and immediate explanation of the opening break was to be found in news from Germany. But the underlined causes came from the extreme rapidity of the recent rise of about 7 cents a pound in a few weeks without any substantial reaction. This movement had gained such momentum that contracts advanced more rapidly than actual cotton at Southern points, a condition that could not long continue without a readjustment, either through a sharp advance in spot prices or a setback in the contract level. Liverpool proved easier instead of advancing to meet the sharp upturn in American markets late Thursday and this, coupled with disturbing foreign news, opened the general list a cent lower than the previous close. The quantity of December and January for sale proved surprisingly large considering the wave of optimism having shown a leaning tendency. Recently, while speculative buying has been centred in distant positions. It would have been natural to anticipate heaviest liquidation in May and July since those months had been pronounced most rapidly advanced. Before while blocks of December, January and March appeared in the ring during the call, when it came to May and July selling pressure proved comparatively light. Stop-loss orders were executed on a large scale, precipitating a wild opening during which March sold 105 points from closing figures of Thursday.

When news of cotton had broken a cent a pound spread to commission house and trade quarters buying orders were rushed into the market with immediate effect on prices. Brokers began to clamor for contracts and quotations were marked up half a cent or more with extreme rapidity. January rose from 32.70 to 33.40 within twenty minutes after the opening. An equally violent course of price changes occurred in Liverpool. After selling above 19d January broke about 40 English points and then recovered above 19d in later trading. A large arbitrage business was put through between the two markets both buying and selling. While one group took profits on straddles previously made between New York and Liverpool, other interests were entering into new commitments owing to the unusually wide spread now existing. Trading continued along record lines of the year, the market meeting liquidation on the recovery. A slow reaction to morning figures developed during the early afternoon, when the quantity of March and May contracts wanted around a 33-cent basis served to stem the decline for a time. The last-hour liquidation broke out in all directions and contracts poured into the ring on a scale that provided the first substantial selling movement in months. Blocks of speculatively held cotton were thrown over toward the close at lowest figures of the day, with May 140 points from Thursday's closing quotations.

Week-end figures on cotton spinners' takings are 240,000 against 495,000 last year, making 3,075,000 for the season, compared with 3,585,000 last year. The amount in sight was only 472,000, against 848,000 last year, making 5,709,000 for the season, against 6,709,000 last year. The visible supply increased 136,000 bales, against 140,000 bales last year, bringing the total supply of American cotton to 2,930,000, compared with 2,811,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Dec.	32.50	32.85	32.60	32.70@32.80	34.08
Jan.	32.90	33.40	32.80	33.20@33.40	33.97
March	32.50	33.00	32.30	32.80@32.90	33.68
May	32.50	33.00	32.30	32.80@32.90	33.48
July	32.80	33.01	32.18	32.35@32.39	33.48
Oct.	27.10	27.80	27.10	27.30@27.37	28.10

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 150 points decline to 33.35 for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 32.90, 100 points decline; New Orleans 33 cents, 50 points decline; Savannah 31.60, 115 points decline; Norfolk 31.85, 112 points decline; Memphis 32.25, unchanged; Houston 32c, 140 points decline; Little Rock 33 cents, 50 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts....	39,720	35,025	44,381
Exports	14,183	7,990	36,108
Exports, season....	1,961,193	1,810,010	1,685,703
N. Y. stocks....	33,202	34,050	60,818
Port stocks.....	832,870	753,773	1,210,198
N. Y. arrivals..	1,193	1,050	159

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton 8 fair business doing, 18 points decline; 11,000 for middling. American, 7,000; Egyptian, 3,000. Futures opened steady, 9 to 14 points advance; closed irregularity, 15 to 26 points decline. Prices: December, 18.67d; January, 18.81d; March, 18.75d; May, 18.56d; July, 18.17d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths firm.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Nov. 8), 18,549 packages. Feeling steady without change in prices. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 52½@53c; extras, 92 score, 52c; firsts, 47@49½c; seconds, 43@44½c; process grades, 46@47½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 47½@48c; 89 score, 46@46½c; 88 score, 45@45½c; 86 to 87 score, 43½@44½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 54½@55c; extras, 92 score, 53@54c; firsts, 46@53c; seconds, 43@44½c; held creamery, high scoring, 47½@48½c; extras, 47c; firsts, 46@46½c; seconds, 42½@44½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 50½@51½c; good to prime, 47@49½c; common to fair, 40@46c; ladles, current make, extras, 36c; firsts, 32@34c; seconds, 31½@32c; lower grades, 30@31c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29c; No. 2, 26½c; lower grades, 24@26c.

EGGS—Receipts (Nov. 8), 8,315 cases. High grades Western fresh show further improvement; medium of irregular value; storage steady. Pacific Coast prices easier. Fresh gathered extra fancy, dozen, 63@66c; extra firsts, 59@63c; firsts, 50@56c; seconds and poorer, 40@45c; trade special, 53@54c; firsts, No. 1, 51@52c; No. 2 and poorer, 47@50c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 36@38c; refrigerator, seconds to extra firsts, storage paid to expiring dates, 47@49c; refrigerator whites, Pacific Coast, 38@40c; nearby fancy uniform packing, 40@43c; near-by various lots, 35@38c; Western, 34@35c; refrigerator checks, from local sandling, 31@32c; packed whites, refrigerator, near-by, 42@46c; Pacific Coast, 38@40c; mixed colors, refrigerator Western, 34@35c; New Jersey, henneries, whites, closely selected extras, 48@49c; other nearby henneries, whites, closely selected extras, 46@48c; near-by and Western, henneries whites, average extras, 44@46c; firsts to extras, 42@43c; near-by, whites, mediums, 40@42c; Pacific Coast, whites, firsts to extras, 43@47c; under grades, 40@42c; mediums, 38@40c; pullets, 36@38c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 42@46c; New Jersey henneries, browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 41@47c; other near-by and Western henneries browns, extras, mostly.

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Firestone	86	86	84	84
Goodrich	17½	17½	17½	17½
Goodyear	47½	47½	46½	46½
Goodyear pf.....	47	47½	47	47½
Miller	31	31	30	30
Peerless	23½	23½	23	23
Sherwin-Williams	35	35	34½	34½
Stearns	16½	16½	16½	16½
Trumb. Steel	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
White Mtr.	53	53	51½	51½

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bay St. Gas..	1	3
Black Hawk..	5	10
Bohemia	32	35
Boston Bldg..	87	90
Butte & Lon..	7½	8
Calaveras	1¾	2¼
Champion	50	55
Chief Con....	10	15
Con. Copper..	15	16
Crown	80	85
Crystal	40	60
Eagle & Bl....	1	2
Eureka Croe..	24	28
Gadsden	25	45
Houghton	25	75
Iron Blossom	34	38
Isle Royale..	10	12
Mass. Gas	79	79½
Mayflower-Old	1	2
Mohawk	54	55
Nevada Con..	14	15
North Butte..	3	3½
Old Colony..	46	48
Old Dominion	18	18½
Osceola	70	75
Parrot	17	17½
Quincy	70	75
Shannon	8	9
Superior	1	1½
Tamarack	50	60
Trinity	10	12
U. S. Smelt..	4	5
Utah Apex ..	1	1½
Utah Con....	1	1½
Utah Metals	40	45
Victoria	75	80
Winona	30	35
Wolverine ..	50	55

CLEARINGS IN OCTOBER SHOW IMPROVEMENT

First Month in Four, Except for Slight Gain in September, to Report Decided Increase.

For the first time in four months, or since June, the aggregate of drawn checks on American banks last month showed a decided increase over those for the preceding month. While the return in September was larger than that for August, the margin of increase was not as substantial as that reported last month. The total for October was $34,692,965,915, an increase of 1.7 per cent. over that for September, but 2.7 per cent. less than that for October, 1922. The increase was undoubtedly the result of early autumnal business and the measurably improved tone in industry.

Clearings for New York City totaled $17,730,152,910, an increase of 1.7 per cent. over September, but a decrease of 9.8 per cent., compared with October, 1922. Outside of New York City the turnover was $16,962,813,006, which was 1.6 per cent. greater than September and 6 per cent. over October, 1922.

This summary, compiled by the Financial Chronicle, reported increases in all Federal Reserve districts in October over September, and with the exception of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Kansas City, last month's drawn checks were greater than October, 1922.

October clearings for the country compare as follows with those of previous months and years:

Oct. '23	$34,692,965,915	Oct. '22	$35,671,919,381
Sept. ..	29,648,122,941	Oct. '21	20,156,981,558
Aug. ..	26,972,702,740	Oct. '20	28,766,879,046
July ..	30,292,972,512	Oct. '19	41,526,961,456
June ..	34,792,206,606	Oct. '18	32,073,481,581
May ..	35,542,699,736	Oct. '17	28,264,306,306
April ..	33,737,529,935	Oct. '16	25,612,566,138
March ..	36,159,964,710	Oct. '15	20,152,206,654
Feb. ..	30,050,860,120	Oct. '14	19,736,744,121
Jan. ..	36,202,779,545	Oct. '13	15,720,056,726
Dec. ..	29,336,249,744	Oct. '12	17,249,875,879
Nov. ..	33,788,766,584	Oct. '11	13,545,178,628

Comparisons for last month by Federal Reserve districts with the same month a year ago follow:

	Oct. '23.	Oct. '22.	Ch'ge.
Boston	$1,885,505,548	$1,892,054,198	— 0.3
New York..	18,082,578,280	19,988,062,175	— 9.5
Phila.	2,383,741,896	2,254,064,484	— 0.02
Cleveland	1,717,328,200	1,540,129,436	+11.5
Richmond	876,061,000	834,387,620	+ 4.5
Atlanta	917,538,220	838,951,803	+ 9.4
Chicago	3,831,447,520	3,629,432,250	+ 5.6
St. Louis	861,326,879	845,220,520	+ 4.5
Minn'ap'lis ..	611,786,740	611,786,740	+ 4.9
Kan. City ..	1,178,104,017	1,259,572,154	— 6.5
Dallas	612,946,883	500,659,381	+22.4
San Fran...	2,338,368,314	1,875,469,086	+19.3
Total	34,692,965,915	35,671,919,381	— 2.7
N. Y. City..	17,730,152,910	19,667,804,737	— 9.8
Outside N. Y. City	16,962,813,006	16,004,024,634	+ 6.0

WOOL MARKET BETTER.

Goods Market Unsettled but Foreign Prices Higher.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"A better tone prevails in the wool market this week, with medium domestic wools occupying the strategic position; in fact, prices for such wools are tending upward. Fine wools still are slow. Medium to low scoureds are strong. With prices strengthening for low foreign wools, exports seem likely to decline. The goods market is still unsettled, but some improvement is noted in spots.

"The foreign markets keep firm, and London is about 10 per cent. up on all greasy wools over the last series. America is buying next to nothing abroad. The first offerings of Fall wools will be made in Texas presently."

Extra Libbey-Owens Dividend.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Directors of the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Company today declared the regularly quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on the preferred, and the regularly quarterly dividend of 50 cents and an extra dividend of $1 per share on the common stock, all payable Dec. 1 to stockholders of record Nov. 21.

GRAINS WEAKENED BY FEDERAL REPORT

Corn Loses 2 Cents of Its Lead in Chicago Pit and Other Prices Drop With It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The Government report of the previous day, showing total supplies of corn of 35,000,000 bushels more than last year, coming at a time when the market was in a weakened technical position and with prices the highest of the season, was largely responsible for a smash in values today that carried the near-by delivery off 2¼ cents from the high of the previous day and closed the market at the bottom, with a net loss of 1⅝ cents. Deferred deliveries were off 1 to 1¼ cents with May 2½ cents under the December against 3 cents over at one time.

A local trader, who was a free buyer on the recent advance, started to sell in liberal quantities toward the last and was largely responsible for the late break, the market getting good support until near the close. The market on the whole acted overbought, while a reverse condition existed in wheat. Longs are getting out of the December deliveries on both grains and replacing with purchases of the May. In the case of corn this is being done at a considerable advantage to those who are long on the December, as the latter is at a good premium, while the buyer of May what it pays five cents for the privilege of securing that delivery.

Farmers have been making rapid progress in husking, but old corn is scarce. Good purchases to arrive were said to have been made in the Northwest.

Wheat finished around the inside figures, with net losses of ¾@⅞c. In some quarters it was said that the bulk of the support at the last came from local professional who was credited with selling the corn. Considering the break in corn and the deliveries of 1,420,000 bushels at Winnipeg, the break in exchange and the general run of bearish news, the market held up surprisingly well. Support was received around $1.05 and selling orders came in around $1.06 for December.

Export sales in all positions were placed at only 200,000 bushels, the decline in exchange checking the business. Some of the buying of November at Winnipeg of late is credited to exporters who are commencing to lay in supplies for Winter storage at Eastern lake ports.

Oats were ⅞@1c and rye ¼@½c lower at the last.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 1,340,000 bushels; week ago, 1,464,000; last year, 1,757,000. Shipments were 741,000 bushels; week ago, 575,000; last year, 873,000.

Corn receipts were 432,000 bushels; week ago, 792,000; last year, 918,000, and shipments, 238,000 bushels; week ago, 364,000; last year, 876,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	$1.08	$1.03	$1.05¼	$1.06¾	$1.12⅜
May	1.11	1.06	1.11⅛	1.12¾	
July	1.07¼	1.06¼	1.06¾	1.07⅝	1.06⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.75⅝	.74⅜	.74⅝	.76⅜	.67⅜
May	.75⅝	.74⅜	.74⅝	.76⅜	.67⅜
July	.76	.75⅜	.75⅝	.76¾	.67⅜

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.43⅜	.42⅞	.42⅞	.43¾	.41⅛
May	.44⅞	.44¼	.44¼	.45⅜	.42⅜
July	....	....	....	....	.39¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	....	....	....	....	.82¼
May	.74⅛	.73⅝	.73⅝	.74	.80¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Nov.	12.15	12.10	12.10	12.25	....
Dec.	12.50	12.47	12.47	12.40	10.32
Jan.	12.15	12.05	12.05	12.07	9.31
March	11.90	11.85	11.85	11.90	9.66
May	12.12	12.05	12.05	12.07	....
Ribs—					
Jan.	9.65	9.62	9.62	9.57	....
May	9.82	9.77	9.80	....	....

GOOD TRADE IN DRY GOODS.

Current Sales Exceed Year Ago—Road Orders Exceed Week Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was in excess of that of last week and of last year for the same period.

"Orders from salesmen on the road continued to show an increase over the week preceding, but did not reach the volume of 1922 for the corresponding week.

"There were more customers in market than during the same week a year ago.

"Collections showed a considerable improvement over the corresponding period last year."

Postpones Date of Coal Car Order.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today postponed until Jan. 1, next, the effective date of its assigned coal car order. In a decision announced last Spring, but not yet put into effect, pending rehearing of the controversy, the commission declared that railroads could no longer give special transportation service to mines producing coal for railroad fuel or to owners of private coal cars.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Commercial Credit Corporation announces its removal from Madison Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street to the twelfth floor of the Fuller Building, Park Avenue and Forty-second Street. Telephone Vanderbilt 6840.

The Chase National Bank has been appointed registrar of certificates of deposit of the Central Union Trust Company for shares of common stock of the Producers and Refiners' Corporation.

Dudley W. Hayward, formerly of Chisholm & Chapman, has become associated with Bear, Stearns & Co.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Cotton Loses Some of Its Recent Gains—Eggs and Lard Higher.

Cash cotton declined sharply as a consequence of the reaction in the futures market yesterday, middling upland losing 120 points of its recent gain in a decline to 33.35 cents. Substantial improvement was reported in eggs, this staple going to a new high at 50@58 cents for fresh-gathered firsts. Middle West lard was likewise a feature in an improvement to 14.25 cents, a new high for the year. Wheat, corn and flour sagged, while refined sugar advanced. Changes elsewhere were nominal.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before, and a year ago:

	Nov. 9, 1923.	Nov. 2, 1923.	Nov. 10, 1922.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.23¼	$1.20¾	$1.24½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.13	1.10¾	.85⅜
Oats, No. 2 white	.53	.53	.53¼
Flour, Minn., patent	6.20	6.25	7.75
Coffee, No. 7	.15	.11	.18⅝
Sugar, granulated	.063	.063	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.53	.50¼	.49¼
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.50@58	.54	.54
Lard, Mid. W.	14.15@14.25	13.75	11.70
Pork, mess	25.00@26.00	26.00	25.50
Beef, family	20.00@21.00	20.00	17.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	23.00	23.00	32.00
Steel billets, Pitts'gh	40.00	40.00	40.00
Copper	12.87½	12.55	13.03½
Lead	6.80	6.80	7.12½
Tin	43.00	41.50	37.50
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	33.35	33.50	28.50
Print cloths	.09	.07½	.07¾

Range of prices year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.50	Feb. 15	$1.12⅜	Aug. 8
Corn	1.22¾	Jan. 16	.80	Jan. 3
Oats	.57⅛	Feb. 13	.42¼	July 24
Flour	7.80	Jan. 2	5.90	July 24
Coffee, No. 7	.19¾	April 12	.10¾	Aug. 20
Sugar	.10¾	Apr. 26	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.37¼	July 2
Eggs	.58	Nov. 9	.22¼	June 28
Lard	14.25	Nov. 9	10.93	July 25
Pork	28.50	Jan. 16	24.50	Aug. 7
Beef	22.00	Apr. 12	16.00	Aug. 7
Iron	33.75	Apr. 7	22.50	Nov. 2
Steel	45.00	Mar. 16	36.50	Jan. 3
Lead	9.70	Mar. 1	6.80	July 31
Copper	17.25	Mar. 19	12.50	Oct. 11
Tin	51.50	Mar. 13	37.37½	July 3
Print cloths	34.88	Nov. 8	22.45	July 25
Print cloths	.09⅛	Mar. 3	.06¾	July 31

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000 Acme Pack	10c	10c	10c
100 Am Gas & E pf. new	42	42	42
900 Am-Haw 5s	18¾	18	18
10 Am L & Tr.	117	117	117
200 Am Multigra	22	22	22
10 AmTypeFdrs pf	95	95	95
100 ArcherDaniels Midland	23	23	23
200 BlynBboshlo	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
100 Bdgpt Mach.	10¼	10¼	10¼
200 Bklyn C B R	11	11	11
1,000 Chadwick Prod.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100 Car L & P	2	2	2
900 Cent Tar Sug.	1	1	1
500 Centrif C L	22¼	21¾	22¼
400 Chi N A.	43⅞	43¾	43⅞
200 Dr Bedg.	21⅜	21¼	21¾
130 Childs Co	165¾	163	165½
100 Cleve Mtrs.	22	22	22
25 Cent G&E pf	74	74	74
200 Curtiss Aero cfts of dep	13¾	13¼	13⅝
100 Do pf cfts of dep	38¾	38¼	38¼
200 Dictaphone	11	10¾	11
100 Dort Mot Car	13⅜	13	13⅜
2,800 Dubilier	12½	12	12¼
2,100 Du Pont Mtr	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,800 Durant Mtr.	31	30¾	30
1,000 Do of cfts	31	30¾	30¾
2,000 Federal Tel.	7	7	7
430 Gillette S R	35⅝	35	35⅝
100 Glassunite	11	11	11
1,000 Glen Alden Coal	33½	33	33½
2,800 G'dyear T&R	10⅜	9	9⅝
1,000 Hudson pf	19¾	19	19½
1,100 H & M R R	11	11	11
200 Int Rubber	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
2,800 Lambert Co

THIRTEEN LINERS ARE SAILING TODAY

Tourists Leaving for Europe, the West Indies and South America.

LORD NORTHESK ON OLYMPIC

Departing With His American Bride —Increasing Number of Tourists Are Going South.

Thirteen liners sail today for Europe, West Indies and South America carrying a great number of Americans who are going abroad for business or pleasure. Many of them are going to spend the Winter in upper Egypt, Tunisia and Algeria.

Lord Northesk and his American bride, who was Miss Jessica Brown, Winter Garden star, before her marriage to the British peer last summer, will depart for England on the White Star liner Olympic. Others on the Olympic are Captain Hon. Frederick Guest, British Secretary of State for Air; the Earl of Dunmore, Brigadier General F. C. Stanley, D. S. O., Chairman of the British Portland Cement Company; Mrs. Violet Cruger Wanamaker, Dr. and Mrs. Homes Spicer of London, Mrs. Raymond Hitchcock, James Pott, New York publisher; Major H. P. Viney of London, Mrs. H. D. Hazeltine, wife of Professor Hazeltine of Downing College, Cambridge University, and her daughter, Miss Georgina Hazeltine; Mrs. Joseph Clark Baldwin of Mt. Kisco and her son Joseph Clark Baldwin 3d, whose engagement to Mlle Marthe Guillon-Verne, niece of Jules Verne, was announced recently; Mrs. Kate Terry Lewis, and Miss Lucy Terry Lewis.

Americans Leave for Business Trips.

Americans leaving on the Olympic for business trips are Joseph P. Grace, President of W. R. Grace & Co.; J. Walter Spalding, chairman of A. G. Spalding & Bros.; Lyman N. Hine, President of the American Cotton Oil Company; F. T. Kilbreth, T. Ashley Dent, R. C. Baker, Vice President of the Pacific Coast Borax Company, and A. B. Cohnsens, director of the Duplan Silk Company.

Lady Cheylesmore, who arrived in this country several weeks ago to attend the wedding of her nephews, William H. Vanderbilt, on Nov. 1, is returning to England on the White Star liner Baltic, which sails from New York today for Queenstown and Liverpool.

Sailing for London on the Minnewaska of the Atlantic Transport Line today are Miss Ella Crosby-Heath, British novelist; Miss Mabel P. French, London barrister, who is taking back with her a valuable American-bred hunter she bought recently in Seattle; Robert L. Clegg, Chicago editor, who leaves abroad for a six months' business visit; Miss A. Morshead and James Forgie of New York; John Lauder Jr. of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bryce and Mrs. Alice Ketcham of Niagara Falls; Mr and Mrs. W. P. Cole of Stonington, Conn., and James Lounsbury of Pittsfield, Mass.

Passengers on the Leviathan.

Among those booked to sail today for Cherbourg and Southampton on the Leviathan of the United States Lines are Miss Edna Walker Malcoskey, author of "The Debutante," and her sister, Mrs. John Brodix, Miss Annette Slocum, Charles Gulliver, the leading vaudeville man of Great Britain; R. W. Hamlet of the Standard Oil Company; Dr. Leo Jacobi, Hugh S. Fullerton, U. S. Consul General at Antwerp; Mrs. Charles H. Duell, wife of the President of Inspiration Pictures; Kenzo Sato, millionaire Japanese merchant; Henry Unterman, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Bush, Albert Baum, Mr. and Mrs. G. Broujansky, Miss Margaret Calhoun, Jack Carpenter, Howard E. Cole, M. C. A. Davila, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Floersheim, D. Gordon, Miss Margaret Hawkesworth, E. V. Hodley, Morris Jacobi, Miss Margaret Kenny, Mr. and Mrs. L. Lewis, Adam Miller, Samuel Perper, Miss E. Schmolze, E. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Sloan, Dr. A. C. Veitch, C. V. H. Winnie, Mr. and Mrs. W. Wurzburger.

Some of the passengers sailing today for Plymouth, Boulogne and Rotterdam on the Holland-America liner Volendam are Burt J. Blommers, painter of landscapes, who has spent a long time in Massachusetts and Vermont, accompanied by Mrs. Blommers and their son Bart Jr.; Austin J. Hare, B. N. Doss, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Atwood, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Thacher, M. Schulman, D. D. J. Hulshoff Pol, Eustace Lemaster, Mrs. C. G. Mourrailie, A. M. Vanden Hoak, Miss Corinne B. Freeman, the Misses Mary Eddy Hale and Marcia Elliot Hale.

Passengers sailing on the Cunarder Carmania today include the Hon. W. C. Robinson, member of Parliament, and Mrs. Robinson; G. Rankin of the All-American Cables, Robert S. Burns of W. Graham & Waide, Joseph B. Sutcliffe, Joseph Leonard, W. J. Plumbridge, Miss Doris Plumbridge, George Smith, Hugh Smylie, W. J. Pugh, Miss Joan Sims, William Griffiths, William Leidler, Mrs. J. A. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Ross, Miss Alice Buckley, James Norbury, Mrs. Charles Meyers, Miss A. Buckle, T. S. Leighton.

On the Anchor liner Tuscania sailing today for Moville and Glasgow, will be Mr. Andrew and Lady Pettigrew, Dr. and Mrs. Adam George White, Dr. A. A. Young, Joseph A. Bent, J. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McGowan, Miss Margaret Mosgrove, Colonel D. Campbell, Miss Elsie M. Douglas, A. L. Wilson, Ernest R. Howland, Edward S. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. John Charlton.

Passengers on the Cunard liner Albania sailing today for London include Miss Theo Baring-Gould, Frederic Puryroye of Washington; James Hargreaves, Percy M. Ross, Mrs. M. K. Young, Julio Arauco Prado, Miss Arauco Prado, R. J. Coombs, Captain and Mrs. C. S. Herring, E. E. Allen, C. H. Blanchard, Miss C. Bridges, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lewis, William Newcombs, Miss D. Turner, Miss Marjorie Knee, Lean Yoconleyan.

South American Tourists.

Among the passengers sailing today for Brazil and Argentina on the Pan America of the Munson Line are Señor Alvear, nephew of the President of Argentina; Sir Alexander and Lady MacKenzie, Virginia Lemare, Flying Lieutenant in the Brazilian navy; Miss Edith Johnson of The Daily Oklahoman of Oklahoma City; Miss Elizabeth Rafferty, wife of one of the members of the American Naval Mission, who is en-route to Rio de Janiero to join her husband; William Van Dyck; Nestor Ovalle, Valentine Padron, Frank Danforth, Pedro Campello, Alfonso Duran, Max Epstein and David Baker.

Among the passengers sailing Monday for Panama, Callao and Valparaiso also in the Ebro of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company are: Mr. and Mrs. Ronnon Aspiliaga, Mr. and Mrs. Spacer Adam, William B. Cornell, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Finlay, Mrs. Harry Gage, Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Le Seurr, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. McCorquedale, George Collver, C. B. Falar, Professor Eduardo Olbrga and Charles W. Hudson.

Hudson Maxim, the inventor, will be among the 250 passengers departing today for Bermuda aboard the steamer Fort St. George, of the Furness Bermuda line. Others aboard the Fort St. George are Mr. and Mrs. John Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Clerk, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Weinstein, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wills, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McManus. Out of town residents sailing include Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Steiner, G. H. Brown of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Brown Jr., Mr. and Mrs. S. Stewart of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Raynes of Boston, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Cheshire of Charleston, S. C.

Sir Harry Cordeaux, Governor General of the Bahama Islands, accompanied by Lady Cordeaux, will sail for home today on the steamship Munamar of the Among the passengers due to arrive today on the Holland-America liner Rijndam are Professor P. Langer, Mrs. Langer and Master Langer; F. Bartholy, Dr. A. L. Warmahuis and Mrs. Warmahuis, A. N. Birmingham, A. Warner, Miss F. H. Downing, Miss N. Stewart, A. Halvax. Also Baroness E. von Reutter, Mrs. F. C. Hill, Miss M. Hill, G. A. Hollenger, Mrs. Hollenger and Master

A. F. Hoffeman, Miss H. de Muiriak Keizer, C. T. Johnson, A. P. G. Mynlieff, J. E. Leech and Mrs. Leech.

Arrived on Aquitania.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Cunarder Aquitania from Southampton and Cherbourg were Colonel George Harvey, retiring United States Ambassador; Rudolph Valentino and Mrs. Valentino, Rolf de Mare-Vladimir Golschmann, Gerald Murphy, Mrs. Murphy, and Mr. and Mrs. John C. M. Hilton of Albany, who were married at Grace Church, Millbrook, N. Y., on Oct. 6.

Other passengers on the Aquitania were the Marquis and Marquesa Pinar del Rio, J. Olsen, Danish Minister to China; Mrs. George J. Gould, Edmund Gould, Dr. Aristides Agramonte, Cuban delegate to France; Miss Dorothy Brandon, playwright; Sir Marmaduke Winter, Minister to Newfoundland; Juan Castillo of the Mexican Legation in Berlin; A. Landerdale Duncan, John Stuart, President of the Quaker Oats Company, and Mrs. Stuart; M. Roxendolf, Swedish editor; Sir John Hindley, Sir Stephen Kent, Mr. and Mrs. Walbridge Taft, Mrs. William S. Leeds, Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Goring, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Marsh, Richard Wheatland and family, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Wright, C. L. Baker of the American Smelting and Refining Company.

Returned on the Paris.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday on the French liner Paris from Plymouth and Havre were Ignace J. Paderewski, his Excellency Dr. Cosme de la Torrente, newly appointed Cuban Ambassador to the United States, with Mme. de la Torrente and their daughter, Mlle. Luisa de la Torrente; His Excellency Arthur H. Gelasion, American Minister to Guatemala; General Mario Menocal, ex-President of Cuba; his Excellency Gaston Liebert, Director of the French Government Bureau of Information; Mr. Henri Gourd, President of the French Chamber of Commerce in New York; Cole Porter, composer, of the Swedish Ballet; Miss Anne Morgan, Chairman of Executive Committee of the American Committee for Devastated France; H. F. Boardman, Robert H. McCurdy, Henri Laureys, Mr. and Mrs. Corthandt Field Bishop, Miss Diane del Monte, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt, Mme. Karlowska, Commodore Peter C. Gallagher, Prince Halloff, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Robinson Smith, Count Welrzbicki, Samuel Mather, Miss Virginia Stern and Countess des Garets.

PLAN A MARINE CHAMBER.

Its Object Will Be a Campaign for American Shipping.

The first step in the organization of an American Marine Chamber of Commerce was taken yesterday by the Marine Congress at its meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria when a committee was named to draw up papers of incorporation.

It is planned to make the chamber the largest body of the kind in this country and to conduct an educational campaign on the necessity for an American merchant marine.

The personnel of the Incorporation Committee is as follows: Myron W. Robinson, ex-President of the American Manufacturers' Export Association; Winthrop Marvin, Vice President of the American Steamship Owners' Association; Charles H. Potter, President of the United States Ship Operators' Association; H. A. Magoun, President of the Atlantic Coast Shipbuilders' Association; Captain John F. Milliken, Secretary of the Neptune Association; O. E. Bradfute, President of the American Farm Bureau Federation, and E. E. Spafford, an official of the American Legion.

CONDEMNS ERIE DEFIANCE.

Railroad Labor Board Denounces Continued Violation of 6 Decisions.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The Railroad Labor Board today denounced the Erie Railroad Company in a decision which declared the board had ascertained that the company" is wilfully and knowingly persisting" in violations of six decisions "in contempt of the views expressed by the board in those decisions and in contravention of the public welfare." The decisions related to a number of individual grievances.

Almost simultaneously the Pennsylvania Railroad, through a representative at a hearing, admitted that it was again disregarding a decision of the board awarding reinstatement to a car inspector. The Pennsylvania denies the board's jurisdiction. The board had condemned the "method indicated pursued by the management in canceling the seniority of the car inspector.

The pronouncement against the Erie resulted from a complaint by the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks.

SHIP BOARD SAYS IT WILL CARRY ON

Proposal of Marine Congress That Government Quit Fleet Operation Is Attacked.

PLAN CALLED UNTHINKABLE

Foreign Interests Would Have Us at Their Mercy Again, Say Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Resolutions adopted by the American Marine Congress in New York if followed would mean "the unthinkable withdrawal of adequate American flag representation on the seas," Commissioners Frederick I. Thompson and Edward C. Plummer of the Shipping Board declared in a joint statement issued tonight. They characterized the resolutions as substantially a reiteration of the program put forward last March by the American Steamship Owners' Association and unanimously rejected by the board.

Acting Chairman O'Connor also was of the opinion the resolutions offered no workable solution of the shipping problem. Transfer of the Government's usable tonnage without restriction to private owners, he said, could only mean the ultimate and early scrapping of the entire fleet, or its transfer to foreign owners.

"The resolutions adopted by the American Marine Congress," the statement issued by Commissioners Thompson and Plummer said, "which specifically proposed: (1) The destroying of a certain portion of the steel ships owned by the Government; (2) the sale of such remaining portion to American citizens as they may desire to buy, such sale to be 'without restriction,' and (3) the destroying of all the remaining ships, no matter how fine may be their condition or how essential their preservation, is but the substance of the same proposal made to the United States Shipping Board by the American Steamship Owners' Association on March 26, 1923, at which time such suggestion was unanimously rejected by the Shipping Board.

"If followed, the ultimate effect would be an unthinkable withdrawal of adequate American flag representation on the seas, for no American steamship owners or operators 'without restriction' would permit the purchasers of such ships to be free to transfer them to the owners or operators of foreign nations. To sell a few ships under such conditions and not bind the Government to destroy the remaining ships not sold would have the eventual result of abandonment of the national effort represented in the Merchant Marine act, and its nullification.

"It is conceivable that foreign nations, by indirect method, could well afford to purchase a few hundred of the ships owned by the Government to bring about the elimination of American flag operation, removing thereby protection to the American producer and the American manufacturer through such ocean freight rate protection as the American flag fleet now insures. Elimination of American flag operation would place the American farmer and the American manufacturer at the mercy of foreign shipping interests and would remove that potential element of naval auxiliary from control of the United States in time of national emergency.

"That support is evidenced in the recommendation of the American Marine Congress is quite contrary to the depth of understanding evidenced by Gray Silver of the American Farm Bureau Federation, who issued a statement on the same day which said that American farmers strongly favor an adequate merchant marine for the basic reason that the farming class suffers in international competition if it does not have loyal and reliable ocean carriers for its products, Mr. Silver took the position that an American merchant marine was a most important part of the farmers' program for reducing cost factors, and that he would 'deplore any retreat from the merchant marine position the United States already has obtained' in our overseas trade."

Lewisohn Confers With Coolidge.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Adolph Lewisohn, New York banker, conferred today with President Coolidge, but declined afterward to indicate the subjects discussed.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

An Excess of Declines Over Advances in the Foodstuffs.

The trend of wholesale prices continued downward this week, at least numerically, according to Dun's list. Forty-three of the 71 changes shown were declines. Last week there were 38 in 69 changes. What was somewhat different this week, however, was that there was also an excess of declines over advances in the foodstuffs part of the list. Heretofore this section has been the reverse, regardless of the trend of the general list.

The following table gives the minimum prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.....	3.00	3.00	2.50
Beans, m., 100 lbs.	†	†	†
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.52	.50½	.40¼
Do S. D., c. to f., lb.	.40	.40	.37
Cabbage, per bbl.....	1.25	1.25	1.00
Cheese, fcy., new, lb.	.26½	.26½	.26¼
Codfish, G. B., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	8.50
Coffee, Santos, 4, lb..	.14½	.15	.15
Eggs, nearby, f., doz..	.82	.82	.72
Onions, bag.....	2.50	2.75	1.35
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs..	7.50	7.50	7.00
Potatoes, bbl., new....	4.00	4.00	5.00
Rice, fancy head, lb..	.07¼	.07¼	.07
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb..	.19	.19	.21
Do Japan, best, lb....	.50	.50	.59
Bacon, 140s down, lb..	.12½	.12½	.15¾
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	10.00	10.00	10.00
Hams, bkr., in tcs., lb.	.16¼	.17¾	.17
Hogs, live, 100 lbs....	7.05	7.10	8.35
Sheep, live, 100 lbs....	10.00	9.50	7.50
Barley, malting bushel.	.75	.81	.75
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs....	1.50	1.50	1.35
Rye, No. 2, bushel....	.77¼	.77¼	1.00
Aluminum, pig, lb....	.25	.25	.20
Copper, electro., lb....	.12¾	.12¾	.13¾
Spelter, lb.	.06.7	.06.7	.07¼
Brown sheetings, yd....	.16¼	.16½	.15
Cloths, print, 64x60, yd.	.10¾	.10¾	.09¾
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb..	.14½	.15	.22
Do country, lb.....	.13	.14	.21
Leath., un. b'ks, t.r., lb.	.40	.40	.50
Rubber, up-riv. fine, lb.	.22	.21¾	.24
Flan., 1st later cr., lb.	.27¾	.27½	.29
Silk, Chins, at fil., 1st, lb.	9.50	9.50	9.25
Do Japan, fil. No. 1, Sinshiu, lb.	8.00	8.10	8.50
Wool, dom. av. 98 quo. lb.	.74.2	.74.2	.77.1

† Nominal.

The changes in the foodstuffs again failed to reveal any fluctuations in flour in the local market for provisions, but Middle Western lard was higher here. Both bacon and hams declined. At Chicago the provisions list showed five sheep higher, live beef unchanged and live hogs, mess pork and short ribs all lower.

Changes in the dairy list were fewer than last week, with the best butter listed showing a rise of 1½ cents a pound. Cheese was unchanged, as were nearby fancy eggs. The best fresh-gathered eggs rose 4 cents a dozen, which put them 3 cents a dozen above the corresponding price for last year. The nearby fancy eggs are now the only things in the whole dairy list that are cheaper at present than they were a year ago, but the margins between this and last year's prices under most of the other items in this part of the list are not very marked.

The changes in the listed fresh fruits this week consisted of a rise of 50 cents a barrel in fancy apples, while in the dried ones a drop in apricots contrasted with a rise in California peaches. In the vegetables a further rise was seen in choice medium beans, while declines took place in choice red kidney beans, and also in cabbage, onions and turnips. Blue Rose rice is also declined.

No changes were seen in the teas this week, but both of the basic grades of Brazilian coffee were lower. The spices showed only a rise in Zanzibar cloves, the granulated sugar did not change this week, but there was a further drop in 96-test raw sugar.

Three of the five changes in the grains were upward this week, the rises being seen in corn, oats and rye. Wheat and straw supplied the only declines. Leather continued quiet and unchanged, but in the hides only the calfskins failed to escape the general decline.

The metal changes were mostly downward, although electrolytic copper and tin were higher. Forging billets were lower at Pittsburgh, as were several grades of pig iron. The only rise in the lumber list was seen in maple, with the declines contributed by beech, cypress, Douglas fir timbers and air-dried "roofers."

Turpentine was lower in the naval stores and in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, seven of the thirteen changes were downward. Menthol continued to decline, but it still twice as high, in case lots, as it was at this time last year. The best Brazilian and plantation crude rubbers were higher.

At least so far as the cotton goods were concerned, the week was one of the most hectic the textile trades have seen for a long time. Numerous advances were made in finished and unfinished goods, and several leading lines were withdrawn for the time being. About the most important of the cotton goods changes were the advances of 2 to 2¼ cents a yard that were made in standard lines of percales. Burlaps were quiet and steady throughout the week, with trading limited to some extent by the holidays at Calcutta.

PAY RISES TO BE RUSHED.

Steps Begun to Increase Salaries of Firemen and Policemen.

City officials intend to give policemen and firemen the salary increases approved at last Tuesday's election as rapidly as possible. At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert requested Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson to prepare the necessary legislation to put the payment into effect.

Mr. Nicholson also was asked to expedite the preparation of legislation necessary to put into effect the home rule amendment. The Corporation Counsel said he hoped to have it ready in a few days that the board can discuss the steps to be taken at Albany. Mr. Hulbert said he expected to confer with Governor Smith when the plans had been completed, so that the Legislature and the Board of Estimate would be in accord.

HIGH BIDS ON FURNISHINGS.

Parsons and Lalor Collections Being Sold at Auction.

The sale of the household furnishings and embellishments of the late Florence V. C. Parsons and the late John C. Lalor at the American Art Galleries brought out several very large offers. The highest bid yesterday afternoon was $9,500 offered by V. F. Earle. This was for a needlework carved and gilded palace suite, Louis XV. period. It included a large settee, two state armchairs and two bergeres. A carved and gilded Aubusson tapestry suite sold for $1,100 to E. F. Albee, who also purchased another tapestry suite of the Louis XV. style for $2,000. P. W. French paid $1,250 for an inlaid tulip and kingwood commode mounted in cuivre doré. Another high bid, $1,050, was made by Albert C. Scholler for a carved oak paneled room of the Flemish renaissance style.

Weeks Leases Muscle Shoals Unit.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Sheffield steam plant, a unit of the Muscle Shoals project, has been leased for another period of a year to the Alabama Power Company which has been operating it. Secretary Weeks in announcing recently that the lease probably would be renewed, said it would continue to be revokable. Thomas W. Martin, President of the power company, said his company would pay the Government $350,000 for the use of the plant this year.

To Study Japan's Lumber Needs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—An American Commission of lumber exporters will sail from San Francisco tomorrow on the steamship Taiyo Maru to study Japan's lumber requirements for reconstruction in the area devastated by the earthquake. The commission will conduct its survey and negotiations on behalf of more than 100 export lumber mills in the Pacific coast region.

Strike of Japanese Sailors Spreads.

TOKIO, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—The strike of seamen employed by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, which was occasioned in consequence of the announcement of the company's decision to reduce sailing allowances for crews 30 per cent., is spreading to members of the engine room forces, according to advices received here from Kobe. Some junior officers are also joining the strikers, it is said.

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES OF THE WEEK.

BRADSTREET'S reports 383 failures for the week in the United States, as compared with 310 for the previous week and 374, 404, 311, 239 for the corresponding weeks in 1922 to 1919. The New England States had 30; Middle, 84; Western, 85; Northwestern, 50; Southern, 97; Far Western, 37. Canada had 50 against 46. In the United States, about 87.6 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 16.9 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed.

GLUCK & TEPPERMAN, manufacturers of fur garments, 201 Seventh Avenue, by Marie Hillebrand for $235; Louis Livingston, $187; Florence V. Hamm, $418. Liabilities not stated; assets about $30,000. The members of the firm are Nathan Gluck and Hyman Tepperman.

LOUIS ROSEN, cotton goods and notions, 22 East Twenty-sixth Street, by Jos. Schindler, doing business as Imperial Thread Company, for $183; Mollie Hausman, $314; Martha Mansvetz, $785.

WILLIAM BLIND, leather goods, 1,119 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, by Natalie Jaffe for $355, and Perkeomen Trunk and Bag Company, $150. Judge Inch has appointed Frederick R. Crane receiver, in bond of $1,000.

LIEBLEIN & WECKSLER, retail clothiers, 70 Stanton Street, Manhattan, by Lillie Wanuch for $4,500; Lavinia Markham, $2,100, and Rose Manson, $10.

PHILIP ED DEHNERT, window shade contractor and paymaster, Rockville Centre, L. I., by Gertrude and Irene F. Kruger and E. C. Kruger Wellhausen for $500.

Petitions Filed—By.

ISIDORE O. DePASS, salesman, 102 West 80th St.—Liabilities, $42,077; no assets. Principal creditors are S. A. Schonbrun, $7,000; H. B. Walker, $4,500; Mrs. William Belknap, $5,500; M. E. DePass, $10,000.

JAMES CAMPBELL, manager, 251 West 11th St.—Liabilities, $7,193; no assets. Principal creditors are Julius Strassman, $1,928; Max Feiger, $1,000; Leo Benjamin, $1,000.

BECKER & GOLDSTEIN, cloaks, 114 Division St.—Liabilities, $9,638; assets, $1,600. Principal creditors are Glickman & Weinbaum, $916; Bernard Shapiro, $843; Sam Gershowitz, $585. Richard O. Smith was appointed receiver, under bond of $1,000, by Judge A. N. Hand. The members of the firm are Rubin Becker and Harry Goldstein.

MENDEL GREENBLATT, clerk, 327 East Fifth St.—Liabilities, $9,585; no assets. Principal creditors are Chatham & Phoenix National Bank, $2,100; B. Oishin & Son, Inc., $2,900.

RUDOLPH E. BRANDMAN, chiropractor, 111 West 72d St.—Liabilities, $5,970; no assets.

JACOB BROWN, salesman, 2,774 Eighth Av.—Liabilities, $2,915; no assets.

LOUIS ROSENBLITH, worker at military uniforms, 1,514 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.—Liabilities, $3,080; assets, $100.

MORRIS SAMUELS, salesman, 1,502 Fifty-second St., Brooklyn—Liabilities, $4,411; no assets.

LOUIS SCHWARTZ, 1,911 Marmaid Av., Brooklyn—Liabilities, $7,944; no assets.

Receivers Appointed.

IRVING SCHWARTZ, shoes, 1,929 Second Avenue—Louis M. Taylor appointed, under $2,000 bond, by Judge A. N. Hand. Liabilities not stated; assets, $3,500.

Schedules Filed.

BERNARD SHIRT COMPANY, 97 Fifth Avenue—Liabilities, $147,346; assets, $146,000, main items being accounts, $85,000; stock, $18,800; fixtures, $6,200. Principal creditors are Milomar Corporation, $35,000, secured; Bessie Shirt Company, $6,850, secured; J. H. & C. K. Eagle, $3,546, secured; Fried, Mendelson & Co., $3,532; Atlas Neck Band Company, $4,106; Schwarzenbach-Huber Company, $4,106; Waumbeck Manufacturing Company, $7,594.

SOL GOLDSTEIN, doing business as Goldy's Silks, 224 West 126th Street—Liabilities, $76,015; assets, $17,275, main items being stock, $15,000; fixtures, $1,500. Principal creditors are Cosmopolitan Bank, $4,900; Louis Rosenblatt, $12,000, secured; Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, $5,100, secured; John Mandlowitz, $4,000.

SILLS & HIRSCH, manufacturers of platinum diamond jewelry, 104 West Forty-fourth Street—Liabilities, $23,693; assets, $23,466, main items being stock, $18,464; accounts, $2,934. Principal creditors are Louis J. Worth, $4,450, secured; James J. Losb, $3,210.

JOHN SCHOENFELD, doing business as The West Harlem Hatter and Furnisher, 2,729 Eighth Avenue—Liabilities, $4,263; assets, $610.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

IN BROOKLIN—Raymond G. O. Palmer, 846 Union Street; Harry Diamond, 529 Rockaway Avenue; Henry Lelman, 301 Hooper Street; Louis Malkin & Son, 155 Newport Avenue; Samuel Bleustein, 447 Grand Street; Fritz Meiling, 313 Nassau Avenue; Julius Cohen, 306 Stone Street; Ray H. Bramin, Brantford Road, Forest Hills, L. I.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Nov. 9.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against Israel Cohen, shoe dealer of Amsterdam, who has liabilities of $20,000 and assets $6,500. W. H. MacKnight of Utica was appointed receiver.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed here today by Harry A. Rhinebaule, patternmaker, 2,844 West Adams Street, which listed liabilities of $111,836 and assets of $6,751.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Armstrong Realty Corp—Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Co.	$2,403.31
Anderson, Robert—B. E. Smith.....	$1,271.49
Albertson, Harriet L.—Merchants' Nat. Bank	$3,943.58
Ansen, Edward—M. Blum.....	$5,237.96
Andrews, Fred—M. W. Ehrich.....	$74,136.20
Boykin, Henry V.—John Wanamaker N. Y.	$346.54
Borsch-Lydon Co., Inc.—M. Rosenzweig.	$2,186.42
Breitung, E. N. and Chas. F. (E. N. Breitung & Co.)—W. H. West.....	$5,548.83
Brainard Commission Co.—U. Davis.	$2,467.63
Black, Gabe—Swift & Co., Inc.....	$103.44
Bailey, Hamilton A.—James McCreery & Co..	$345.57
Barnesby, Norman—R. Vonnok.....	$1,663.84
Bruce, Joseph—R. Fuerst.....	$160.00
Becker, Richard H.—H. Draisin.....	$235.12
Burton Bros., Inc.—V. Gray.....	$15,151.75
Chambers, Frank L.—F. C. Bostwick, costs.	$114.80
Canero, Charles, and Capital City Bursty Co.—People, &c.	$1,800.00
Caracci, Frank—J. De Vito.....	$5,151.25
Same—S. De Vito.....	$750.00
Charlton, Ralph W. (Charlton Trucking Co.)—F. C. Gray.....	$8,906.56
Chiappe, Louis—J. Chiappe.....	$1,063.45
Dictator Fountain Pen Co., Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....	$119.59
Degenhart, Joseph—L. J. Kozett et al.	$197.35
Davis, James C., dirsc. gen.—Wayne Transportation	$12,500.00
Elits, Max—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc..	$168.84
Fletcher Records Co., Inc.—Kassbler-Chatfield Shelling Co.....	$900.30
Friedenberger, Adolph—M. Simon.....	$1,070.70
Frazin, George—Second United Cities Realty Corp.	$1,000.00
Frick, Lilla—G. Zoinak.....	$2,010.60
Gist, James B.—N. Y. Edison Co.....	$815.60
Gehn, Harry and Max Ferber—M. Davidson	$212.15
Gill Engineering & Construction Corp.—Flake & Co., Inc.....	$821.70
Gigante, Giovanni and Pasquale Nisie—G. G. Michele	$458.70
Garrison, Lindley M. (receiver)—M. Chaity.	$965.18
Gibbons, Margaret—B. I. Greenberg, et al.	$509.01
Haviland, Isaac—John Wanamaker, N. Y.	$197.48
Hartford Accident & Indemnity Co.—R. A. Chartrand (costs)	$119.07
Horowitz, Joseph and Louis—M. Davidson.	$1,018.06
Humiston, Grace—Securities Acceptance Corp. (costs)	$114.50
Hudson River Freight Line Inc.—U. S. Steel Products Co.	$110.25
Heppock, John L.—G. A. Parker.....	$2,320.22
Harned, Daniel De V.—N. Y. Tribune, Inc.	$329.26
Holland, Joseph A.—M. L. Margolish.	$2,106.37
Hartford Accident & Indemnity Co.—W. R. Proctor (costs)	$119.90
Hoffman, Albert and Morris Lieberman (Strand Costume Co.)—M. Perlstein..	$346.47
Jacobs, Hattie—Lord & Taylor.....	$451.80
Johnson, Leland H.—Mechanics & Metal Nat. Bank of City of N. Y.	$262.23
Kempf, Edward—Sonnenschein Chemical Co., Inc.	$247.45
Kaufman, Jacob (Star Linotyping Co.)—H. Ufa	$262.50
Kelly, Thomas—V. Turrantine	$1,629.28
Kirschert, Frederick E. Spire Pitou and Spire Pitou & Co.—Coal & Iron Nat. Bank of City of N. Y.	$422.06
Ketcham, Ralph M.—Queensboro Realty Corp.	$165.55
Kantor, Ralph—N. Y. Edison Co.....	$284.70
Lumb, Jennie—Title Guarantee & Trust Co..	$1,297.65
Lee, Walter A.—B. Series et al.....	$133.50
Le Brun, Geo. F.—Billings Operating Co.	$204.41
Loeb, Emil—Lord & Taylor.....	$107.33
Levins, Julius—Hatters Clearing House, Inc.	$672.10
Murray, Edw. G.—W. R. Coyle.....	$26,713.83
Murphy, Edward—Brunswick Tile Works, Inc.	$506.40
Melton, Walter—Heckscher Building Corp.	$187.50
Metzger, Alice—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.	$167.84
Markowitz, Abe and Jack (Arrow Knitting Mills)—M. Fuchs et al.....	$318.40
Nessi Co., Inc.—Stahl & Co.....	$626.02
N. Y. Life Ins. Co.—M. Unger.....	$12,000.40
Nil. Funeral Car Co., Inc.—R. Morris.	$1,874.35
Nevins, Thomas A. Frederick B. Norris and Benjamin R. Gubert—Audley Clark Co.	$6,907.31
Orentlicher, Samuel and Orentlicher-J. Barsp	$139.40
100 West 44th St.—Realty Co., Inc. and Morris M. Glassel—L. M. Werner.	$2,850.80
O'Donnell, John A.—M. E. Edison Co.	$187.70
Perfect Brick and Hollow Tile Co., Inc., and Homer J. Baudet—Audley Clark Co.	$6,907.31
Perrin, Roger W.—Lord & Taylor.....	$506.60
Paramount Brokers Corp., Inc., Edward A. Danziger and Sidney H. Selegbaum—M. Weiss	$354.60
Roach, Catherine—J. Johns—Wanamaker, N. Y.	$462.78
Rosenfeld, Bernard—Steiner & Sons, Inc.	$2,664.00
Ratzkowski, Julius—H. Beck.....	$5,961.60
Schleich, William (Bronxwood Specialty Shop)—Pictorial Review Co.	$178.04
Scholtheaus, Jacob—E. L. Kuhy.....	$1,562.00
Scandinoff, Joseph A.—Star Co.	$166.72
Shepland Sahal and Palmer, Inc.—Art Adsergalet Co., Inc.	$1,157.49
Sheehan, Mary—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.	$138.44
Slattery, Wm. C.—D. G. Joyce.....	$5,629.28
Sobel Hosiery Co., Inc.—B. Uriand.	$172.70
Stamatiades, Leonidas and Dimitrius—P. Athanasion	$500.00
Universal Export Corp.—Phillips Jones Corp.	$320.76
William C. Seckel Co., Inc.—People, &c.	$1,000.00
White, Edw. W.—John Wanamaker, N. Y.	$180.69
Williams, John D.—Frayer Realty Co., Inc.	$3,002.80
Winter, Herman G. and William Rau (Winter & Rau)—C. F. Rubing.....	$561.29
Wasserman, Rubin—I. J. Sobel et al.	$458.20
Weil, Julee—Columbia Casualty Co.	$

REPORT SUN TROOPS NOW SURROUNDED

Conflict Between Northern and Southern Chinese Forces Has Reached a Crisis.

CANTON UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Piracy and Looting Are Rampant in Southern Capital and Chaos Prevails.

CANTON, Nov. 9 (Associated Press).—A crisis in the conflict between Northern and Southern Chinese troops in Kwangtung Province has been reached apparently. Canton is under martial law and the troops of Sun Yat-sen, South China leader, have been surrounded by the forces of General Chen Chiung-ming at Shekiung.

As a result of the chaos which has prevailed in Canton all traffic has been ordered suspended after 7 o'clock each night. Piracy and looting are rampant. Hotels and private residences are being searched for supporters of Chen Chiung-ming, who are promptly shot when found. Many officials are leaving the city.

Foreigners are expressing indignation at the execution of General Fung Bo-Cho, who was taken prisoner by Canton troops at Wuchow last August after he had been placed in charge of the city by agreement of Northern and Southern troops. General Fung was executed in a Canton street.

Citizens of Canton and coolies are being commandeered at the rate of several hundred a day by the military forces. A considerable quantity of arms, ammunition and flags has been seized and confiscated.

Dr. Sun is reported to be in desperate need of funds.

A report is in circulation that Dr. Sun's troops commandeered the ferry launch Leefook, reported missing Wednesday after leaving Dumbbell Island for Hongkong with Chinese who were conveying $10,000 to that city.

Defections from Dr. Sun's forces have been reported for some time. Last week four cruisers attached to his organization declared their independence and attempted to leave Canton. Two were successful, and two failed to get away because of shallow water.

JITNEY LAW UNDER ATTACK.

Jersey Bus LDrivers, in Suit, Call It Special Legislation.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 9.—The validity of the Elliott law governing the operation of jitney buses was argued in the Supreme Court today, in proceedings instituted by jitney bus owners to whom licenses have been refused by the Public Utility Commission. State permission to operate has been denied to some fifty operators, although authority had been granted by local governing bodies.

Counsel for the jitney men contend that the Elliott act is special legislation and that some of the permits in question were granted before the statute became effective.

HOTEL WENTWORTH SOLD.

Tolson Brothers Add Another Structure to Chain Property.

The twelve-story Hotel Wentworth at 59 West Forty-sixth Street, on a plot 55 by 100 feet, has been sold by the Middletowne Holding Company to T. Elliott Tolson and his brother, John P. Tolson. The Wentworth will be operated in conjunction with the Hotel Patterson, 58 West Forty-seventh Street, and will be known as the Hotel Wentworth-Patterson, with the main entrance on Forty-sixth Street. The Patterson was purchased by Messrs. Tolson last August.

The Hotel Wentworth, which was held at $750,000, was purchased through the offices of Brown, Wheelock, Harris, Vought Company, and now gives the Tolson brothers a total of 800 modern hotel rooms in the Times Square district.

The Hotel Bristol, 129 West Forty-eighth Street, of which T. Elliott Tolson is President, has 400 rooms, and the Hotel Webster, 40 West Forty-fifth Street, owned by John P. Tolson, has 150 rooms. The combined Hotels Patterson and Wentworth have 250 rooms. The buyers take possession of the property today.

MERCER STREET RESALE.

Eight-Story Loft Was Held at $250,000.

The Irwinessi Holding Corporation, Samuel Horwits and David Lieberman, resold to Samuel Zuckerman the southwest corner of Washington Place and Mercer Street, known as 8 Washington place, an eight-story, fireproof store and loft building, with basement and sub-basement, on plot 42.9 by 96.3, which was recently purchased from Wilkinson Brothers.

The building shows an annual rental of about $32,000 and was held at $250,000. Aaron Fishbach and Joseph Gold were the brokers.

Harlem Block Resold.

Third sale within two weeks has been made of the eleven four-story tenements, with stores, occupying the block front on the east side of First Avenue, between 124th and 125th Streets, which are valued at $275,000. The newest owner is Isidore Wollheim, who bought the property from the Ben-Hur Realty Company, representing Wallrath Brothers. The latter acquired the houses from Samuel Brener, who turned them over in a few days after buying them from the Hoguet estate. They occupy a plot fronting 200 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on each street. Negotiations are said to be pending for reselling the houses in bulk and to individual tenants.

Physician Buys Building.

A four and a half story building on a plot 25 by 100, at 219 East Twelfth Street, near Second Avenue, which was held in the Storch family for about twenty-five years, was sold to Dr. S. A. Dorfman. The physician is going to alter the building for his own purposes. The purchase price is $45,000. E. Metz & Co. and Messinger & Wirtenberg were the brokers in the transaction.

French Retailers Urge Tariff Cut.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The convention of the Federation of Retailers held here today, after discussing the high cost of living, passed a resolution urgently requesting a reduction in the customs duties on the necessaries of life. It declared the tariff had been raised since the war to proportions which the public did not realize, enabling domestic producers with limited output to control the markets.

Auction Result.

BY I. LINCOLN SEIDE.

Tradewater St. 10 and 12, e s, 131.2 ft n of Brookfort St, 35x100.11x18.8x108.5, seven-story loft building; Abraham Davis et al against Jacob Mendlowitch et al.; Max A. Schlesinger, attorney; Margaret M. Burnet, referee; due, $84,42 05; taxes, &c., $1,046.10; subject to a mortgage of $45,000; to L. S. Wasserstrom for 458,125.

BUYING IN THE SUBURBS.

Tenant Acquires Montclair Business Building.

Edward C. O'Neill and John T. Lyman sold to the Criterion Construction Company the business, store and office building at 902-8 Valley Road, Upper Montclair. The property was valued at $65,000 and was resold by the buyer within thirty days to Richard Hassler, one of the tenants of the building. Frank Hughes Company were the brokers.

Thomas J. Good sold the recently completed home of Ralph Hayhurst, known as Highview, on Rochelle Terrace, Pelham Manor, N. Y. The purchaser will occupy. The property was held at $27,500 and was sold for less than $25,000.

Chauncey B. Griffen sold for R. E. Christie Jr. the two-story English residence on Claremont Avenue, Greenacres, with plot 75x150 feet, to Robert W. Beardsley of the United States Realty Company. The property was held at $25,000.

Fish & Marvin sold for George W. Bonhotal his new Colonial house on the Esplanade at Pelham Manor, on a three-quarter of an acre plot, to R. Frank Brooks of Pelham Manor. The property was held at $48,000.

Operators Buy in Brooklyn.

Meister Builders, Inc., purchased 513-517 Fifty-third Street, two four-story, eight-family brick houses, on a plot 60 by 100, and renting for $11,000 and held at $65,000. A. Cohen was the broker. The Meister Builders also purchased 529-533 Eighth Street, two four-story, eight-family brick houses on a plot 60 by 100, and renting for $10,000; were held at $60,000. J. Stone was the broker. They also resold these buildings to two individual investors; also have purchased 767 Eastern Parkway, a four-story, eight-family brick house on a plot 37 by 129, and renting for $8,000, held at $50,000, and resold same to J. Kramer, an investor.

Commercial Leases.

Zoltan Friedmann leased for St. Clement's P. E. Church, represented by Bastine Company, the entire building 814 Broadway for a long term of years to Greenblatt, Cohen & Co., cotton converters, who will occupy a large part of the building for their own business.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Operators Purchase Four Six-Story Tenement Houses on the East Side.

WERE HELD AT $240,000

Samuel Brener Resells Block Front on Manhattan Avenue, Valued at $285,000.

Trading in real estate was light yesterday, activity being confined chiefly to tenement house properties and a good resale transaction involving a Manhattan Avenue block front.

Rent Income Corporation (E. V. Pescia, President) purchased the four new-law six-story tenements covering plot of 200 feet front by 100 feet deep at 315 and 317, 319 and 321, 327 and 329, 335 and 337 East 108th Street. The houses contain sixteen stores and 204 apartments of three, four and five rooms and bath. The yearly rent is over $35,000 and the property was held at $240,000. Negotiations are pending for the resale of the premises.

John Acilin Company resold 608 and 610 West 178th Street, acquired by them six weeks ago. It is a plot 50 by 100, with a five-story new-law building, renting at $17,300, held at $110,000. Price Brothers and A. Adelman were the brokers in the transaction.

American Realty Company, Inc. (J. E. Mautner, President) purchased from the estate of J. Fleischhauer & Bro. the two five-story double flats at 164 and 166 East Ninetieth Street, adjoining the new ten-story apartment house recently completed by the Rhinelander Estate, on plot 30 by 100.8 each, making a total plot of 60 by 100.8, upon which they contemplate erecting a nine-story apartment house. D. Jacobs and U. S. Tanco were the brokers in the transaction.

James L. Van Sant purchased from the estate of Jacob O'Dell, 23 Gouverk Street, a six-story tenement, 25 by 75. This is the first sale of the property in twenty-five years. The brokers in the transaction were William R. O'Brien and F. A. Holly.

A client of Louis W. Osterweis sold to Morris Feierstein the five-story brick tenement house known as 221 East Ninety-ninth Street, on a plot 37 by 100. Hyman Bloom was the broker.

J. Wilfred Eldt purchased from Marne Realty Corporation the five-story tenement at 313 East Forty-fifth Street. Charles E. Eldt was the broker in the transaction.

Porter & Co. sold for Alexander John to a client for investment the five-story apartment at 522 West 123d Street, on a plot 33.4 by 100.

Charles W. Hopkins, who recently bought the nine-story apartment at 140 to 146 West Fifty-eighth Street from Loton H. Slawson, has added to his holdings the three four-story flats, 80.2 by 102.2, at 168 to 172 East Seventy-fourth Street. The 168 West Seventy-fourth Street Company was the seller. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Morris Feierstein, an operator, bought 221 East Ninety-ninth Street, a six-story tenement, 37.8 by 100, held at $60,000.

Manhattan Avenue Resale.

Samuel Brener, the operator, resold to the V. & R. Realty Company (Vogel & Ratkin) the block front on the west side of Manhattan Avenue, between 102d and 103d Streets, consisting of two five and one-half story apartments, known as the Northport and Southport. They have a frontage of 200 feet on the avenue and 50 feet on each street. Mr. Brener held them at $285,000. H. T. Wood was the broker in the transaction.

Leasing Fifth Avenue Site.

The eight-story structure at 119 and 121 Fifth Avenue, northeast corner of Nineteenth Street, now occupied by the New York Merchandise Company under a sublease from Lord & Taylor expiring next May, is reported being leased for forty-two years to a large concern engaged in the importing and exporting of general merchandise. The structure fronts 40 feet on the avenue and 125 feet on the street, with an east line of 92 feet.

$600,000 Brooklyn Deal.

The six-story apartment at 681 Ocean Avenue, valued at $600,000, was purchased by the Aluminous Realty Corporation from the 681 Ocean Avenue Corporation. Max Ornstein conducted the negotiations.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Operators Resell a Ryer Avenue Apartment House.

Cahn & Cahn, operators, resold to Samuel Heller, Isaac Schneider and Marks Nelson the two new 5½-story apartment houses, 100 by 100, at 2,350 and 2,356 Ryer Avenue, showing an annual rental of $40,000. The George Goldblatt Company and William Kurs were the brokers in the transaction.

The Burnside Development Corporation (Leslie Winik, President) sold the southwest corner of Loring Place and Burnside Avenue, a vacant plot, 150 by 100, to Samuel Slotnik, who will improve with a six-story walk-up apartment. This is one of the corners in the Berkley Oval purchased from the Gold estate. It was held at $145,000. I. W. Levy was the broker in the transaction.

John J. Tully purchased the plot of thirteen lots, being the block front on the west side of Macomb's Place, between 153d and 154th Streets, held at $100,000. He plans to resell the plot or build a 500-car garage. The brokers in the transaction were David Mintz and Charles Goldschmidt.

Angelo L. Frumento & Kessle sold for Tom Giordano a five-story apartment house with six stores at 789 East 180th Street, northwest corner of Mapes Avenue. The house was sold for $95,000.

Ennis & Sinnott purchased from the Realty Managers, Inc., Frank Begrisch, President, the northwest corner of 170th Street and Townsend Avenue, the five-story apartment with stores, on plot 100 by 110, and also the northeast corner of 170th Street and Townsend Avenue, a similar building, on plot 100 by 105. The buildings have just been completed and are fully rented. Albert D. Phelps and H. J. Rogers were the brokers.

Thomas Moffa sold for Daniel J. O'Neil the 5½-story apartment house on the northwest corner of Bathgate Avenue and 184th Street, to Daniel H. Jackson. It is on a plot 55 by 93, housing twenty-seven tenants, and three stores. It was held at $90,000.

The Samcee Corporation, through Lewis Landes, purchased from the Amankay Realty Corporation fifteen lots on Cedar Avenue, near 168th Street. The property was held at $45,000.

Walter E. Brown sold for Hannah Bell 1,428 Franklin Avenue, being the southeast corner of Crotona Park South and Franklin Avenue, consisting of a one-family frame house, on plot 30 by 108, to a buyer for occupancy. This property was held at $15,000.

The Herman A. Acker Corporation sold for the Krumholtz Building Corporation, to a client for occupancy, the two-family brick building, 30 by 100, at 1,503 Morris Avenue. The property was held at $30,000.

Porter & Co. leased for a long term of years for the Creston Avenue Baptist Church to Vail & Vail the plot at the southwest corner of 188th Street and Creston Avenue, size 40 by 95, and adjoining the church edifice on 188th Street.

This property is located directly at the junction of Fordham Road and 188th Street and will be improved with a two-story building with stores.

Aaron Miller, as President of the Reywal Holding Corporation, sold a plot of twelve lots, 300 by 100, on the easterly side of University Avenue, between Macomb's Road and Brandt Place, to the Matwill Construction Company, Max and Sol Minskoff.

The buyer will probably improve with two large apartment houses, each on a plot 150 by 100.

The property was held at $120,000. Max Liebeskind, Inc., and Samuel Gordon were the brokers in the transaction.

Brooklyn Lease Renewed.

George A. Powers, Florence Woodruff, Mary A. Powers and Georgianna Keep have arranged an extension of the Browning, King & Co. lease covering the four buildings at 547, 549, 551 and 553 Fulton Street, extending through to 4 to 8 DeKalb Avenue, comprising the block front on Bond Street, Brooklyn, for twenty-one years from Feb. 1, 1926. The Charles F. Noyes Company and Tankoos, Smith & Co. were the brokers.

Denial by Columbia University.

Officers of Columbia University and Thomas Dwyer, owner of the property, denied yesterday that there had been any sale of the block bounded by 215th Street and 217th Street and Park Terrace East and Park Terrace West, or that any negotiations had been undertaken for its sale.

Garage for Lexington Avenue.

Nicholas Catania sold the plot at 51, 53 and 55 Lexington Avenue and 136 East Twenty-fifth Street for the Greene Lex Corporation to J. Gerard, who will build a four-story modern garage, bringing the total cost of the property and building to $250,000.

Mount Estate at Auction.

The Mount Estate property at Locust, N. J., will be sold at auction this afternoon at 3 o'clock by A. C. Shendan, auctioneer.

BUSINESS PROPERTIES.

Traders' Exchange Building Figures in a Resale.

The seven-story structure known as the Traders Exchange Building at 80-82 Pine Street, forming an "L" around the northwest corner of Water Street to 138 Water Street, has been resold by the 153 West Fifteenth Street Corporation, which recently acquired the property at auction at the stand of Bryan L. Kennelly. It has a frontage of 39.10 feet on Pine Street and 24.10 on Water Street. The new owner is the 80 Pine Street Corporation, formed by Jones & Neuburger.

L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co. have sold the six-story and basement building, size 50 by 100, at 73-77 Mercer Street, to the American Flag Company.

The Lenox and 123th Street Corporation, just formed, purchased from the Morris Littman Estate the three-story structure, known as the Marion Building, at the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 123th Street. It has a frontage of 100 feet on the avenue and 85 feet on the street. It is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $370,000.

Realty Notes.

Hendrick Suydam, Vice President of Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc., was the broker who represented Charles Moran as well as Bing & Bing in negotiating an eighty-four-year lease involving a rental of $2,500,000 at the southwest corner of Central Park West and Sixty-second Street. The lease was made to one of Bing & Bing's companies, with possession Jan. 1, 1925, and with the understanding that a building twelve stories in height is to be erected.

The same brokers also recently sold for Mrs. Alice Van Ordan 45 East Seventy-second Street to an investor. It was held at an asking price of $80,000.

Old Shipyard at Auction.

The old Hawkins Shipyard and Marine Railway on City Island will be offered at auction today by order of the executors of the estate of Jane M. Hawkins. This property has a wide water front, with riparian rights, and a number of buildings. It has been divided into forty-seven building lots.

The tract is located on Fordham Street and King Avenue, and the auction will be held at 2 P. M. on the property. Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., is the auctioneer.

FIFTH AVENUE LEASE.

Tourist Agency Will Occupy the Reinhardt Property.

Henry Reinhardt & Sons leased the entire two-story building at 606 Fifth Avenue, adjoining Thorley's, near Forty-ninth Street, for a term of years to the Raymond & Whitcomb Company, tourist agency, who will occupy the entire building as a branch office. After extensive alterations the lessees will occupy about Jan. 1. Brown Wheelock-Harris Vought & Co. were the brokers.

Buys Near Inwood Park Site.

The Payson Avenue Developing Company, Inc., sold one of the twenty-two family houses which are tax-exempt, on a lot 32 by 100, facing the new Inwood Park site, which are under construction and nearing completion, to Louis Glashow, who will occupy. Vois & Maes were the brokers.

John Peters sold for the Halladay estate to J. and B. Busas 309 East Fourteenth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 21 by 53.

Jacob Goodman bought the two three-story dwellings at 302 and 304 West 140th Street from Anna E. Crowley through K. C. Newman.

Woman Sells Sea Gate Property.

Mrs. Dora Abowits, a pharmacist, sold her Summer resort home, located on the northwest corner of Sea Gate and Laurel Avenue, on a plot 57 by 70, with a double garage, to Mrs. Ida Benedon. B. Metz & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Apartment Project Near Broadway.

Albert D. Phelps and H. J. Rogers have sold for M. J. Martin & Son, Inc., to Joseph Sager a plot of lots, 50 by 100, on the south side of 141st Street, 120 feet east of Broadway. The purchaser intends to erect a six-story apartment house on the plot, which was held at $45,000.

Columbia Leasehold Sold.

The Cross & Brown Company sold for the estate of Frederick Weeche, through Selden Bacon, the Columbia College leasehold at 52 and 54 Murray Street, a five-story and basement building. The purchaser, the Independent Electric Supply Company, will occupy the property.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE,
120th St. and Lenox Av. (N. W. Cor.)
LOUIS K. DICKSON, Pastor.
Subject Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock:
"SKIDDING TO A SMASH UP."
The future of Europe as seen by the Hebrew Prophet who foretold 2,500 years of history without one failure.
W. R. ANDREWS, Evangelist.
1,500 Seats Free. None Reserved.
Doors open at 7:10. Special Music.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST,
WEST 57TH ST., BET. 6TH & 7TH AVES.
Dr. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor.
10:30 A. M.—Wisdom, Love and Power Sufficient for All Our Needs."
7:40 P. M.—Organ Recital and Popular Song Service.
8:00 P. M.—"The Religious Lessons From Modern Russia and Italy—Is Democracy a Failure and Will Despotism Dominate the Earth?"

CENTRAL BAPTIST,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. JOHN H. STRONG, D. D.

FIRST BAPTIST,
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"PINS AND CORDS; OR THE TESTED ONE, THE UPHOLDING ONE AND THE DRAWING ONE."
8 P. M.—"TURNING ASIDE TO SEE; OR THE BURNING BUSH IN THE DESERT, A SYMBOL OF THE NATION OF ISRAEL THROUGH THE AGES, AND THE REVELATION OF JESUS CHRIST AS 'THE I AM THAT I AM.' ISRAEL'S INCARNATE GOD, ISRAEL'S ONLY HOPE AND THE PRESENT SAVIOUR OF THE GENTILE WORLD."
FRIDAY NIGHT, 8 O'CLOCK—PRAYER AND TESTIMONY MEETING. BIBLE EXPOSITION BY DR. HALDEMAN.

JUDSON MEMORIAL,
Washington Square.
A. RAY PETTY, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
At the morning service Dr. Petty will report on the Washington Citizenship conference and will discuss the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST,
Madison Avenue, at Thirty-first Street.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
PASTOR PREACHES 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST,
Park Av. and East 64th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Dr. WOELFKIN.
Evening Subject: "Living in a Garden."
9:45 A. M., Men's Class, Dr. Bestor.
Women's Class, Mrs. Cogwell; Church School, 8 P. M., Young People's Meeting.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST,
145th St. and Convent Av.
REV. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Life of Buddha."
8 P. M.—Lecture on St. John's Cathedral.

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES and MEETINGS
Are Held in the Following
NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES
OF THE MOTHER CHURCH,
The First Church of Christ, Scientist,
in Boston, Massachusetts:
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.

FIRST	Central Pk. West & 96th St.
SECOND	Central Pk. West & 68th St.
THIRD	111 East 58th St.
* FOURTH	Ft. Wash. Av. & 178th St.
FIFTH	9 East 45d St.
* SIXTH	1,201 Boston Rd., Bronx
† SEVENTH	820 West 112th St.
EIGHTH	103 East 97th St.
‡ NINTH	Moreom Th., 317 West 45th St.
TENTH	26 Waverly Place
* ELEVENTH	2,382 Grand Concourse, Bronx
‡ TWELFTH	Aeolian Hall, 34 West 43d St.
THIRTEENTH	314 West 23d St.
n FOURTEENTH	446 West 152d St.

* Wednesday meeting at 8:15 P. M.
† Second Sunday services at 4:30 P. M.
‡ Wednesday meeting of Ninth Church at 12 and of Twelfth Church at 12:30 noon. Sunday evening service of Twelfth Church temporarily discontinued.
t Temporary address.
n No Sunday evening service.
FREE LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
will be given by a
Member of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship as follows:
Nov. 15, 8 P. M., Second Church.
The public is cordially invited.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.,
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—JOHN HAYNES HOLMES.
"FIVE YEARS AFTER THE WAR:
A Pacifist Looks at the World."
8 P. M.—Forum. HENRY G. ALSBERG.
"Is Russia on the Up-Grade?"
10 A. M.—THOMAS H. HAINES, M. D.,
"How the Mind Grows."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
56TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor.
Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ

(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
Dr. FINIS S. IDLEMAN, Pastor.
preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Divine Science

REV. W. JOHN MURRAY
of the
CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria,
Sunday, 11 A.M. Subject:
"TRIUMPHANT TRUST."
Sunday School for Children at 11 o'clock.
Wednesday Evening Meeting at 8 o'clock.
DAILY HEALING MEETING
at 12 o'clock, Waldorf-Astoria. The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE
Central Park West and 64th St., Nov. 11.
11 A. M., Dr. Felix Adler
"SHORT CUT METHODS FOR PREVENTING WAR."
8 P. M., OPEN FORUM
"THE ECONOMIC AND CIVIL PHASES OF NEGRO MIGRATION."
JAMES WELDON JOHNSON
AND CHARLES S. JOHNSON.
THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED.

Interdenominational

YOU ARE INTERESTED IN
HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.
The plan to attend the
FIVE INSPIRATIONAL LECTURES
which will be given by
THOMAS R. GAINES,
Author, Lecturer, Teacher.
MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway at 76th St.
Beginning Sunday night, Nov. 11, and continuing to Thursday night, Nov. 15, inclusive, at 8:15.
SEATS FREE. ALL WELCOME.

McAULEY Water St. Mission, 316 Water St.
Under the Brooklyn Bridge.
Oldest Rescue Mission in the World.
Services nightly, 8; Sunday, 3.
51ST ANNIVERSARY SERVICES,
Nov. 11 to 18, inclusive.
Every evening at 7:45 o'clock.
Sundays 3 and 7:45 P. M.
Prominent Speakers. Good Music.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
129 West 89th Street.
DR. GEORGE SHAW of Nyack, Pastor,
Preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wed., 8 to 9 P. M., Prayer and Testimony.
9 to 9:45 P. M., Lecture on Christology.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY,
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—The Reverend Arthur H. Bradford of the Central Congregational Church, Providence.

CHINATOWN.
The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 1-7 Doyers St. Wide Awake Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

Jewish.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Av. and Forty-third St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Enelow, on "Armistice Day—How Shall We Observe It?"
Monday, 11 A. M., Sharp—Dr. Enelow on "Ibn Gabirol's Place Among Medieval Poets."
Friday Evening Service, 5:30 o'clock
Daily Noon Service, 12:30 o'clock
All are welcome.

TEMPLE ISRAEL,
91st St. near Broadway.
Today, Nov. 10, at 10:15 A. M.,
REV. DR. NEWMAN,
"SAVING THE CHILDREN FROM THE PARENTS' SUCCESS."
Friday, Nov. 16, at 8:15 P. M.,
"THE KLAN AND ANGLO-SAXONISM."

CENTRAL AND FREE SYNAGOGUES,
Carnegie Hall, Sunday Morning, 10:15.
DR. WISE
Will Speak on
"TO WHAT END?"
An Armistice Day Address.
All Are Welcome.

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Sunday, 11 A. M., LESLIE, 200 West 83d St.
Subject, "THE CUP OF JOY."

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
DR. STEIMLE, 11—"Christ and Woman."
8—"Law or War?" Armistice Day address.

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West—The Rev. Dr. Paul Scherer, Pastor.
11 Topic—"Broken Cisterns."
4—"The Man Who Will Not Settle Down."

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN, Madison Av., 73d.
Dr. Remensnyder, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

CALVARY, 129th St. and 7th Av.
WILLIS P. ODELL, D. D., 11 and 8.
Evening topic, "Who Is Responsible for Bootlegging and Accompanying Crimes?"

CHELSEA, 176th St., w. of B'way, 7:45 P.M.
"Russia," by Bishop Blake.
11 A. M., "Why God Punishes," Dr. Reisner.

GRACE, West 104th St.
FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Fundamental of Communion."
7:45 P. M.—"The Rendezvous with Death."
Dr. Harris and Dr. C. E. Guthrie,
Police Band, Armistice Motion Pictures.

MADISON AV. METHODIST, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Seckman, D. D. } Ministers.
Rev. John M. Pearson
FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY SUNDAY.
11 A. M.—Dr. SOCKMAN,
"Forty Years in New York."
8—MAJOR GEN. WILLIAM CROZIER,
Special Armistice Day Service.
6:15—Social Tea. Young People's Service.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
14th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. George Edwin Pickard, D.D., Minister.
11—Dr. Charles M. Sheldon, Author "In His Steps."
8—By the Pastor: Armistice Day, Ex-President Harding's "World Court."

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St. Nr. Columbus Av.
J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister. 11—Armistice Day. 8—"The Next Step a League of Christians."

ST. JAMES'S,
Madison Avenue and 126th Street.
REV. FRED. W. STACEY, Minister.
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S { 86th St. and West End Av.
REV. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. [illegible], D.D., S.T.D.
8 P. M.—Dr. [illegible].

New Church

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM,
Clark St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn.
Take West Side Subway to Clark St.
REV. E. M. LAWRENCE GOULD,
Former Chaplain, A. E. F.
11—Special Armistice Day Service,
"WORSE THINGS THAN WAR."

NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian),
35th St., Bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
11 A. M., Rev. ARTHUR WILDE, Pastor.
"The Transformation of Common Clay."

New Thought

UNITY.
PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker,
HOTEL ASTOR, 11 A. M. Subject:
"MAN'S HEALING INTELLIGENCE."
Headquarters, 250 West 57th St.
Sunday, 3 P. M., AGNES M. LAWSON.
Subject: "Joy No One Taketh From You."
8 P. M., FINANCES OF THE LORD.
Subject: "ONENESS WITH MAN."

RICHARD LYNCH
Also speaks Tuesday, 2:30 P. M., Wednesday, 8 P. M. Public Cordially Invited.

MRS. MARY CHAPIN
Metaphysician-Psychologist
Sunday Services 11 A. M.
Commodore Ballroom—42d St.
A FRESHER FAITH.
Through which to gain the Goodness of Life and the Grandeurs of the Universe—
SONG SERVICE led by Mr. Millspaugh. The public is CORDIALLY INVITED.

G. ARTHUR GAYER, Ph., D.
HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 3:30 P. M.
"HOW TO ATTAIN LONG LIFE."
There is no scientific reason why man should die. SPECIAL MUSICAL PROGRAM.
BARONESS LEJA DE TORINOFF,
RUSSIAN PRIMA-DONNA.
Demonstration Meeting at Close of Lecture. Come early to get seats. Free.

GENEVIEVE BEHREND,
(T. Troward's only personal pupil).
136 West 72d St.
"JESUS' METHOD FOR INSTANTANEOUS HEALING."
The Public is Invited.
Friday, 8 P. M., "The Law or Demand and Supply." If you know this law and use it all the good things in life can be yours.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday, 11:15—"LOVE LEADS THE WAY."
Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner.
8:15—"THE OPEN ROAD TO HEALTH."
Mr. Robert Hervey Bitner.
Tues., 8:15 courses, "Golden Rule Key."
Mr. Robert Hervey Bitner, each Tues.,
Recent Metaphysician Sahler Sanitarium.

GOODYEAR MEETING ROOM AND BOOK SHOP,
25 West 42d St.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., "The Mysterious Stranger," Mrs. J. W. Boerstler, 3 P. M., "The Self," Mrs. Dorothy Rose (offering). Friday, 8 P. M., White Magic. Admission.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, corner Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject Nov. 11:
"Knowledge Through Experience Spells Success."
Congregational Singing. All Welcome.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY.
Makes life livable and lovable,
not better—not worse—but DIFFERENT.
Broadway—HOTEL ASTOR, at 44th St.
Sunday, 11 A. M., by the Universal Law, Dr. F. W. Sears. Subject: "THE ARMISTICE."
YOU Are Welcome.

"HOW TO BE A GENIUS."
ANNA C. NOLLE,
HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 11 A. M.
LECTURE WILL NOT BE REPEATED.
I HAVE HELPED HUNDREDS.
I CAN HELP YOU.

MRS. ANNA W. MILLS,
Rodin Studios, 200 West 57th St.,
Sunday, 11:15. Subject:
"The All Sufficient Source of Supply."
Week-day meetings Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 P. M. All are welcome.

THE SCIENCE OF TRUTH as taught by Jesus Christ, studied and applied. Healing meetings Thursdays, 8 P. M. (offering). Addalena Menzel, Nov. 15, "Getting Results." 23 West 70th St. Individual lessons.

Presbyterian

BRICK,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers } William Pierson Merrill
Theodore Ainsworth Greene
DR. MERRILL will preach at 11 and 8.
MR. GREENE will preach at 4.
Subject: 4 P. M. "The Opportunity to Set Law in Place of War."
Eighth Annual United Sailors' Day Service, 8 P. M., Sermon by Dr. Merrill.
BIBLE SCHOOL at 9:40 A. M.
Young People's Social and Supper Meeting, 5:30-7:30. 28 West 37th St.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 5 P. M.
28 West 37th St.
NOON SERVICE every weekday at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN,
MADISON AV. AND 57TH ST.
REV. DWIGHT W. WILLIE, D. D., LL. D., PASTOR.
9:15 A. M.—Church School.
11 A. M., 4:30 P. M.—Preaching by Pastor.
SPECIAL MUSIC—Double quartet, harp and 'cello. WILLIAM REDDICK, Organist.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Devotional service.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street.
Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Pierson P. Harris, Assistant Minister.
DR. KELMAN.
11:00—Armistice Day Service.
4:30—"I Saw the Dead."
4:00—Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.
10:00—Men's and Women's Bible Classes.
8:15—WEDNESDAY—Midweek Service in the Chapel conducted by Dr. Kelman: "The Hallowing of Bonds."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 112th Street.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Armistice Service.
Address by the Hon. George W. Wickersham.
Daily Services, 7:30 and 10 A. M.; 5 P. M. (Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS'
West End Avenue and 81st Street.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion ..... 8:00 A. M.
Special Armistice Day Service (Rector).
..... 11 A. M.
Evensong ..... 4 P. M.

MAPS OF HEAVEN—Ever Seen One? Discussed by Dr. Guthrie, morning, evening. ALL SAINTS', Henry St., Manhattan. From City Hall, bus to Scammel.

ASCENSION, 5th Av.-10th St.
Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, D. D., Rector.
11—"Peace and Progress" (Dr. Grant).
4—Haydn's "The Creation."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE
80th St., bet. Madison and Park Avs.
Rev. Geo. R. Van De Water, D. D., Rector.
Services 8, 10, 11 (Rector). Restful Music Service, 4 P. M. 'Cello, Harp, Violin at 11 and 4 Services. Church School, 9:45 A. M. Rev. John Acworth, Principal.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Ave., 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D. D., Rector
8 and 10:15—Holy Communion.
11 and 8—Preacher, The

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Superior, Colonial tax exempt house; plot 5,000 square feet, select hill section; 25 minutes Manhattan; all modern improvements; large rooms, sewers, paved streets; parlor, fireplace, parquetry, etc.; garage; sleeping porch; $1,000 cash and $50 monthly principal. McNeece, 30 Union Hall Street, Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 4195.

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Suitable for private Doctor or Dentist
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3, 4 & 5 Rooms
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HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale.

60S, EAST—Small private residence, $32,000; $5,000 cash. Peck, 660 Madison Av.

80TH, 323 WEST—22-foot American basement, rental $7,800; easy cash payment; splendid income. Telephone Owner, Riverside 5353.

94TH, WEST (Central Park)—18x100; 11 rooms and bath; cash $5,000, price $24,000. R 1198 Times Harlem.

BARGAIN—10-story fireproof apartments; Columbia, College section, between Broadway and Riverside Drive; rents over $70,000 low; good terms. Salzman, 152 West 42d St.

PRIVATE house, can be used for business; in the 60s just off Madison Av; very cheap; no brokers. MIRCOVICH, 403 Madison Av.

FOR SALE—Large 4-story basement dwelling, West 69th St.; all improvements; just off Broadway. Apply for particulars at 2,521 Broadway. Herbert Healy.

Manhattan For Rent.

53D, 28 EAST—House, 4-story, basement; suitable club, bachelor, rooming house; shown 10:30-4:30. Plaza 2075.

57TH ST., 73 WEST.
Four-story dwelling to lease, five years straight; immediate possession. J. A. Cassidy, 208 Broadway. Tel. 6042 Cortlandt.

EAST 71ST STREET.
Completely furnished
14 rooms, 4 baths.
Butler & Baldwin, Inc. Vanderbilt 5015.

FURNISHED HOUSE, 8 rooms, 2 baths; $350 monthly, October or longer; in exclusive residential group, East River; transportation excellent. L. M. Peck, 660 Madison Av.

Bronx For Sale.

BRONX TAX EXEMPT, 2-family brick, 12 rooms, 3-car garage each house; beautiful brick houses in Bronx; latest, best fixtures, improvements; Ryer Av., near 180th, 2 blocks east Concourse; price very reasonable. Call any time.

BUILDER CLOSING OUT—BARGAIN.
Will sell to quick buyer for $5,500 cash and liberal terms, splendidly built tax-exempt, 2-family brick house in the Bronx; all latest improvements, including steam heat, hot water, electric lights throughout; size 22x120 feet; 12 rooms, 2 baths, 2 foyer, 2-car garage; on Nelson Av., 100 feet north of 172d St., near Jerome Av and 170th St. subway station. Representative on premises or Franco-Maykirk Co., 426 East 152d St. Telephone Harlem 6342.

A NEW TWO-STORY HOUSE; every improvement, steam heat, tiled bath, oak floors, mirror doors; nice neighbors; price $9,500, worth $12,000; easy terms; convenient to school, stores and transit. 4,336 Matilda Av., between 236th and 237th Sts., two blocks west of White Plains Av. M. Naughton please send address.

BIGGEST opportunity in United States; tax exempt; 100x100; 6 stories, 58 apartments; only $17 average per room; rent $40,750; only $30,000 cash required; netting over 60 per cent. on investment; act quick. Jackson, 140 Nassau St.

TAX-EXEMPT one-family houses; heated garages; high-class. 1,921 Bogart Av.

COZY four room house; modern conveniences; $1,200 cash. 738 Edison Av., Bronx.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH—Wonderful house, corner; $21,500; worth $25,000. Call Midwood 1641.

FLATBUSH—150-154 Kenmore Pl., between Church and Caton Avs., in the heart of Flatbush, within 3 blocks of Erasmus High School, library, Prospect Park, Brighton subway, and overlooking beautiful Ocean Av.; 3 new up-to-date 2-story and cellar, easy housekeeping brick; six rooms, tiled bath and kitchen; up to date in every detail; hall walls panelled; copper leaders and gutters; exceptionally high-class little houses; price $17,000; terms arranged; open every day. George M. Craigen, owner and builder. Tel. Mansfield 0927.

FLATBUSH (1,466 East 13th St.)—Six-room stucco and shingle, semi-detached; plot 40x100; four-car garage, three spaces rented; parqueted; all improvements, steam, electricity; big porch and fireplace; convenient to transit, school and church; price $15,000; cash $3,500; terms to suit. Gallagher, Midwood 1507 or Whitehall 5851.

FLATBUSH (East 34th St.)—2-family tax-exempt, 12 rooms, 2 baths, 3 large bedrooms on each floor; garage with each; on plot 40x100, fully improved street; 3 minutes from subway, schools and churches; one of the best houses in this section; price $18,750. Olson, 2,718 Farragut Road. Mansfield 4072.

THE PERRY MANSION—For sale or for rent, ideal arrangement for private sanitarium or boarding house; 24 very large rooms, 3 baths, overlooking New York bay; parquet floors, steam heat, electricity, newly decorated; Colonial Road, Cor. 71st Street, Bay Ridge. Wm. Laemmel, 7416 Third Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., phone Shore Road 0426.

FOURTEEN-ROOM house in Prospect Park South Association district; restricted; finest locations in Brooklyn; corner property; 71x105x irregular; every modern improvement, electric laundry, double garage, &c.; price $28,000; terms reasonable. Owner, 30 Argyle Road, Buckminster 8578.

Staten Island For Rent.

ST. GEORGE—29 Stuyvesant Place, 5 minutes' walk from ferry; house 13 rooms; all improvements; rent $120 month (now vacant), immediate possession. Apply on premises or phone Endicott 2013.

Queens County For Sale.

BEAUTIFUL EAST ELMHURST,
30 minutes from Times Square.
Owner offers attractive new 7-room stucco home; sun parlor, living room, tiled bathroom, dining alcove, enclosed and heated sun porch, driveway, room for garage; subway, 5-cent carfare; moderate amount cash required; price $8,500, easy terms. E. B. Davis, 3 East 44th St.

Long Island For Sale.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
BEAUTIFUL NEW STUCCO HOME, SIX BLOCKS FROM RAILROAD STATION; PRICE $12,500; TAX EXEMPT; 6 AND 7 ROOMS, TILED BATHS; FINEST RESTRICTED RESIDENTIAL SECTION; SEWERS; EASY TERMS. PARADO HOMES CORPORATION, 28TH, CORNER CYPRESS AV. TELEPHONE FLUSHING 5020.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING.
Seven rooms and tile bath; enclosed porch; steam heat; parquet floors; all improvements; fine neighborhood; room for driveway; four blocks to R. R. and trolley; price $10,000; cash $3,000.
THOMAS J. SMITH,
Broadway at 216 St., Flushing, N. Y.
Flushing 1352.

DOUGLAS MANOR—Six rooms, open fireplace, tile bath, hardwood floors, porch enclosed; extra toilet; basement garage. Owner, 119 Susquehanna Av. Great Neck 622B.

FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—Sage place, 100 feet from Central Av.; immediate possession; restricted neighborhood; beautiful new tapestry brick dwelling; garage; modern improvements; 4 master's bedrooms, maid's room; centre hall, sunroom, pantry, breakfast room, 3 baths, 4 toilets, standing needle shower; spacious porches; shade trees; sacrifice $25,500; easy terms; might lease. New McNeil Realty Corp., Far Rockaway, N. Y. Tel. Far Rockaway 2913 or 2933.

FOREST HILLS—$1,000 cash; six-room, sun parlor, detached house; driveway; tiled bath, shower; steam heat; parquet floors; all improvements; tax-exempt; $7,500, easy terms. T 872 Times Downtown.

GREAT NECK—Charming English house; 7 large rooms, 4 baths, spacious beamed living room, acre beautiful ground, golf, tennis, swimming pool; 24 minutes Pennsylvania Station; sale or rent. Phone Madison Square 6140 or Great Neck 637.

HOLLIS—New 10-rooms, tiled kitchen and bath with sunken tub and shower; parquet floors throughout; large solarium, rear veranda; 3 large bedrooms, master's bedroom and closet, sewing room and dressing room combined, real fireplace, breakfast nook; with furniture 5,000 square feet of land; excellent section; American Colonial type; buyer may select fixtures and decorations; this house must be seen to be appreciated; consult builders; price $11,500; small amount cash. M. G. Wells Construction Co., Inc., Jamaica Av., corner 191st, St.

HOLLIS (4 blocks from station)—7 large rooms and bath; fine condition; steam heat, open fireplace, garage; lot 40x100; immediate possession; price $12,000. Phone Hollis 4229.

LONG BEACH—Bungalow furnished, $2,900; also business lots for sale. Thos. J. Walsh, 5 Park Place at station.

WESTMORELAND.
Colonial, 8 rooms, 2 bath; excellent location, in good neighborhood, near schools, stores and station; corner plot, 60x100; low price of $14,500; terms reasonable. E. A. Durand, with F. H. Reeve, Inc., Broadway and 33d St., Broadway-Flushing, opposite railroad station. Flushing 3333.

BEAUTIFUL Colonial house, 7 rooms and bath; tax-exempt; well-designed home; select neighborhood, restricted; large plot; garage.
Steam heat, gas, electricity; tiled bath; large enclosed porch; fine fixtures, artistic decorations; rooms all large; ample closets.
Do not overlook this chance; price and terms reasonable. 189th St., north of Briarwood Road, Hillcrest, Jamaica, L. I. Phone Jamaica 2618.

$66.50 PER MONTH
pays the interest and reduces mortgage on six-room steam heated home; breakfast nook, pantry and bath; at Stewart Manor Station (Garden City); 32 minutes from Penna. Station; Chickering 2363.
NATIONAL REAL ESTATE CORPORATION, 220 West 42d, Suite 1114, New York.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Long Island For Sale.

ALL READY to move in; coal for winter in cellar; Floral Park, 2 minutes walk from Bellerose, electric service, station, new home, plot 50x100; on corner fronting stone roads; first floor has large living room with fireplace, sun parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry and icebox room; second floor has 3 bedrooms, tiled bath with Pembroke tub, pedestal lavatory, syphon jet toilet; stairway to attic, which is floored; extra toilet and tubs in basement; copper flashing, gutters, leaders and screens; price $11,500; reasonable terms. Edward Bialis, builder, 41 Rensen Lane. Phone 850 Floral Park.

MUST SELL, beautiful corner residence, very large plot, beautifully landscaped with shrubs, flower garden, trellis, and pergolas, 8 rooms, 2 baths, 2-car garage; perfect condition; asking $35,000; want offer. P. O. Box L. M., Forest Hills, L. I.

LEAVING for California, will sacrifice attractive, practically new brick house, 6 rooms, bath, immaculate condition; plot 50x100; the wise will investigate immediately. P. O. Box 14, Forest Hills, L. I.

FOR SALE—Beautiful residence (Long Island) 25 minutes Penn. station; price $30,000, terms. Particulars apply H. C. O., Inc., 2411 Myrtle Av., Ridgewood 5000.

HOUSE for sale; 6 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; 20 minutes from Pennsylvania station; price $10,000. For terms call Bayside 1063R.

NEW six-room house, wide lot; good location. Mrs. Layton, Bayport.

Long Island For Rent.

FLUSHING HOUSE—Six, seven, eight rooms, one, two baths; garage with each. E. G. Snyder, Broadway and 42d St., opp Broadway-Flushing station. Flushing 3280.

LONG BEACH—Beautifully furnished modern improved seven-room house and garage, near station; reasonable until May 15 or longer. Call Union 2928.

Westchester County—For Sale.

LARCHMONT MANOR.
Charming English home, 10 rooms, 4 baths (bath in master suite has magnificent shower); enclosed porch, 22x40; living room, 18x31, with beautiful brick fireplace; hot water heat; slate roof; copper leaders and gutters; large corner plot; close to Sound, with wonderful view; remarkable opportunity for quick buyer. Sunday, phone Larchmont 22.
GEORGE HOWE, 537 5TH AV., N. Y. C.

LARCHMONT—Attractive brick and stucco house of unusual design, wonderful construction; 7 spacious rooms, 3 tiled baths, hardwood floors throughout, large sunroom, sleeping porch, built-in garage; every modern appointment; near station; price $21,000 for immediate sale.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
63 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Phone 564.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

LARCHMONT—$18,500; 8 rooms, 3 baths, 2 porches; adequate heating and modern appointments; garage; extra size plot in desirable and convenient location; terms.
BARGAIN FOR QUICK BUYER.
P. H. COLLINS,
COLLINS REALTY BLDG.,
37 Post Road, Larchmont, N. Y.

LARCHMONT—Inspect this most unique English cottage, restricted residential section; 6 rooms, tiled bath, hot water heat, beautifully shaded plot, 2-car garage; conveniently located; asking $15,000; make offer. Tel. Larchmont 500; Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9326.

NEW ROCHELLE—Most attractive villa type brick residence on landscaped grounds 100x170, overlooking country; tile roof, 8 lovely rooms, 3 modern tile baths, 2-car brick garage; spacious sleeping porch for 2 rooms, sunporch; nothing to beat it if taken at price offered for quick sale. See today.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Phone 8242.
63 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Phone 564.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

NEW ROCHELLE—For sale, a large 2-family house, perfect condition; 7x12x200; most restricted section; ideal home, or exceptionally fine investment; owner leaving city. S 562 Times.

PELHAM—Must sell at once my charming English home with its perfectly planned interior, 8 rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, fireplace, garage. Address my sister, MRS. MEYER, 739 West End Av. Tel. Riverside 1962.

PLEASANTVILLE—For property in this vicinity write or call on
McAVOY & CO.
14 Wheeler Av. Pleasantville, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—A rare bargain; pre-war house in splendid condition; charming living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, pantry, 5 large bedrooms, 2 baths; hot-water heat, oak floors, copper screens; well located; with plot 75x100, only $16,000; additional land if desired; see this today. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 300.

SCARSDALE—A REAL BARGAIN—Artistic new Dutch Colonial residence, situated on plot 75x125, with a number of beautiful shade trees; house contains 8 large, sunny rooms, 2 baths, enclosed sun porch; garage; price $19,500; will consider an offer and sell on reasonable terms. Apply C-370, FISH & MARVIN, Scarsdale, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—"Perfect house," 7 rooms, 3 baths, nearing completion and open for inspection; many unusual features; an exceptionally fine house at an unusually low price; large plot, fine neighborhood; see this today. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 300.

SCARSDALE—Dutch Colonial cottage on half acre near station; 4 family bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 maids' rooms and bath; hot-water heat, hardwood floors, garage, fine trees; particularly big value; $28,500. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 300.

SCARSDALE—New 6-room stucco house; very attractive; close to station; only $10,900. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 300.

WHITE PLAINS—$2,000 CASH.
Dutch Colonial on corner plot, 7 rooms, steam heat, gas, electricity; glass-enclosed porch, shades, bronze screens, storm windows, awnings; beautiful view; fruit trees, flower garden, garage; price $19,000.
THOMPSON & THOMPSON CO.
Opp. Station White Plains. Tel. 3300.

WHITE PLAINS—Unusual Opportunity. Price $11,000; little cash; attractive pre-war clapboard-shingle cottage; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, oak floors.
THOMPSON & THOMPSON CO.
Opp. Station White Plains. Tel. 3300.

FREE RENT
is guaranteed to the purchaser of one of our attractive dwellings for 2 families, of beautiful surroundings, restricted community, most convenient of access to the centre of the city. See
GREEN COURT,
The Garden Spot of Mt. Vernon,
Columbus Av. and 4th St.,
MT. VERNON.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.
W. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO.
OFFICE ON PROPERTY,
Or to your own broker.

FOR RENT or sale at Mount Vernon, Chester Hill Section, adjoining Bailey Country Club, attractive modern stucco residence, 8 rooms, 3 baths; heated sun parlor; 2-car garage; reasonable rent, or will sell at big sacrifice. Wm. F. Rose, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone 6790 Murray Hill.

$100 MONTHLY
and small payment buys stucco, 6 rooms, 2 baths, open fireplace, parquet floors, 50x100. residential park; price $13,750.
STEPHEN J. STILWELL,
Tel. 394, Opposite Depot, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

EXCEPTIONAL buy; two-family residence; best location, city of Mt. Vernon; 2-car garage; must be seen to be appreciated; price $18,000; terms. Tod Realty Co., 2 Stevens Av., Mount Vernon. Phone Oakwood 8632.

ATTRACTIVE two-family house; Chester Hill section; 6 rooms, sun parlor; modern in every particular; 2-car garage; price and terms reasonable. Tod Realty Co., 2 Stevens Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Oakwood 8632.

ATTRACTIVE home, 6 rooms, 2 baths; 63x150; bargain, $16,000. Box 928, Scarsdale.

Westchester County—For Rent.

MOUNT VERNON, Chester Hill, 160 Elm Av.—Second floor 2-family house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, shower; sleeping and sun porches, open fireplace, garage; separate heaters; rent $1,800 yearly. Telephone 2901 Hillcrest.

PELHAM MANOR.

In ideal location; 2 beautiful stucco dwellings (in a group of 7 attached, unusually attractive houses), 7 rooms, 2 baths each; heated garage.
REASONABLE RENTS.
W. F. Ross, 25 W. 43d St., N. Y.
Phone 0789 Murray Hill.

RIVERVIEW MANOR—Seven rooms, beautifully furnished; garage; $135. Phone 238 Dobbs Ferry.

SCARSDALE.
Furnished estate for rent for one year. Going abroad, will rent my handsomely furnished home, stucco construction, and contains hall, living room, music room, card room, den, dining room, breakfast room and usual servants' quarters; 7 bedrooms, 4 baths on 2d floor; accommodations for 4 servants, bath on 3d. Garage for 4 cars. Five acres of parked grounds, tennis court, children's playground, flower and vegetable gardens. Will rent for one year or Winter months. Can be seen only by appointment through my brokers, FISH & MARVIN, 527 Fifth Av., phone Murray Hill 6038, or Scarsdale, N. Y., phone Scarsdale 610.

SCARSDALE—Will rent fine old Colonial home for Winter, near station; high location, large grounds, desirable neighbors; 10 rooms, 3 baths; $600 per month. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 300.

New Jersey For Sale.

BRIDGENFIELD, N. J.—Selection six-room homes; every improvement; white enamel gas range; large plots, restricted residential section; six minutes to station, 40 minutes from Times Square; $6,500 per month; $800 down, $50 monthly. Send for booklet. J. J. Demarest's Sons, owners and builders.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
New Jersey For Sale.

BOGOTA—TEANECK—ENGLEWOOD.
Absolute Fall bargains in new homes, 6-8-7 rooms; price $6,800 to $9,500; small cash payments and easy terms; act quick. Chas. H. Reis, West Englewood, N. J., near West Shore Station, Englewood 1875W.

HASBROUCK HEIGHTS.
Houses, new and old, for sale; splendid train service; high ground; all American; improved streets, churches, clubs, library; high and grammar schools; a unique town; within 30 minutes of New York. P. W. Burr & Sons, 197 Boulevard, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J. N. Y. phone Barclay 6404.

FLAINFIELD—Beautiful, modern home; gardens and garage. 815 Setila Av. Plainfield 4280.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—CRAFTSMAN HOME!

Six large rooms and bath, glass-enclosed porch, open fireplace, hardwood trim, parquet floors, bedrooms finished in white enamel; beautifully decorated throughout; cabinet gas range, hot water heater, screens; plot 40x140; sewer, paved street; near station, stores and school; cash $1,000, balance $30 and interest; photo on request. John A. Baldwin, owner, opposite station.

RIDGEWOOD—Home of exceptional quality; attractive shaded plot, heights section; seven rooms and bath; large living room with fireplace; four bedrooms; every city improvement; convenient express depot and schools. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

SPECIAL OFFER.
FREE—WINTER'S SUPPLY OF COAL.
If sold within two weeks, craftsman home, 6 all sunny rooms, tiled bath; gas, electricity, steam heat; hardwood trim, oak floors; plot 50x150; sewers; paved street; near station, stores, school; high and healthy location; full price $7,500; cash $1,500; balance $30 monthly with interest at 6 per cent.; a genuine Fall bargain; call today or write for free booklet. Hallberg & Longfellow, Inc., opposite stations, Ridgefield Park and Bogota, N. J.

UNUSUAL circumstances compel owner of fine property, in setting of exceptional beauty, to sell the same; an opportunity rarely on the market; for particulars write Box L. F., 710 Times Downtown.

New Jersey For Rent.

FOR RENT until spring, 1924, account of absence abroad, completely furnished house consisting of 8 rooms, 3 baths, garage; restricted neighborhood in Tenafly, N. J.; 40 minutes to New York; high location, beautiful view; moderate rent to responsible people; references required. Telephone Englewood 804, or Bowling Green 1277.

BEAUTIFUL country home two miles from Ridgewood, stream, pond, 8-room, modern house; fruit, etc.; price and terms reasonable; others from $10,000 up. Herbert D. Payne, 21 N. Broad St., Ridgewood, N. J.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Sale.

GREENWICH-STAMFORD — Real bargain, former price $40,000; take $25,000; interest, taxes, insurance paid to May, 1924; "Stony Crest," pretentious residence; 4 baths, large garage; 3 acres, beautifully wooded; hilltop, western views; surrounded by splendid estates.
MARSHALL P. RICHARDS, Darien, Conn.

MODERN Colonial, 3 acres, 9 rooms, bath; heating, electricity; purest artesian water; barn, chickenery, fruit, shade, brook; $12,800; fine condition; real bargain.
MARSHALL P. RICHARDS, Darien, Conn.

FOR SALE—Greenwich, Conn., seven-room house; all improvements, good location; owner leaving town and will sell for $12,500. 39 Conn. Av. Phone Greenwich 396R.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

I WANT a furnished house in the outskirts of a suburb in the woods until June 1, 10 to 40 miles from New York; would occupy it only Saturdays, Sundays and holidays; at least four bedrooms required; state location and price desired. E 924 Times Downtown.

LOTS AND LAND.
Manhattan.

57TH STREET, WEST.
Plot of about 8,000 square feet to lease for long term.
WILL BUILD FOR TENANT.
Brokers Protected.
CHARLES GRIFFITH & EUGENE MOSES & CO.,
7 East 42d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 4200.

Bronx.

CONCOURSE corner near Fordham Road—Fine apartment site; closing estate, going cheap. Culligan, 2,445 Jerome Av. Kelloge 0005.

RIVERDALE—Plot, corner Liebig and 263d, $3,800; lots, $1,050. Kautsky, Morningside 6886.

UNIVERSITY Heights, near Fordham Road, plots for 2-family dwellings at $5,000. George G. Ebermayer, 136 Broadway.

Long Island.

WILL sacrifice 2 lots in Garden City; $160 each; $40 down, $5 monthly; within 5 minutes' walk of station, stores and schools. Write for particulars. Fred Dolan, 152 West 42d St., New York City.

FARMS, GROVES and RANCHES.
Other Sections For Sale.

Write for FREE FARM LIST "B."
Burke Stone, Inc., 41 East 42d St.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

I HAVE $50,000 cash and my residence at Rye containing 9 rooms, 2 tile baths, porch enclosed, screens, 2-car garage, valued at $25,000; will exchange for business property; quick action. V 883 Times Downtown.

APARTMENT HOUSES
Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

4TH ST., 228 WEST.
This 6-story new law walk-up, having 10-year 5½ mortgage of $56,000, can be purchased for $80,000, with only $12,000 cash; rentals $13,000. Geo. Lasc & Co., 547 Madison Av. Murray Hill 8982.

REAL BARGAIN.
East 11th St., 506-508, near Av. A.
Size 29x100; rental about $6,000; cold water flat; 5½ times rental.
Price $32,500.
KLINGER & CO., Spring 7742.
647 Broadway.

CORNER tax-exempt, 110x100; rent $41,000; price $250,000; 50x100; rent $17,000; price $100,000; $18,000 cash buys; rent $19,000; price $96,000. Inquire for all sort of houses, Stein, 152 Essex St. Drydock 7091.

NOTE—Great sacrifice—Attorney for large estate of several 5-6 story apartment houses must sell at least eight of these houses at once on terms; quick action necessary. Gardner; 61 Hamilton Av., Yonkers.

ON account of dissolution of partnership, must sell two apartments, with stores; 110th, near 5th Av.; rent $12,000; price $65,000; small cash. Netter & Netter, Attorneys, 1,819 Broadway.

5½ STORY, all improvements; rent $6,300; price $58,000. Habel, 33 West 117th.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale.

FOR SALE—30 Montieth Street, corner Stanwix Street, three story frame with store, consisting of two six-room apartments with extra room over store and exterior; also extension two-story eight-room frame house known as 89 Stanwix Street; buildings recently renovated; income $1,740.00; price $14,000.00. Owner, Columbus 9864.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.
Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

TO LEASE—Building, 4 floors, basement, on busy thoroughfare; elevator; light on all sides; suitable department store

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL HARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS AND BATH, FULL HOTEL SERVICE, RESTAURANT; BY MONTH OR YEAR. ENDICOTT 8546.

72D, 40 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year, from $115 per month up. Endicott 7941.

72D (near Broadway)—Elegantly furnished spacious apartment, grand piano; 2 rooms with bath, kitchen; references exchanged. Endicott 4066.

72D ST., 54 West—Two rooms, bath, to tenant taking good care of furnishings; will make a concession.

72D, WEST—For rent or sale, eight rooms, newly furnished; owner leaving city. Endicott 8761.

72D, 238 WEST—Two rooms and bath; rent reasonable; immediate possession. Endicott 9634. Cohen.

72D—Beautifully furnished 5-room elevator apartment; grand piano; $250. Endicott 6276.

72D, 254 WEST—Desirable furnished, 1-2 rooms; kitchen, bath; $115-$135.

74TH, 55 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, fireplace, completely furnished; very reasonable.

74TH, 258 WEST—Handsome 2-room apartment; easily divided; studios. Endicott 9136.

74TH, 108 WEST—Large room, with kitchen, bath; also other rooms; reasonable.

74TH—Beautiful 1 large room, bath, kitchenette apartment; $75. Telephone Endicott 9540.

77TH ST., 50 WEST. (HOTEL MANHATTAN SQUARE). TWO ROOMS, BATH, $125 UP; 3 ROOMS, BATH, $225 UP; 4 ROOMS, BATH, $250 UP.

77TH, 10 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

77TH, 230 WEST—Handsome apartment, 5 rooms, 2 baths. De Leon. Endicott 8180.

80TH, 150 WEST—Five large, all sunny rooms and bath, eight months or longer; all conveniences. Endicott 4120.

80TH ST., 102 WEST (HOTEL ANDERSON)—SPACIOUS 2-ROOM SUITE; SUNNY.

82D, 61 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; $115. Dowd.

84TH, 255 WEST—Five rooms, two baths; strictly first class. Schuyler 10458.

84TH, 106 WEST—One-room apartment, tiled bath, kitchenette; furnished; convenient to "L" and subway. Blackwell.

309 WEST 86TH ST.
Two rooms, bath. New furniture. $40 REDUCTION FOR SUBLET AT ONCE.
New Fireproof Apartment Hotel.

86TH, 333 WEST—Three large rooms, bath and kitchenette, on main floor; beautifully furnished; sunny; seen to be appreciated. Apply Supt., or phone Schuyler 9864.

86TH, 55 WEST—Attractive modern housekeeping or kitchenette apartments, exceptionally large rooms.

87TH ST., 24 WEST—Near Central Park; artistically furnished, charming apartment; enormous living room, open fire, bedroom, complete kitchenette, bath; everything furnished; piano. Hamilton.

87TH, 128 EAST—All improvements, 6 rooms and bath; $100; one block from subway station. Apply Rose.

87TH (550 West End Av.)—Attractive 2-room apartment; newly furnished. Smith.

88TH (588 West End Av., 10B)—Four rooms, all outside, beautifully furnished. Welte Mignon piano, Victrola. Schuyler 6023.

97TH, 43 WEST—One and two room, attractive kitchenette apartments, conveniences; reasonable.

91ST, 27 WEST.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $45.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $60.
MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

91ST, 165 WEST—Attractive apartments; modern elevator; 3 large rooms, kitchen; electricity, gas included. Riverside 1831. Apt. 43.

92D (320 Central Park West)—Three corner rooms, bath; highest type; complete housekeeping; handsome, modern furnishings; piano. Phillips.

92D (320 Central Park West)—Exclusive outside apartment, 2 rooms, bath, superior furnishings, private entrance; references (Apt. 2).

92D, 215 WEST—Attractive 5-room apartment, $325; seen 10-2, or appointment. Riverside 4821; immediate possession.

92D ST., 60 WEST—High-class 2-room apartments; maid and valet service; $90 monthly up; references.

92D, 306 WEST—1-2 rooms, bath, kitchenettes; unusually attractive; service; references.

94TH ST., 204 WEST—Apartment 5D, two rooms and kitchen, completely furnished; lease; references; reasonable.

94TH, 60 WEST—Beautiful 2-room apartments; newly renovated and furnished; $100.

96TH, 26 WEST—Two large rooms, private bath, connecting wash room, all improvements; gentlemen; $40 monthly. Riverside 4078.

96TH (2,524 Broadway)—Ordway. Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; telephone; service. Riverside 4753.

96TH, 206 WEST—Leaving, sell attractively furnished seven room elevator apartment. 4th.

96TH, 15 WEST—Two rooms and kitchen, private bath, newly furnished, decorated.

97TH, 1 WEST (facing Park)—Elegant two-room apartment; private bath; $20.

99TH, 308-311 WEST.
AT RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Housekeeping apartment hotel; 2-3-4 rooms, fully equipped; regular kitchen, kitchenette; attractively furnished, including maid; linen, electricity; convenient 96th subway express. Riverside 6100.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES.

101ST (839 West End, Apt. 2C)—Modern, attractively furnished, front, living room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath; couple; yearly; immediate possession; $160. Riverside 8449.

103D, 134 WEST—Six rooms, completely furnished, electricity, piano, phone; $95. Scholem, call after 11 A. M.

103TH—Beautifully furnished 5-room front apartment; piano; $150. Telephone Endicott 6540.

106TH, 7 WEST (Central Park)—Six sunny newly furnished rooms; elevator; all improvements; near "L"; $160. Apt. 21.

106TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room house keeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647; 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; open Sunday.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.)
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $75 up.
3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $100 up.
High-class elevator apartment house. References essential. Phone Academy 0613.
8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

110TH, 535 WEST—Fourteenth floor, new building, outside, 6 rooms, 2 master baths, piano; reasonable. Appointment, Cathedral 2873.

110TH, 509 WEST (4C)—Exceptionally desirable 5-room apartment; handsomely furnished; reproducing piano; December-May. Cathedral 5830.

115TH ST., 507 WEST—2-4-5 room housekeeping apartments, unusually artistic; modern fireproof elevator building.

115TH, 504 WEST—Four-room elevator apartment; very desirable; sunny, attractive home.

116TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO-ROOM SUITES, WITH WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

117TH, 546 WEST—High class apartment, 3 rooms, bath; electricity; maid service.

119TH ST., 410 WEST (near Columbia University overlooking Morningside Park)—High-class elevator apartment, 9th floor; 4 finely furnished sunny rooms; piano, Victrola, real kitchen; to Oct. 1, 1924. Hall, Cathedral 5500.

121ST ST., 501 WEST—Completely furnished apartment, five rooms, bath; sublet till July 1. Apply Superintendent.

122D ST., 416 (Apt. 52)—Attractive housekeeping suite overlooking Morningside Park; 2 large communicating rooms, large kitchen; well furnished; sunshine; elevator; near Columbia; $100.

123TH (6 Convent Av.)—Elegant parlor suite, gas, phone, electricity; reference; reasonable.

123TH, 601 WEST (Apt. 67)—Modern 7 rooms to sell or sublet.

123D ST., WEST—Lady will share nicely furnished sunny apartment with couple; $65 month. Wadsworth 4024. Apt. 57.

BROADWAY, 3,440 (146th St.)—Two bedrooms, living and dining room, large kitchen, bath (with shower); completely and tastefully furnished, including linen and silver; all modern improvements; convenient transportation; sublease to Oct. 1, possession Nov. 15; owner leaving States; reasonable rental; references exchanged. Cummings, Audubon 3600.

BROADWAY, 3,730 (CORNER, 104TH).
Broadway View Apartments.
Fireproof hotel; absolutely fireproof. 1-room suites, handsomely furnished; low rentals; full hotel service. Academy 5800.

BROADWAY (corner 113th) — three-four large outside rooms; kitchen, bath. Cathedral 8640.

BROADWAY, 3,800 (158th St. Apt. 1)—Attractive 5 rooms; sublet; sacrifice; evenings.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 467—Daintily, unusually attractive, newly furnished 2-room apartment, with bath, showers, kitchenette; completely furnished for housekeeping; $135; piano. 1310 Academy.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 518—10 rooms, entire apartment, 3 baths; until October, 1924; immediate occupancy. For particulars phone Weaver, Gramercy 6265.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 870 (97th)—Charming, light, sunny, complete corner room. Call after 9:30, Apt. 16B, private entrance.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378—Corner; lady will share six room apartment with private family or lady; $125 month.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 236—Well-furnished front three rooms, bath, kitchenette. Gadsby.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 58 (Overton)—1 or 2 rooms, private bath; permanent; after 12.

HOTEL ROYAL, 535 West 112th (near Broadway)—One, two, three rooms, bath; reasonable; weekly, monthly rates; hotel service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116—Ideal one and two room apartment, beautifully furnished; maid service for discriminating gentlemen. Phone Cathedral 3846.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528—6 attractive rooms, beautiful outlook; elevator; telephone. Apt. 19.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 3 (72d St.)—Delightful large; one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; service.

RIVERSIDE—Magnificent 4-room apartment; 2 bedrooms; new building; $135. Endicott 0279.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87—1, 2, 4 room apartments, furnished or unfurnished, lease.

OVERLOOKING 5TH AV.
Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath; NON-HOUSEKEEPING, HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT IN BUILDING; REASONABLE; AMERICAN PLAN RATES.
THE BERKELEY,
57TH AV. AND 9TH ST.
STUYVESANT 7022.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments; all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 508 5th Av. Vanderbilt 0420.

HIGH-CLASS elevator building; 5 outside rooms, piano, well furnished; $125 till October, 1924; responsible people. Audubon 7017.

MODERN FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO RENT. 25 YEARS EXPERIENCE.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72D ST.

Furnished—Bronx.

233D, 812 EAST—Six large rooms with improvements; also 1 acre land, private house. Owner, McCool, Olinville 3141.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—Both subways; elegantly furnished three-room apartments; all new furniture; moderate rentals. 101 Montague St., Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE—Newly furnished three-room apartment; near subway; 20 minutes Times Square; between 10-6. Sterling 7771M.

BACHELOR Hotel Apartment, 160 Remsen St.—just finished; 1 room and bath suites, attractively furnished, with complete service; Murphy "in-a-door" beds; every comfort and up-to-date conveniences; five minutes to Wall St.; references required. James B. Fisher Co., Main 7266.

Furnished—Staten Island.

FURNISHED apartment; ocean view, picturesque grounds; $50 monthly. Telephone 273-W Dongan Hills. Platt, Hampton Court, Staten Island.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39 EAST—3-4 room elevator apartments; all improvements. Superintendent.

36TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Duplex bungalow (Italian garden); large stucco living room, tiled kitchen, sun parlor, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, roof garden; $6,000.

38TH, 155 EAST (Murray Hill)—Newly decorated three large rooms, bath, kitchenette, foyer, open fireplaces, entire third floor; $105; shown today, 11 to 5 P. M.

38TH, 206 EAST—Napoleonic suite, entire second floor; private home; beautifully decorated; mirrored bath; $3,000. Murray Hill 2738.

48TH, 130 EAST—3 exceptionally beautiful rooms, steam, electricity, newly decorated.

31 EAST 42ND ST. PLAZA 0590.
2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH; BY THE YEAR OR FOR WINTER MONTHS
EXCLUSIVE HOTEL
IN AN EXCLUSIVE NEIGHBORHOOD.
A LA CARTE RESTAURANT.

53D, 38 EAST—Exclusive section; floors or apartments on lease; shown 10-6.

54TH ST., 150 EAST.
Unusual 5 room, bath, kitchenette; $90.

54TH ST., 52 EAST—Two rooms, bath; elevator; service.

57TH ST., 176 EAST (near Park Av.)—One large light room, bath and kitchenette; $75. Call Mr. Littmann for appointment. Longacre 4845.

58TH, 405 EAST (near Sutton Place)—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Chelsea 6404. Hencken.

60TH ST., 126 EAST—3 and 4 rooms and bath with real kitchen. Agent on premises. Phone Murray Hill 1944.

60TH ST., 106 EAST (Park Av. corner)—Two rooms and bath, fireplace, large closets; $100, $120, with maid service, &c.

62D, EAST—Artistic 4-room apartment; southern apartment; open fireplace. Rhinelander 7967.

64TH, 19 EAST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; elevator apartments.

67TH ST., 42 EAST (S. E. Cor. Madison Av.)—Non-housekeeping elevator apartment, 2, 3 rooms, bath; near Park, 5th Av. and busses; cheerful rooms, all improvements. Longchamp Restaurant on premises.

81ST, 113 EAST—Entire floor through, three light rooms, bath, kitchen; remodeled private dwelling; latest improvements. Butterfield 3525.

92D, 30 EAST—Beautiful apartments, high-grade brate house, entire flat; 100 by 21; $1,800-$2,400.

BELGRAVE BLOCK,
Madison Av., 49th to 50th Sts.
Apartments, 2 rooms and bath; possession immediate; satisfactory references required; rentals $600 a year and up. Superintendent on premises, or
LAURENMAC CORPORATION,
444 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1327.

GRAMERCY PARK, 24—Beautiful 5-room duplex apartment overlooking Park; may be had furnished for eight months if desired. Gaines, Van Nostrand, Morrisen, Vanderbilt 5825.

LEXINGTON AV., 246.
Bachelor suites and apartments; also parlor floor and basement in remodeled dwelling; large and attractive rooms and large closets; wood-burning fireplaces Caledonia 9019.

LEXINGTON AV., 518—Six beautiful rooms; elevator, steam, electricity; parquet floors.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275—3-5-6 rooms, all improvements; $85-$100.

MADISON AV., 960 (at 75th St.)—3 rooms and bath, $100 and $1,080.

PARK AV., 1,126—Seven rooms, two baths, first floor; modern improvements; $145.

PARK AV., 63-65 (corner 38th St.)—3 and 5 rooms and bath, $1,600-$2,600.

THE HAMILTON,
166 East 66th St.
Apartments, 6 and 7 rooms; possession immediate; satisfactory references required; rentals $85 per month and up. Superintendent on premises, or
LAURENMAC CORPORATION,
444 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1327.

FOUR rooms, modern improvements; long established; doctor's office. Inquire 70 East 104th.

Unfurnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 12 (overlooking Washington Arch and Park)—2 rooms and bath; fireproof elevator building; immediate possession; block from 8th St. 6th Av. "L" station; convenient to all surface and subway lines; 5th Av. bus passes door. Phone Stuyvesant 4358. A. J. Odell.

7TH AV., 67 (near 14th)—Floors in private house, 3-4-5 rooms, baths, steam heat, electricity; reasonable.

9TH ST., 67 WEST—Entire second floor, consisting of three rooms, bath and kitchenette. Inquire basement or Norman Lynn, Longacre 4845.

10TH, 54 WEST—Studio and apartment; one or two rooms and porch; immediate possession. Apply premises.

11TH, 53 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Beautiful apartment, all improvements, newly decorated.

12TH, 136 WEST (near 7th Av. subway)—4 rooms and bath; just decorated throughout in white enamel, first floor; unusually attractive; rent $90 monthly; immediate possession; can be seen after 10 this morning.

13TH, 325 WEST—Three rooms, bath; steam heat, electric lights, &c. Landfier.

31ST, 19 WEST—Delightful 2 and 4 room apartments in fireproof elevator building; large fireplaces; unexcelled telephone and maid service. Superintendent or Vanderbilt 5835.

46TH ST., 25 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms, bath, north light, steam heat, electric light; adapted for artists; immediate possession; rent $75. J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6900.

49TH, 46 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; high-class walk-up; attractive; reasonable. See Supt., 3 West 50th.

49TH ST., 55 WEST—Elevator; 3 rooms and bath; $1,200.

50TH, 10 WEST—Housekeeping apartment, combination salon and dining room, one large bedroom, one glassed-in steam heated bedroom; can convert into outdoor sleeping; kitchen; bath, foyer; exceptional closet space; inspection from 1 till 4, or by appointment.

50TH, 10 WEST—3-room apartment with private kitchen; newly renovated building; built-in bath, with shower; real fireplace. Inspection from 1 till 4, or by appointment.

51ST ST., 319 WEST (block from Broadway)—Desirable six rooms, steam heat, elevator service; sun exposure. Superintendent premises or phone owner. Penn 2690.

51ST, 16 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; high-class walk-up; attractive; reasonable. See Supt., 3 West 50th.

51ST, 16 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; high-class walk-up; attractive; reasonable. See Supt., 3 West 50th.

51ST, 24 WEST—Entire floor, three rooms, two baths, kitchenette; basement hall.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

54TH, 41 WEST—Superb apartment; 5 spacious rooms; real kitchen; $3,600; another 3-room kitchen and complete roof garden; $2,400. Vanderbilt 0674.

54TH, 41 WEST—Small apartment, sunny; good kitchenette; suitable one person; $1,000. Vanderbilt 0674.

55TH, 19 WEST—Most attractive 2-room housekeeping apartment in new building; excellent service. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison. Vanderbilt 8825.

57TH ST., 205 WEST, COR. 7TH AV.
THE OSBORNE.
NEWLY MODERNIZED APARTMENTS. 2, 3 AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH. Kitchen, kitchenettes and dining bays, high ceilings, foyers, large closets, telephones. RENTALS $1,500 TO $5,000. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. INQUIRE OF MANAGER ON PREMISES.

57TH, 144 WEST—1-room apartment; near Carnegie Hall; elevator service. Agent on premises. Phone Circle 5462.

58TH, 34 WEST—VERY LARGE ROOM all improvements, private bath and entrance; elevator; $100, lease. Valligny.

58TH, 34 WEST—Th... rooms, bath; parquet floor, elevator, ... improvements; panelled walls; $1,800. Valligny.

58TH, 34 WEST—SINGLE ROOM, RUNNING water, private entrance; all improvements; elevator; $52, lease. Valligny.

60TH ST., 101 WEST (COR. COLUMBUS). First floor corner apartment, 5 rooms, electricity, suitable for dentist. Inquire Wagner Leasing Co., 405 Lexington Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 0630-7629.

64TH and Central Park West—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; unusually desirable; $125 per month. Call Columbus 8256.

67TH, 33 WEST—Modern duplex apartment, living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; refrigeration; swimming pool; free cooking. Fosdick.

69TH ST., WEST, AND 179TH ST., WEST. FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; $75, $80, $100. PHONE ENDICOTT 2013.

69TH, 19 WEST (Congress Hotel)—One, two, three room suites; special rates; doctor's office.

70TH, 209 WEST—Attractive 2 rooms, bath; kitchenette privileges; spacious closets; $80.

71ST ST., 220 WEST—3 large rooms, including regular kitchen; also doctor's suite; rentals $1,800 up. Apply premises.

71ST, 342 WEST—6 immense light rooms, 2 master's bathrooms. Ernest Tribelhorn.

72D, 53 WEST—Milliner, dressmaker, hairdresser, in modern corner elevator building; 4 rooms; south, western exposure; plenty of light; for long lease will alter to suit tenant.

72D, 242 WEST—Two rooms and bath, large closet; suitable for doctor or resident; splendid location; very reasonable. Phone 6129 Endicott.

72D ST., 344 WEST.
4 to 7 rooms, $1,200 to $4,200.
Highest grade service.

74TH ST., 61 WEST.
Apartments of 5-6-7 rooms; reasonable rentals; all modern improvements.
SHARP & CO.,
2489 Broadway. Tel. Riverside 3850.

74TH, 132 WEST—Entire third floor private house; two large rooms, dressing room, kitchenette, bath, roof garden; large closets; newly decorated; $125; lease.

74TH, 253 WEST—Handsome 2-room apartment; easily divided suites. Endicott 9756.

75TH, 312 WEST.
Sublet, 3 years to run, 4-room suite, especially desirable home and office for dentist, physician; separate entrance for office; back yard for children; also 2-room suite.

76TH ST., 125 WEST—Two rooms, sunny, redecorated; gas and electric light free; steam. Apply Supt. on premises.

76TH, 136 WEST—Doctor's office, 5-room apartment, living or professional purposes.

76TH, 136 WEST—New elevator building, small apartment for immediate occupancy.

78TH, 46 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; ideal bachelor quarters.

77TH, 50 WEST.
(HOTEL MANHATTAN SQUARE).
PARLOR, TWO BEDROOMS, FOYER AND PRIVATE BATH; HOTEL SERVICE AND LIGHT; $175 PER MONTH.

77TH, 66 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, light and airy, corner building, modern, every convenience; special low rent. Superintendent or S. U. Steel 84 West 14th St., Chelsea 7569.

77TH, 309 WEST—Three beautiful large outside rooms, kitchen, bath, heat; moderate.

77TH, 325 WEST—4 rooms in new high-class elevator building.

78TH, 312 WEST—Attractive floor, partly furnished; private home; centrally located.

81ST, 29 WEST—2 GROUND FLOOR ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $75.

82D, 61 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; $100. Dowd.

84TH, 320 WEST (near Riverside)—Elevator, redecorated, improvements; 2 rooms, $90; 3 rooms, $110; 4 rooms, $110-$120. Van Buren Realty, Owners.

85TH, 101 WEST—Three rooms, bath, elevator, non-housekeeping; $1,000 per annum.

309 WEST 86TH ST.
$175 APARTMENT FOR $100.
Two rooms, bath, to sublet to Oct. 1.
New Fireproof Apartment Hotel.

86TH, 332 WEST—Three large rooms, bath and kitchenette, on main floor; beautifully furnished; brand new; seen to be appreciated. Apply Supt., or phone Schuyler 9364

86TH, 76 WEST, 85th, 77 West—Eight rooms, two baths; also four rooms; every improvement.

86TH ST., 330 WEST—TWO BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, BATH AND KITHENETTE, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, $100.

90TH, 120 WEST—Choice 8 large rooms, 3 baths, foyer; all light; elevator apartment; possession; $4,000. Superintendent.

86TH ST., 257 WEST—Elevator; studio bedroom, kitchenette and bath; $1,800, including service.

86TH, 111 WEST—High-class apts. to lease; steam heat, 1, 2 and 4 rooms with bath.

88TH ST., 61 WEST—Three rooms, bath; $87.50; third floor; south exposure.

88TH, 323 WEST—Entire floor, magnificent American basement, dwelling apartment, sunny, quiet, refined home. Telephone Morrow, Riverside 8258.

89TH, 314 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive 1-room apartment, basement, bath, kitchenette; $16 weekly.

90TH, 50 WEST—Three large, beautiful, airy rooms, with kitchenette and bath; $135. Superintendent on premises or Gilekman, 108 West 34th. Chickering 8217.

93D, 137 WEST—2 elegant rooms, bath, improvements, including gas, electricity; $75.

94TH, 104 WEST—Well-heated three-room apartment; ideal home for couple going to business; $75.

96TH ST., 310 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—NEW, UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS. 2, 3 ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $1,200 UP.

96TH, 324 WEST (between West End and Riverside)—Five rooms, tile bath, 6th floor; $75 monthly; 5 rooms, first floor, $80 monthly; 3 rooms, $70; fireproof; newly decorated. Inquire Supt., 329.

96TH ST., 315 WEST—6 and 7 room apartments, all improvements; elevator service; 2 baths. See superintendent on premises.

96TH, 310 WEST (near Riverside)—Seven large rooms, 2 baths. Riverside 0624.

96TH, 244 WEST—Elegant 6-room apartment; reduced rent.

102D, 1 WEST—A very desirable 8-room corner apartment on Central Park West. FREDERICK SITTIG & SONS, 2,311 Broadway. Telephone Endicott 3200.

103D ST. (southeast corner Broadway)—Large seven-room apartment, altered for business; one flight up; $6,000 yearly; also seven-room private apartment, three flights up, $3000 monthly; located at entrance to Broadway subway. Inquire at Bootblack's, Irving T. Smith, 149 Broadway.

104TH, 65 WEST—Six rooms, bath; steam, electricity; rent $80. Carney's bell.

106TH, 4 WEST.
6-room modern elevator apartment. Supt.

107TH, 220 WEST (near Broadway)—7 rooms, all improvements in high-class elevator apartment; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

110TH ST., 510 WEST.
Fireproof Building.
Unusually attractive apartment.
Eight rooms and three baths.

111TH ST., 603 WEST—Seven light rooms, 2 baths; modern apartment; sublet to October, 1924, or longer; sacrifice. Apply Supt.

111TH, 501 WEST—All light, 4-6, choice suites; rentals $1,000 up. Superintendent. Supt.

111TH, 701 WEST—Physician's office, wonderful opportunity. Cathedral 9633. Apt. 12E.

112TH, 249 WEST—Seven rooms, beautiful apartment; reasonable. See Supt.

112TH, 320 WEST—2 and 5 rooms, high-class, 8-story elevator apartment; fireproof; reasonable rent. Apply Supt.

120TH ST., 2 WEST—2-room suite for dentist's or doctor's office; rent reasonable. Superintendent.

122D, 515 WEST—4-6 room elevator apartments; desirable; possession; $50 up. Supt.

122D, 621 WEST—4, 5, 6 rooms, elevator; full service; immediate occupancy.

123D ST. WEST—7 light rooms, non-elevator; electric lights; $65.

123D ST., 61 WEST (near Broadway)—Six rooms, 2 baths; redecorated; ... rooms and bath, $45. Van Buren Realty, Owners.

123D, 514 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive 1-room apartment, basement, bath, kitchenette; $16 weekly.

124TH, 440 WEST—Convenient location; to lease, 4-room apartment; one flight, front; beautifully decorated; electric light; $75.

124TH, 546 WEST—6 and 7 rooms; newly decorated elevator apartment; all improvements; $115-$125. Supt.

130TH, 420 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; opposite Convent Park.

135TH, 629 WEST—Five rooms, beautiful apartment; reasonable; elevator. See Supt.

136TH ST., 536 WEST (Broadway)—Modern, well kept, elevator, 7 rooms, outside; wonderful layout; newly decorated; immediate occupancy.

139TH ST., 508 WEST—Attractive 5-room elevator apartment; light all around; 3 exposures; good house; convenient neighborhood; moderate rent. Superintendent.

139TH, 515 WEST—5 unusually bright rooms, modern walk-up; $75. Supt.

139TH, 640 WEST—6-7 rooms; elevator apts.; reasonable rent.

142D, 610 WEST (adjoining Drive)—Just completed, elevator building elegant apartments; three, four, five large, light rooms; excellent service. Telephone Audubon 8076.

143D, 519 WEST—Six large light rooms, all improvements, elevator; reasonable rent; immediate possession.

144TH ST., 601 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—6 large outside rooms and bath on the 6th floor; $110. Apply on premises.

145TH, 424 WEST—6 rooms; refined neighborhood; newly decorated; $80. Inquire superintendent.

148TH (3,604 Broadway)—Seven light rooms, all improvements; $95. Apply on premises.

149TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Six beautiful rooms, bath, heating, electricity; improvements; $90. Janitor.

150TH ST., 615 WEST (at Riverside Drive) —New elevator house; two choice front apartments, 4 rooms and bath; rent $90-$100. Inquire on premises or Charles Berlin, 5,883 Broadway.

150TH, 545 WEST—FOUR LARGE ROOMS; MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.

154TH, 410 WEST—Apartment, upper floor; attractive, modern; private house.

155TH (385 Edgecombe) — Five beautiful rooms, newly decorated; high-class elevator; $100.

157TH, 602 WEST—Six, seven, eight beautiful rooms, two baths, completely decorated.

157TH, 53 WEST—6 rooms and bath; suitable for doctor.

159TH ST., 475-481 WEST—5 and 6 rooms, corner apartment, elevator; all improvements; $85 to $95.

160TH ST. (southeast corner St. Nicholas Av.)—Building just completed; corner apartment, four outside rooms; moderate rental. Take No. 3 Fifth Av. bus to door.

160TH, 601 WEST—5-6-7 large rooms, foyer; 2 baths; modern fireproof elevator apartment. Superintendent.

161ST ST. (between Fort Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—4, 6, 7 rooms; modern elevator apartment. Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

162D ST., 615 WEST (corner Ft. Washington Av.)—One block from Broadway, elevator house, 5-6-7 room apartments, newly decorated, ready to move in; rent $95 to $115. Apply Superintendent.

163D, 510 WEST—High-class 4-room apartment; every modern improvement; rents reasonable. Inquire on premises.

164TH, 545 WEST—5 and 6 extra large rooms in elevator apartment, house entirely redecorated. Superintendent or Bryant 9011.

164TH, 601 WEST—Three-room apartment; elevator, improvements. Apply Superintendent.

164TH, 559 WEST—4-5-6 rooms; reasonable rent; high-class apartment; elevator.

170TH, 720 WEST (corner Haven Av.)—Haven Heights Court, new building, elevator; overlooking Hudson River and park; 3-4-5 room apartments; all modern improvements; rental $75-$125; ownership management. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

170TH, 629 WEST—High-class 3-4 rooms; walk-up apartment; all modern improvements; agent on premises.

163 WEST 171ST ST.,
(Corner Gsden Av.)—5 desirable rooms, modern improvements; southern exposure; reasonable rent.

171ST ST., 651 WEST (between Broadway and Fort Washington)—4 rooms with foyers; new elevator apartment.

174TH ST.-BROADWAY (15 Wadsworth Av.)—Five corner rooms; elegantly decorated; one flight; refined surroundings; references essential; $80.

178TH, 853 WEST—Corner Northern Av., overlooking Hudson River; modern improvements; 5-6 rooms, ground floor, good for doctor or dentist; price $90. Apply Superintendent.

180TH ST., 804 WEST (corner Pinehurst Av.) —Elevator building; 4 and 6 rooms. Apply superintendent premises. Telephone Washington Heights 1265.

190TH-ST. NICHOLAS (98 Wadsworth Terrace)—4-room apartment; new building; choice residential section; magnificent view; every improvement; living room 14x21; five closets.

191ST, 603 WEST—New building, between St. Nicholas and Wadsworth Avs., 4 beautifull rooms; rent $82. Inquire Superintendent.

191ST, 601 WEST, and 192d, 600 West—3, 4 and 5 rooms, corner, elevator. Supt. or Warren & Skillin, 38 Park Row.

192TH, 509 WEST—6 and 4 rooms, all improvements; must be seen to be appreciated; new building; low rent. Apply Janitor or Harlem 6300.

222TH ST.,
CORNER MARBLE HILL AV.,
at Broadway subway and New York Central.
3 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, $60.
4 ROOMS, $70.
5 ROOMS, $75.
Available now; elevator apartment house; excellent day and night service. Superintendent on premises, or phone Gramercy 3303.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,056—Choice 6 rooms, facing St. John's Cathedral, elevator. Supt.

BROADWAY, 2,131 (74th-75th)—2 to 8 rooms and bath, light, spacious, magnificent, elevator building. Supt.

BROADWAY, 2,626 (99th)—8-room elevator apartment, all improvements; rent $166.66 month.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473—8 large rooms bath, 2 toilets; steam, hot water, electricity; immediate occupancy. Supt. in 471.

CONVENT AV., 435 (corner 149th St.)—7, 8, 9 rooms, 3 baths; $1,800 to $2,200. Superintendent on premises.

CONVENT AV., 470—4 and 5 rooms, corner, high-class elevator apartment; $80-$110.

EDGECOMBE AV., 323—6 rooms, newly decorated; overlooking Colonial Park; all improvements.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 91 (corner 162d)—Absolutely high-class elevator apartment house; 4 and 6 large, light and corner rooms. Inquire on premises or Charles Berlin, 5,883 Broadway.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 360 (corner 178d St.)—New elevator apartment house on a treelined avenues, 3, 4, rooms a d bath. Inquire on premises or Charles Berlin, 5,883 Broadway.

HOLLY ARMS—MONTAUK ARMS,
696-698 West 148th St.
Moderate Rental—Elevator Apartments, 6 and 7 rooms. Supt. on Premises.
MAINHARD-ECKSTEIN, Inc.,
370 7th Av. Longacre 5656.
Penn. Terminal Building.

MANHATTAN AV., 279 (cor. 111th St.)—5-6 rooms, high class elevator house, facing park, all newly decorated; immediate possession; moderate rentals; agents on premises.

NAGLE AV., 50-51—Al Broadway and 196th St., 5 rooms and bath; all improvements; walk-up. Tel. Wadsworth 2830.

OLD CHELSEA—327 West 22d Street, charm and character; delightful apartments in old mansion; modernized, large rooms and high ceilings; 2 rooms and bath, H. Merritti, 327 West 22d Street. Chelsea 7197, or premises.

PROSPECT AV., 2,000 (northeast corner 178th St.)—Choice, just completed apartments with all latest and modern improvements to rent; superintendent; cheap rent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 880,
Corner 145th Street.
FRONT APARTMENTS
New building just completed.
4 large rooms and bath with 3 closets; southern exposure.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Rent $1,800. Representative on premises or Tel. Endicott 2536.

1 P. M. TODAY

Classified advertisements received before 1 P. M. today for insertion in The New York Times tomorrow are accepted subject to insertion in overflow section.

Advertisements for insertion in the classified sections of The New York Times next Sunday must be received before 8 P. M. Friday.

Advertisements for the daily editions of The New York Times must be received before 4 P. M. on the day preceding publication.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240,
Corner 90th St.
Fifteen-story apartment.
Two rooms, foyer and bath, $1,200 and up; three rooms, foyer and bath, $1,600.
Will rent furnished or unfurnished.
Seen any time daily, evening and Sunday.

820 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, AT 158TH ST.
(One block from subway.)
4-room apartment, $1,200 and up.
6-room apartment, $1,400 and up.
8-room apartment, $1,600 and up.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910 (southeast corner 162d St.)—Two large rooms, suitable for private school, kindergarten or valet. Apply Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (COR. 95TH ST.)
ROBERT FULTON.
7, 8 rooms, 2 baths, modernized elevator apartments; all front; southern exposure; possession; rent reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745 (1524 St.)—Six, seven rooms; ideal apartments; $146-$150; also studio (will alter) suitable for physician or dentist. Supt. on premises or L. H. Goldberg, 46 Cedar St., John 0937.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (156TH TO 157TH)
5-7-8-10 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
Spacious closets; moderate rentals; immediate possession. Manager on

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Schools; Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, sections or drawings.

FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.

FRIDAY, 6 P. M.—Unclassified classified, Business Opportunities.

TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. day before publication, classified advertisements for daily edition subject to omission.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 3 lines. Agate line of 6 words

Situations Wanted.....15c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted.....50c
Boarders and Board Wanted.....50c
Help Wanted.....75c
Real Estate.....75c
Lost and Found.....25c
Apartments to Let and Wanted.....50c
Country Board.....50c
Mortgage Loans.....50c
For Sale.....65c
Automobile Exchange.....65c
Agents Wanted.....65c
Employment Agencies.....65c

Per Word

Business Opportunities (Cape 25c).....15c
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers.....15c
Stock Exchange (Sunday).....15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Record of ads is offered by The New York Times for conviction leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

Continued from Preceding Page.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH PRIVATE BATH; ALSO ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive all-year location, near parks, churches, Columbia University, Evergreen Tea Room and all transportation; artistically furnished rooms and suites, all sizes and exposures; some with alcove; running water or exclusive kitchen privileges; $3 to $25 weekly; showers; parlors; references required. Hostesses, Mrs. Young and Miss Bell. Morningside 4889.

121ST, 601 WEST—Attractive room; elevator apartment; convenience; reasonable; references. Apt. 22.

122D ST., 500 WEST.

Very desirable double and single rooms; elevator, telephone; reasonable. Apt. 6C.

123D, 540 WEST — Attractive, light; near Columbia; kitchen privileges. Apt. 31.

124TH, 627 WEST—Outside sunny room, adjoining bath; elevator; references. Apt. 72.

125TH ST., (100 Wadsworth)—Large outside, all improvements; one-two. Apt. 500.

126TH, 607 WEST—Furnished room with kitchen privilege; ladies only. Apt. 4B.

127TH, 431 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Beautiful bedroom adjoining bath; $3. Apt. 1A.

140TH, 540 WEST (near Riverside, subway express)—Large, sunny, private entrance, newly furnished, electricity, steam, adjoining bath. Rockwood.

141ST, 601 WEST (Apt. 32)—Large room, facing Broadway; elevator; reasonable.

142D ST., 514 WEST—Attractive bed and sitting room.

144TH, 600 WEST—Room, bathroom; block subway; business gentleman, couple. Apartment 20.

147TH, 568 WEST—Newly decorated, attractively furnished double room; elevator; near subway; kitchen privileges; business people; reasonable. Apartment 3 west.

156TH, 540 WEST—Attractive studio room, front; electricity, steam; independent; $6. Castro.

158TH, 528 WEST—Large room; improvement; gentleman. Call afternoons; Jewish family. Kopple.

159TH, 475 WEST—Elevator, large, small rooms, kitchen privileges; references.

161ST, 577 WEST—Large, light room, kitchenette, bath; $20. Wadsworth 9206.

163D, 538 WEST—Newly furnished, heated room; all conveniences; $6. Apartment 12.

166TH, 540 WEST—Sunny front room, running water; elevator; gentleman. Apt. 33.

170TH, 551 WEST—Nice room, select apartment; Saturday evening, Sunday, Apartment 47.

181ST (100 WADSWORTH)—Outside room, block subway. Hughes, Washington Heights 8709.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,640 (cor. 141st)—Five-room, elevator apartment; $75. Supt.

BROADWAY AND 105TH.

Living room, connecting bedroom; use kitchen; Broadway view; piano, elevator; couple, gentlemen. Academy 1818.

BROADWAY, 3657 (151st)—Young couple have large, newly decorated, handsomely furnished room, private lavatory; no other roomers. Richmond.

BROADWAY, 2,783 (107th)—Luana, newly furnished; night elevator; phone service; steam; hot water; kitchenette; housekeeping privileges; $8 up.

BROADWAY (Northwest corner 104th)—Beautifully furnished double; steam, electricity, water; $8. Conway.

BROADWAY, 2,178—Widow, rent to couple one, two rooms, bath, furnished, unfurnished.

BROADWAY, 2,812 (98th) — Comfortable room; shower bath; elevator; $8. Apt. 3 south.

BROADWAY, 3675—Sunny front room next bath; private. Call evenings, Apartment 3.

BROADWAY—Single room, business man. Endicott 9025, appointment only.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 871—Large, sunny room, gentlemen, couple. Academy 1604. Aspinall.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Cheerful room in cheerful, modern home with cheerful married couple; Victrola, radio, piano, books; all conveniences; $35 single, $50 couple. Watkins 3290.

MANHATTAN AV., 513 (121st)—Front room, kitchen, for couple, $15; modern. Bonin.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (between 92d and 93d Sts.)—Unusually large, bright, comfortable room and bath with high-class private family; good references necessary. Riverside 4383.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 129—Front parlor-bedroom, with dressing room, running water, newly decorated, piano; reasonable. 1 South.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610 — Small sunny room, near bath; references; gentleman; $8. Hindemarch.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 822—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED MEDIUM SIZED AND SINGLE ROOMS; $7 UP.

RIVERSIDE, 321 (104th)—Large, beautiful studio, electricity, telephone; reasonable; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 822—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Studio one or two rooms; Weber piano; very attractive; single, $6-$10; shower, electricity. Britten.

WENTLEGAN—Beautifully furnished suite; refined, private home; single room; references. Endicott 2437.

LARGE, small rooms, running water, $4-$14; near Riverside. 304 W. 109th.

PRIVATE family offers real home to refined gentleman. Tel. Academy 1360.

Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVE bed, sitting room; all improvements; absolute cleanliness. Phone South 9750.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

97TH, 44 WEST—Two delightful, quaint basement rooms; facilities for light housekeeping; large room, bath, $100; main floor; small room, running water, $45; entrance distinctive; businesslike; modern; efficient. Vanderbilt 6908 for information. Bachelors, professional people.

157TH, 15 EAST.

Single, with, without bath; Primrose Inn; dining room on premises. Vanderbilt 6966.

TWO very large unfurnished rooms and a kitchenette; all conveniences. 246 Bloomfield Av., Caldwell, N. J. Telephone 1583W.

80TH, 45 EAST—Parlor floor, 3 rooms, electric, water; will decorate; $128.

172D, 617 WEST—Large room, two windows. Phone Billings 0789.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

44TH, 130; gentleman; all improvements, shower; $65-$35 mo. G 159 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes first-class room with private family; no other guests; east side preferred; highest references exchanged. Apt. 4B, 103 East 35th.

JAPANESE gentleman desires sunny, airy room; with breakfast; private family, suburbs preferred; fullest particulars. K 673 Times Downtown.

LADY wants room with privilege of piano in room for evening practice; state price; would share studio with lady; reasonable. D 384 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires room in West 100s, private family preferred; state rate. Y 2271 Times Annex.

JAPANESE gentleman desires room; west side; no roomer; please state particulars. E 948 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN desires room, private home; no other roomers. E 321 Times.

TWO gentlemen require separate rooms, west side, below 59th. K 76 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

53D-54TH ST., WEST—Table board for people wanting the best; small room, also large room, with bath, nicely furnished. Circle 6230.

54TH, 54 WEST—Large room, private bath, with board; references.

67TH, 351 WEST—First-class, large front rooms, private bath; French cooking.

72D, 318 WEST—Very desirable double rooms; exceptionally good skylight; table guests.

76TH, 34 WEST—Sunny, single room, adjoining bath, electricity; excellent table.

76TH, 49 WEST—Single room, closet, running water; excellent meals; reasonable.

79TH ST., 114 WEST.
79TH ST., 133 WEST.
83D ST., 124 WEST.

Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York; group capacity 250, permitting us to furnish service and conveniences found only in the residential hotel; modern accommodations moderately priced; booklet.

79TH, 150 WEST—Single or en suite, attractive steam-heated rooms; one with bath; exceptional table.

80TH, 143 WEST—Medium, sunny front; steam, electricity; table board; homelike; references.

86TH, 19 WEST—Elegant rooms, exceptional board; dietary law adhered to.

87TH, 252 WEST—Owner handsome home, four baths, desires few paying guests.

90TH, 24 WEST—Exceptional rooms, superior table. Mrs. Spier, Phone 0085 Riverside.

93D, 130 WEST—Rooms; electricity; table guests; dining rooms on parlor floor.

102D, 305 WEST—One, two sunny rooms, private baths; private American family.

115TH ST., 161 WEST—Double room, private bath, kitchenette; board optional; all conveniences.

BROADWAY, 2,880 (112th)—Outside room, southern exposure; private family; board optional. Deutsch.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 (102d)—Beautiful double, single rooms; excellent meals; elevator residence.

WHY live in overcrowded Manhattan, when 30 mins from Wall St., delightful Staten Island beckons you to enjoy charming home surroundings, excellent food and congenial company at Evelyn Lodge. Weekly, with meals, single, $20; double, $30 up; 15 years one management. 71 Central Av., St. George. Booklet.

REFINED girl student desires room and board with refined small family; moderate; between West 60th-100th Sts.; west of Broadway; references exchanged. A 186 Times.

REFINED private family, unusually attractive home, large, exceptionally beautiful rooms, modern bath, unexcelled home cooking optional. Bradhurst 2831.

PRIVATE family offers real home to refined gentleman. Tel. Academy 1360.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG Swiss gentleman desires comfortable room, also breakfast and possibly supper, with small family; must be homelike, convenient to subway; state particulars. H. Wyss, 42 White St., 4th floor.

WOMAN, refined, to board baby week or month; references. Frank Nash, 245 West 81st. Circle 1730.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON—A comfortable, convenient home for commuters; about 20 minutes; 36 minutes Grand Central. Telephone Hillcrest 5421-W.

HOTEL PEPPERDAY,
Main St. and Echo Av.,
New Rochelle, N. Y.

Family hotel, steam-heated; 25 min. Grand Central Term. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.—Elmwood Hotel; close to D., L. & W. station; American plan; excellent table; every room has private bath; also en suite; rates, $25 single, $40 double, weekly. Phone Orange 1491.

BOARD and care for feeble aged lady by refined adult family; beautiful location. Address Y 2249 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; experienced; references; $25. Miss Gawer, 1,528 Overing St. Underhill 0043.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, controlling accounts, balances; financial statement; stenography; reliable. Berkshire 3163.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, high school graduate; 5 years' experience. K 662 Times Downtown.

COMPANION to elderly lady or with children; refined young lady speaking French, German, English; desires position part time, after 4 P. M. Write I. R., 708 Columbus Av.

COMPANION, nurse, to family going West; by reliable, intelligent young lady with experience. E. Walter. Bensonhurst 0568W.

COOK, colored, first-class; references; city or country. M. Berry, 234 West 53d St.

DRESSMAKER, Parisienne, newly arrived, French spoken only, very first-class, best references, wishes days out. Miss Henriette, care of Hirth, 72 Elwood St. Phone Wadsworth 9056.

GIRL, colored, desires part time mornings, no Sunday. Audubon 1851. Apt. 3S.

GIRL, colored, wishes part time; mornings or afternoons; lady. G 159 Times.

HOUSEWORKER—Lady wishes to place German girl to assist with housework and care of child of 2 years or older; west side preferred. Phone Schuyler 3871.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; part time, day's work; trustworthy, reliable. Audubon 5774.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, reliable, cook or chambermaid, day's work; references. Marie. Audubon 5161.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, wishes position; sleep in; small family. Adams, 153 West 142d St.

HOUSEWORK—DAY'S, WORK, half time, wash; home. Morningside 7412.

LADY, 48, desires position as companion to elderly lady; knowledge of cooking. Box 104, 652 Columbus Av.

MAID-COMPANION, refined young Swiss woman; speaking four languages; seeks engagement lady going to California. A 908 Times.

NURSE, graduate, wishes care of convalescent lady or child traveling West. Phone for appointment Longacre 4748, between 9-13 A. M., or write D 473 Times.

NURSE, practical, hospital trained, for invalid lady; assisting light housework. Wagner, 115 Hamilton Place. Audubon 0900. Apt. 6A.

NURSE, undergraduate, desires permanent position semi-invalid lady or child; capable; trustworthy. Phone Academy 0700. Apt. 6S.

NURSE, experience, care children, willing to travel. Answer letter only. M. Sweeney, care Sullivan, 192 Bradhurst Av., City.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, Swiss, French, music; highest testimonials.; children; $85. Telephone 3216 Morningside.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced; high school graduate; efficient. Riverside 4784.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' insurance and real estate experience; employed at present. Av. J., 1,466 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience; competent, willing worker; knowledge office routine; high school; references; $24. B 320 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping; thoroughly experienced; excellent references. F 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced, intelligent, neat; will start at moderate salary. University 6056.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; neat; American; beginner; $16. Miss May, Telephone Beekman 3093.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 4 years' experience; accurate; $22. N 821 Times Downtown.

TYPIST AND BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable; Christian; $25. S 1030 Times Annex.

WOMAN, educated German, middle-aged, perfect nurse, not speaking English, just arrived, wishes position, take care of baby, elderly lady or household. Phone Kellog 1406.

WOMAN, Swedish, first-class laundress, wishes to take home washing from better class families; good work; best references. G. P., 157 East 67th St.

WOMAN, respectable, first-class cook; small private family; seven years' references; no cards. 365 West 117th.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as assistant in doctor's or dentist's office. Box 171, 1,133 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, beginner; accounting school graduate, desires position with C. P. A. firm. K 673 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, senior, desires connection; public, private; temporary, permanent. G 497 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, able; credentials; references; Protestant. B 180 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, handle detail, write copy, make layouts. Y 2136 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON DRAFTSMAN, first-class; twelve years' experience. K 965 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY, with long business experience as accountant and credit man; long and successful experience handling real estate and trust funds, wants position where such experience together with his industry, integrity and ability will be appreciated. G 307 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, thoroughly experienced; excellent references; stenographer; reasonable salary. D 405 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—Young man, 28; graduate New York University; thorough experience; 8 years' public accounting; Protestant; salary moderate. E 909 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, commercial manufacturing; thorough double entry bookkeeper; handle details; unquestionable references; ten years' experience. B 254 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Typist; thoroughly experienced; Foreign Exchange, Import. K 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary; thoroughly experienced; complete charge office; correspondence; $35. B 277 Times.

BUTLER, Japanese boy wishes position. Muna, 100 West 53d.

CHAUFFEUR—Leaving the city, I recommend my chauffeur to one who wishes to secure the services of an experienced, first-class man of unquestionable honesty and good appearance. Phone Knn. Lackawanna 2908, or Audubon 4570.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, desires position in city, preferably west side; 9 years' driving and shop experience; can positively keep your car out of repair shop; personal reference; single. De Vigne, Watkins 6364.

CHAUFFEUR, married, careful driver, wishes position with private family. Call or write S. Gomnaz, 1,741 79th St., Brooklyn. Telephone Bensonhurst 9608.

CHAUFFEUR—High-class private chauffeur, supplied free, Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-139 West 64th St. Columbus 6518-8519.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; 7 years' experience; private family; best references. William Dvorak, 843 East 74th. Rhinelander 9060.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, good references. Gerard, 571 West 175th St. Billings 1449.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, private position, city, country; $40 week. Leonard, 577 West 190th St., City.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Japanese, experienced, best references. Sano, 109 West 80th. Riverside 9400.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 26, knows repairs, wishes steady position; A1 references. Rhinelander 5567.

CHAUFFEUR; 7 years' reference; still with present employer; country preferred. 23 East 50th. Phone Plaza 3350.

CHAUFFEUR, white, expert, 12 years' experience, wishes position with private family. Emanuel, Harlem 3509.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 5 years last employer; best references. Mascovitz, 210 East 73d.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wishes position; excellent references. Cooper, 222 West 146th St.

CHECKER, experienced, desires position with checking agency. F. T., 347 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

CHEF, first-class, general housework by Chinese; wants position private family after Nov. 16. K 148 Times.

CIRCULATION PROMOTER, ten years' experience in both newsstand and subscription promotion, desires connection with newspaper or magazine. J 455 Times.

COLLECTOR, Italian-American, wishes position; Manhattan preferred; own car; best references. Write B 688, East Tremont Av.

COMPANION, physical trainer to gentleman; body massage; good walker. D 551 Times.

COOK, Japanese, general housework, wishes position, small family; good reference. T. Oshiro. Phone Lexington 4895.

COOK, butler, valet, Japanese; entire charge bachelor's apartment; references. Mansfield, 869R.

COUPLE, Belgian; wife good cook; man excellent butler; do general housework; desires position; $150. Phone Longacre 2928.

COUPLE, both Japanese, as cook, waitress, experience; reference, B 178 Times.

DRUGGIST, registered junior, well experienced. Julius Echenthal, 611 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

ENGINEER, 33 years' experience, 8,446 89th St., Woodhaven. Tel. 5519 Richmond Hill.

HOUSEMAN wants position; city or country; best references. O. Y., 403 East 86th, 2d floor.

JAPANESE—First-class cook, wants bachelor apartment or small family; good housekeeper, excellent reference. 598 West 177th. Telephone Washington Heights 1900, Extension 24.

JAPANESE BUTLER-VALET wishes position as general houseworker in small family; four years last place; well recommended. Shino, 135½ East 59th St.

JAPANESE, experienced, economical cook or cook-butler, wishes position; best references. G. N., 341 Lexington Av.

JAPANESE BUTLER or general housework, year and half last place. Naga, 120 East 38th.

JAPANESE wishes position as general housework in small family; has good reference. Gato, 138½ East 59th St.

JAPANESE for entire charge of tea room, restaurant, club. George, Morningside 4997.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE, college graduate, technical training, 26 years of age, 3 years' experience with large industrial company, desires position of similar nature where he can grow up in the business; best of references. B 264 Times.

MAN, Swedish, 23, America six months, graduate Swedish masseur and gymnast, wishes employment in Turkish bath or institution; excellent references. Y 2257 Times Annex.

MAN, handy, wants night work. James Loader, 242 East 46th.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 28, Protestant, 4 years' experience power engineering, electrical research, wishes position in or near New York City. R. Jones, 10 Hamilton Av., Bronxville, N. Y. Phone Bronxville 1994.

REAL ESTATE—Young man, 26, desires connection realty firm; university graduate; Protestant; salary moderate. K 664 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, traveling Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, desires connection dry-goods, neckwear, hosiery; staple lines considered. B 183 Times Annex.

SALESMANAGER,

equipped with broad practical business experience, desires association with congenial, high-grade organization requiring aggressive, persevering, constructive executive; initial salary $3,000; location immaterial. J 466 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 10 years' experience freight, express, parcel post, local; good character; $35. Rice, 16 Dean St., Brooklyn.

SUPERINTENDENT, best references; A1 mechanic, now in 12-story apartment, wishes similar position elevator apartment. 225 West 69th.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, 6 years' experience in general office work in sales and auto agencies; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; good correspondent. R. T. Kimball, 165 West 70th St. Phone Chelsea 7195.

YOUNG MAN, 27,

formerly secretary-manager knitting corporation, seeks responsible position; good education (engineering accountancy); business experience; references. D 586 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, knowledge of real estate and insurance, wishes connection with reliable real estate concern in managing property; best of reference can be furnished. Y 2248 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN seeks permanent employment as salesman, stock and clerical work; have reference from previous employers commending reliability, character and education. A 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, several years' experience shipping and receiving ladies' wear line, wishes position with future; good references; willing worker. E 770 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, eight years' selling experience, to connect with a reliable concern selling in showroom; can assist in buying. D 523 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, five years' shipping experience; best references; willing to start for $22. B 1104 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, experienced shipping clerk, wants position anything from 8 A. M. to 12 M. Phone Audubon 7910.

YOUNG MAN, 26, energetic, ambitious, seeks position; opportunity preferred. G 149 Times.

SPANISH—Experienced business man seeks connection with exporter interested in Latin-American market; capable organizing department and promoting sales; thoroughly familiar with Cuban territory. D 526 Times.

STUDENT doing college graduate work will devote half day to children; character, personality, ability; highest references. B 226 Times.

COLLEGE STUDENT desires part or full time work evenings; no selling; knowledge typewriting. Metz, 363 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.

DESIRE steady position; machine experience, careful driver. F 17 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSERS, good writers; $8 per thousand; no home work; full day preferable; state hours available; give telephone number. J 464 Times.

BILL CLERK, Underwood typewriter operator; must be very accurate at figures and able to furnish references; stenographic experience not necessary; one that has knowledge of advertising business preferred. Address Bill Clerk, Box S, Station F, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, one familiar with controlling accounts, experience with building material; Bronx; answer in own handwriting; state experience and salary expected. C 1245 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, capable of managing office. Goldberg & Koslow, 498 Broadway. Call all day Saturday and Sunday.

BOOKKEEPER-ASSISTANT, quick, accurate, good handwriting; state qualifications, experience and salary. Y 2256 Times Annex.

CANVASSERS, matchmakers; commercial service; commission basis. Merchants Efficiency Service, Room 611, 236 West 55th St.

BOY wanted; experienced; house cleaning office work. Ed Middleditch Co., 65 Duane St.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS, middle-aged; bachelor's home; to begin Saturday. Call 9 to 11, 9 West 49th St.

CLERK for record room; stenography and typewriting; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary $22 and meals. Apply by letter to Superintendent Hospital, 112 East 77th St.

COOK wanted, white, for girls' boarding-house; references required. Phone Tuxedo 27851.

DIETITIAN, practical woman, experienced; willing to make herself generally useful; hard worker, energetic. Call Brownsville East New York Hospital, Rockaway Parkway and Avenue A, Brooklyn.

DRESSMAKER, experienced fitter for high-class trade. Haas Sogurs, 743 5th Av.

FITTERS WANTED—Must know fine sewing; only those having been with the best houses need apply.

MADAM LICHTENSTEIN, INC.,
624 FIFTH AV.

HOUSEKEEPER to take entire charge for business couple; must be good cook and wait on table. Call Saturday or Sunday after 2 P. M. (no colored). Wherry, 116 Waverley Place, below 8th St., just east of 6th Av.

HOUSEKEEPER, doctor's small apartment; no laundry; honest, neat, steady. M 40 Times.

MAID—French lady living in Winston-Salem desires French maid for general work; good wages, good home. Address Mrs. S. Egan, Reynolda, Winston-Salem, N. C.

MANAGER FOR TEA ROOM.

Woman with exceptional ability for good food combinations and understanding of cooking, planning, purchasing and help management; salary $2,500 year, with advancement; give experience, particulars and references in letter of application. D 529 Times.

MASSEUSE; graduate; refined appearance; first class; Health Institute; references required. Endicott 6728.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
PERMANENT POSITION RIGHT PARTY.
WM. H. DAVISON SONS CO.,
302 5TH AV.

NURSE, mother's helper, refined; English preferred; 30 to 35 years; two girls, 7 and 8; $30. Mrs. E. M. Bull, 191 South Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J. Montclair 3373.

NURSE, registered, wanted Apply at once, Samaritan Hospital, 606 4th Av., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES, experienced, to sell sketches to exclusive cloak and suit trade; must have large acquaintance; will pay $4,000 a year on commission to right party; don't apply unless you can get the business. Call between 12 and 2, Metropolitan Fashion Co., 210 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN—Attractive openings in our coat department; those capable of producing and who are experienced in higher grade shops; interviews treated confidential. Hixbie & Co., 398 5th Av., 3d Floor.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary; extra $3 day; call. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESLADIES, experienced on dresses. S. J. Henig, 2,377 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN.

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D ST.,

Require experienced saleswomen in

JEWELRY,

LEATHER GOODS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

WOMEN'S SHOES,

TOYS

and VARIOUS OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

Also SPECIAL SALESWOMEN.

Apply after 9 A. M. at Superintendent's Office, Sixth Floor.

SALESWOMAN to sell either on salary or commission an important an drecognized financial service; must be conversant with the security market; preferably one who has sold some financial publication. Y 2277 Times Annex.

SALESWOMAN wanted to sell city retail stores attractive toy specialty paying good commission. Mr. Gerson, 63 Reade, after 2 P. M.

STATISTICIAN wanted for a financial publishing house; preferably one who has had some experience in the statistical department of a bond house; must understand bond terms; write, stating age, experience, salary desired, &c.; must be a typist. Y 2278 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER FOR SALES OFFICE OF HOSIERY MANUFACTURER.

Applicant must have had several years' stenographic and general office experience; intelligence and pleasing personality essential; state age, salary and religion. T 32 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for Brooklyn office of large manufacturing company; must be expert stenographer and competent to act as confidential secretary to president; reply, stating age, religion and salary required. Call 98 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant in small shipping office with thorough knowledge of Spanish; must be able to translate fluently; state age, experience and salary wanted. K 636 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper for real estate office; must have experience; references. Write Box C. W., Room 1111, 220 Broadway, New York.

STENOGRAPHER—Office Brooklyn shoe manufacturing firm; good opportunity; state age, nationality, salary desired. A. F., 103 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must make herself generally useful. Apply 15 South William St.

STENOGRAPHER, also assistant physician in office; opportunity learn nursing. M 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with some knowledge of bookkeeping; good opportunity. Y 2250 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in downtown law office; must be competent and accurate; moderate salary. V 877 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle-aged, with nursing experience, to care, board and accompany Christian woman, convalescing from severe nervous breakdown to Florida mid-winter; salary state fully fee, references and accommodations. Write only, C. Campbell, 212 West 15th.

YOUNG LADY wanted as resident companion to a group of girls aged 9 to 14 in private home; boarding school; one who can give dancing lessons once a week preferred. Apply in writing to Moeller's School, 5009 15th Av., Brooklyn. Woodsor 0259.

YOUNG WOMAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF NEW YORK SALES OFFICE OF HOSIERY MANUFACTURER.

She must possess a pleasing personality combined with executive ability and experience in the handling of correspondence and the management and organization of an office; state age, salary and religion; our employee have seen this ad. T 31 Times.

Employment Agencies.

ROYBORNE, INC., 2 Rector St.

Bring your employment problems to us. We will help you. No charge for registration, and we may have just the position you desire.

Instruction.

SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING IN ONE MONTH.

Under supervision Prof. Miller who taught at Columbia Univ. 5 years. Course guaranteed. MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND, 1,416 Broadway at 39th St. Phone Penn. 5314. Pupils under 18 not taken. Open 9 a.m-9 p.m.

STENO. $20. CLERKS $15-$20.
Banking and Commercial. 120 Liberty St.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT—Experienced accounts payable clerk to take charge of accounts payable department of large corporation moving its offices to the Middle West; state age, salary desired and whether married or single. S 561 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior or junior, capable of taking complete audits; state experience, salary and references. Z 2074 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE mechanic, with some experience on electric trucks preferred but not essential. Apply Edison Storage Battery Co., 247 West 35th St.

BILLING CLERK, experienced, one familiar with publishing work; Elliot-Fischer machine. Address Doubleday, Page & Co., Garden City, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; knowledge of stenography and typewriting; resident of Brooklyn preferred; address in own handwriting, stating reference and salary expected. 9 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER—Only those who have had Boston ledger experience will be considered. American Trust Co., Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER-ASSISTANT, quick, accurate, good handwriting; state qualifications, experience and salary. Y 2267 Times Annex.

BOYS in large uptown insurance office; high school graduate preferred; good opportunity for advancement; previous experience not necessary. Apply 709 9th Av., 9th floor.

BOY, 16, make himself generally useful; $12. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

BOY, 16 or 17 years of age, interested in learning printing, will find exceptional opportunity with large publishers; hours 8 P. M. to 2 A. M.; salary $14 and suppers at cost. Call Saturday A. M., 220 West 42d St., 8th floor.

BOYS, WITH SOME HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION WANTED IN LARGE DOWNTOWN OFFICE AS MESSENGERS; STATE AGE, RELIGION AND SALARY DESIRED. S 732 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted; experienced; house cleaning office work. Ed Middleditch Co., 65 Duane St.

BOYS, In old established investment securities house; splendid opportunity to learn the business and for advancement; state age and character references. V 865 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in Brooklyn insurance office; Christian firm. Andrew J. Corsa & Son, 145 Montague St., Brooklyn.

CABINETMAKERS and finishers, good wages. Apply at once, Goldburg Furniture & Carpet Co., 776 Amsterdam Av., corner 146th St.

CAMP COUNCILLORS wanted for Summer camp for boys; teachers and college students preferred. Write A. Krasker, 357 Charles St., Boston.

CANVASSERS, merchants' commercial service; commission basis. Merchants' Efficiency Service, Room 611, 236 West 55th St.

CASHIER — Large corporation, moving its general office to Middle West, is in need of experienced cashier to take charge of department of ten people. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, salary desired and whether married or single. S 582 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced furniture; white; salary $30; steady position. 823 7th Av.

CHEF, for small family; Hungarian or Austrian cooking; give full details of experience and salary required. M 71 Times.

CLAIM EXAMINER, by casualty insurance company, to correspond on compensation and automobile claims. Room 420, 80 Maiden Lane.

COUPLE; man, cook; wife, waitress and housemaid; $145. Call 319 West 77th.

DISPLAY MAN, ANTIQUE STORE.

A large antique firm seeks services of a man of excellent taste in arranging windows and store displays; give full particulars and salary desired. D 491 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, familiar with work in builder's office; state age, salary desired, experience in detail, nationality; confidential. S 542 Times.

ESTIMATORS wanted, qualified to take quantities from plans on heating, plumbing, ventilation and refrigeration; state salary expected; wonderful opportunity. M 13 Times.

EXECUTIVES Wanted—National Jewish Institution making wide appeal to American Jews desires immediate services of men experienced in Jewish communal work, particularly in fund-raising campaign organization; unusual opportunities; attractive salaries; permanent positions to first-class men. Apply P. O. Box 65, Station O, New York City.

FINANCIAL STATISTICIAN, to act as an assistant editor on an important financial publication; must be high grade; understand bond market thoroughly; good proposition to the right individual; fine opportunity to advance; write, giving experience, age, salary, &c. Y 2275 Times Annex.

FINISHER—First-class sand buffer on repair and replate work. Gorham Co., 140 6th Av.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT, English-Spanish; must be typist, take shorthand; service in Middle West. Z 2053 Times Annex.

INSURANCE—Wanted, senior accountant, thoroughly versed and experienced in insurance accounting; must be capable of supervising and taking charge of audits and the installation of systems of insurance companies; established reputation in the insurance field essential; excellent opportunity for advancement and expansion; state fully experience and salary expected. S 730 Times Downtown.

LICENSED ELECTRICIAN wanted as houseman; must be able to do minor repairs, &c., and supervise maintenance of building. P 387 Times.

MAN 50 years or over for dusting and sweeping office floor, about 3 hours work each evening from 5:30 to 9; watching also on half-day Saturday, Sundays and holidays; must live in Brooklyn; state age and references. K 840 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted with experience in the ladies' ready-to-wear; must understand the business from A to Z; state past experience and lowest salary to start; good inducement for the right man. Write Solomon Bros., Department Store, Tamaqua, Pa.

MANAGER for branch office in Switzerland, large corporation; must be native Swiss citizen, State experience, salary expected, references and knowledge of languages in reply to Z 2037 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY—16-17 years of age, for evening work, hours 5 P. M. to midnight; salary $15 and dinners at cost. Apply Saturday morning at 229 West 43d St., 4th floor.

OFFICE BOY—Over 18, for large woodworking plant; good opportunity for advancement; high school graduate preferred. Apply P. O. Box 7, Elm Hurst, L. I.

OFFICE BOY, good at figures; moderate salary; state full particulars; religion immaterial. Call Saturday before 1 o'clock, sixth floor, 680 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY wanted; with downtown cotton goods house; neat. S 753 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN—Licensed New York, for medical advertising office as diagnostician and contractor; good opportunity to right man; give age, experience. P. H. 200 Times.

PRODUCTION MAN as assistant for large and growing concern; some knowledge of machinery a splendid opportunity for young man with some education familiar with good mill practice and willing to work to establish himself in responsible position with successful enterprise; application must give complete experience and some idea of salary. Y 2270 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE MAN,

thoroughly experienced managing, soliciting and renting lofts; commission basis.

KLINGER & CO., 647 BROADWAY.

SHIPPER, experienced, by retail coal company; good opportunity; state experience, references and salary desired. S 741 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK for downtown building material business; experience necessary; state age and salary expected in own handwriting. C 1242 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, young man as personal assistant to President of manufacturing company located in Brooklyn; must be expert stenographer and capable of being developed for more responsible position; reply, giving age, religion and salary expected. B 97 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SUPERINTENDENT for small production machine shop, Stamford, Conn. Y 2229 Times Annex.

WOOD-WORKING MAN—First class, who has had charge of plant, preferably toy or novelty work

ASSERTS CENTRAL IS AFTER READING

Official of the Latter Road Says 118,000 Shares Have Been Purchased.

AIMING AT STOCK CONTROL

Central Officials Profess Ignorance of Scheme to "Clean Up" the Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—The real object of the New York Central in seeking control of the Reading Railway is to "clean up" the Pennsylvania Railroad, declared George F. Ingram, assistant general passenger agent of the Reading, in an address to the High Twelve Club today. The club unanimously adopted a resolution condemning the proposed merger.

The New York Central, Mr. Ingram said, was trying to obtain control on a certificate of convenience similar to that in the case of the Illinois Central cut-off. The New York Central in the last thirty days has bought 118,000 shares of Reading stock, it is said.

Predicting results disastrous to Philadelphia should the merger be consummated, Mr. Ingram directed attention to Reading improvements now under construction at Port Richmond totaling $6,000,000. The Reading, since 1896, had developed a volume of traffic whose density exceeded that of any other road in the United States, he asserted, with the single exception of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie. If the New York Central effort succeeded the speaker added, millions of tons of freight now going through Pennsylvania and Philadelphia would be diverted to New York.

When told last night of statements made by Mr. Ingram in Philadelphia, an official of the New York Central said the reported purchases of stock in the Reading by the New York Central were not within his jurisdiction and that he knew nothing about them. Without caring to be quoted, he said the report was "silly" and that no road could buy control of another railroad property without first obtaining the permission of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The New York Central already owns about 20 per cent. of the stock of the Reading Company and the Baltimore & Ohio owns a like amount. In the case of the New York Central the holdings consist of $6,065,000 of Reading Company first preferred, and $14,... of Reading Company second preferred.

Chauncey M. Depew, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the New York Central, who also was informed of the statements made in Philadelphia, likewise disclaimed any knowledge of the subject.

BRITAIN TO SELL OIL STOCK.

Will Dispose of Controling Interest in Anglo-Persian Company.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the British Government has decided in principle to dispose of its interest in the Anglo-Persian Oil Company to the Shell Transport and Trading Company, and that the arrangements necessary for carrying through the transfer are well advanced.

In reversing its decision of some eighteen months ago not to part with its shares the Government doubtless has been influenced by considerations of high policy as well as those of an ordinary business character. The Government's interest in the Anglo-Persian Company has a present market value of approximately $13,000,000. The Government would make very considerable profit by a sale at this time, though it could have made a much bigger profit had it disposed of its holdings eighteen months ago.

The total capital of the company is £20,000,000, of which £19,450,000 is issued. Although the Government holds the controlling interest in the company and is represented on the board by five of the directors, the management of the company has always been in the hands of civilian directors. The Burmah Oil Company is the second largest shareholder.

1924 BUDGET COMPLETED.

Final Estimates Total $1,700,000,000, a Reduction of $126,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Work was virtually completed on the Government's 1924 budget today at a conference participated in by President Coolidge, Secretary Weeks and Director Lord of the Budget Bureau.

Since early in October Director Lord, in conference with the various departmental heads, has been going over preliminary estimates, paring down wherever possible, so that now the appropriations to be asked of Congress for the fiscal year ending next July 1 amount to something like $1,700,000,000, exclusive of public debt interest and postal service outlays.

This represents a decrease of $126,000,000 from the budget for the present year.

Agreement was reached some weeks ago on the total estimates for the War Department, and today's conference had to do with division among the department's various bureaus of the funds to be asked of Congress.

6th Engineers' Officers to Meet.

The fourth annual meeting of the officers of the Sixth United States Engineers will take place today at the Hotel Astor, beginning at 10 o'clock and ending with a dinner this evening. Among those present will be Major Gen. Peter C. Harris, Edmund L. Daly, former commanding officer of the regiment, who will preside, and John Neal Hodges, also a former commanding officer of the Sixth Engineers. It is expected that about forty officers of the regiment, from all parts of the United States, will attend.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The War Department published these orders today:

Infantry.

Mitchell, Capt. W. L., to Ft. Leavenworth; Ross, 1st Lt. F. D. Jr., to Jefferson Barr., with 6th Inf.

Cavalry.

Colwell, Capt. J. K., to Peoria, Ill.
Shaw, 1st Lt. V. F., to Seattle, Wash.

Miscellaneous.

Merrill, Col. B.—T., Gen. Stf., to Hot Springs Gen. Hos., sick.
Craig, Lt. Col. D. F., F.A., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Hall, Maj. R. P., CAC., to Ft. Monroe, as instr. at Coast Art. School.
Griffiths, 1st Lt. D. W., Engrs., to N. Y. and sail about Dec. 27 for Panama.

Resignations.

Boyle, Capt. J. T., QM.C.

Leaves.

Mechling, Capt. E. A., QM.C., 16 days' ext.
Hall, Capt. C. E., F.A., 2 mos 15 days.

Reserve Corps Orders.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, this order was made known yesterday:

Captain Roy Boardman Thompson, INF-ORC, is ordered to active duty for fifteen days' training, Dec. 1 to Dec. 15, and upon completion of this active duty, to inactive duty for two months and fifteen days training from Dec. 16, '23, to March 1, '24. He will report to Fort Benning, Ga., to the commanding officer, 20th Infantry, for duty with that organization.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Three National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today.

Weaver, Maj. William W., Q. M. C., is relieved from duty with the 53d Staff Corps and assigned as Qm., 27th Div.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The weather chart of Friday night showed high barometer over nearly all parts of the United States, but with relatively low and falling barometer along the north central border and in California. Centres of maximum air pressure were charted over West Virginia and Wyoming.

Generally fair weather prevailed over the country during the last twenty-four hours, although there have been light snow flurries in the mountain districts of the Middle Atlantic States and on the Maine coast and rains in Central California, Southern Nevada, Northern Arizona and Southwestern Utah. The temperature continued much below the average for this date in the Atlantic States and there were frosts Friday morning as far south as extreme Northern Florida and in the East Gulf States. The weather became warmer during Friday over the Plains States, the upper Mississippi Valley and in the region of the Great Lakes.

The outlook is for fair weather, with gradually rising temperature over the States east of the Mississippi River through Saturday and Sunday.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature. Barom.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	70	48	30.24	..	Clear
Albany	48	28	30.36	..	Clear
Atlanta	52	32	30.54	..	Clear
Atlantic City	44	28	30.30	..	Clear
Baltimore	46	34	30.32	..	Clear
Bismarck	62	30	30.06	..	Clear
Boston	44	32	30.22	..	Clear
Buffalo	40	28	30.36	..	Cloudy
Charleston	52	38	30.44	..	Clear
Chicago	50	32	30.34	..	Clear
Cincinnati	48	28	30.38	..	Clear
Cleveland	40	32	30.28	..	Clear
Denver	58	34	30.18	..	Clear
Detroit	46	28	30.34	..	Clear
Galveston	66	54	30.04	..	Clear
Helena	50	28	30.20	..	Clear
Jacksonville	54	40	30.38	..	Clear
Kansas City	64	38	30.26	..	Clear
Los Angeles	70	52	30.02	..	Clear
Milwaukee	52	30	30.18	..	Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	60	30	30.00	..	Clear
New Orleans	68	46	30.14	..	Clear
New York	44	30	30.30	..	Pt. cldy
Oklahoma	58	42	30.28	..	Cloudy
Philadelphia	46	32	30.30	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	42	28	30.36	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	40	30	30.32	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	60	42	30.04	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	60	44	30.06	..	Cloudy
San Antonio	74	50	30.24	..	Clear
San Diego	72	58	29.96	..	Pt. cldy
San Francisco	66	56	29.90	..	Clear
Seattle	44	40	30.14	..	Fog
St. Louis	56	36	30.32	..	Clear
Washington	44	34	30.34	..	Clear

New England and Eastern New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia—Fair weather and slowly rising temperature Saturday and Sunday.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

3 AM.	39	3 PM.	46	6 PM.	39
6 AM.	41	4 PM.	46	7 PM.	37
8 AM.	31	2 PM.	44	8 PM.	36
9 AM.	32	3 PM.	43	9 PM.	35
10 AM.	33	4 PM.	43	10 PM.	35
11 AM.	40	5 PM.	41	11 PM.	34

P. M.
12:05—In front of 452 7 Av.; auto truck; Consolidated Trucking Corp.....Not given
12:45—2,624 7 Av., Roach Moylcom Co. ..... Not given
1:10—418 E. 60 St.; Flint Furniture ..... Not given
1:20—374 E. 128 St.; A. Baskousy ..... None
1:40—349 W. 45 St.; Michael Hugh.Not given
1:55—239 Division St.; Leona Wilson. ..... Not given
1:55—298 Monroe St.; S. Hoffman.....Slight
2:15—1,529 Carpenter Av., the Bronx; J. Miller ..... Not given
2:20—9 Columbus Av.; J. Wellman.Not given
2:35—512 W. 36 St.; Italian Bleach and Dye Co. ..... Not given
3:00—430 W. 156 St.; Mary Mamas. ..... Not given
3:15—1,628 Walton Av., the Bronx; Anderson estate ..... Not given
4:20—638 E. 14 St. ..... Not given
4:25—244 Clinton St.; A. Ortiaty.....Slight
5:15—39 Worth St.; Mfg. Co. Not given
5:30—1,146 Intervale Av., the Bronx; Nathan Schwartz ..... Not given
7:15—124 East 103 St. ..... Not given
7:15—278 Brook Av., the Bronx ..... Not given
7:25—142 St. & 5 Av.; Sol Green. ..... None
8:10—326 Lafayette St.; Berrie & Sons. ..... Not given
8:15—172 St. & 2 Av.; not given. ..... Slight
8:45—211 Ft. Washington Av.; Fred Fey ..... Not given
9:45—352 E. 119 St.; G. Mainos. ..... Not given
11:05—419 E. 90 St.; John Sirna. ..... Not given

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

CAPTAIN.

Pearce, H. M. T., to Navy Yd., Portsmouth, N. H.

COMMANDER.

Hunsaker, J. C., Asst. Nav. Att. London.
Brookesmire, J. J., to Navy Yd., Charleston.

LIEUT. COMMANDER.

Bradford, G. C., to command the Reid.

LIEUTENANTS.

Robles, C. W., Gearbeat, C. B. V., to recruiting duty, Chicago.
Demorina, C. C., to the Rainbridge.
Phillips, W. E., to the S-51.
Worden, F. L., to Mare Id., Navy Yd.
Malcolmson, H. E., to the Virgin Isls.
Roberts, F. M., to 24 Brig. Mar. Music Dunlap.
Robinson, D. M., to Tra. Scout'g Flt., re-establishment Fl. ship store, and as Offrs. in Chg.
Washburn, J. D., Gun., to Boston Navy Yd.
Chandler, C. A., Dy. W. D., to New Tra. Sta., Hampton Rds.
Eskew, W., to Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Promotions.

SERGEANT—James J. Sheehy, 4s Lieut., from 112th Precinct to 2d Inspection District, assigned to desk duty, assignment to Night Duty discontinued.

PATROLMEN—Charles E. Quettzsch, to Sergeant, from 33d Precinct to 26th; Anthony Stiefvater, to Sergeant, from 102d Precinct to 101st; Anthony Schlipf, to Sergeant, from 110th Precinct to 15th.

Transfers and Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS—Jacob Kaminsky, from 31st Precinct to 9th Inspection District, assignment to desk duty continued; Patrick Curry, from 1st Inspection District to 18th Precinct, assignment to desk duty continued.

SERGEANTS—Hugo M. Schuster, from 5th Precinct to 32d; Patrick Sullivan, from 14th Precinct to 5th; Peter Mallon, from 28th Precinct to 14th; Peter E. Swanson, from 30th Precinct to 1st; Michael F. Downes, from 103d Precinct to 125th; Edward A. Schnitzer, from 125th Precinct to 102d; William O. Jones, from 68th Precinct to 103d.

PATROLMEN.

Arthur T. Stephan, from 47th Precinct to 109th; Forrest Egbert, 66th Precinct, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Edward J. Dungate, from 79th Precinct to 58th; William Ryan, Headquarters Division, Bureau of Telegraph, Manhattan to Bureau of Telegraph, Queens; Francis J. Kelly, Headquarters Division, from Bureau of Telegraph, Queens, to Bureau of Telegraph, Manhattan.

From 42d Precinct to precincts indicated—George Joiner, 46; Alfred Lehman, 49.

Assignment changed from motorcycle duty (side car) to foot patrol duty in precincts indicated—Arthur J. Roper, 60; Albert Hoerner, 66; Robert A. Smith, 96.

Temporary Assignments.

INSPECTOR—Charles A. Formosa, 15th Inspection District, to Headquarters Division, office of Deputy Chief Inspector, assigned as Acting Deputy Chief Inspector, for 22 days, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 18, during absence of Deputy Chief Inspector on vacation and excused from duty.

LIEUTENANT—Joseph J. Donovan, 79th Precinct, to Headquarters Division, office of Deputy Chief Inspector, to Dec. 1.

PATROLMEN.

John J. Woods, 26th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, for 10 days, from Nov. 9.

Francis X. Nugent, 26th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Richmond, for Nov. 15.

Charles I. Benesh, 45th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, for Nov. 15.

William C. Wilson, 40th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, to Nov. 19.

William Flannery, 45th Precinct, to 5th Inspection District, to duty, to raided premises, for 22 days, from Nov. 9.

Frederick Eldred, 123d Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Kings County, for 5 days, from Nov. 5—Francis J. Wall, 32; Charles H. Durr, 95; Louis M. Seeman, 96.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, Special Service Division, assigned to duty in plain clothes for 22 days from Nov. 9: Thomas J. McSweeny, 3; Joseph J. Sheehy, 23; Charles J. Clark, 28; Howard C. Clancy, 32; William S. Secor, 45; Ralph G. Foltz, 52; John F. Rose, 72; George W. Forsyth, 89; Charles A. Korb, 93; Harry K. Leibrock, 116; William V. Bryson, Traffic B.

Leaves With Pay.

DEPUTY CHIEF INSPECTOR Dominick Henry, Headquarters Division, for 20 days, from Nov. 19, to be deducted from vacation.

DEPUTY INSPECTORS—Joseph A. Howard, 2d Inspection District, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 19, to be deducted from vacation; William F. Day, 5th Inspection District, for 5 days, from Dec. 4, to be deducted from vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Elwood F. LaForge, 23d Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 10; Ernest Hoffman, 48th Precinct, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 10.

Sick Leave Granted.

PATROLMEN—Daniel P. Cronin, 94th Precinct, for 30 days, from 9 A. M., Nov. 10; Benjamin King, Headquarters Division, for 90 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 12.

Fines Imposed.

PATROLMEN.

Howard Switzer, 76th Precinct, April 10, absent from post, seen coming from restaurant—3 days.

Edward J. McFadden, 76th Precinct, April 10, absent from post; absent from post and relieving point—1 day.

Arthur G. Irwin, 77th Precinct, March 22, failed to effect arrest; absent from relieving point—1 day.

William O'Brien, 78th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

William P. Walker, 79th Precinct, June 7, absent from reserve duty—2 days.

Joseph Heolan, 78th Precinct, May 28, absent from post, seated in chair in former liquor saloon—5 days.

John J. Hand, 79th Precinct, May 18, failed to return to meal-time relieving point—½ day.

Henry J. Vetter, 82d Precinct, April 15, improper patrol—1 day.

Maurice A. Klein, 82d Precinct, Jan. 26, did not properly patrol—3 days.

Charles Hoffman, 83d Precinct, March 21, abandoned post without being properly relieved—2 days.

Joseph A. Gibbons, 83d Precinct, March 20, failed to report—2 days.

William A. Ward, 85th Precinct, March 24, failed to prevent, discover or report a burglary—2 days.

John Enders, 85th Precinct, Feb. 13, improper patrol—1 day.

William A. Blaschke, 88th Precinct, April 16, absent from post—1 day.

Thomas Sheridan, 89th Precinct, April 19, failed to relieve patrolman at meal-time period—2 days.

Charles H. Webb, 91st Precinct, Feb. 26, in conversation with citizen, absent from post—3 days; March 12, improper patrol, failed to cover flashlight signal—3 days; April 25, carelessly lost police shield—1 day.

Peter Tuohy, 91st Precinct, March 19, failed to report promptly at expiration of tour—2 days.

Emil Pokorny, 91st Precinct, May 28, failed to report at precinct at expiration of tour—3 days.

Albert Harris, 91st Precinct, Feb. 26, in conversation with patrolman—1 day.

Harry R. Olain, 91st Precinct, March 3, absent from inspection of Summer uniforms—1 day.

Joseph Holtmeyer, 91st Precinct, May 7, improper patrol—2 days.

William F. Frank, 93d Precinct, Feb. 2, absent from post—2 days.

Charles W. Carr, 98 Precinct, Dec. 20, 1922, did not properly patrol—3 days.

Robert Rogstrand, 93d Precinct, April 3, improper patrol—1 day; Feb. 6, improper patrol—1 day.

Edward J. Donnelly, 93d Precinct, Feb. 19, improper patrol, absent from relieving point, failed to report flashlight signal; failed to report at expiration of tour—3 days.

Nathan Blumberg, April 9, absent from post—1 day.

Edward J. Scott, 93d Precinct, April 5, failed to signal—1 day; April 20, absent from special post—1 day.

Gottlieb J. Kubler, 93d Precinct, April 3, absent from post—1 day; April 3, absent from inspection of uniforms and equipment; wore unclean winter overcoat—1 day.

Peter F. McConnell, 93d Precinct, Jan. 22, absent from outgoing roll call—3 days.

Abraham Alexander, 103d Precinct, Feb. 10, absent from relieving point—1 day.

Christian Prieger, 104th Precinct, Jan. 24, absent from post—3 days.

John J. Buckley, 104th Precinct, Feb. 6, absent from post in former liquor saloon, refused to present memo book for inspection, refused to patrol post when ordered, used loud and boisterous language to sergeant—3 days.

Leo Sexton, 104th Precinct, March 16, improper patrol—2 days.

Frederick K. Rabenstein, 105th Precinct, in conversation—1 day.

Harry Carver, 106th Precinct, Nov. 22, 1922, absent from post—2 days.

Charles W. Langer, 109th Precinct, May 21, absent from reserve—1 day.

Charles Braun, 109th Precinct, May 21, absent from reserve—2 days.

Edward T. McGarry, 109th Precinct, May 21, absent from reserve—2 days.

George Meyer, 109th Precinct, Dec. 4, failed to signal; improper patrol, riding in auto—5 days.

Lester J. Meagher, 109th Precinct, Feb. 21, improper patrol—1 day.

Charles D. Clair, 111th Precinct, Jan. 11, improper patrol—1 day.

Emanuel Huebart, 111th Precinct, May 14, absent from post, absent from relieving point—1 day.

Marcus Marks, 111th Precinct, April 5, absent from post—1 day.

Herman C. Buser, 111th Precinct, April 2, permitted unauthorized person to remain in booth—1 day.

William Harrer, 112th Precinct, May 14, smoking cigar while in uniform, in railroad station—1 day.

John J. Dennelly, 112th Precinct, May 17, absent from post, abandoned department motorcycle—2 days.

Joseph F. Cerveky, 113th Precinct, March 10, seated on chair in booth, apparently asleep—2 days.

James J. Coyne, 113th Precinct, Feb. 20, absent from crossing—2 days.

David J. Downes, 113th Precinct, March 6, in conversation with patrolman—1 day.

William J. McNally, 113th Precinct, March 18, absent from post—1 day.

Clarence A. Smith, 113th Precinct, March 22, improper patrol—1 day.

Joseph F. Murray, 113th Precinct, May 4, in conversation—1 day.

Jacob H. Kehr, 118th Precinct, May 14, sitting in booth, apparently asleep—2 days.

George W. Ahrens, 116th Precinct, March 24, absent from post—1 day.

Peter Cassidy, 116th Precinct, March 27, failed to be equipped with regulation trousers—2 days.

Edward Blank, 116th Precinct, Feb. 9, improper patrol—2 days.

George D. Roscher, 118th Precinct, March 7, absent from post—2 days.

Joseph Cohen, 118th Precinct, April 19, absent from school crossing—1 day.

George A. Liebman, 118th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

Frederick R. Ensser, 119th Precinct, March 22, failed to report for drill instructions—1 day.

George Clark, 120th Precinct, May 1, absent from post—2 days.

Henry Remken, 120th Precinct, April 12, absent from post—2 days.

Eugene J. Gardiner, 120th Precinct, April 2, left post without being properly relieved—2 days.

John C. Degenhardt, 120th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

Robert M. Drum, 120th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

Gallus W. Bechtold, 120th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

George J. Beisel, 120th Precinct, March 8, absent from reserve duty—1 day.

James J. Quinlan, 123d Precinct, March 26, failed to signal as directed—1 day.

Daniel J. Ayers, 125th Precinct, March 20 (2) absent from school crossing (2) no entry—1 day.

Resignation Accepted.

PATROLMAN—Harry Wolf, 5th Precinct.

Dismissed from the Force.

PATROLMAN—Frank V. Mullaney, 96th Precinct, Sept. 29 and Oct. 11, neglect of duty, violations of rules and regulations and intoxication; Sept. 29, improper patrol for period of 3 hours and 20 minutes, failed to leave from or return to relieving point prior to and at expiration of meal period, failed to signal as per schedule, improper patrol for a period of 1 hour, failed to signal as per schedule; Oct. 11, reported sick and was found to be suffering from effects of intoxicating liquor or agents so as to be unfit for duty, failed to take proper police action or place under arrest the person or persons who sold or gave him alcoholic beverage.

Fire Department.

These orders were issued by Chief John Kenlon yesterday:

Corrections.

To G. O. 56, OCT. 11.

Station 4-1436, Springfield Boulevard and 109th Av.; 4-1485, Springfield Boulevard and 116th Av.—Assignments same as at present.

TO G. O. 57, OCT. 24.

Additional Assignments—Station 1418, Engine Co., 1st alarm: 222-51; 2d alarm: 51.

TO G. O. 58, NOV. 2.

To Change Location—Stations 1445, 1445, 1493, H. and L. Co., 2d alarm: 105-122.

TO G. O. 60, NOV. 5.

Station 4-1441, Eng. Cos., 1st alarm: 304-301.

TO G. O. 61, NOV. 7.

Paragraph I. is hereby corrected to read: To take effect at 9 A. M., Nov. 13.

Additional Assignments—Engine Co. 51 will respond on 1st alarm at following stations: 2670, 2671, 2677, 2678, 2674, 2675, 2676.

Assignments Discontinued—Station 2678, Engine Cos. 223; 57.

Location—Station 2639, Fifth Av. and 94th St.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Station 1061—Engines 280, 249, 214; 238, 234, 219; 269, 248, 283, 227; 230, 209, 217, 237; 226, 264, 252.

Station 1546—Engine companies—1st alarm, 280, 219, 269; 2d alarm, 249, 235, 214.

Station 1547—Location: Engines 248, 249, 224; 235, 214, 283; 231, 240, 231; 227, 280, 219; 269, 235, 226, 290.

To change location—Engines 235-249, 250-214; 223-231, 278-281; 252-237, 256-219; 218-270-210.

Station 1031—Engine companies—1st alarm, 280, 219, 269; 2d alarm, 249, 235, 214.

Station 1578—Hook and ladder companies—1st alarm, 147, 255; 2d alarm, 118.

Station 1586—Engine companies—1st alarm, 249, 248, 224; 2d alarm, 235, 214, 283.

Station 1587—Engine companies—1st alarm, 249, 248, 224; 2d alarm, 255, 214, 283.

Station 2635—Engine companies—6th alarm, 243, 231, 248, 253.

TO CHANGE LOCATION.

Stations 1046-1047—Engines companies—5th alarm, 227-252, 213-252, 211-210.

Stations 2633-2637—4th alarm, 256-220, 203-230; 5th alarm, 248-243, 219-231, 216-248.

Stations 2630-2665—4th alarm, 256-226, 219-231; 245-243; 3d alarm, 203-229, 253-242, 255-241.

Balance of assignments same as at present.

Brooklyn.

New station—6535, 130-134 Wythe Av. Assignments: Eng. 212, and L. 140, B. C. 36. Change of location—6533, 372-378 Gates Av. Assignments same as at present.

Queens.

Fire alarm box placed in service at the following dummy location—4-488, Sanford Av. and 149th St., Flushing. Assignments same as at present.

Appointed.

As ununiformed firemen for three months, at $1,700 per annum; to take effect at 9 A. M., Nov. 10. They will report to the Chief of Department for assignments as follows:

James McGonkyle, Eng. 1; Herman E. Larsen, Eng. 214; Patrick Mallon, Eng. 2; Timothy O'Keefe, Eng. 215; George P. Russell, Eng. 13; John J. Lorrey, Eng. 220; Francis P. Brown, Eng. 16; William P. Breslin, Eng. 251; James Molloy, Eng. 19; Cornelius J. Donovan, Eng. 226; James J. Leahy, Eng. 29; George Petersen, Eng. 278; Daniel J. Nolan, Eng. 28; John A. Weising, H. & L. 7; William L. Dongen, Eng. 29; Edward J. Greene, H. & L. 5; Joseph E. Mahaney, Eng. 45; Michael J. Lonergan, H. & L. 11; Thomas F. Murtha, Eng. 44; Hoyt J. H. von Bargen, H. & L. 101; Patrick J. McNulty, Eng. 60; George S. Bennett, H. & L. 100; Joseph Brown, Eng. 91; John J. Conesy Jr., H. & L. 112; Joseph F. Hale, 200; Thomas J. Leahy, H. & L. 131.

Transfers.

To take effect at 9 A. M. Nov. 10:

Engineers—Adolph Bauer, Eng. 3 to 225; Patrick J. Heinrichs, Eng. 7 to 301; Frank L. Nicholson, Eng. 291 to 270.

Firemen 1st Grade—Owen Farrelly, Eng. 2 to 60; Cornelius J. Reidy, Eng. 26 to 40; John F. Caffrey, Eng. 40 to 2; Joseph A. Sullivan (6), Eng. 6 to 241; Peter Van Kleisser, Eng. 31 to 287; Cornelius G. Garland, Eng. 40 to 66; James Walsh, Eng. 77 to 226; William J. Buckley, Eng. 215 to 250; Harry Brydonk, Eng. 110 to 230; George F. Boyce, Eng. 230 to 51; John A. Cregan, Eng. 253 to 77; Arthur T. Molony, H. & L. 7 to H. & L. 56; Gottfried Vomacka, H. & L. 9 to 59; Robert Van Steenburg, H. & L. 14 to 29; Bernard Farrelly, H. & L. 23 to 48; John L. Langridge Jr., H. & L. 112 to 9; Walter F. Feinstein, H. & L. 101 to 244; Clement J. Munsterman, H. & L. 140 to 84; Peter F. Farrell, Eng. 203 to H. & L. 118; Alfred J. Smith Jr., Eng. 23 to H. & L. 140; William J. Quigley Jr., Eng. 230 to H. & L. 100.

Firemen, 2d Grade—George Werner, Eng. 1 to Eng. 51; Edward V. Murphy, Eng. 262 to Eng. 230; Lewis J. Sanders, H. and L. 8 to H. and L. 7.

Promotion Order.

The following-named Lieutenants, candidates for promotion to Captains, to take a special mental examination, at Room 1611, Municipal Building (14th floor), at 9:45 A. M., Monday and Tuesday, Nov. 12 and 13: Frank A. Brockton Eng. (51); Albert Tenney, Eng. 308; William S. Coles, H. and L. 1.

Penalties Imposed.

Marine Stoker Richard Keatings, Eng. 98: Fireman First Class Louis Keating, Eng. 98; Fireman Frank J. McHugh, Eng. 304, 48 each for absent coat badge.

Fireman, 1st Grade, George E. Boyce, Eng. 230, neglect of duty—2 days and transferred.

Fireman, 1st Grade, John A. Croghan, Eng. Co. 255, disobedience of orders—reprimand; disrespect to his commanding officer—reprimand, transferred to busy company.

Special Leave of Absence.

Fireman Anthony S. Zummo, Eng. Co. 237, for 17 days, from 9 A. M., Nov. 12; Deputy Chief George O'Shea, 3d Division, for 24 hours, from 9 A. M., Nov. 11; Lieut. Richard F. Borden, Eng. Co. 35, for 24 hours, from 6 P. M., Nov. 10; Fireman John J. McDermott (3), Eng. Co. 230, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Nov. 11; Fireman John J. Keller, H. and L. Co. 123, for 5 days, from 9 A. M., Nov. 13.

Estates Appraised.

New York.

BASANTA, ALICE (June 6, 1920). The estate of $30,043 goes to nephews, nieces and sisters. The bulk of the estate was in securities.

BOOTH, ARTHUR OLCOTT (Nov. 9, 1921). Bank of America executor of $35,078 left to daughter.

HOFFMAN, CHARLES (March 9, 1919). Meyer G. Hoffman and other executors of $427,216, the bulk left to widow and son. Much of the estate was in realty and mortgages.

HOFFMAN, LUDWIG M. (March 24). Hildegarde Hoffman executrix of $10,750 left to widow and two sons.

HOWARD, SIBYL A. (May 12, 1921). John Hubbard executor of $1,200,520, of which $951,046 was in securities. She left the bulk of the estate to Annette Hubbard Sibyl H. Darlington, daughters, and John, son.

KARRASS, LOUISE (May 5, 1922). Estate of $16,013 goes to relatives.

LEHRER, PHILIP (May 29, 1922). A resident of California, and left $66,387, of which $44,299 was in New York, and gave the bulk of it to two sisters. He owned 963 shares of the California Packing Company.

PYNCHON, MARIE A (May 27), resident of Connecticut. She had $62,024, of which $31,125 was in New York, and which went to her daughter, Marie Louise O'Leary, and son, Sylvester J. O'Leary. George M. Pynchon and the son were executors.

ZUCCA, ANTONIO (April 14, 1923). Lillian Zucca executrix of $139,014, left to widow and daughter. He had 600 shares of Zucca & Co., worth $47,004.

Kings.

CONRY, HARRY (April 21, 1923). Gross estate, $1,836; net, $310, to a sister, Nora A. Conry. Executrix, Grace C. Conry. The estate includes cash, $1,304; a salary claim against the city for $103; lots in Oklahoma, valued at $600; stocks, M., K. & T. Railway, 75 shares, valued at $5, and 6 shares of the Standard Building Co., of no value.

HENRY, KATHERINE M. (Oct. 28, 1918). Gross estate, $5,538; net, $3,041. Email between sister-in-law, 518 Baltic Street, $2,170; St. George's Church, $250, to a brother, William E. Henry, 6471. Annie Vosseler, 1,000 shares Mexican Ale, executrix. The estate includes bank deposits, personal $1,560; joint trust account, $1,205.

HUGHES, JAMES (Feb. 5, 1918). Estate, $16,288. This is an additional payment of part of his estate which was not included in the probate of his will. The amount represents deposits in the South Brooklyn Savings Bank, the books having been lost for ten years until discovered on Sept. 18 by two daughters, when searching among records stored in his former store on Flatbush Av. The money is in trust and to be distributed as follows: To widow, Mrs. Catherine Hughes, 266 Bedford Av., $1,119; to daughter, Sarah J. Hughes, $3,373; Mrs. Mary A. Bryne, $1,048; Anna E. Hughes, $3,132; Catherine H. Hughes, $3,227; to nephew, George L., $3,314, and James F. Hughes, ...

LOUISE, MARIA (Jan. 17, 1923). Gross estate, $68,150; net, $27,174. To sons, John Louise, administrator, 665 Kosciusko Street, and Henry Louise of Newark, N. J., and a daughter, Mary Samuels, each, $3,843; to a son, August Louise, $6,110. The estate includes the premises at 664 and 665 Kosciusko Street, 256 Stockholm Street, and other realty, amounting to $19,500; cash, $7,164; mortgage, $1,000; note, $500; trust account, $952.

MCGAW, WILLIAM (Jan. 29, 1923). Gross estate, $16,373; net, $15,527. The will of the deceased cut off his daughter and only child, Elizabeth J. Shaw of 957 De Kalb Avenue, with $1, and left the bulk of his estate to a nephew, Henry T. Wilson, at Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. The nephew and his daughter in Shaw's will reside.... "I give, devise and bequeath to my incorrigible daughter, Elizabeth Shaw," the latter, Shaw was 70 years old and had been an invalid for 20. Soldiers' Home at Bath, N. Y. He died at 1 Amity Street, Brooklyn. His daughter brought suit to contest probate of the will, which she withdrew on a compromise agreement of $3,000 from the amount left to the nephew. Shaw gave his physician, Dr. Percy C. Rayner, 164 Terrace, $500.

The estate consists of realty.

Wills for Probate.

Kings.

ARNEBERG, ALBERT M. (Oct. 14). Estate, $16,000. To wife, Maggie A. The right to use the name of E. H. Ladige & Co., as well as furniture, safe and fixtures in his office, given to Maurice S. Cass.

FIBOIN, MARIE (Oct. 12). Estate, $6,000. To the rector of the R. C. Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Brooklyn, $100; rector of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Manhattan, $100; rector of St. Michael's Church, Brooklyn, $100—all for masses; to the Nursing Sisters of the Sick Poor, Brooklyn; Sisters of Charity, Mt. Loretto, Staten Island, and Sisters of Divine Compassion, Englewood, N. J., $250 for masses. The residue passes to five nieces and nephews.

GUERRIERI, ANGELO (July 12). Estate, $2,000. To his children, saying: "I beg of my children to avoid any fights among themselves in dividing my property, and that they may bless my memory and remember the sacrifices made by me for their welfare."

COOKE, THEODORE R. (Oct. 19). Estate, over $20,000. To Theodore W. Frecman, friend, $5,000; Ada Lucy Hodgkinson, $5,000; Charles A. Cooke, nephew, $5,000; Lewis Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, $2,000; Macon Hall and Asylum Fund, $2,000. The residue goes in trust to Theodore W. Freeman, and Lillian, his wife.

Reported by Radio

SS Ryndam (Holland-America Line), incoming from Rotterdam, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of Fifth Street, Hoboken, today.

SS Cedric (White Star Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 60, North River, Sunday afternoon.

SS Roussillon (French Line), incoming from Bordeaux, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 57, North River, Monday, forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Majestic	Southampton	Nov.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTNER wanted in an established good paying automobile sales and service agency; best of references will be given: it is too much for one man to handle; a good salesman or a man mechanically inclined will find this a very good opportunity; $6,000 will buy half interest. E 3055 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE business, well established, profitable sales-service repairs; 45 minutes from New York; fast-growing town; $3,500 cash required; present owner will stay till new owner is well acquainted. E 3056 Times Annex.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY — Partner with $2,000, established mail and local school; quick returns; big profits; capital to expand. B 289 Times.

LADY, 21 to 30, to invest $1,000 in ladies' silk undergarment business; interest and salary. K 528 Times Downtown.

TO gentleman with $2,000 we offer most interesting proposition; thorough investigation permitted. C 478 Times.

MAN to invest $1,000 in ladies' silk undergarment business; interest and salary. K 529 Times Downtown.

$100,000 will secure a partnership in an established going importing business. B 324 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL invest up to $10,000 for active interest in growing business G 305 Times

FINANCING AND LOANS.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; special rates for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.
MAIN OFFICE:
3 East 14th St., at 5th Av.
TIMES SQUARE OFFICE:
368 West 44th St., at Broadway.

LOANS TO
AUTOMOBILE OWNERS
Car remains in your possession.
Prompt service. Confidential.
PEERLESS 136 WEST 52D ST.
CIRCLE 5748.

PRIVATE party loans money; large or small amounts; state security you can offer. Y 2215 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—Obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2365.

LOANS on automobiles and motor trucks. 1,451 Broadway, Room 513. Bryant 7646.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

SALESMAN—WE ARE GOING TO PLACE A DEALER IN WASHINGTON HEIGHTS AND THE BRONX TO HANDLE BUCKEYE-JAGGER AUTOMOBILES; OUR PROPOSITION IS A VERY LIBERAL ONE, INASMUCH AS WE HANDLE ALL SERVICE, CONSIGN FLOOR CARS AND FINANCE TIME DEALS. THIS OPENING REQUIRES A MAN WITH BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AND A CAPITAL OF ABOUT $10,000; AUTOMOBILE EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY AS WE WILL FURNISH AN EXPERIENCED AND SUCCESSFUL SALES ORGANIZATION; COMMISSION. CALL CIRCLE 7044, ASK FOR MR. KLECKNER. BUNT MOTOR CAR CO., 1,761 BROADWAY.

STOCK BROKERS to sell stock in a growing company manufacturing three patented articles of great merit and an unlimited field; one article will be displayed in 15 million catalogues. Address Trenton Patent Mfg. Co., 112 Murray St., Trenton, N. J.

A NEW YORK sales organization seeks additional factory representations; sells jobbing trade only; will finance own sales; references exchanged. Y 676 Times Downtown.

YOUNG business man going to England early Spring, willing to transact any commission for reliable party. Confidential, Y 2291 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, wants associate accountant to share office in Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., Room 1140.

CAN handle agency proposition of exceptional merit, New York State. G 143 Times.

FOR SALE.

SPECIALTY SHOP, DRESSES AND NOVELTIES; GOOD LOCATION; MUST SELL. REASONABLE. NOSTRAND AV., BROOKLYN, BOX 417 REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH ST.

CHILDREN'S wear store, established, good location; 4 years' lease, at reasonable rental; very good opportunity to one who can give personal attention. M 50 Times.

RESTAURANT and tea room; receipts $8,000, rent $900 year; illness reason for selling; no dealers. Iron Kettle Grille, 101 West 55th St.

GROUP small furnished apartments near Columbia, paying large monthly profits; owner leaving city; long lease. B 231 Times.

BEAUTIFUL modern fully equipped tea room, 21x75, same block Saks's new store; six-year lease. B 290 Times.

CONFECTIONERY, cigar and luncheonette, long lease, low rent, for sale cheap. Owner, 804 West 46th.

LADIES' Specialty Shop; good location, busy thoroughfare. Apply Equity Hosiery, 443 Broadway.

SIX years' lease on 21x75 store, now occupied, for sale; 50th St., 5th-6th Avs. B 289 Times.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

ARCHITECT, engineer, superintendent of building construction; all classes of commercial buildings; will make appraisals; reports on alterations, costs, &c. CHARLES PAFF, 7 Dey St.

CONSULT me on furniture and rugs; better values and where to get them. Henry Meyer, 12 East 57th St. Caledonia 4569.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MAIL ORDER NEWS. 500 8th Av.; explains mail order business; November issue 25c.

Originally
Blended at the Command
of the
THIRD EARL OF CRAVEN
and Immortalized by
SIR JAMES BARRIE
in his book
"My Lady Nicotine"
as
"A Tobacco
to *LIVE* for"

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MIXTURE

IMPORTED from LONDON
by Carreras, Ltd. Estd. 1788
Sold by
All Good Tobacco Shops
If you know the
UNITED STATES & CANADA
New York Office:
89 FIFTH AVENUE

SLAYER OF NURSE SENTENCED TO DIE

Eulogia Lozado Found Guilty of Killing Blossom Martin in Physician's Home.

ACCEPTS FATE WITH A NOD

Shows Less Interest Than Spectators While His Counsel Gives Notice of Appeal.

Judge Rosalsky sentenced Eulogia Lozado yesterday in General Sessions to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing in the week beginning Dec. 17 next for killing Blossom Martin, a nurse, in the home of Dr. George B. McAuliffe, 28 West Eighty-seventh Street, where both were employed, on June 8 last.

Lozado, who was a chef in the physician's home, was convicted by a jury last week. When sentence was pronounced George Z. Medalia, counsel for Eulogia, who is a Filipino, announced that he would appeal on the ground that the evidence did not warrant conviction on a first degree murder charge. The appeal will act as a stay of execution.

The courtroom was crowded with men and women when the frail slayer was arraigned. They listened breathlessly while Mr. Medalia made a motion for a new trial, but Lozado manifested little interest in the proceeding. Judge Rosalsky denied the motion and ordered a Tagalog interpreter to inform the condemned man that the jury had found him guilty. He merely nodded his head in acknowledgement of the Court's order that "he be taken to the death house in Sing Sing prison, there to be kept in solitary confinement until the time set for the punishment prescribed by law." Later in the day he was taken to Sing Sing.

Lozado was arrested on the night of the killing when he was about to throw his victim's body from a ferryboat at Howland's Hook, S. I., after having carried it from the physician's home in a taxicab. He confessed that he had strangled the girl in a quarrel over his intended gift of a diamond ring to her. He told the jury that she became incensed when he insisted on giving her the ring in the presence of another, and he choked the nurse when she attacked him with a knife.

SAYS BOYS IMPROVE AS GIRLS GROW WORSE

Chief of Washington Police Women Scores Cabarets and Cheap Literature.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—America's boys are becoming better all the time, while the girls between the ages of 12 and 20 are becoming more wayward, according to Mrs. Mina C. Van Winkle, Chief of the Women's Division of the Department of Police of Washington, D. C., here to study police conditions.

Gay cabaret life and cheap literature are making the majority of American girls unfit to become wives and mothers, Mrs. Van Winkle said.

"Too many women want a career in business away from home," she asserted. "The only career in every girl's life should be the developing of a real home."

Most of the wayward girls turned over to policewomen come from the middle and rich groups of America, she explained, stating that poorer families think more of having a good home than dancing and drinking.

POLICE REVENGE SUSPECTED

More Traffic Arrests After Defeat of Increased Pay in Jersey.

Police of Newark and other cities in which the referendum on the police and firemen's salary increase was defeated at the election last Tuesday, have shown a ten-fold increase in efficiency in checking up on motorists for minor traffic violations, judging from the number of summonses issued within the last few days.

When the sudden activity of the police in Newark became evident following the election, Director Brennan of the Department of Public Safety announced that he would conduct an investigation of stories about the wholesale raids on motorists for minor violations.

"One man," the Director said, "came to me and said a patrolman while handing him a summons said to him: 'The policemen were beaten at the polls Tuesday, but those who beat them will have to pay a darn sight more than if they had given them the increase.'"

Director Brennan has ordered Deputy Chief McRell to ascertain just how many arrests have been made for traffic violations since election day. The traffic arrests for the last twenty-four hours were thirty-seven. This number is a few less than the number of cases tried in a week's accumulation in Traffic Court Thursday night.

MURPHY LEAVES FOR REST.

Discussion of Pesidential Possibilities Likely at French Lick.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, went to French Lick Springs, Ind., yesterday for a two-weeks rest. With Governor Smith at Absecon, N. J., and Mayor Hylan at Atlantic City, political discussion from a Democratic viewpoint took a slump. Mr. Murphy was uncommunicative when he left, beyond saying that he had no political engagements and did not expect to talk politics while at the Indiana resort.

There was a rumor, however, that a political conference of importance may be held there before Mr. Murphy returns. With the Tammany chief believing that William R. Hearst has been eliminated as a political factor in New York politics for next year at least, it was surmised that the leaders of the party in the East will seize the opportunity to meet Mr. Murphy at French Lick and discuss Presidential candidates.

2 WOMEN HIT BY STREET CAR

Both Are Severely Injured Crossing Thirty-fourth Street.

Crossing East Thirty-fourth Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, last night, Miss Jennie Behrens of 209 Hudson Street, Hoboken, and her companion, Miss Minerva Gall of 54 High Street, Passaic, were struck by a crosstown car and severely injured. They were taken to the New York Hospital, where physicians found that Miss Behrens had suffered the fracture of several ribs and internal injuries. Miss Gall suffered contusions of the face and chest and internal injuries.

The motorman and conductor of the car were not held; witnesses saying the accident was unavoidable.

Reception for 'T. R.'s' Namesakes.

The Women's Roosevelt Memorial Association will hold a reception at 11 o'clock today at the birthplace of the late President, 28 East Twentieth Street, for namesakes of "T. R." The association recently invited all boys with Theodore Roosevelt in their names to visit the home, now preserved as a memorial. About thirty-five namesakes ranging from babies to successful business men, are expected today. They will be welcomed by R. W. G. Vail, Assistant Director of the Roosevelt Memorial Association.

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Straight
from the shoulder

—that's how the newest coats hang this season. But the half-belted models are equally as stylish. See both kinds made up in the choicest of the new fabrics in

Kuppenheimer Overcoats

You'll see a standard of excellence unsurpassed for workmanship, style and material. No wonder these famous overcoats are the pride of America's best dressed men.

$40 $50 to $100

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY *at* 49th STREET
279 Broadway *Near City Hall*
DOWNTOWN STORES:
47 Cortlandt St. *Cor. Greenwich St.*

The One Best Bet for Men!

Famous Fain
Trade Mark Reg.

PURE WOOL VESTS

Just the garment to wear under a coat. A combination of style and warmth without weight. Made of finest imported Scotch wool yarn. Guaranteed kept in Repair Free For One Year.

SPECIAL AT $5.50

Men's Wool Mixture Knitted Sox *In 4 Shades—Wonderful Value at* 50c *per pair*

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*BROOKLYN STORES
*571 Fulton St. Near Flatbush Ave.
*902 Park Ave. Opposite Broadway

NEWARK STORE
*835 Broad Street Cor. New St.

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WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. Main St. cor. Lexington Av.
TROY, N. Y. 9 Third Street
ELIZABETH, N. J. 24 Broad Street
HACKENSACK, N. J. 326 Main Street
MONTCLAIR, N. J. 142 Glenridge Ave.
PERTH AMBOY, N. J. 97 Smith Street
UNION HILL, N. J. 4302 Bergenline Ave.
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Important Sales
And Exhibitions
At the
American Art Galleries
Madison Avenue, 56th to 57th Street
UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

SALE THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:15
Continuation of the
Parsons and Lalor Collections
One Hundred and Twenty Rare XVIII. Century Watches; Fine Gold and Enamel Snuff Boxes from the Garland, Braytor and other Noted Collections; Fine Old Laces, Embroideries and Jardenier Velvets, Brocades, XVII. and XVIII. Century Brussels Tapestries (including the unique Hadrian Set of Six), a number of Fine Persian Carpets and Rugs including a large Silk Garden Carpet of Superb Quality.

On Exhibition Today (Saturday)
FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.
TOMORROW (Sunday) from 2 to 6 P. M.
Continuing until Dates of Sales
Distinguished Paintings
From the Collections of
Mr. John M. Greene
Of Philadelphia
Mr. Francis Draz
And The Estate of
The Late A. B. Meyer
New York
EUROPEAN ARTISTS — Berne-Bellecour, Bouguereau, Claya, Cazin, Corot, Daubigny, Diaz, Dieterle, Jacque, Lembach, W. Maris, Monticelli, Schreyer, Troyon, Van Marcke, Zeim.
AMERICAN—Blakelock, F. Carsen, Chase, Crane, Winslow Homer, Minor, Murphy, Ranger, Ryder, Sully, Tryon.
TO BE SOLD ON THE EVENINGS OF NOVEMBER 14 & 15, AT 8:15

"Two Hundred Years of Glasswork in America"
The very descriptive title given the
RENOWNED COLLECTION OF
Jacob Paxson Temple
Which includes the rarest examples of
Stiegel, Wistarberg, Sandwich
AND OTHER
Early American Glass
In the Beautiful Colors, Decorations and Artistic Proportions for which this Glassware is Famed.
THE COLLECTION OF A THOUSAND SPECIMENS
Forms the Most Comprehensive Gathering ever Offered for Public Sale, illustrating Examples from the Works at Jamestown, Virginia, 1652; The Kensington of Philadelphia, 1771; The Whitney, New Jersey, 1775; Baltimore (Maryland), 1790; The Pilkin of Connecticut, 1763; The Pittsburgh, 1809; Boston and Sandwich, 1825; Waterford and Millville, New Jersey, about 1800.
TO BE SOLD ON THE AFTERNOONS OF NOVEMBER 15, 16 & 17 AT 2:15

American Lithographs
Mainly in Color, by Currier & Ives
Including the Collection of E. C. Ford
SALE ON EVENING OF NOV. 12 AT 8:15

American Plays, Poetry and Songsters
Collected by Albert A. Bieber
Many Extremely Rare and Unique Items
SALE NOV. 13, AFTERNOON & EVENING, AT 2:30 & 8:15

Exhibition On The Premises
NO. 11 WEST 53D STREET
Tomorrow (Sunday) Afternoon, from 2 to 6
and Monday, Nov. 12th, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Costly Furnishings
Contained in the Town House of the late
Colonel William Barbour
INCLUDING
A Rare Gobelins Tapestry
The Celebrated Marquand Grand Piano
Designed by Sir Laurenz Alma-Tadema,
The Instrument by Steinway
Valuable Paintings, Elaborate French and English Furniture, Beautiful Persian Carpets and Rugs, Costly Hangings, Sculptured Marbles and Bronzes.
To be Sold on the Premises
No. 11 West 53d Street
TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13TH
BEGINNING AT 10:30

The Sales will be conducted by
Mr. Otto Bernet and Mr. Hiram H. Parke
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, INC.
Managers
Madison Avenue, 56th to 57th Street
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BETTER SHOES
$7

STANDING in a shoe like this, a man can face the world with assurance. Its well-bred trimness of line and finish suggest the simpler, better things in dress. Tony brown calfskin, built in the shapely Back Bay last. Rubber heels attached. Ask for No. 12437.

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SIGNET SHOE SHOPS
42nd Street at No. 137 West
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EDUCATOR SHOES FOR ALL THE FAMILY